Meeting the State's Requirements for Water Supply Planning

Jim Jackson, AICP February 27, 2008







Comprehensive Planning Overview A Statewide Perspective



All Water Use Categories

- TODAY: 6 billion gallons per day
- 2025: 8 billions gallons per day
- An additional 2 billion gallons of raw water needed by 2025
 - South Florida Water Management District's share of state's increased demand is almost half

State Law Now Links Growth with Water Supply Components

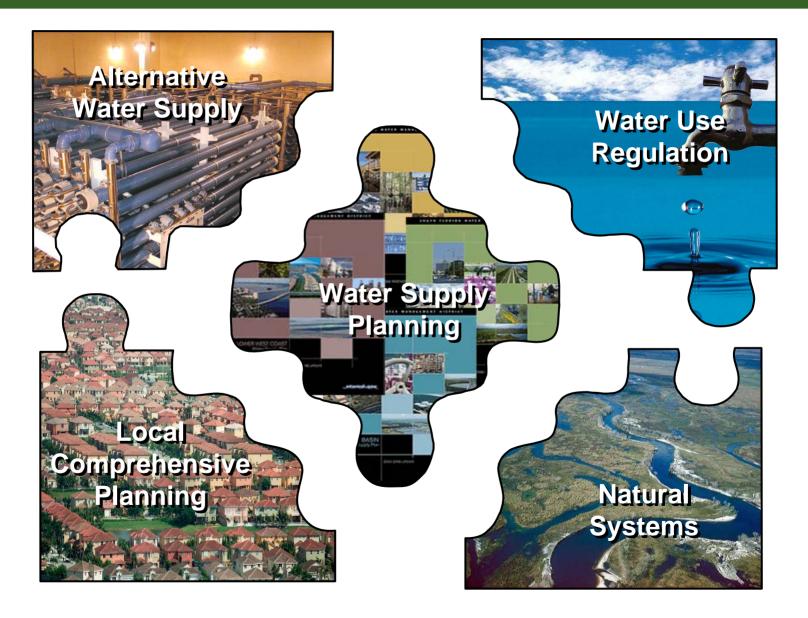






State Law Links Growth and Water Supply Overview







State Law Links Growth and Water Supply Water Supply Challenges for LEC





Traditional sources are limited



 Need to reduce potential impacts on and competition with natural resources



Proactive approach to meet future water needs



One time use of water is no longer considered beneficial use



Water Source for Lower East Coast



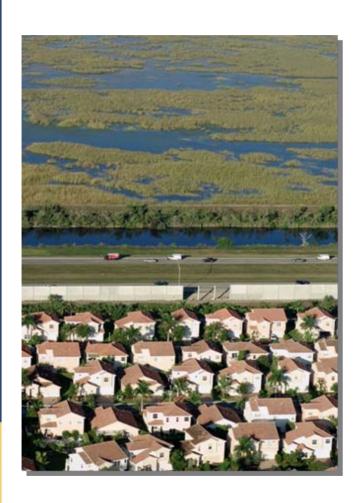


- Source of Water Supply must be identified
- Biscayne Aquifer is important source for Lower East Coast
- Biscayne Aquifer is recharged by both local rainfall and the Regional System



Water Source for Lower East Coast





- Regional Water Availability rule adopted February 15, 2007
- Rule: 'will not cause a net increase in volume or change the timing of surface or groundwater withdrawals from the specified Waterbody above the base condition water use'.
- Section 3.2.1.E(3)(a) of the Basis of Review (Feb. 13, 2008)

Local Government Water Supply Planning Requirements







State Law Links Growth and Water Supply New Laws



New Requirements for Comprehensive Plans



- Local Governments must submit to DCA:
 - A minimum 10-Year Water Supply Facilities Work Plan
 - Selection, if any, of Alternative Water Supply (AWS) projects from the Lower East Coast Plan Update
 - Traditional Source, AWS, Bulk Sales, Conservation & Reuse Projects necessary to meet future needs
- Adopt any related amendments to the Capital Improvements Element (CIE) & other elements



State Law Links Growth and Water Supply New Laws



Additional Requirements



- Identify water supply sources for entire planning period -163.3167(13)
- Base future land use plan on availability of water supplies & facilities - 163.3177(6)(a)
- Ensure concurrency of water supply at building permit stage -163.3180(2)(a)
- Report on water supply facilities work plan project implementation in EAR - 163.3191(2)(I)



State Law Links Growth and Water Supply New Laws



Points to Address in Amending Comprehensive Plans



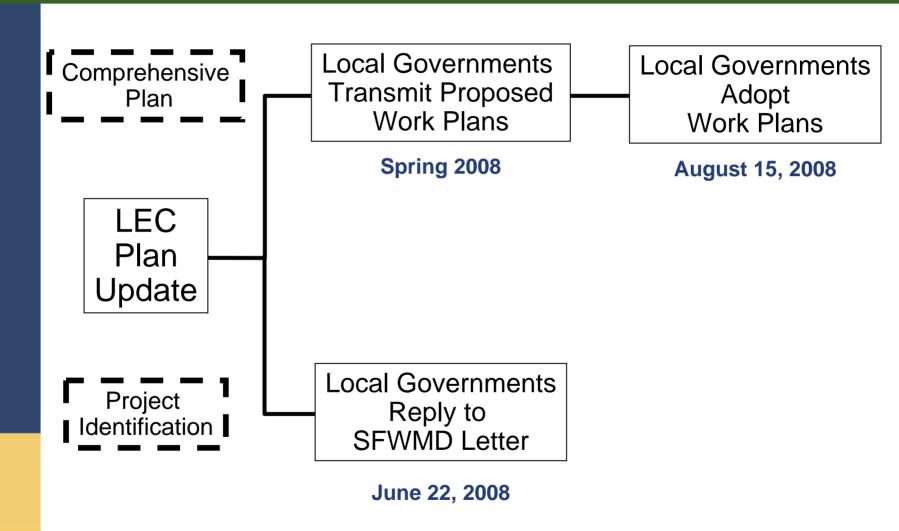
- Is source availability determined?
- Is there a water supplier commitment?
- Does the analysis support the additional demands of the amendment?
- Are the necessary facilities included in the Capital Improvement Element?



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Local Government Requirements







Local Government Requirements Work Plans



10-Year Water Supply Facilities Work Plan must identify sources:



- Traditional water supply projects
- Alternative water supply projects
- Bulk sales purchases/sales
- Conservation programs
- Reuse programs
- Coordination



Local Government Requirements Work Plans



Water Supply Facilities Work Plan must identify responsibilities for:



- Financial planning
- Facilities master planning
- Permitting
- Activities and efforts in coordinating or participating in multijurisdictional projects, where applicable













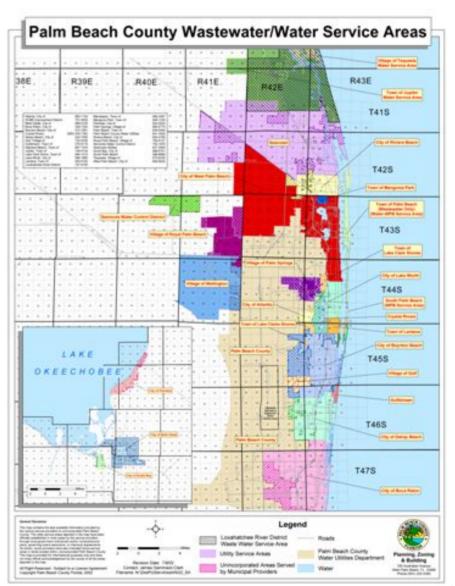
Objective of a Water Supply Facilities Work Plan

 A plan for building public, private, and regional water supply facilities to serve existing and new development within the local government's jurisdiction





- Include all utilities serving jurisdiction
- Coordinate with utility providers on:
 - Future utility service areas
 - Population projections
 - Bulk sales agreements
 - Infrastructure

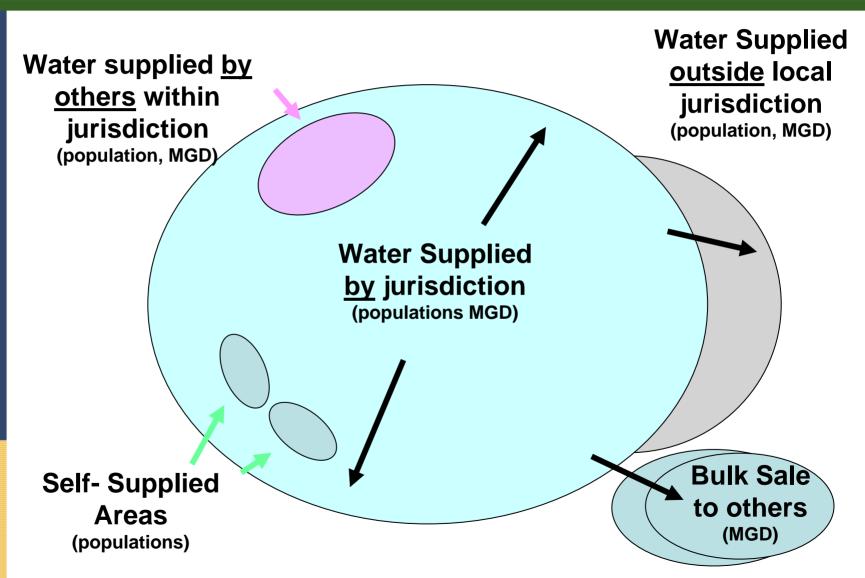


SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

Water Supply Responsibility for **Facilities Work Plan**

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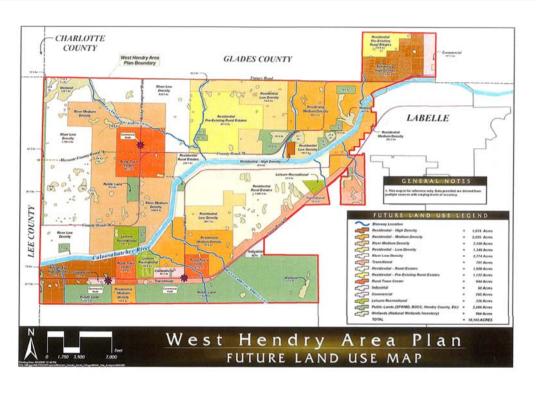




Work Plan must address <u>ALL</u> water supply providers serving jurisdiction







Population Projections

- Resolve conflicting population projections between local plans, permits, and water supply plans
- Non-standard, alternative population projection methodologies must be approved by DCA & be reflected in all the various elements of a local government's comprehensive plan







 Many local comprehensive plans have large amounts of vacant, but approved, land uses that require water supply facility planning



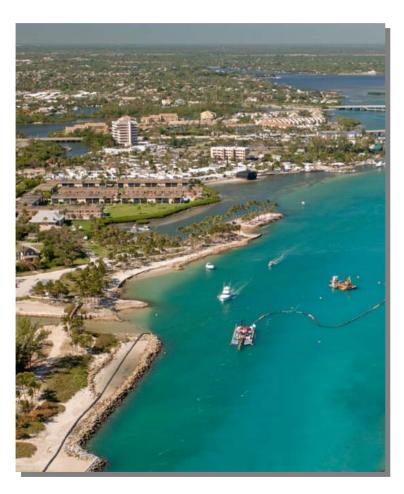


Water Supply Level of Service

- No standard definition exists for water supply Level of Service
- Use Work Plan to review how the Level of Service in the comprehensive plan compares with the current utility use
- A separate level of service standard for nonresidential land use categories may be helpful







- Work Plans must be for at least a 10 year period
- As regional water supply plans and consumptive use permits address 20 year periods, Work Plans can be for more than 10 years





UTILITY SUMMARY

PALM BEACH COUNTY

Supply Entity: Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department

Permitted Entity: Lake Region Water Treatment Plant

Service Area: City of Belle Glade, City of Pahokee and City of South Bay

By 2015, Palm Beach County, in partnership with Belle Glade, Pahokee and South Bay, will construct a Floridan reverse osmosis (RO) water treatment plant to completely replace surface water supplies.

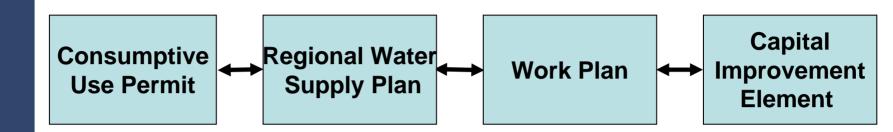
CURRENT AND PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY								
	Actual	Projected						
Item	2005	2015	2025					
Population	33,416	36,755	42,115					
Per Capita (gallons per day finished water)		168	168					
(Note: All potable volumes are finished water unless noted)	ble volumes are finished water unless noted) MGD MGD		MGD					
Potable Water Demands (daily average annual)	6.40	6.17	7.07					
Water Source: Volume from Biscayne/Surficial	7.00	0.00	0.00					
Volume from Floridan	0.00	10.00	10.00					
Volume from Other	0.00	0.00	0.00					
Volume from Reclaimed	0.00	0.00	0.00					
Additional Potable Water Needed (after assessing historic use or proposed projects)	0.00	0.00	0.00					

PROJECT SUMMARY								
	Alt.	Total Cap.	Total Design Capacity					
Projects	Source	Costs	2010	2015	2020	2025		
Floridan RO Water Treatment Plant (WTP) Phase I	Brackish	\$25,000,000	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00		

 Alternative water supply projects from Regional Water Supply Plans must be considered







Consistency and transparency are important

- The traditional, AWS, conservation and reuse projects listed in the work plan need to match
- All projects need to be identified as to technology and source being utilized, and design capacity size (e.g. 5 MGD Floridan Aquifer Reverse Osmosis Plant)
- Annotate tables as necessary









Irrigation Water Use Planning

- Irrigation can account for a significant portion of water supply demands
- Reclaimed water is typically not available at sufficient quantities during the initial phases of developments; need to plan for interim and/or alternative sources
- Irrigation planning is especially important in areas of limited traditional water supply sources



Local Government Requirements Work Plans



Possible Formats for Work Plan

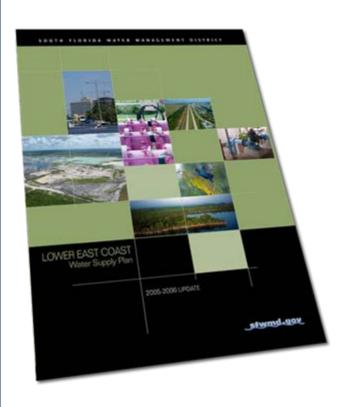
- 1. Incorporate the Work Plan as a sub-element
 - recommended
- 2. Incorporate by reference in a policy
 - requires comp plan amendment to revise any portion
- 3. Include as goals, objectives and policies in the Infrastructure Element or throughout the comprehensive plan
 - need to provide index or list



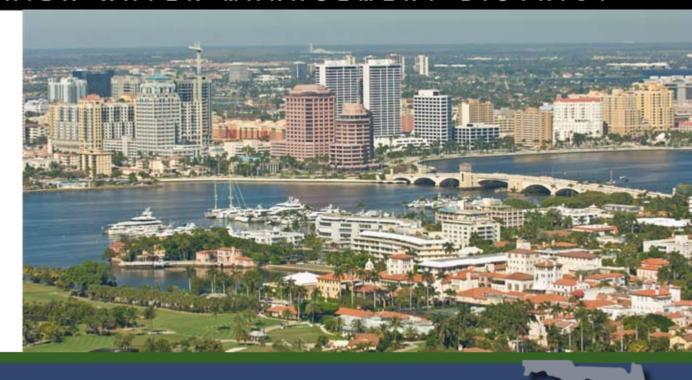
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Technical Assistance





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Discussion on how to meet the August 15, 2008 deadline





