Miami-Dade Water and Sewer Department Water Supply Planning

April 18, 2012



MDWASD Overview

- Largest water and sewer utility in Florida, serving more than 2.2 million residents
- Water System:
 - > 3 large regional and 5 small water treatment plants
 - Supplying an average of 306 million gallons per day (MGD)
 - > 90% of the County's public water supply
 - Per capita water use 134 gpcd
 - > 15 wholesale customers
 - ➤ 422,016 retail customers
 - ➤ 100 water supply wells
 - > 7,739 miles of pipes (from 2" to 96")
 - > 38,331 fire hydrants
 - > 124,000 valves (from 2" to 96")





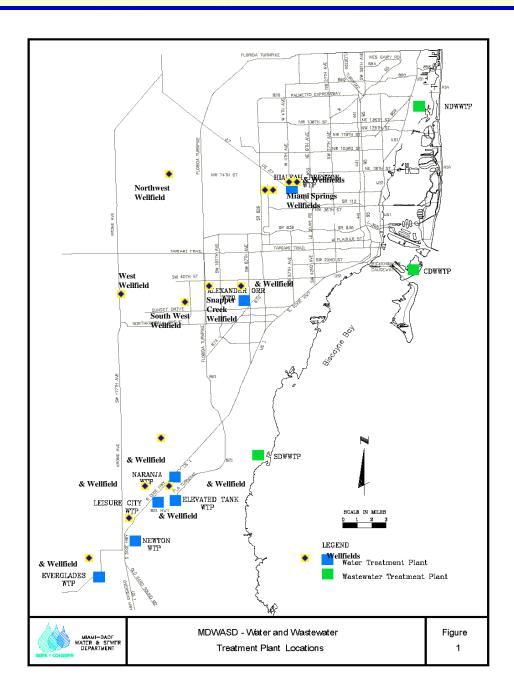
MDWASD Overview (continued)

• Wastewater System:

- 3 wastewater treatment plants
- 2 ocean outfalls and 21 deep injection wells
- ➤ Collecting, treating, and disposing 288 MGD
- > 339,927 retail customers
- > 12 wholesale customers
- ➤ 6,271 miles of mains and laterals
- ➤ 1,039 sewer pumps stations (operated)
- ➤ Reusing 10.2 MGD of wastewater
- System Wide I/I Program







MDWASD Water & Wastewater Treatment Facilities

Water Use Permit

- Permit Approved by South Florida Water Management District Governing Board on November 15, 2007 and modified November 1, 2010
- Permit Expiration 2030
- Biscayne Aquifer Baseline Allocation Complies with Regional Water Availability Rule
- 52 Limiting Conditions



WUP continued

- Water Supply Sources:
 - ➤ Biscayne Aquifer
 - > Floridan Aquifer
 - > Reclaimed Water
 - ➤ Aquifer Storage and Recovery (ASR)
- Implementation of:
 - Conservation
 - Alternative Water Supplies
 - Reuse Projects
 - Water Loss Reduction Program



WUP AWS Projects

Floridan Aquifer as an alternative water supply

 Hialeah Reverse Osmosis plant





WUP Reclaimed Water Projects

- Biscayne Bay Coastal Wetlands Rehydration Pilot
- Power Plant Cooling
- Groundwater replenishment









BBCW Rehydration Pilot Project

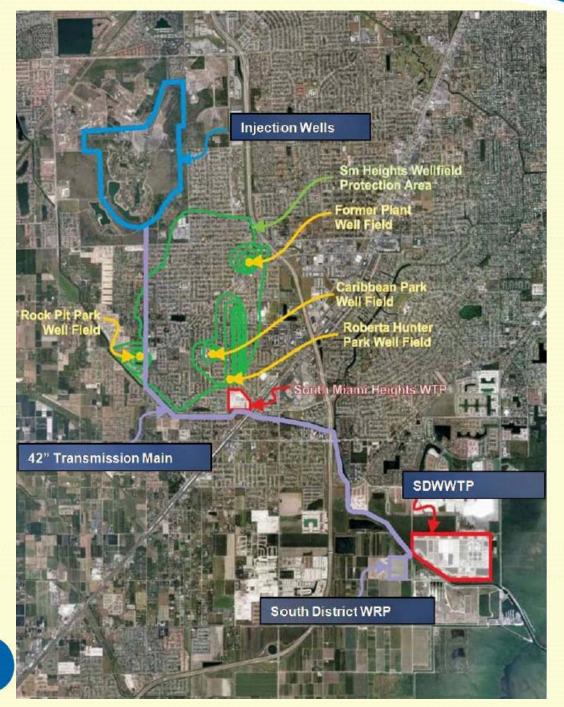
- Pilot required by WUP
- Pilot planning started in 2007
- Run pilot units from Nov 2010 to April 2011
- Submitted final report to SFWMD, FDEP and BNP on October 2011



Reclaimed Water to FPL

- Entered in Join Participation Agreement with FPL in July 2010
- Up to 90 MGD of HLD water delivered to Turkey Point
- Current anticipated implementation dates: 2022 and 2023
- County pays for pipeline construction materials and labor





South District
Water
Reclamation
Plant and
Groundwater
Replenishment



SDWWTP FDEP CO

 Implement High Level Disinfection prior to deep well injection (285 MGD)



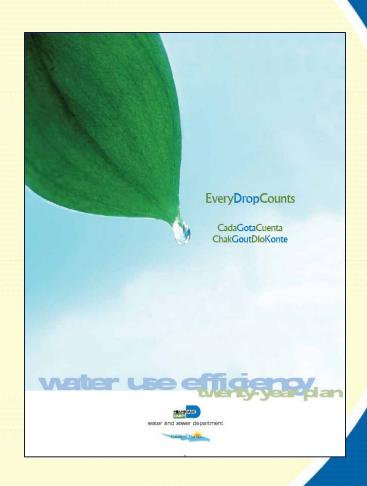






Water Use Efficiency Plan

- A five year Plan approved by the Board of County Commissioners in April 2006
- In March 2007 expanded the Plan to 20-year as part of the Water Use Permit (WUP) application
- Plan includes:
 - •Implementation of BMPs
 - Water Loss Reduction Program
 - Legislative Initiatives
 - Public Outreach





Water Savings Achieved Through BMPs

Year	Water Savings (MGD)		
	Planned	Reported	
2007	1.085854	1.212308	
2008	2.243228	3.476908	
2009	3.529212	4.902751	
2010	4.815196	6.541536	
2011	6.10118	8.463445	
2016	11.69942		
2021	15.66834	<u></u>	
2026	19.62226		



2011 Water Savings BMPs

Category	Actual Gal. Of Water Saved Per Day	Actual Number of Applications
HET Rebate	74,414	2566
Senior & Low Income Retrofit	45,184	706
Single Family Showerhead	67,760	1936
Water Conservation Kits (Single		
Family)	17,004	1417
Multifamily Showerhead	99,995	2857
Water Conservation Kits (Multifamily)	31,416	2618
Green Lodging	4,851	3
Single Family Irrigation Evaluation	33,785	145
HOA Irrigation Evaluation	1,540,000	44
County Landscape Evaluations	7,500	17
	1,921,909.00	



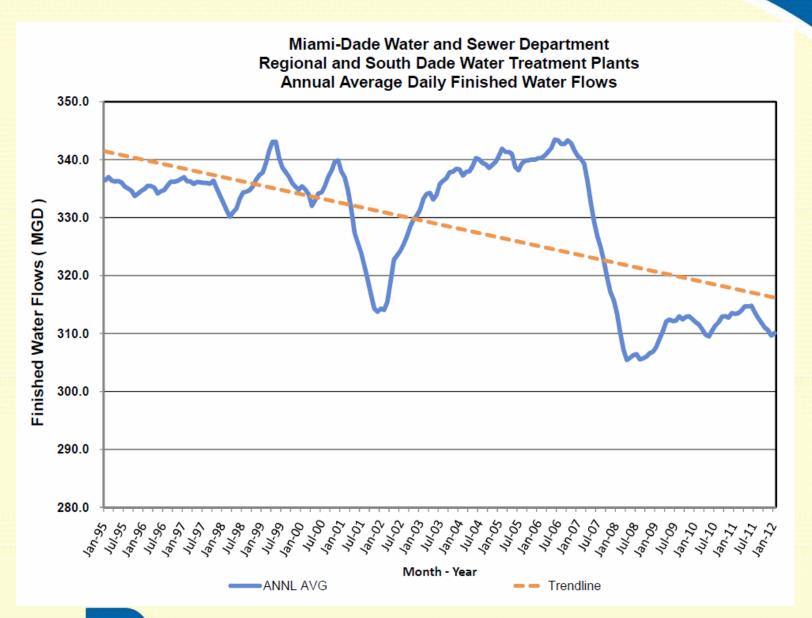
Policy Measures

Ordinances:

- Water Use Efficiency Standards for new developments and renovations (Effective January 2009)
- Permanent Landscape Irrigation Ordinance (Ord. 09-25)
- Landscape Ordinance Amendments (Section 18-A)

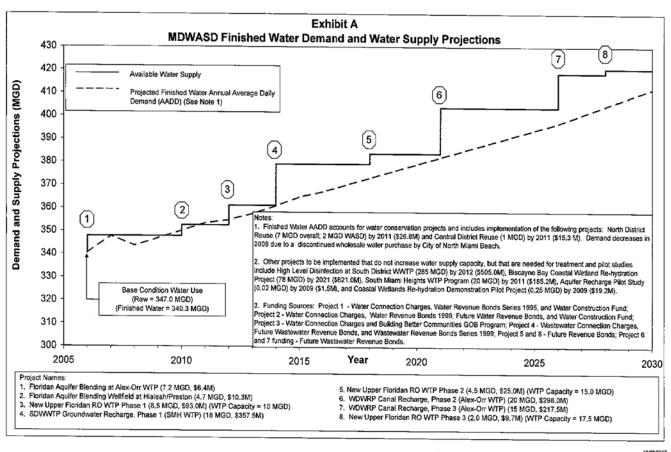








Water Supply Planning

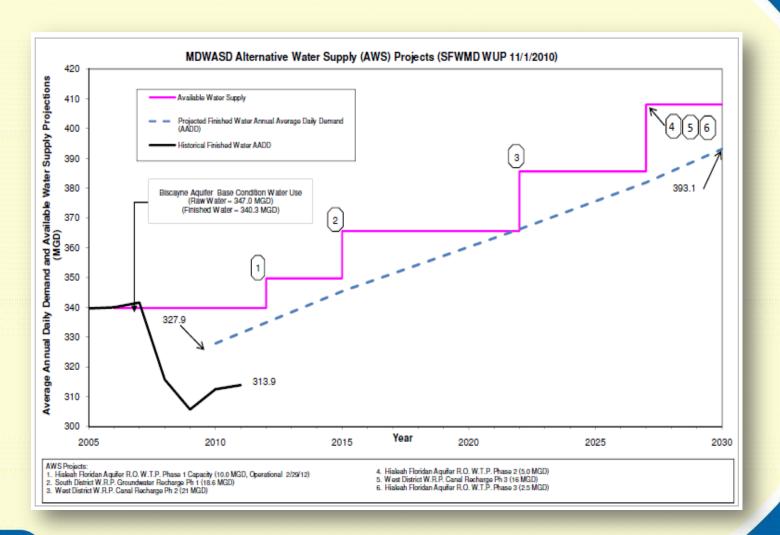


10/23/2007 DCLR260b.xls

EXHIBIT 28

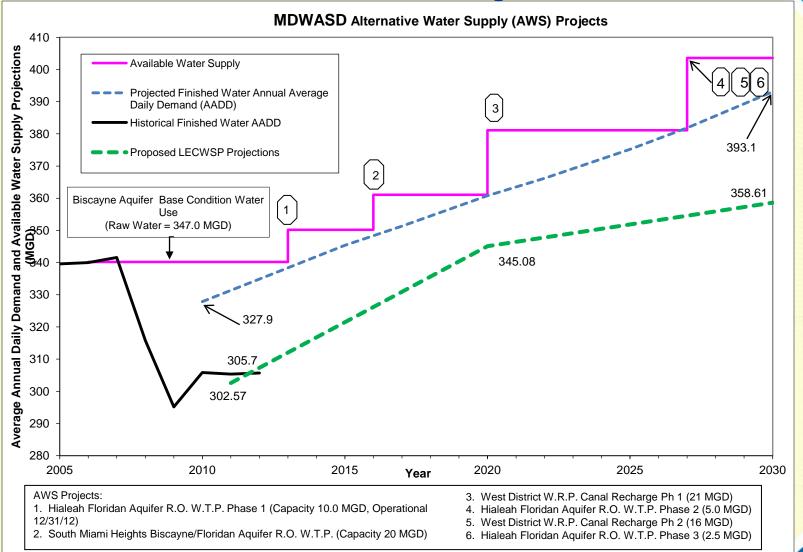


Water Supply Planning





WUP and LECWSP Projections





WUP Modification Request

- Submitted application May 9, 2011
- Request based on:
 - Present water use reductions (finished water demands 35 MGD lower than anticipated in 2007)
 - Cost of groundwater replenishment project
- Proposed replacement of reclaimed water groundwater replenishment with Floridan aquifer water, at the South Miami Heights Water Treatment Plant (avoided cost \$300 M)



Ocean Outfalls

- On July 1, 2008, Senate Bill 1302 became effective
- The Bill requires:
 - July 1, 2013, submit implementation plan to FDEP
 - December 31, 2018, implement AWT for the North and Central District WWTPs' discharges, or equivalent nutrient load reduction
 - December 31, 2025, implement 60% reuse and stop discharging out the outfall, except as "backup discharge" to the functioning reuse system



OOL Implementation

- Need to implement 117 MGD of reuse
 - First were considering recharging Biscayne aquifer with reclaimed water (MF, RO, UV, Pex, & IE)
 - Currently evaluating the technical feasibility of recharging the Florida aquifer with reclaimed water (HLD), preferable all at the Central District WWTP (Virginia Key)
- Complete Plan by July 2013



Next Steps

- Prepare new water demand projections when Miami-Dade County Planning completes its 2030 projections by TAZs
- Reevaluate alternative water supply projects based on need, technical feasibility, and cost
- Utilize new Biscayne aquifer model (USGS) to optimize water withdrawals
- Submit 3rd WUP Modification
- Update water master plan, addressing climate change concerns

