



Water Resource Task Force Meeting

Hollywood Southern Regional WWTP Effluent Disposal and Reclaimed Water Conceptual Master Plan

January 28, 2011



Interim Planning



Interim planning focuses on

- **Reduction of outfall nutrient loads**
- Maintaining peak effluent disposal capacity



Nutrients are allowed through 2025 – but capped



Hollywood SRWWTP Maximum Allowable Cumulative Nutrient Loading – Years 2009 through 2025

Description	Total Nitrogen	Total Phosphorus
Cumulative Load: 2009 - 2018	8,788	705
Cumulative Load 2019 - 2025	1,166	389
Total Cumulative Load 2009 - 2025	9,953	1,094

Total Nitrogen is limiting parameter

The rule gives the Hollywood SRWWTP three potential nutrient reduction strategies:



- **Strategy 1** – Continue current treatment process. Build AWT plant in 2018.
- **Strategy 2** – Shift flow to deep injection wells.
- **Strategy 3** – Continue current treatment process and build 100% reuse system by 2018.



Nutrient reduction strategy comparison

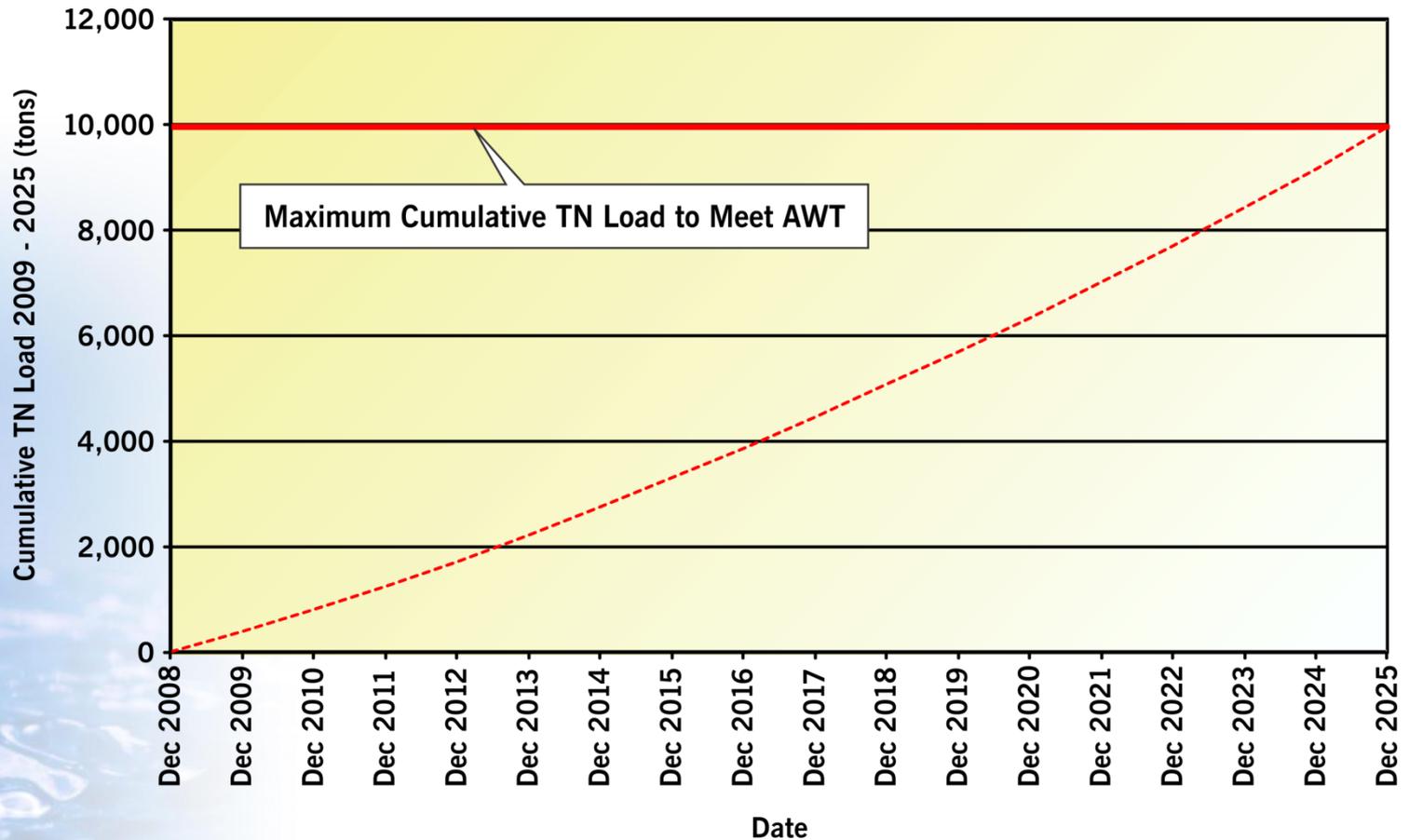
- **Strategy 1** – Build AWT plant in 2018 \$320M
- **Strategy 2** – Shift flow to deep injection wells \$0 +/-
- **Strategy 3** – Implement 100% reuse \$1B

Strategy 2 is the preferred approach



- **Strategy 2** – Shift flow to deep injection wells.

Outfall allocation model developed based on flow projections



Approximately 29 mgd must be shifted to deep injection wells

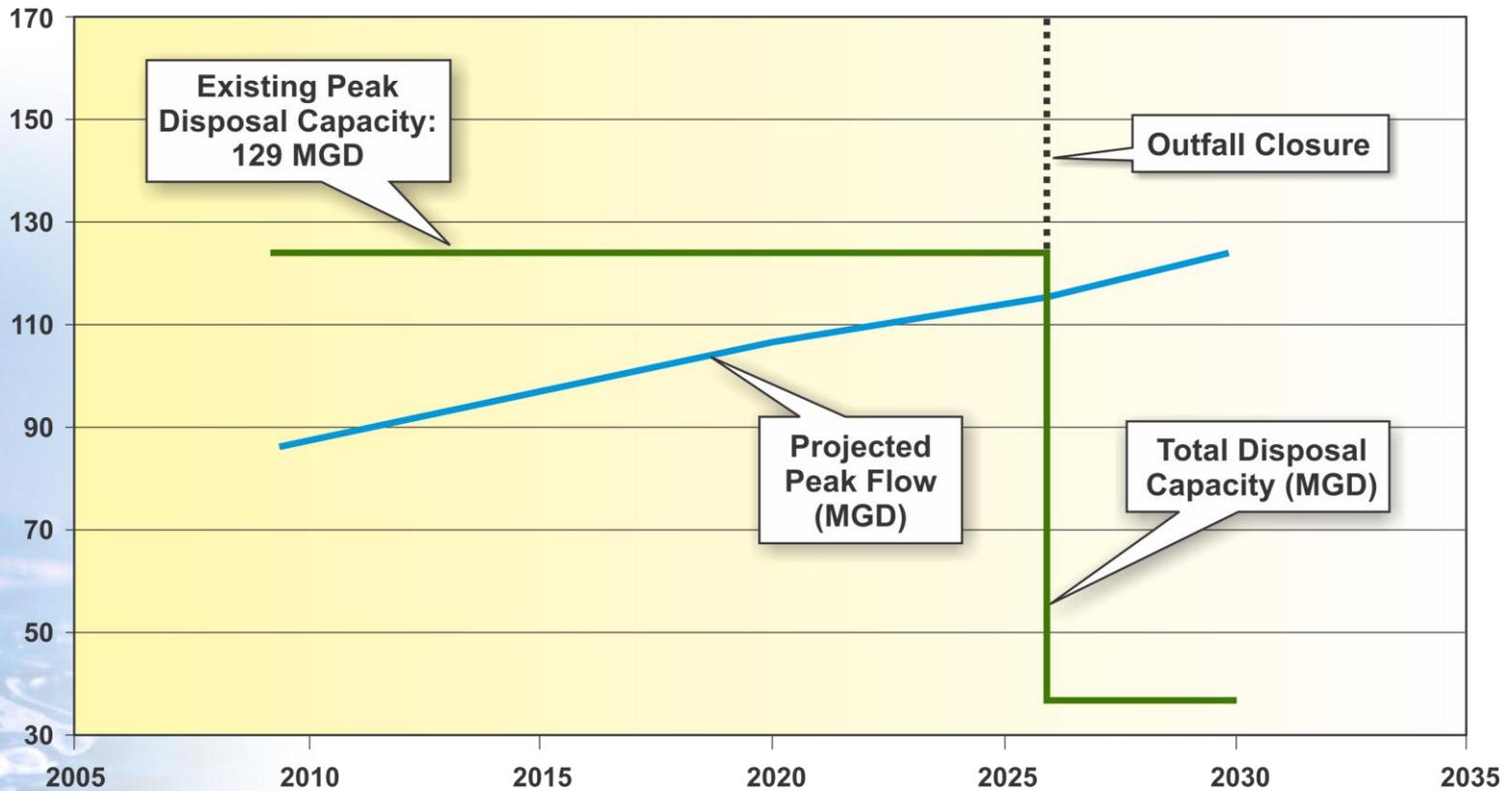


Interim planning focuses on

- Reduction of outfall nutrient loads
- **Maintaining peak effluent disposal capacity**



Current projections indicate that existing peak disposal capacity is adequate through 2025





Long Term Planning

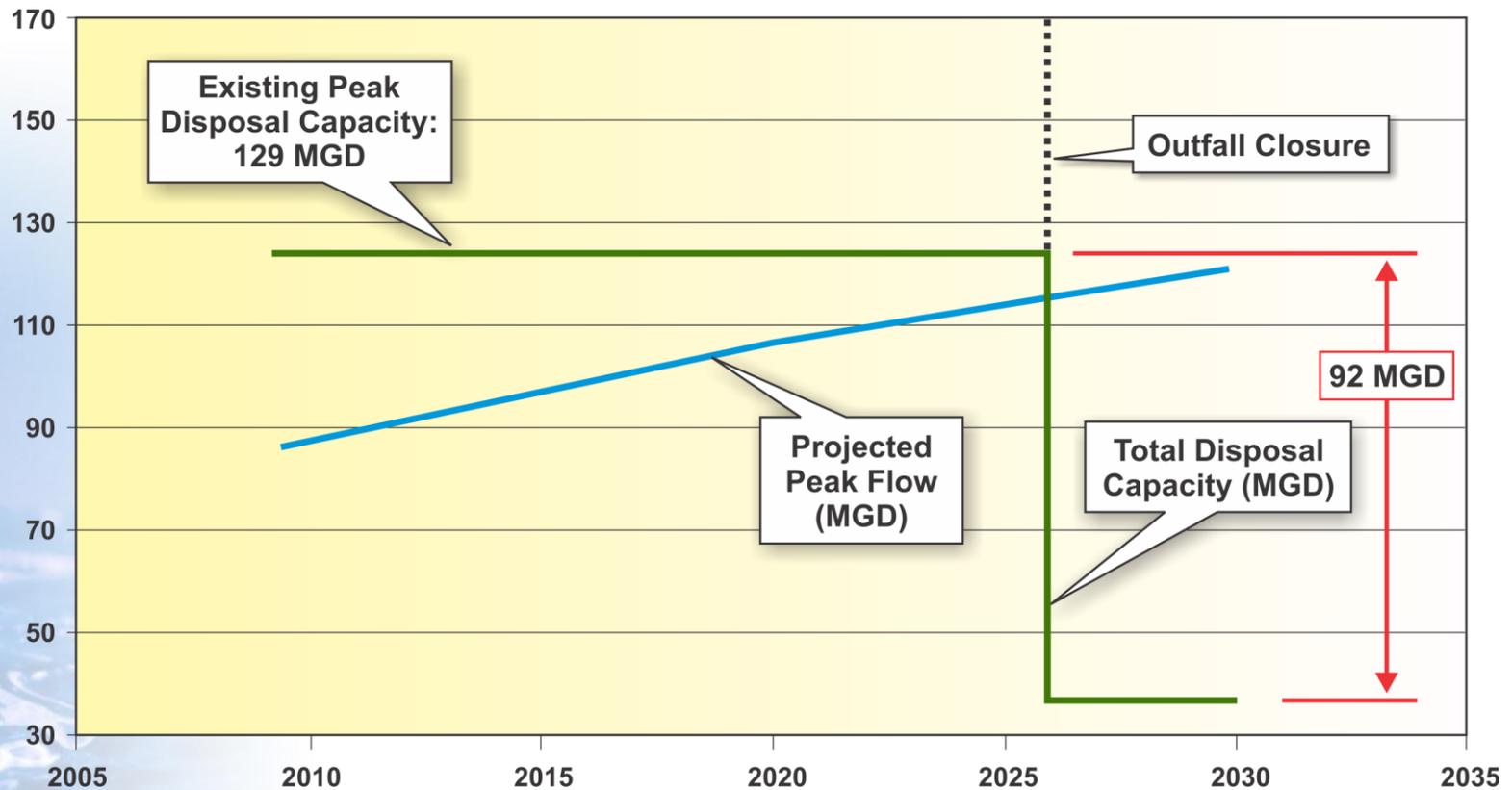


Long term planning focuses on

- Replacement of outfall disposal capacity lost following closure
- Best way to achieve reuse mandate



Outfall closure will create a gap in peak flow disposal capacity





Long term planning focuses on

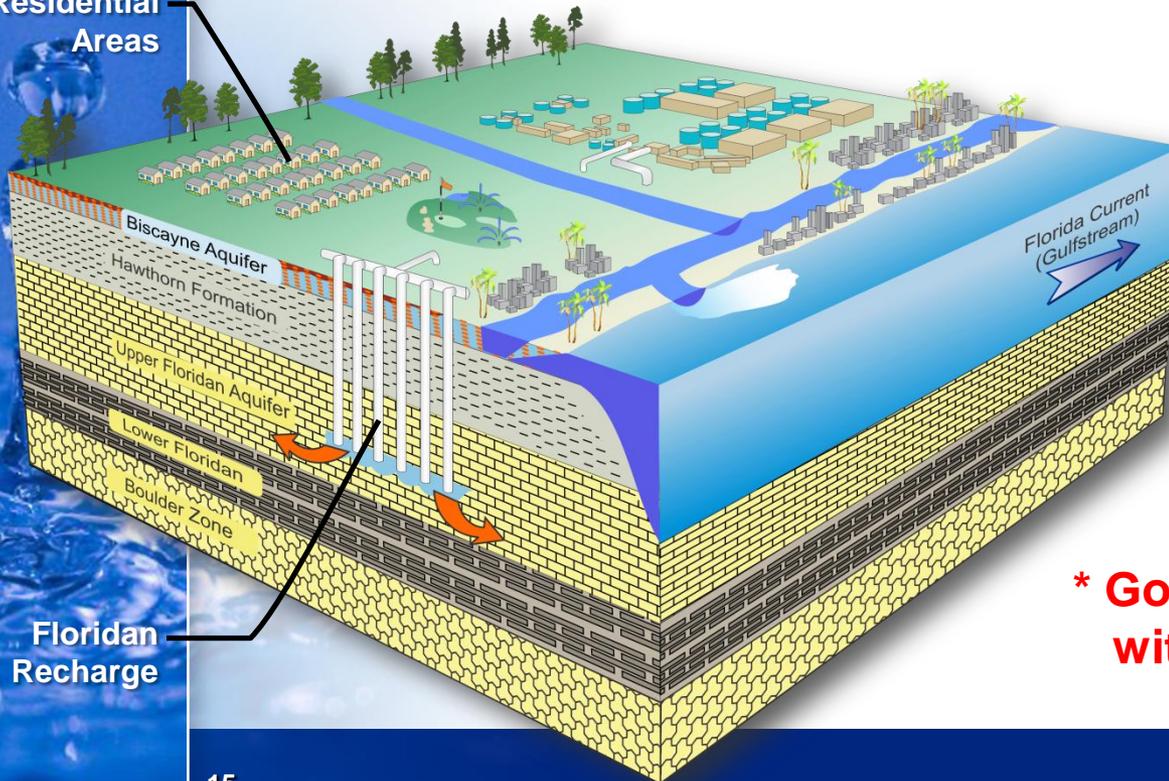
- Replacement of outfall disposal capacity lost following closure
- Best way to achieve reuse mandate



Strategies available for 60% reuse compliance

- Biscayne Aquifer Recharge
- Floridan Aquifer Recharge
- Irrigation & process water uses:
 - Large areas* (parks, cemeteries, etc.)
 - Residential
 - Industrial
 - Cooling towers

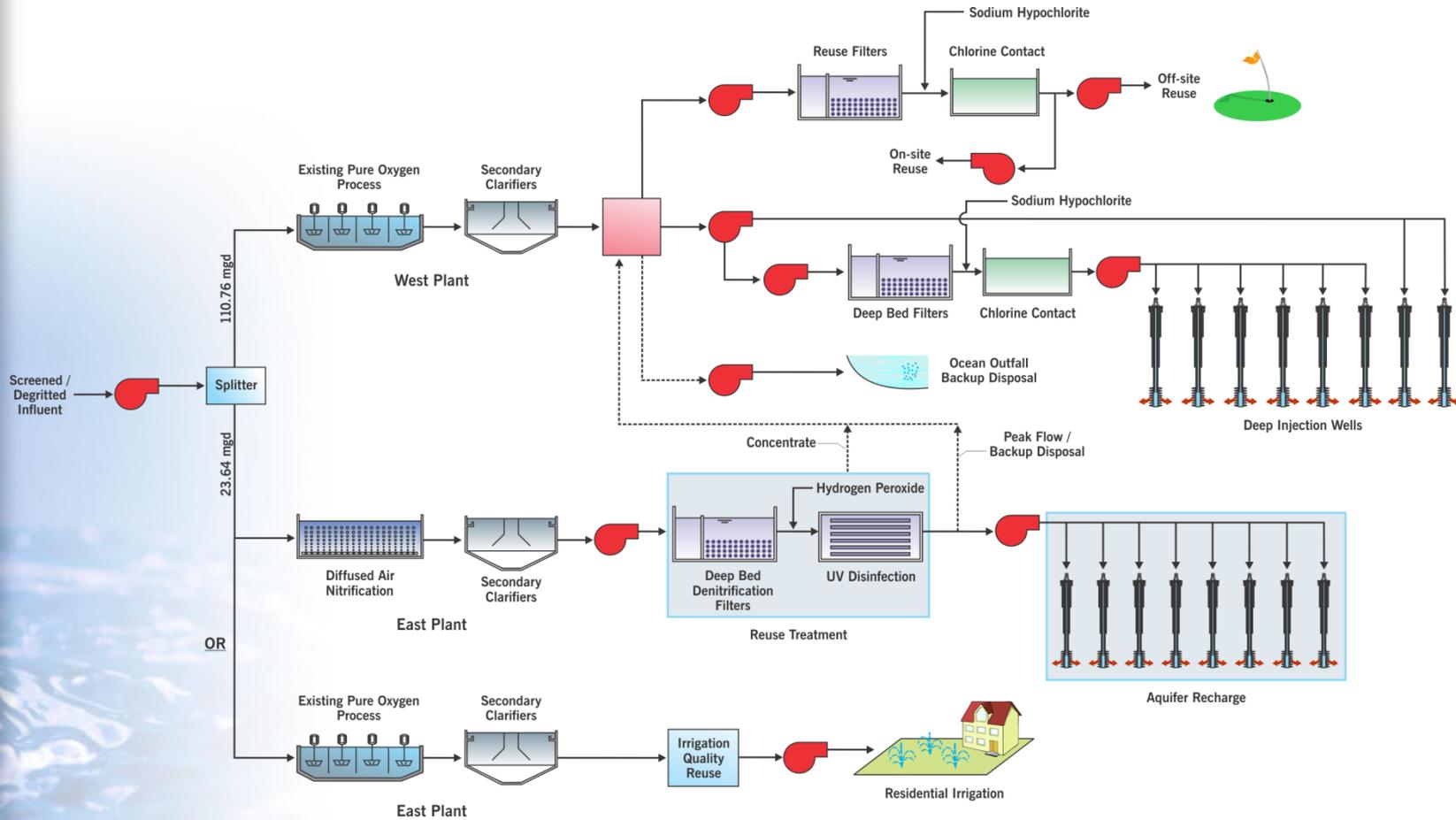
Residential Areas



Floridan Recharge

*** Golf courses already irrigate with SRWWTP reuse**

All considerations include expansion of large user reuse and injection well systems





What is the estimated overall cost?

	Estimated Cost (2009 \$)
Biscayne Aquifer Recharge	\$327 - 379 million
Floridan Aquifer Recharge	\$157 - 212 million
Residential Reuse	\$549 million



Implementation timetable





QUESTIONS?