MEMORANDUM

TO:	John Mitnik, Assistant Executive Director	
THROUGH:	Peter Kwiatkowski, Section Administrator, Resource Evaluation	
FROM:	M: SFWMD Staff Water Supply Advisory Team	
DATE:	November 22, 2022	
SUBJECT:	Water Supply Report	

District-wide Conditions

All the United States Geological Survey (USGS) real-time wells in the Kissimmee Basin (KB) are in the median and upper percentile ranges for this time of year. The wells in the Upper KB are mostly completed in the Floridan aquifer and the wells in the Lower KB are surficial aquifer system wells. Surface and groundwater levels in three quarters of the KB stations decreased over the last seven days.

Upper East Coast (UEC) groundwater levels decreased, and surface water levels showed mixed trends during the last week. Stages in UEC canals C-23, C-24, and C-25 are 22.98, 20.97, and 21.41 feet, all above the fourteen feet agricultural cut-off. All the UEC wells are at median and higher levels for this time of year.

The majority of surface and groundwater stations in the Lower East Coast recorded increases over the past seven days. Surface water levels are on the low side in the C-111 basin (S-176 and S-177). All but one of the LEC surficial aquifer system stations are in the median and upper percentile ranges for this time of year.

Groundwater levels in 85 percent of the Lower West Coast (LWC) wells decreased over the last week. The wells in the Surficial aquifer system, Lower Tamiami aquifer and Sandstone aquifer are in the median and upper percentile ranges for this time of year. About 20 percent of the Mid-Hawthorn aquifer wells are in the lower percentile ranges.

Figure 1 shows a statistical comparison between current groundwater levels and groundwater levels for this time last year at representative wells throughout the District that collect real-time groundwater levels.

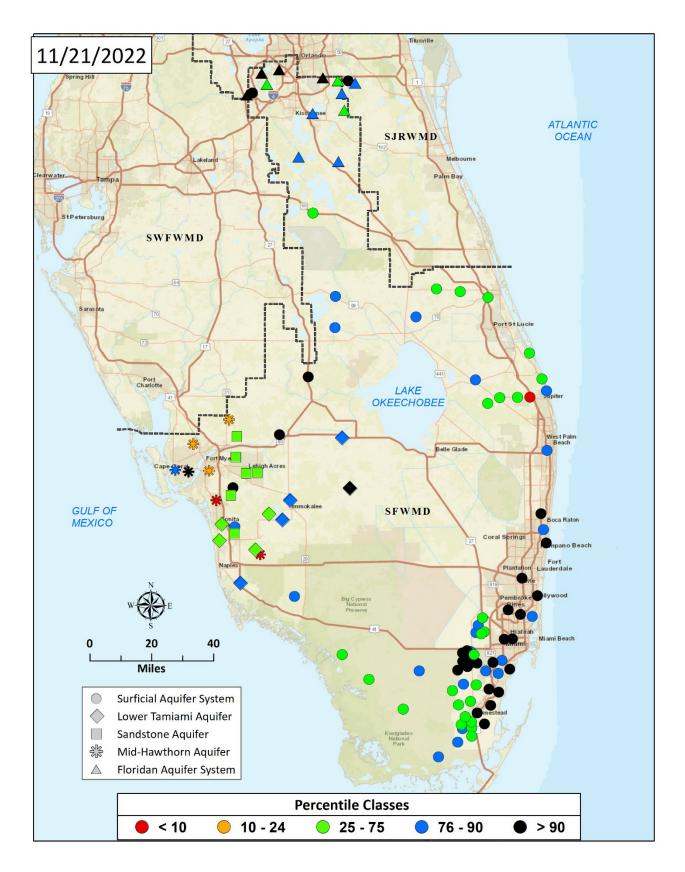


Figure 1. Current Groundwater Level Conditions

Water Supply Technical Input to LORS2008

The Palmer Drought Index for Lake Okeechobee (LOK) Tributary Conditions was -0.78 which is classified as "Normal to Extremely Wet" and is in the "low" risk category for water supply. The projected LOK stage for the next two months is Intermediate Sub-Band, and the risk to water supply is categorized as "low". The Climate Prediction Center's (CPC) Precipitation Outlook is projected as "below normal" for both one month and three months, leaving both in the "moderate" risk category. The LOK Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook is "dry" and is in the "moderate" risk for water supply. The LOK Multi-Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook is in the "normal" range with "moderate" risk to water supply. The stages in WCA 1, WCA-2, and WCA-3 are all above line 1 and are in the "low" risk category. The Year-Round Irrigation Rule is in effect for the three LEC Service Areas. All three LEC Service Areas are in the "low" risk category for water supply risk indicators.

LOR S2008 Implementation on 11/21/2022 (ENSO Condition- La Niña Watch):

Status for week ending 11/21/2022:

Water Supply Risk Evaluation				
Area	Indicator	Value	Color Coded Scoring Scheme	
LOK	Projected LOK Stage for the next two months	Intermediate Sub-band	L	
	Palmer Drought Index for LOK Tributary Conditions	-0.78 (Normal to Extremely Wet)	L	
	CDC Drasinitation Outlands	1 month: Below Normal	М	
	CPC Precipitation Outlook	3 months: Below Normal	М	
	LOK Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook	0.25 ft	м	
	ENSO Forecast	Dry		
	LOK Multi-Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook	2.92 ft	м	
	ENSO Forecast	ENSO Forecast Normal		
WCAs	WCA 1: 3 Station Average (Sites 1-7, 1-8T, 1-9)	Above Line 1 (17.46 ft)	L	
	WCA 2A: Site 2-17	Above Line 1 (13.38 ft)	L	
	WCA-3A: 3 Station Average (Sites 63, 64, and 65)	Above Line 1 (10.52 ft)	L	
LEC	Service Area 1	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	L	
	Service Area 2	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	L	
	Service Area 3 Note: The water supply risk classification based on the Pa	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	L	

Note: The water supply risk classification based on the Palmer index, as well as the LOK seasonal and multi-seaso outlooks use slightly different classification intervals than those used by the 2008-LORS.

Figure 2. Water Supply Risk Indicators