## MEMORANDUM

**TO:** John Mitnik, Division Director, Operations, Engineering, and

Construction

**THROUGH:** Peter Kwiatkowski, Section Administrator, Resource Evaluation

**FROM:** SFWMD Staff Water Supply Advisory Team

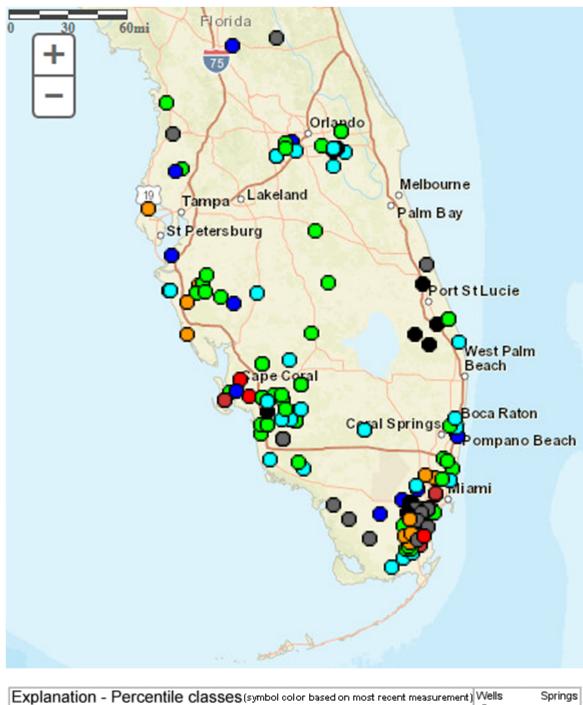
**DATE:** July 10, 2018

**SUBJECT:** Water Supply Report

# **District-wide Conditions**

Surface and groundwater levels showed mixed trends throughout the District over the last week. The majority of the United States Geological Survey (USGS) real-time wells in the Kissimmee Basin (KB) within the District boundaries are and medians levels or in their upper percentile ranges for this time of year. Most of the surface water and groundwater stations across the KB recorded increases in water levels over the last week. Stages in the Upper East Coast (UEC) canals C-23, C-24, and C-25 are at 21.91, 19.66, and 17.58 feet, all above the fourteen feet agricultural cut-off. Most of the UEC surficial aquifer wells are also in their upper percentile ranges for this time of year. Surface and groundwater levels decreased in most of the Lower East Coast (LEC) stations over the past week. Approximately half of the Biscayne aquifer monitor wells are in the upper percentile range at this time, with the remainder split between median levels and the lower percentile ranges.

Overall, conditions have remained stable in the Lower West Coast (LWC). Groundwater levels increased across most of the region over the last seven days. Approximately one third of the wells in the Surficial aquifer are in the upper percentile ranges for this time of year, with the remainder at median levels. About fifty percent of the Lower Tamiami aquifer wells are also in the upper percentile ranges, and fifty percent are at levels median levels. Approximately two thirds of the Sandstone aquifer monitor wells are at median levels for this time of year, with the remainder in the upper percentile ranges. About one third of the Mid-Hawthorn aquifer monitor wells are at median levels, with the remainder split between the upper and lower percentile ranges. **Figure 1** summarizes current water level conditions.



Explanation - Percentile classes (symbol color based on most recent measurement)											_
	•			•		•	•	•	2		-
	Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	High	gh Not Ranked	Δ	Continuous Periodic	
	Low	Much Below Normal	Below Normal	Normal	Above Normal	Much Above Normal				leasurements	

Figure 1. Florida Real-Time Groundwater Level Network Map

## Water Supply Technical Input to LORS2008

The Palmer Index for Lake Okeechobee (LOK) Tributary Conditions is 1.90 classified as "normal to extremely wet," and is in the "low" risk category. The LOK stage for the next two months is projected to be in the Low flow Sub-Band, and the risk to water supply is categorized as "low." The Climate Prediction Center's (CPC) Precipitation Outlook is projected as "normal" for one month and "normal" for three months, leaving both the one-month outlook and three-month outlook in the "low" risk category. The LOK Seasonal Net Inflow Forecast is in the "normal to extremely wet" range, with "low" risk to water supply. The Multi-Seasonal Net Inflow Forecast is projected as "wet" with "low" risk to water supply. The stages in Water Conservation Areas 1, 2A and 3A are above line 1 and are in the "low" risk category. Year-Round Irrigation Rule is in effect for the LEC Service Areas. **Figure 2** summarizes the water supply risk indicators.

#### LORS2008 Implementation on 7/9/2018 (ENSO Neutral Condition):

#### Status for week ending 7/9/2018:

District wide, Raindar rainfall was 1.92 inches for the week. Lake stage on 7/9/2018 was 14.44 ft, NGVD, up 0.18 ft from last week.

The updated July 2018 SFWMM Dynamic Position Analysis <u>percentile graph</u> for Lake Okeechobee show that the current lake stage is in the Low Flow Sub-Band. The 2008 LORS Tributary Hydrologic Condition (THC) is classified as **Very Wet**. The PDSI indicates wet conditions and the LONIN is very wet. The THC classification is based on the wetter of the two indices .

Water Supply Risk Evaluation

Area	Indicator	Value	Color Coded Scoring Scheme	
	Projected LOK Stage for the next two months	Low Flow Sub Band	L	
	Palmer Index for LOK Tributary Conditions	1.90 (Normal to Extremely Wet)	L	
	CDC Presinitation Outlant	1 month: Normal	L	
LOK	CPC Precipitation Outlook	3 months: Normal	L	
	LOK Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook ENSO Years	3.09 ft (Normal to Extremely Wet)	L	
	LOK Multi-Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook	3.60 ft (Wet)	L	
	ENSO Conditions			
	WCA 1: Station Average (Site 1-7, Site 1-8T, Site 1-9)	Above Line 1 (16.36 ft)	L	
WCAs	WCA 2A: Site 2-17	Above Line 1 (13.08 ft)	L	
	WCA-3A: 3 Station Average (Site 63, 64 and 65)	Above Line 1 (10.65 ft)	L	
	Service Area 1	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	L	
LEC	Service Area 2	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	L	
	Service Area 3	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	П	

Note: The water supply risk classification based on the Palmer index, as well as the LOK seasonal and multi-seasonal net inflow outlooks use slightly different classification intervals than those used by the 2008-LORS.

Figure 2. Water Supply Risk Indicators