

MEMORANDUM

TO: John Mitnik, Division Director, Operations, Engineering, and Construction

THROUGH: Peter Kwiatkowski, Section Administrator, Resource Evaluation

FROM: SFWMD Staff Water Supply Advisory Team

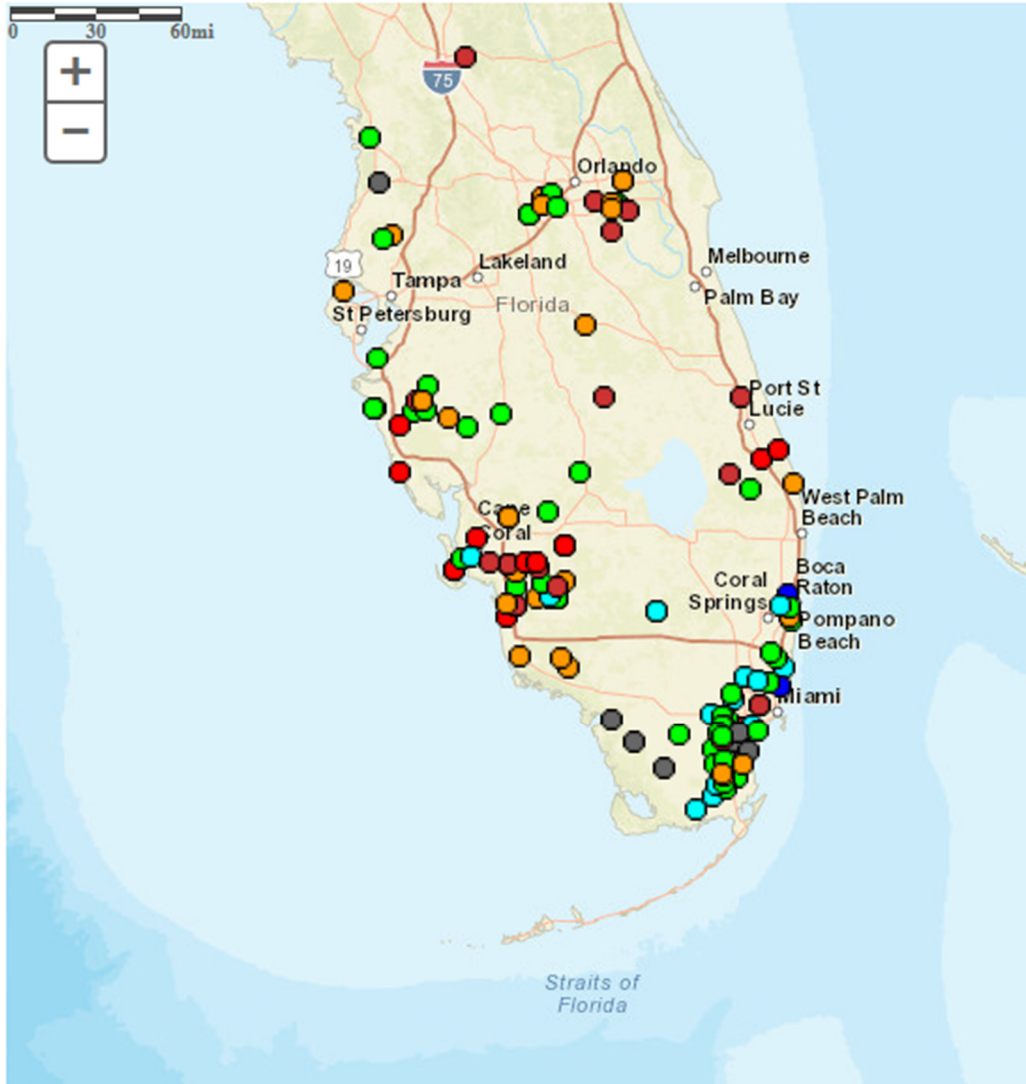
DATE: January 31st, 2017

SUBJECT: Water Supply Report

District-wide Conditions

Surface and groundwater levels showed mixed trends throughout the District over the last week. Approximately one third of United States Geological Survey (USGS) real-time wells in the Kissimmee Basin (KB) within the District boundaries are at median levels for this time of year. The remainder are mostly in the lower 10th to 24th percentile range. The majority of the surface and groundwater stations across the KB recorded decreases in water levels over the last week. Stages in the Upper East Coast (UEC) canals C-23, C-24, and C-25 were at 21.83, 18.89, and 14.83 feet. C-25 is approaching the 14 feet NGVD agricultural cutoff level. About two thirds of UEC surficial aquifer wells are in the lower 10th percentile range for this time of year, with the remainder split between median levels and the lower 10th to 24th percentile range. Surface and groundwater levels increased in approximately half of the stations in the Biscayne aquifer. Water levels are low in Everglades National Park and the C-111 basin. Almost three quarters of the USGS Biscayne aquifer monitor wells are in their median percentile range at this time, with most of the remainder in the lower 10th to 24th percentile range or lower.

In the Lower West Coast (LWC), groundwater levels decreased in the majority of the monitor wells over the last seven days. Approximately three quarters of the wells in the Surficial aquifer are in the lower 10th to 24th percentile range, with the remainder at median levels or higher. Over half of the Lower Tamiami aquifer wells are at median levels or higher, with most the remainder in the lower 10th to 24th percentile range. Approximately one third of the Sandstone aquifer monitor wells are in the median percentile range for this time of year, again with the remainder split between the lower 10th to 24th percentile range and the lowest 10th percentile. About one third of the Mid-Hawthorn aquifer monitor wells are at median levels or higher for this time of year, with the remainder split between the lower 10th to 24th percentile range and the lowest 10th percentile range. **Figure 1** summarizes current water level conditions.



Explanation - Percentile classes (symbol color based on most recent measurement)						Wells		Springs	
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	■
Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	High	Not Ranked	□	■
	Much Below Normal	Below Normal	Normal	Above Normal	Much Above Normal			△	■
								Periodic Measurements	

Figure 1. Florida Real-Time Groundwater Level Network Map

Water Supply Technical Input to LORS2008

The Palmer Index for Lake Okeechobee (LOK) Tributary Conditions is -2.01, classified as “extremely dry,” and is in the “high” risk category. The LOK stage for the next two months is projected to be in the Low Flow Sub-Band, and the risk to water supply is categorized as “moderate.” The Climate Prediction Center’s (CPC) Precipitation Outlook is projected as “normal” for one month and “below normal” for three months, leaving the one month outlook in the “low” risk category and the three month outlook in the “moderate” risk category. The LOK Seasonal Net Inflow Forecast is in the “dry” range, with “moderate” risk to water supply. The Multi-Seasonal Net Inflow Forecast is projected as “normal” with “moderate” risk to water supply. The stages in the Water Conservation Areas are all above line 1 and are in the “low” risk category. Groundwater levels in LEC Service Areas are in the “low” risk category. The Year-Round Irrigation Rule is in effect for the LEC Service Areas. **Figure 2** summarizes the water supply risk indicators.

LORS2008 Implementation on 1/30/2017 (ENSO Neutral Condition):

Status for week ending 1/30/2017:

District wide, Raindar rainfall was 0.42 inches for the week. Lake stage on 1/30/2017 was 13.86 ft, down 0.09 ft from last week.

The updated January 2017 SFWMM Dynamic Position Analysis [percentile graph](#) for Lake Okeechobee show that the current lake stage is in the Low Operational Sub-Band.

The LORS2008 tributary [indices](#) are classified as **Dry**. The PDSI indicates dry condition and the LONIN is Dry. The classification is based on the wetter of the two.

Water Supply Risk Evaluation

Area	Indicator	Value	Color Coded Scoring Scheme
LOK	Projected LOK Stage for the next two months	Low Sub-Band	M
	Palmer Index for LOK Tributary Conditions	-2.01 (Extremely Dry)	H
	CPC Precipitation Outlook	1 month: Normal	L
		3 months: Below Normal	M
	LOK Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook	0.17 ft (Dry)	M
	ENSO La Nina Years		M
	LOK Multi-Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook	2.83 ft (Normal)	M
ENSO La Nina Years	M		
WCAs	WCA 1: Site 1-7, Site 1-8T, & Site 1-9 Average	Above Line 1 (16.50 ft)	L
	WCA 2A: Site 2-17 HW	Above Line 1 (11.99 ft)	L
	WCA-3A: 3 Station Average (Site 63, 64 and 65)	Above Line 1 (9.72 ft)	L
LEC	Service Area 1	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	L
	Service Area 2	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	L
	Service Area 3	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	L

Note: The water supply risk classification based on the Palmer index, as well as the LOK seasonal and multi-seasonal net inflow outlooks use slightly different classification intervals than those used by the 2008-LORS.

Figure 2. Water Supply Risk Indicators