MEMORANDUM

TO: Laureen Borochaner, Chief, Engineering Division (USACE)

FROM: John Mitnik, Chief District Engineer (SFWMD)

Akin Owosina, Chief, Hydrology & Hydraulics Bureau (SFWMD)

DATE: February 18, 2021

SUBJECT: Operational Position Statement for February 16, 2021 to February 22, 2021

This Position Statement is to provide operational recommendations for the one-week period from February 16, 2021 to February 22, 2021 based on system conditions and data observed during the last Monday to Sunday 7-day period. On February 15, Lake Okeechobee stage was 15.43 feet NGVD, which places it within the Low Sub-band of the 2008 Lake Okeechobee Regulation Schedule (LORS). Lake stage increased by 0.04 feet during the preceding 7 days.

February District rainfall is above average (114% of normal), with high spatial variability. Central Everglades, EAA, Palm Beach and Broward Counties report well below normal rainfall, while the remainder of the areas are near to well above average. Rainfall forecast (issued February 16) predicts near average rainfall for the District for the coming 7-day and well below average rainfall for the following 7-day period.

<u>Precipitation Outlook:</u> The most recent CPC precipitation outlook for February 2021 calls for increased chances of belownormal rainfall. The outlook for the 3-month window Feb-Apr is for substantially increased chances of below-normal rainfall while the outlook for the 3-month window Mar-May is for increased chances of below-normal rainfall. The outlook for the 3-month window Apr-Jun is for equal chances of above-normal, normal, and below-normal rainfall. The outlook for the transition to the 2021 wet season is for slightly increased chances of above normal rainfall.

2008 LORS Release Guidance (Part C): With Lake Okeechobee stage within the Low Sub-band, the Tributary Hydrologic Conditions in the Normal category, and the Multi-seasonal Lake Okeechobee Net Inflow Outlook in the Normal category, Part C of the 2008 LORS suggests "Up to Maximum Practicable Releases to WCAs if desirable or with minimum Everglades Impact; otherwise no releases to the Everglades".

Over the 7-day period from February 8, 2021 to February 14, 2021, regulatory releases in the amount of 900 acre-feet were sent from Lake Okeechobee to STA-2. No Lake regulatory releases were sent to the Lake Worth Lagoon through the C-51 canal. Stage in WCA-1 is above schedule (Zone A1), stage in WCA-2A is above schedule (Zone A), and WCA-3A stage is above schedule (Zone A). For the coming operational period, the USACE is requesting maximum practical regulatory releases be sent south from Lake Okeechobee towards the WCAs.

<u>2008 LORS Release Guidance (Part D):</u> With Lake Okeechobee stage in the Low Sub-band, the Tributary Hydrologic Conditions in the Normal category and the Seasonal Lake Okeechobee Net Inflow Outlook in the Dry category, Part D of the 2008 LORS suggests "S-79 up to 450 cfs and S-80 up to 200 cfs".

For the 7-day period February 8, 2021 to February 14, 2021, total discharge to the St. Lucie Estuary was around 550 cfs with no flows coming from Lake Okeechobee. The 7-day average salinity at the US1 Bridge is in the good range for adult oysters. Total inflow to the Caloosahatchee Estuary averaged approximately 1,775 cfs over the past week with around 875 cfs coming from Lake Okeechobee. Salinity conditions are in the good range for Tape Grass at Val I-75 and at Ft. Myers. Salinity conditions for adult eastern oysters are in the good range at Shell Point and Cape Coral but in the fair range at Sanibel. Additionally, Karenia brevis continue to be observed off the mouth of the Caloosahatchee Estuary but counts are smaller than before.

The District will continue to work with the USACE to manage Lake Okeechobee levels in an effort to curtail harmful discharges over this year. Given the seasonal dry forecast condition for south Florida, and current lake levels, the District recommends USACE continue discharge to the estuaries at a non-harmful level of 2,000 cfs to the Caloosahatchee Estuary, measured at S-79, in a steady release fashion. In addition, this decision should be reassessed on a weekly basis. The USACE typically implements the releases to the estuaries over a 7-day period starting on Saturday and ending on Friday.