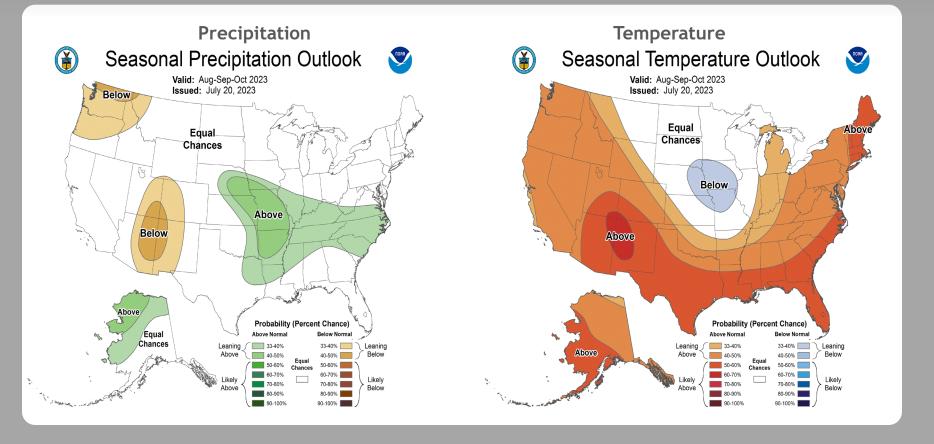
# Extended Hydrologic Outlook August 8, 2023

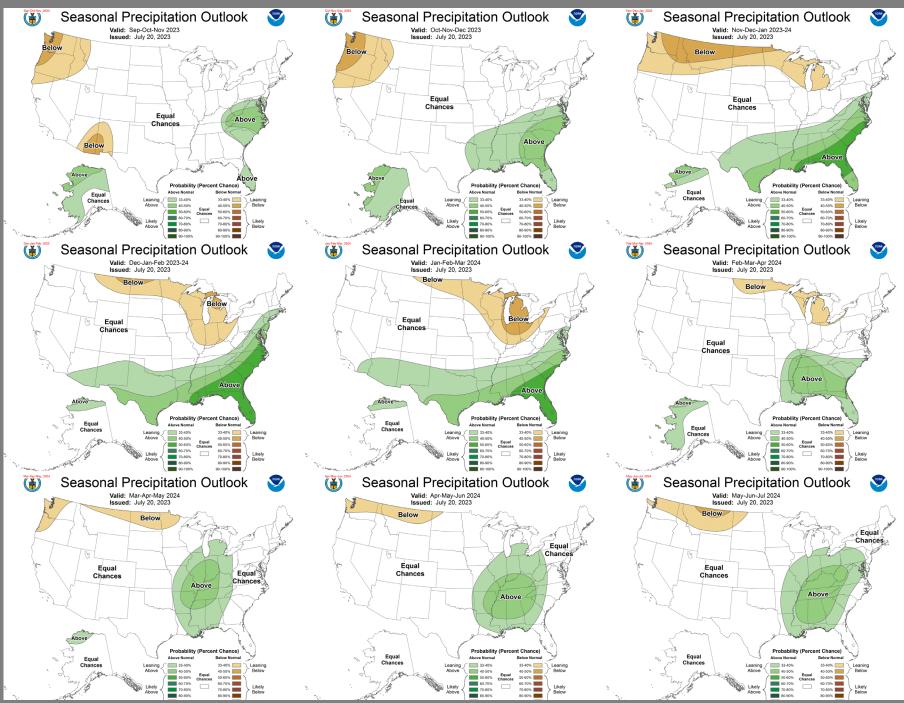
- The Climate Prediction Center (CPC) is forecasting equal chances of below normal, normal and above normal for August through October.
- El Niño conditions are observed and are there is a greater than 90% chance that El Niño will continue through the winter.
- Atlantic Multidecadal Oscillation (AMO) is <u>currently in</u> <u>the warm phase</u>:
  - Average annual inflow to Lake Okeechobee is nearly 50% greater during the warm phase compared to the cold phase

### U. S. Seasonal Outlooks August - October 2023

The seasonal outlooks combine the effects of long-term trends, soil moisture, and, when appropriate, ENSO.



**Prepared by: Climate Prediction Center/NCEP** 



# **Teleconnections to South Florida**

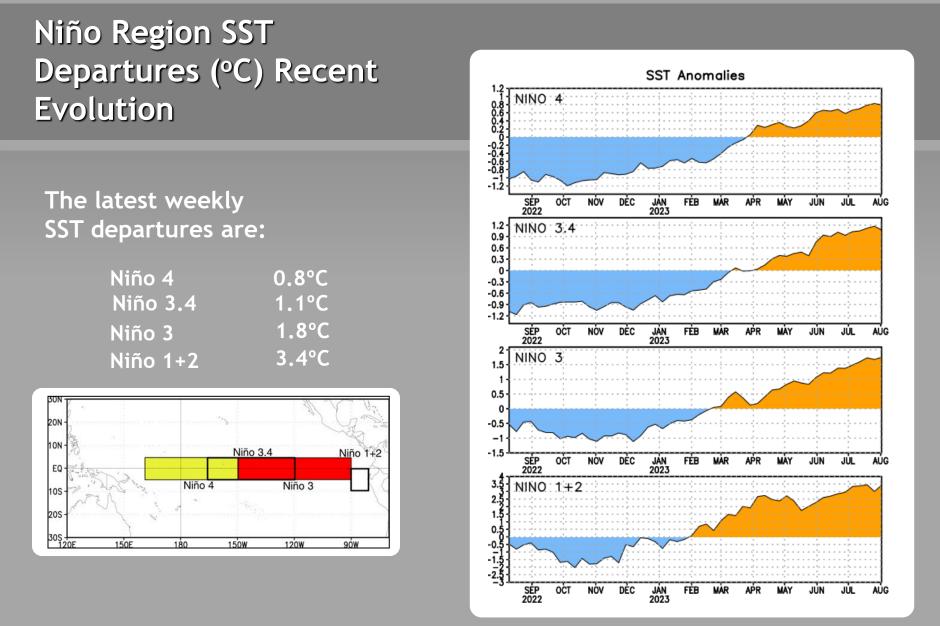
### Climate anomalies being related to each other at large distances: <u>El Niño Southern Oscillation (ENSO)</u>

El Niño increases the chances of a wetter-than-normal dry season and decreased tropical activity, La Niña increases the chances of a drierthan-normal dry season and increased tropical activity (both have most influence in south Florida from November through March)

### Pacific Decadal Oscillation (PDO)

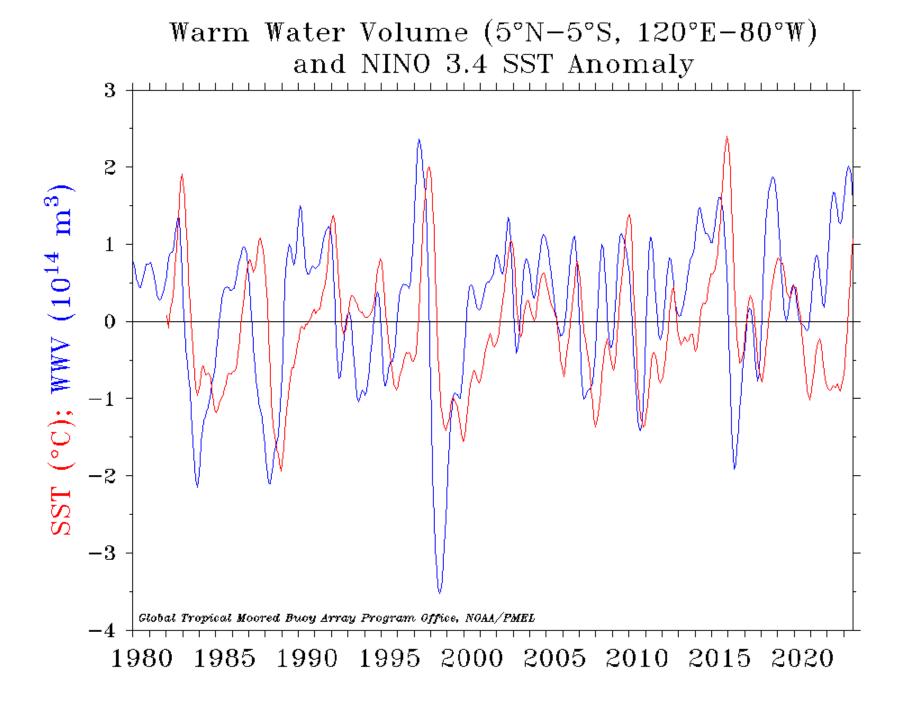
Increases variations in south Florida dry season rainfall, positive leads to more El Niño events, negative leads to more La Niña events <u>Atlantic Multidecadal Oscillation (AMO)</u>

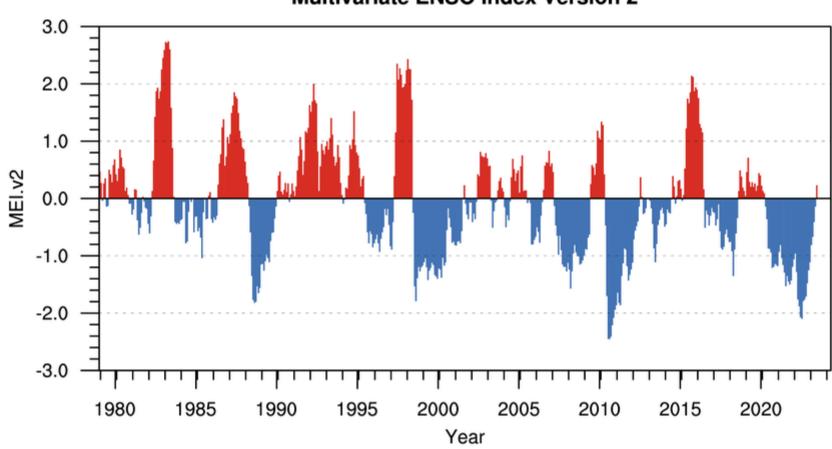
Average annual inflow to Lake Okeechobee is nearly 50% greater during the warm phase compared to the cold phase of the AMO, easterly flow toward south Florida affected by phase



This weekly sea surface temperature data is based on OISSTv2.1 (Huang et al., 2021).

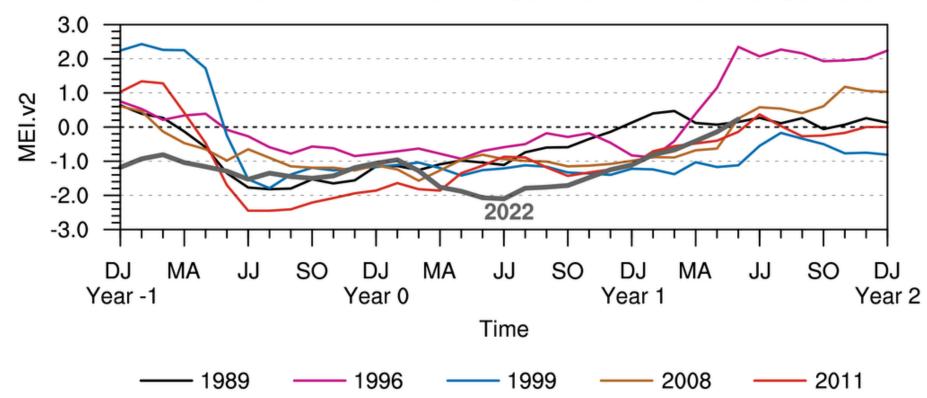
**Prepared by: Climate Prediction Center/NCEP** 





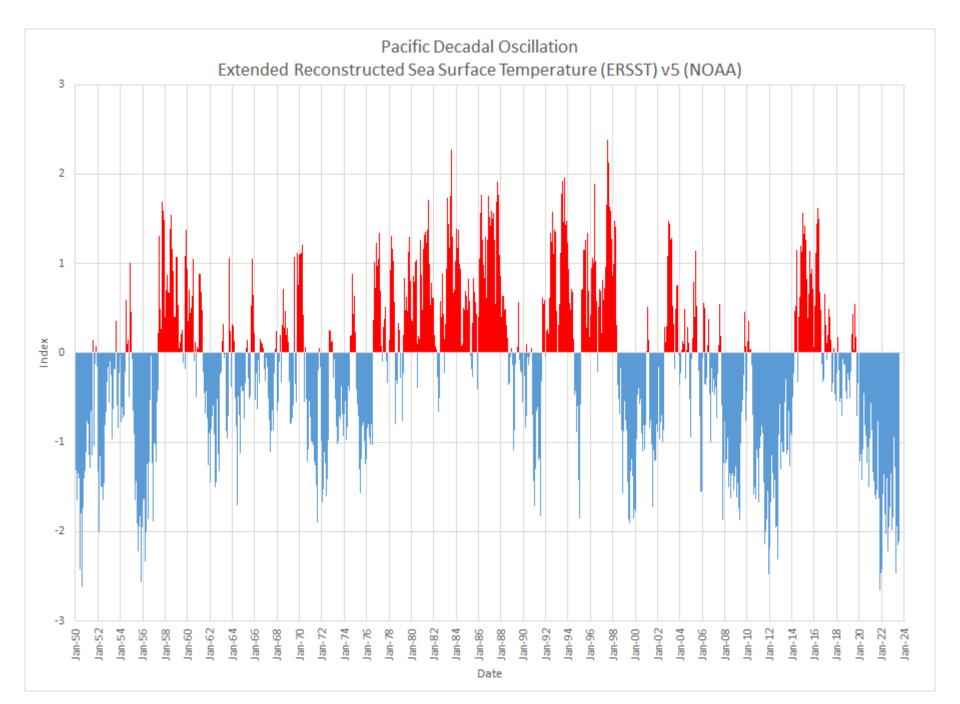
Multivariate ENSO Index Version 2

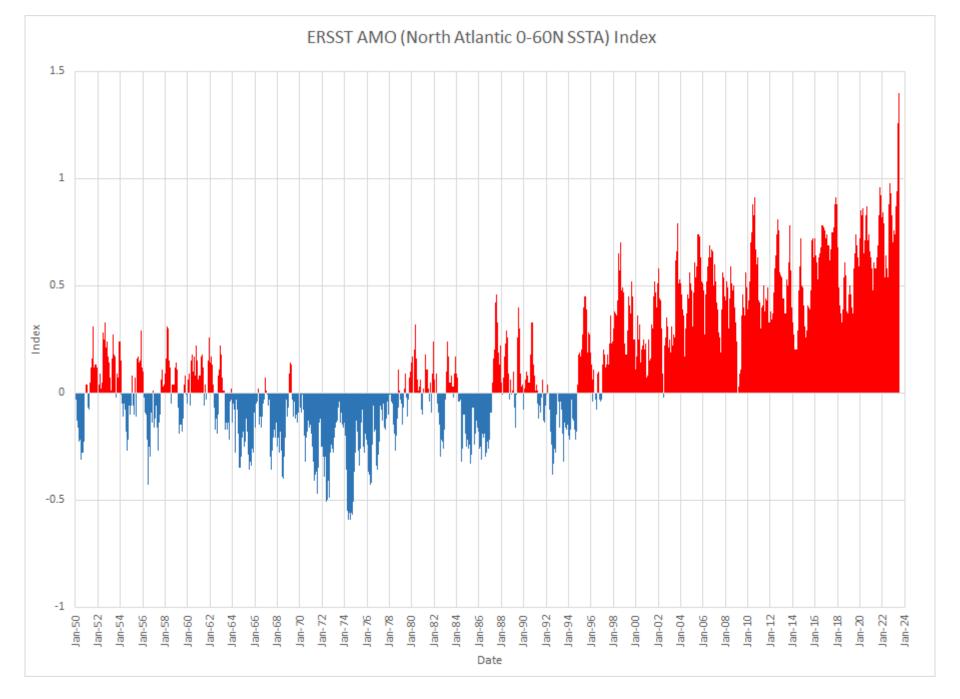
Prepared by: NOAA Physical Sciences Laboratory



#### MEI.v2 Evolution of Current ENSO Event in Historical Context

Prepared by: NOAA Physical Sciences Laboratory

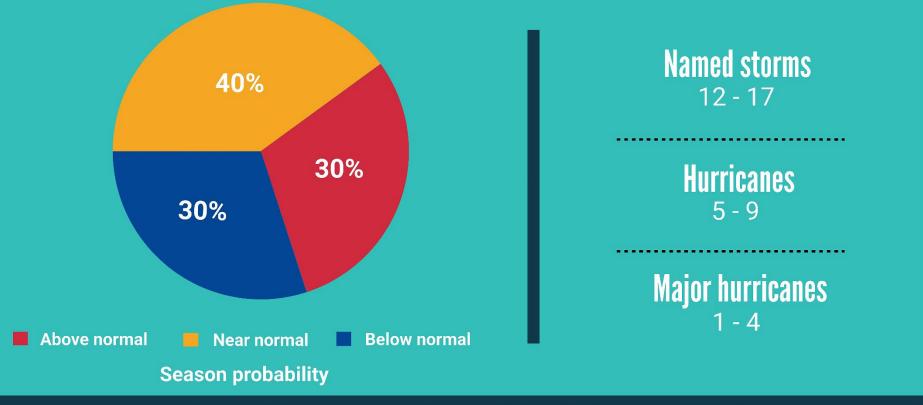




# **2023 Tropical Outlook**



# 2023 Atlantic Hurricane Season Outlook



Be prepared: Visit hurricanes.gov and follow @NWS and @NHC\_Atlantic on Twitter.

May 2023

#### ATLANTIC BASIN SEASONAL HURRICANE FORECAST FOR 2023

Forecast Parameter and 1991-2020 Average (in parentheses)	Issue Date 13 April 2023	Issue Date 1 June 2023	Issue Date 6 July 2023	Issue Date 3 August 2023	Observed Thru 2 August 2023	Remainder of Season Forecast
Named Storms (NS) (14.4)	13	15	18	18*	5	13
Named Storm Days (NSD) (69.4)	55	60	90	90	19.50	70.50
Hurricanes (H) (7.2)	6	7	9	9	1	8
Hurricane Days (HD) (27.0)	25	30	35	35	0.5	34.50
Major Hurricanes (MH) (3.2)	2	3	4	4	0	4
Major Hurricane Days (MHD) (7.4)	5	7	9	9	0	9
Accumulated Cyclone Energy (ACE) (123)	100	125	160	160	16	144
ACE West of 60°W (73)	55	70	82	82	4	78
Net Tropical Cyclone Activity (NTC) (135%)	105	135	170	170	18	152

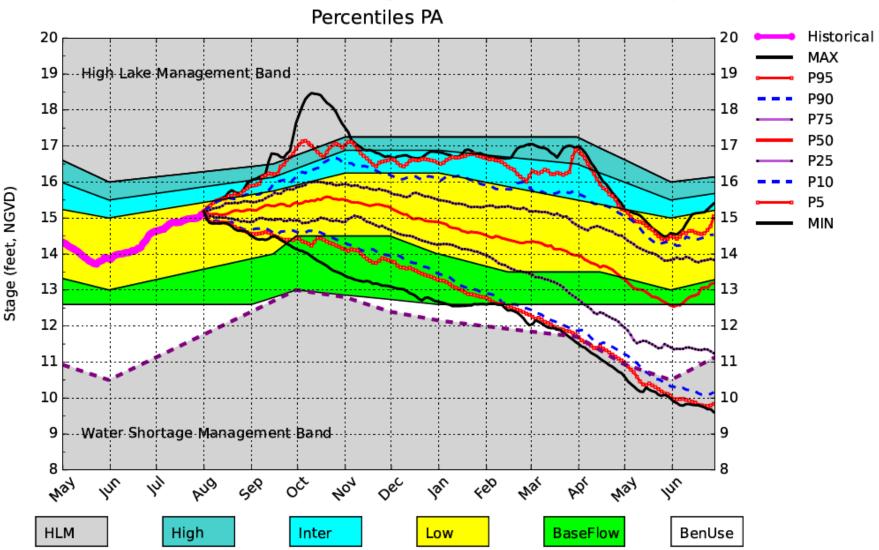
\*Total forecast includes an unnamed subtropical storm in January as well as Arlene, Bret and Cindy in June and Don in July.

- Above-average activity anticipated
- Subtropical Atlantic now has record warm sea surface temperatures
- El Niño increases vertical wind shear in the Caribbean and tropical Atlantic, but the extreme anomalous warmth in the tropical and subtropical Atlantic may counteract some of the typical El Niño-driven increase in vertical wind shear

Source: Colorado State University (Tropical Weather & Climate Research)

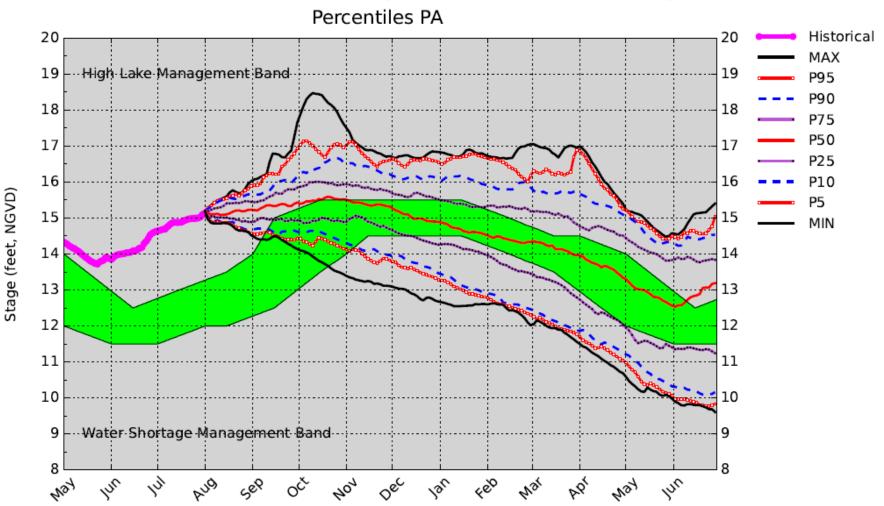
## **August DPA Assumptions**

- The August 1, 2023 Dynamic Position Analysis (DPA) simulation is based on historical climatic conditions spanning the period 1965-2005. This DPA posting is made with the South Florida Water Management Model (SFWMM) v6.7.4 (Tamiami Trail) which includes the following improvement(s):
  - Improvements to include the Combined Operational Plan (COP)
- The August 1, 2023 DPA resets the initial stages for Lake Okeechobee (LOK) and the Water Conservation Areas (WCAs) on July 1<sup>st</sup> of each year of the DPA simulation and conditions the simulation to real time data during July to achieve real time stages on August 1<sup>st</sup> for LOK and WCAs.
- The Lake Okeechobee operations follow the Lake Okeechobee Regulation Schedule (LORS2008). Modeling assumptions are consistent with modeling performed for LORS2008 Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS).
- LOK Temporary Forward Pump operations will be in place, whenever necessary, to improve water supply deliveries from LOK under low LOK stages.
- STA surface area values are modified to reflect current flowways under operation.
  STA depths are maintained to a minimum of 6 inches using Lake Okeechobee releases.



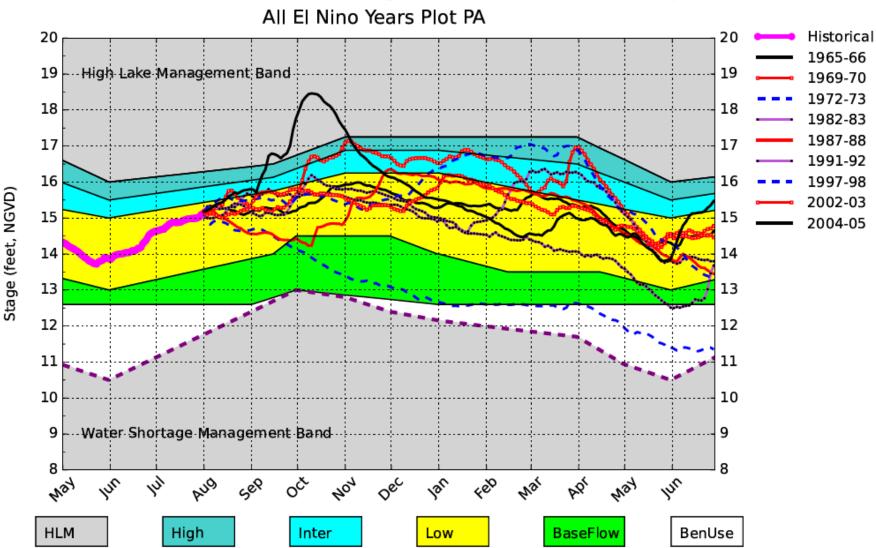
Lake Okeechobee SFWMM August 2023 Position Analysis

(See assumptions on the Position Analysis Results website)



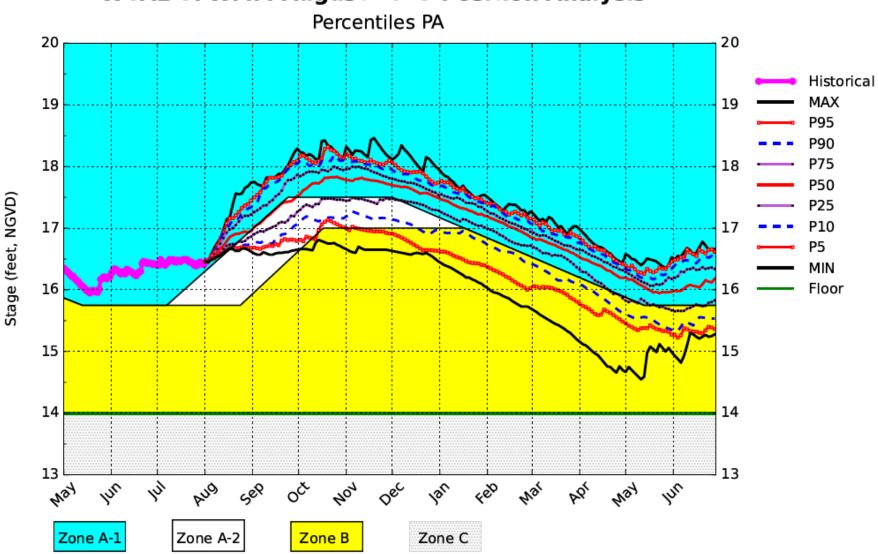
### Lake Okeechobee SFWMM August 2023 Position Analysis

(See assumptions on the Position Analysis Results website)



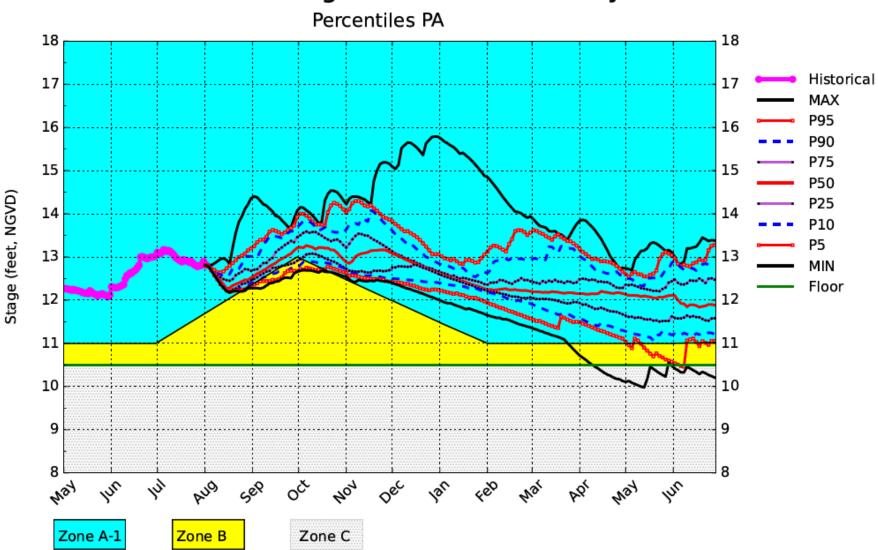
#### Lake Okeechobee SFWMM August 2023 Position Analysis

(See assumptions on the Position Analysis Results website)



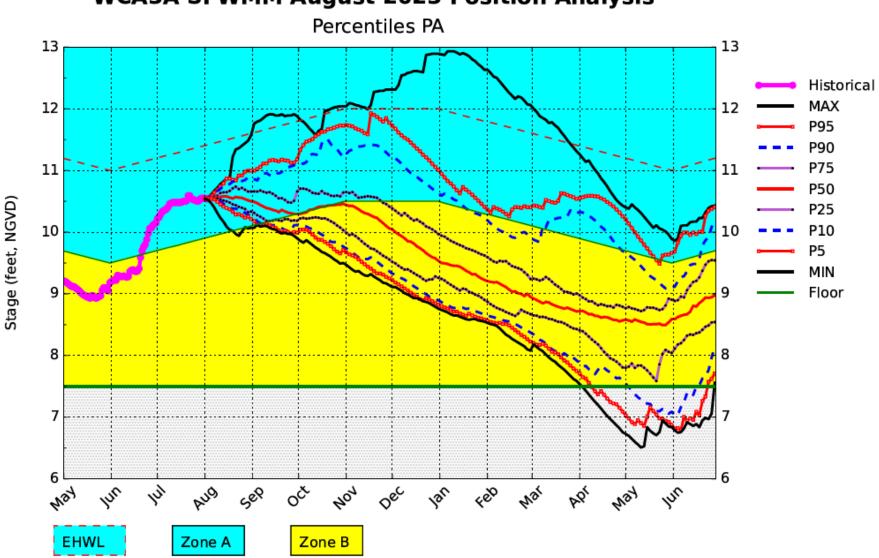
WCA1 SFWMM August 2023 Position Analysis

(See assumptions on the Position Analysis Results website)



WCA2A SFWMM August 2023 Position Analysis

(See assumptions on the Position Analysis Results website)



WCA3A SFWMM August 2023 Position Analysis

(See assumptions on the Position Analysis Results website)