

CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN FLORIDA (C&SF) FLOOD RESILIENCY STUDY

H&H MODEL OUTPUT

Public Meeting

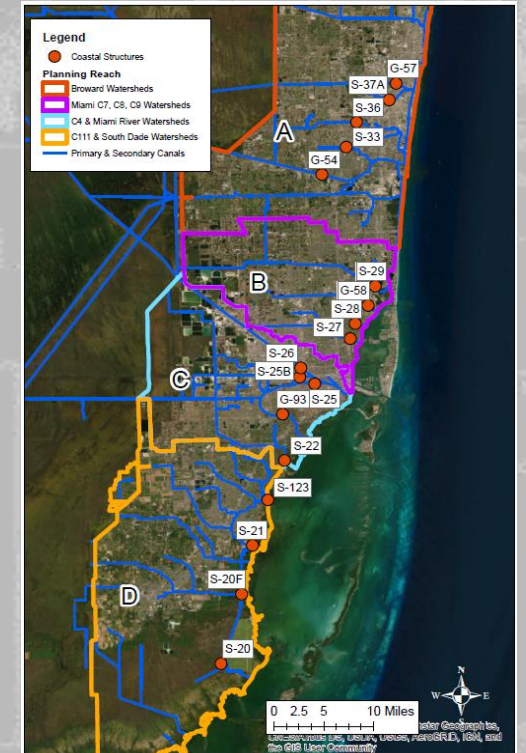
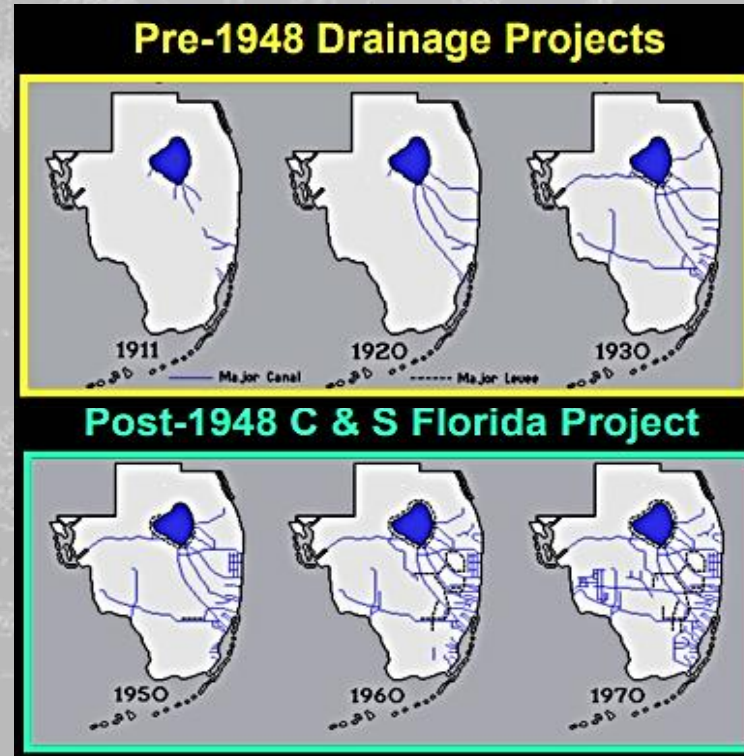
12 April 2024

Virtual Meeting

Working Today to Build a Better Tomorrow



US Army Corps of Engineers®





HOUSEKEEPING ITEMS



- This meeting is being **recorded and livestreamed**.
- There will be **opportunities for questions** throughout today's discussion.
 - Please use the **Q&A function** to submit questions during a presentation.
 - During the Q&A period, please use the '**raise hand**' function at the bottom of your screen and we call on you to unmute.
- You are welcome to **submit follow up questions and additional comments** after the webinar by via email to CSFFRSComments@usace.army.mil.
- Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA, see slide 5 of this presentation)
- Recommend workshop attendance per reach
 - **Model Set Up (figures and tables explanations)**
 - Reach A – start at 11:40 AM (30 mins of presentation, 15 mins of discussion, ~5 min break)
 - Break for Lunch 12:30 PM
 - Reach B – start at 1:00 PM
 - Reach C – start at 1:50 PM
 - Reach D – start at 2:40 PM
 - Public comments – 3:30 PM
 - Overview and Next steps – 3:45 PM
 - Adjourn – 4:00 PM



1. OPENING REMARKS

Presenter: Ana Carolina Coelho Maran, Ph.D., P.E., Chief of District Resiliency, SFWMD, and Jason Engle, P.E., Chief, Water Resources Engineering Branch, USACE



2. WORKSHOP GOALS AND PROJECT OVERVIEW

Presenter: Tim Gysan, Senior Resilience Project Manager, USACE



STATEMENT OF INTENT



The intent of this forum is to allow federal, state and local agencies, and tribal governments to exchange views, information or advice relating to the Central and Southern Florida (C&SF) Flood Resiliency Study.

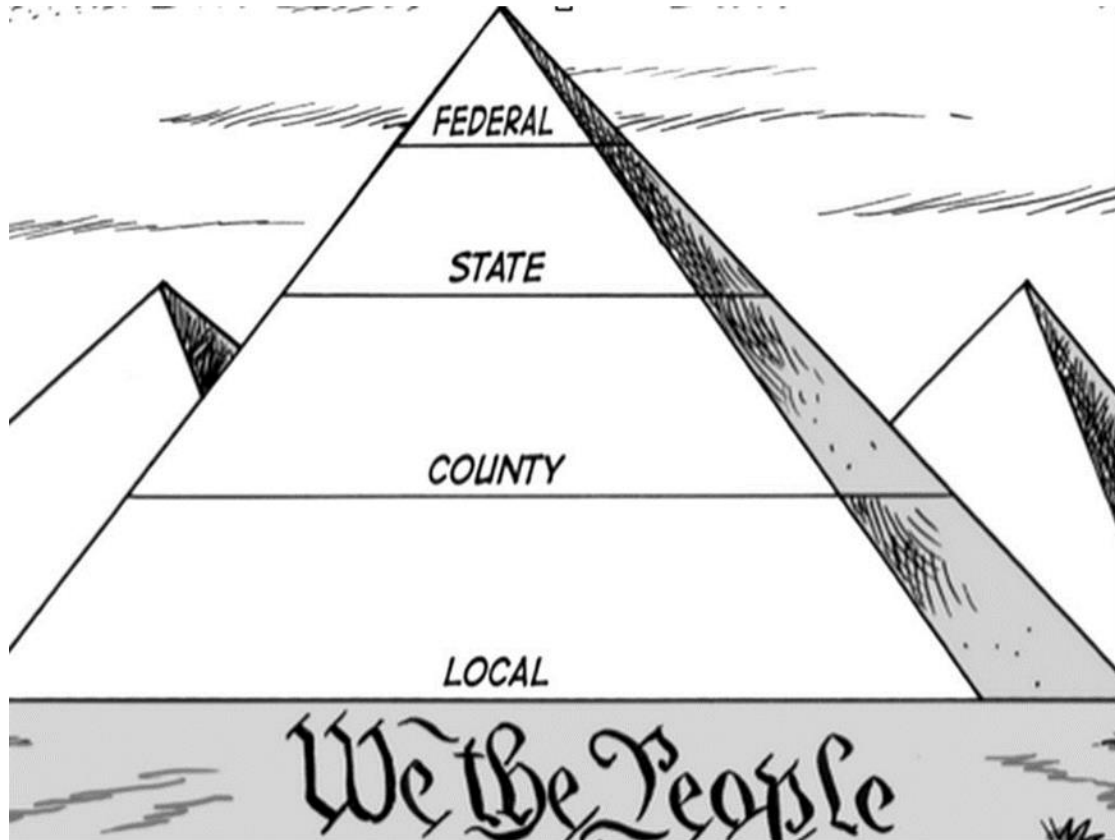
This meeting is not a forum for official policy discussion or formulation. The PDT performs technical staff functions. Members are encouraged to participate and share their technical skills and knowledge.

Comments from the public will be accepted at a designated time that is separate from the interagency discussions.



BUILDING COMMUNITY RESILIENCE

A COMPREHENSIVE AND COLLABORATIVE APPROACH



Water Resource infrastructure is the connector



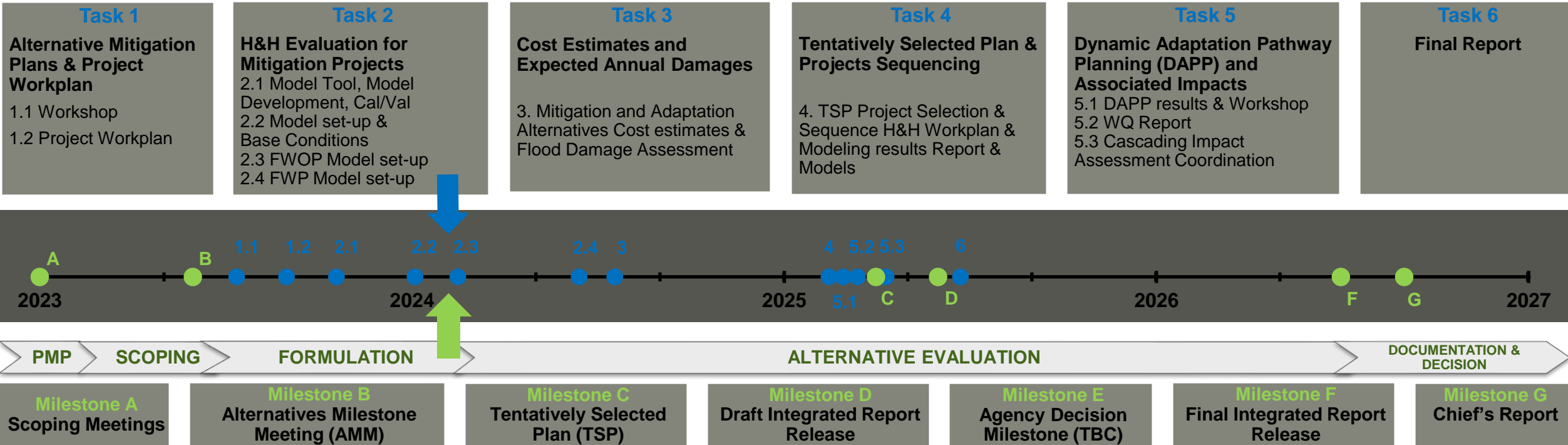
C&SF FLOOD RESILIENCY STUDY & C-7 FLOOD

PROTECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE (FPLOS) PHASE II STUDY



C-7 FPLOS Phase II Study

- **Basinwide Assessment** – include primary and secondary system flood protection infrastructure
- **Broader selection of mitigation and adaptation alternatives**, addressing compound flood drivers and including inland storage
- Performance Metrics: level of service assessment (canal, structure discharges and levels, overland extent/duration), and flood damage BCA



C&SF Flood Resiliency Study (Section 216)

- Focus on **highly vulnerable infrastructure** along primary C&SF system (coastal structure and canal enhancement)
- Mitigation and adaptation alternatives within **Flood Risk Management authority** (mostly rainfall driven)
- Performance Metrics: National & Regional Economic Development (NED, RED), Environmental Quality (EQ), Other Social Effects (OSE)

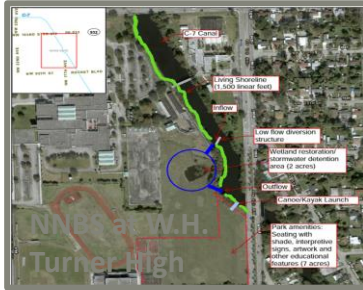


C&SF FLOOD RESILIENCY STUDY & C-7 FPLOS PHASE STUDY



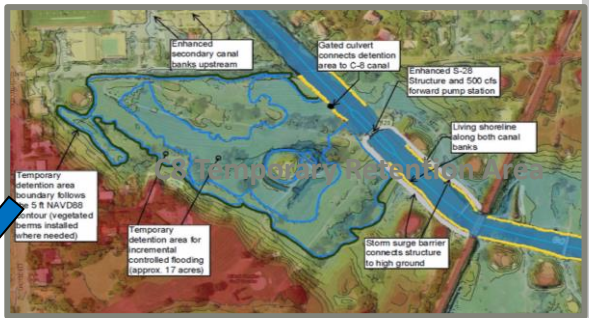
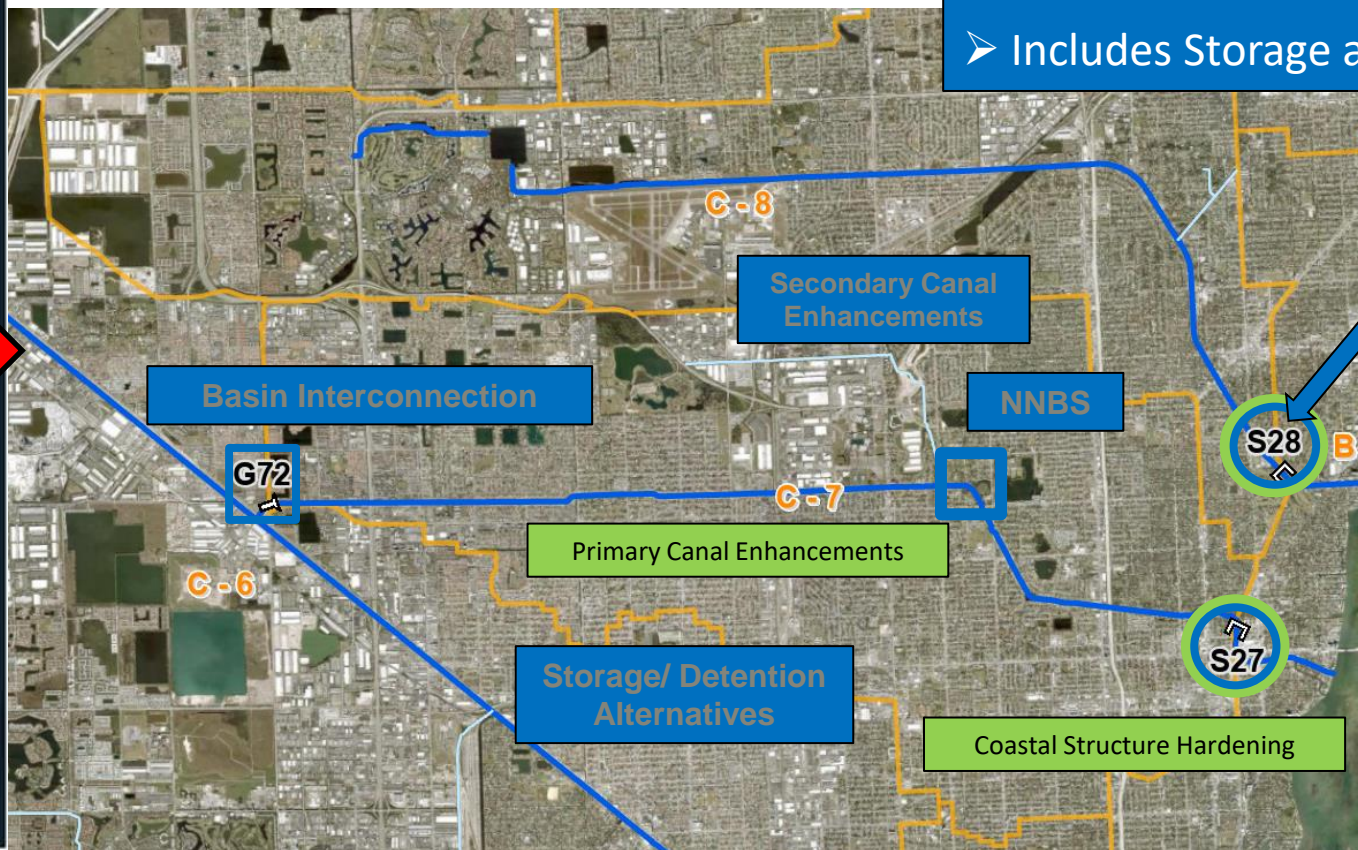
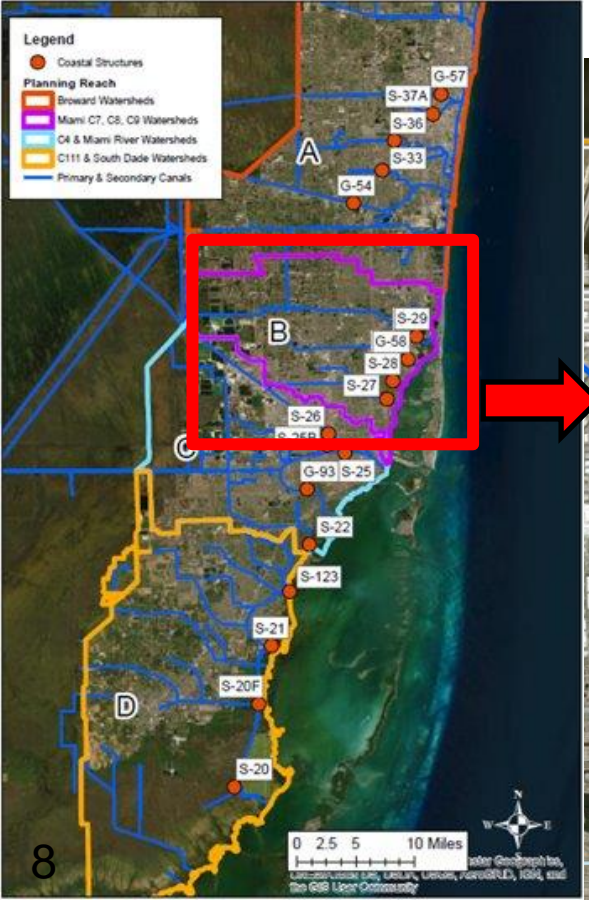
C&SF Resilience Study

- Primary Canals
- Primary Structures



C7 Adaptation and Mitigation Study (2023 –2025)

- Develop comprehensive basin-wide strategies
- Includes projects from regional and local level
- Includes GI / Natural/Nature Based Solutions
- Includes Storage and Conveyance





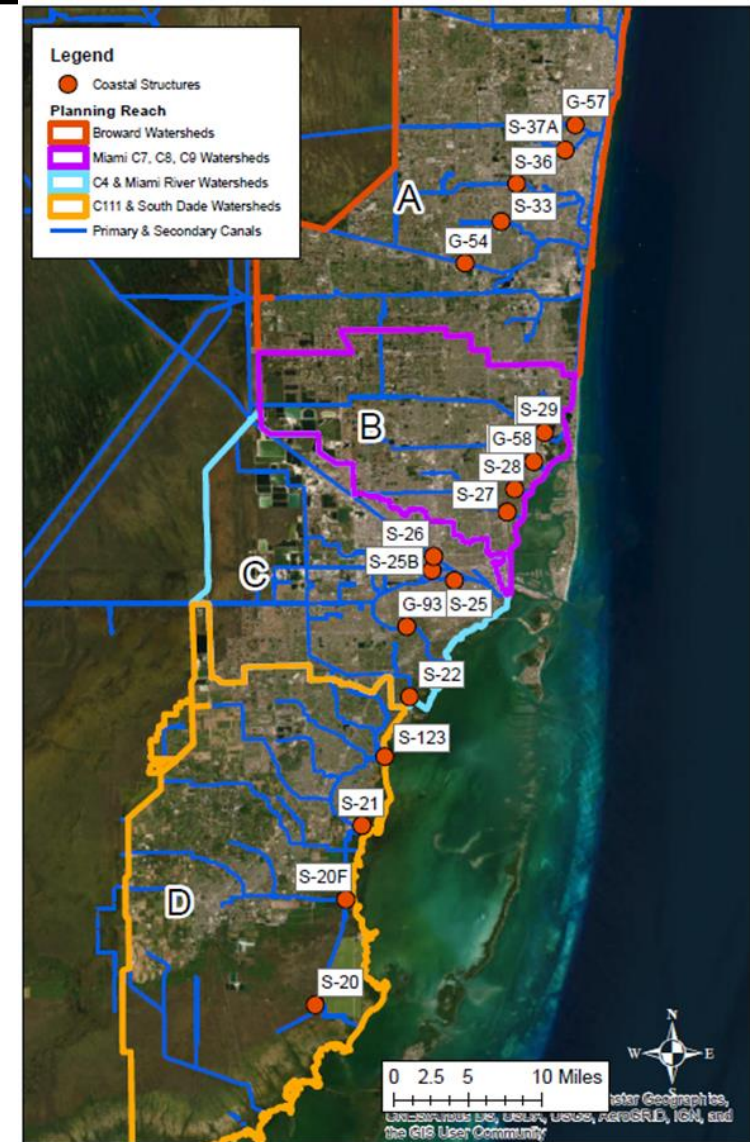
AGENDA



- Project Overview and Meeting Purpose
- H&H Data Use in Economic Analysis
- Model Assumptions and Brief Overview

- Review of MIKE SHE/Hydro Model Output
 - **Reach A: Broward and Hillsboro Basins**
 - G-57, S-37A, S-36, S-33 and G-54
 - **Reach B: Little River and Nearby Basins**
 - S-29, G-58, S-28 and S-27
 - **Reach C: Miami River and Nearby Basins**
 - S-26, S-25B, G-93, S-25 and S-22
 - **Reach D: South Miami Basins**
 - S-123, S-21, S-20F and S-20

- Public Comment
- Overview and Next Steps





WORKSHOP GOAL

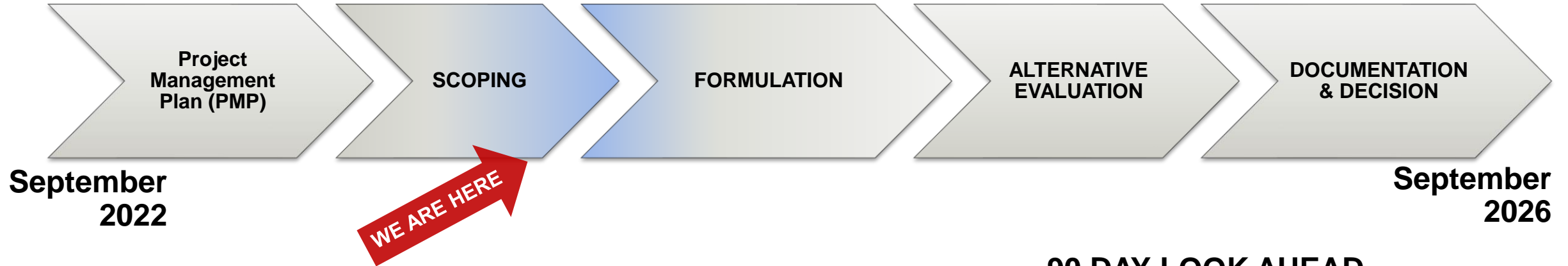


- Present how H&H Modeling Output will be utilized to evaluate Performance Metrics (NED, RED, EQ and OSE)
- Present H&H Modeling Assumptions and Approach
- Present H&H Modeling Example Output and Preliminary Results



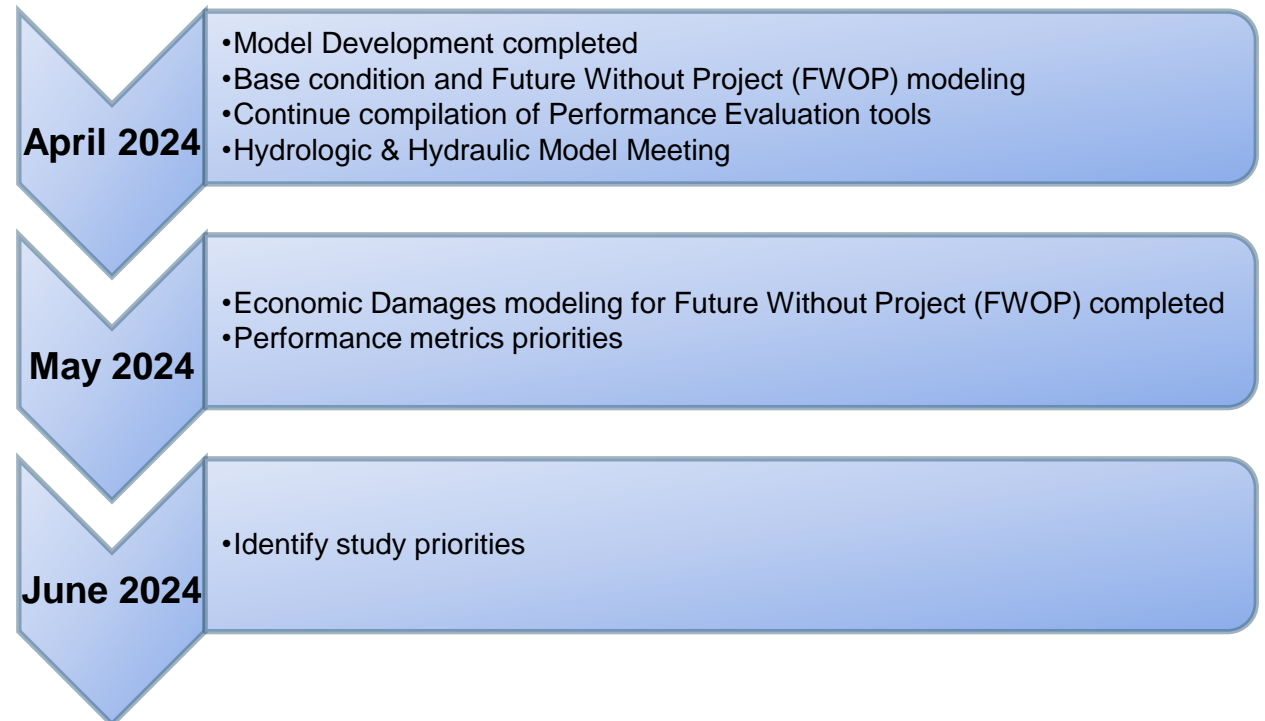
C&SF FLOOD RESILIENCY STUDY

SCHEDULE AND NEXT STEPS



MILESTONE	DATE
Scoping Meetings	✓ January 2023
Alternatives Milestone Meeting (AMM)	✓ June 2023
Tentatively Selected Plan (TSP)	April 2025
Draft Integrated Report Release	June 2025
Agency Decision Milestone (ADM)	
Final Integrated Report Release	July 2026
Chief's Report	September 2026

90 DAY LOOK AHEAD





3. H&H DATA USE IN ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

Presenter: Colin Rawls, Chief of Socioeconomics, USACE



FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT- ECONOMIC ANALYSIS



- Helps answer the question “which proposed flood damage reduction plan is the best from an economic standpoint?”
 - Evaluate the existing condition
 - Evaluate the future without project condition
 - Analyze alternative damage reduction plans
- Compare plans using expected annual flood damage and flood damage reduction benefits



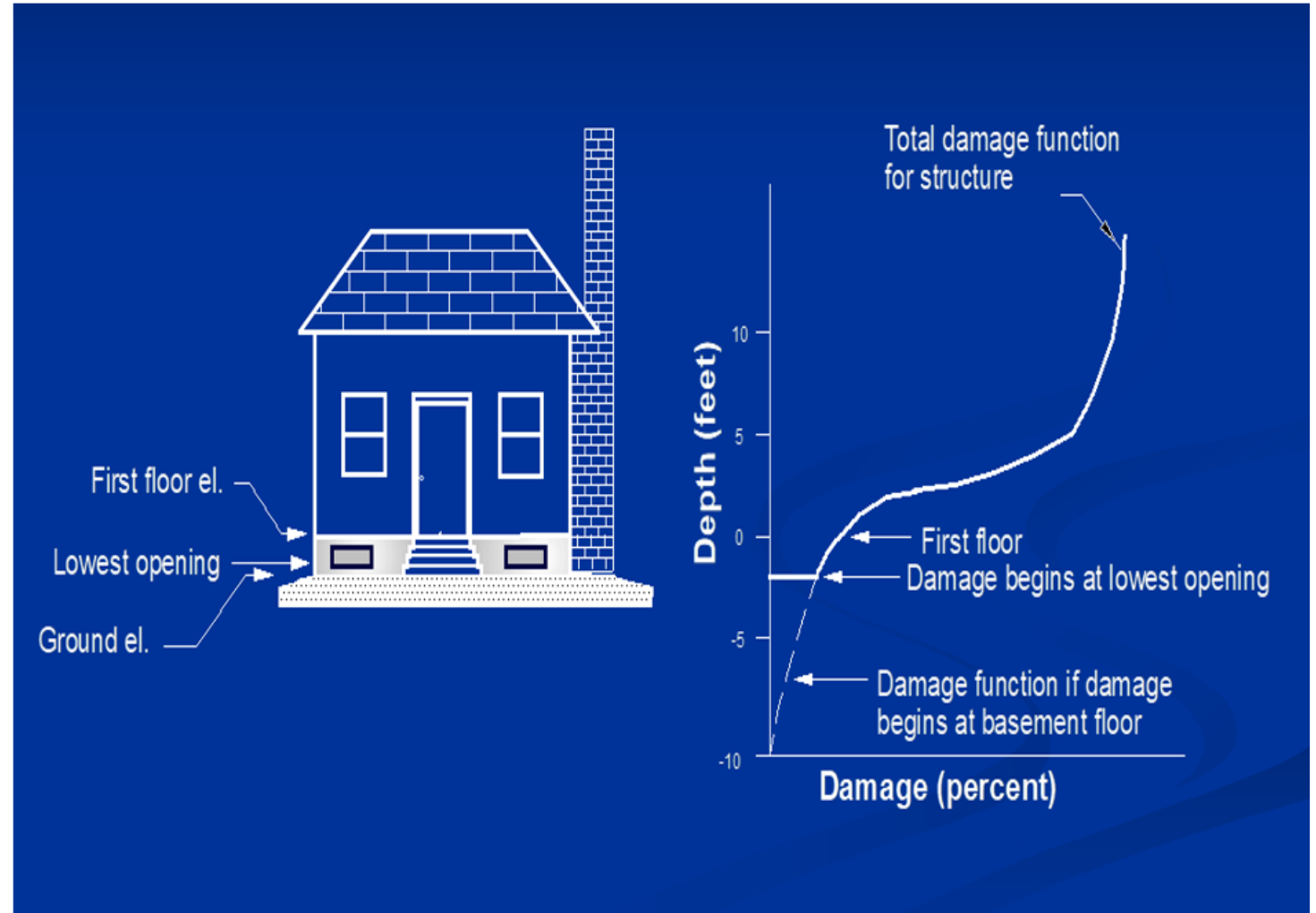


EXISTING AND FUTURE WITHOUT PROJECT DAMAGES



Broadly Defined Steps

1. Delineate Affected Area
2. Determine Floodplain Characteristics
 - Identify damage reaches
 - Inventory Occupancy Types: Residential, Commercial, Industrial, Public, Others
 - Estimate first floor elevations – with uncertainty
3. Estimate structure/content values
4. Apply depth-damage curves
5. Estimate Damages (\$)



Conceptual layout of depth-relationship for a residential structure

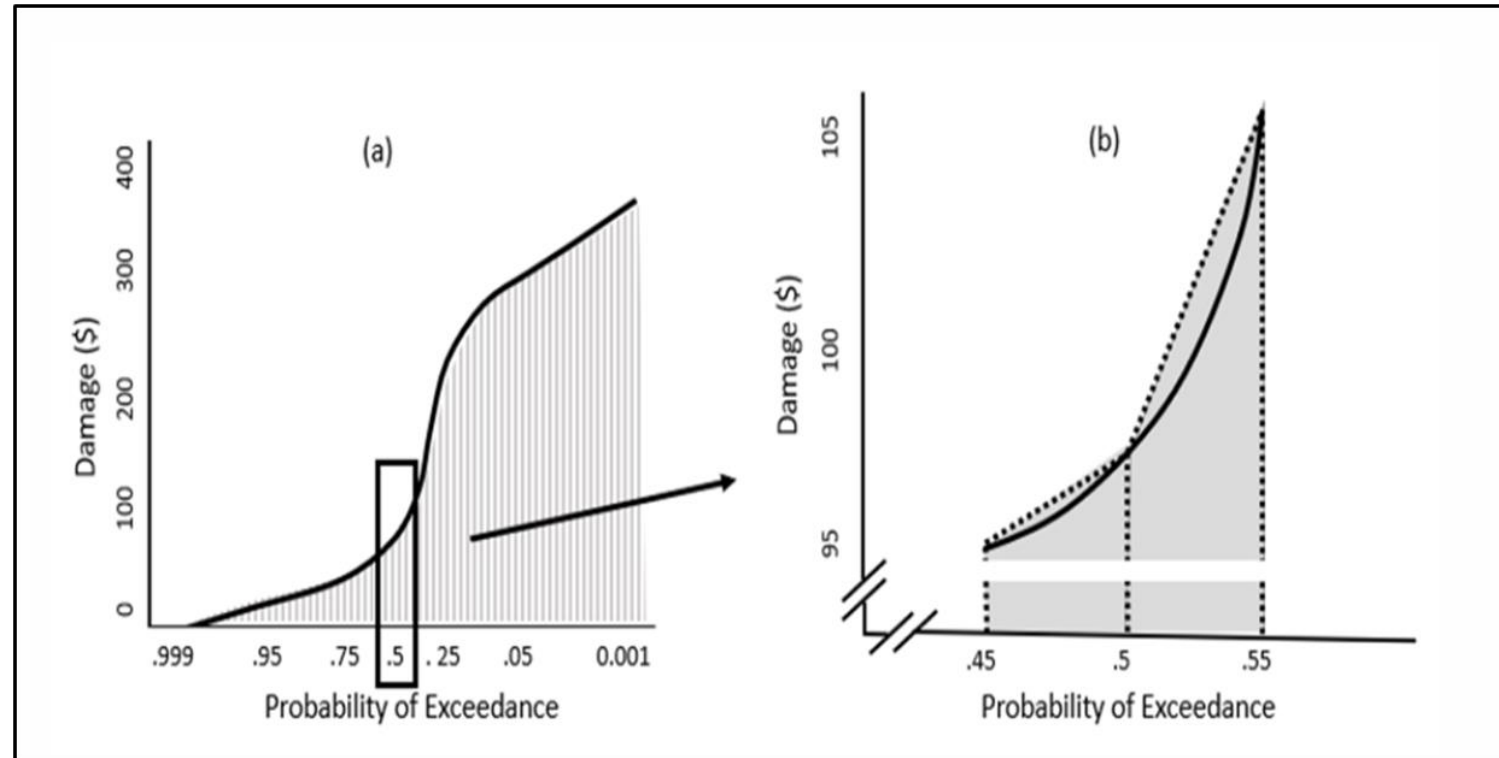


THE ECONOMIC MODEL: HEC-FDA



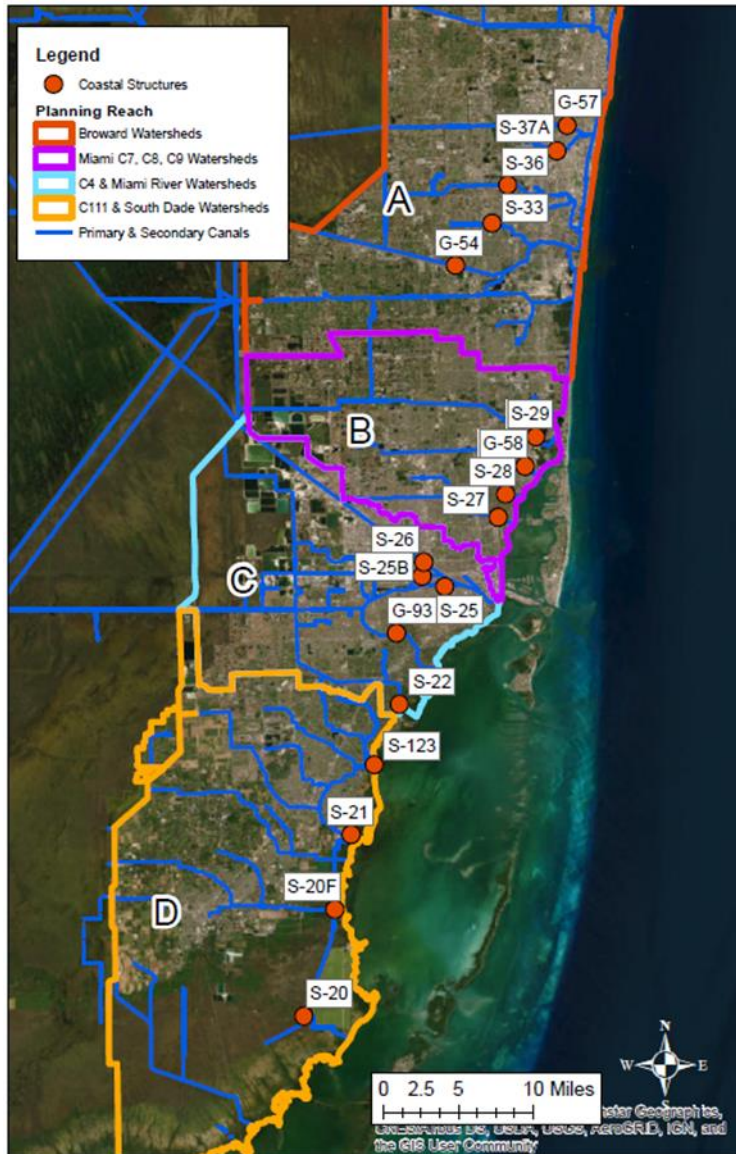
Hydrologic Engineering Center's Flood Damage Analysis software (HEC-FDA)

- Developed by USACE Hydrologic Engineering Center, Institute for Water Resources
- Integrates hydrology/hydraulics/economics in a single model.
- Incorporates risk analysis and uncertainty
- On 216 Study will incorporate flood stage data for **eight distinct probable events** from MIKE-SHE outputs to estimate **Expected Annual Damage (EAD)**





MODELING THE 216 STUDY IN HEC-FDA



Structure Inventory Summary	Reach A	Reach B	Reach C	Reach D	
Agriculture, structure only	874	206	996	7,211	
Retail, structure only	4,562	2,763	3,238	1,514	
Prof/Tech Services	4,802	2,630	2,735	898	
Other Commercial	4,152	1,940	2,080	1,074	
Hospital	146	106	80	15	
Education	3,213	1,575	1,141	786	
Government Services	1,186	1,534	2,006	1,921	
Industrial	6741	3,442	4,843	1,116	
Religious	1,486	942	634	407	
Residential	383,785	208,194	190,204	132,136	
Utility	142	72	56	36	Total Inventory
Total	411,089	223,404	208,013	147,114	989,620



4. MODEL ASSUMPTIONS, BRIEF OVERVIEW OF METHODOLOGY

Presenter: Amanda Bredesen, P.E., H&H Model Subteam Lead, USACE

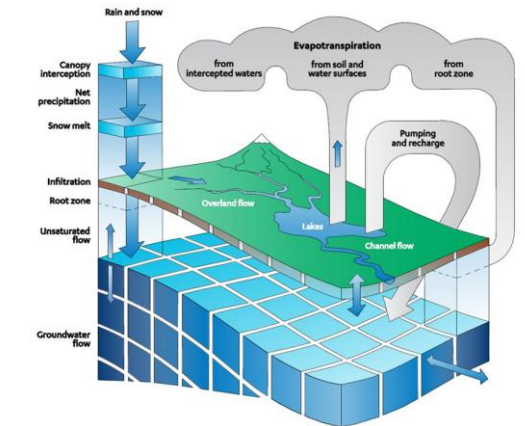
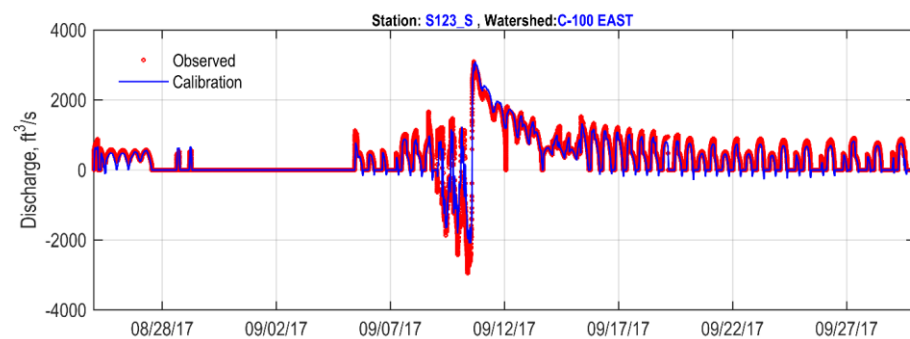
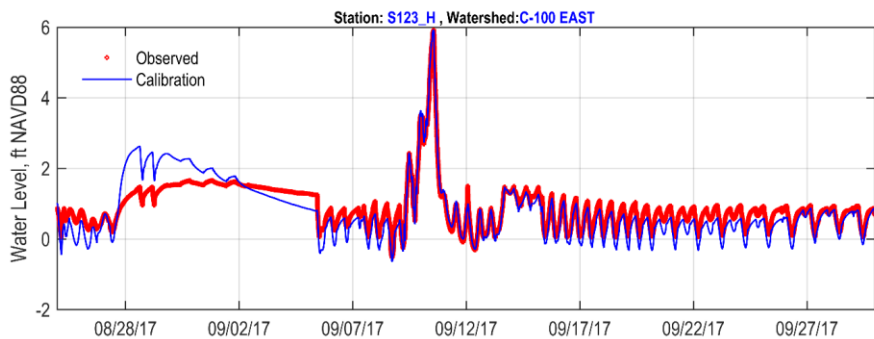
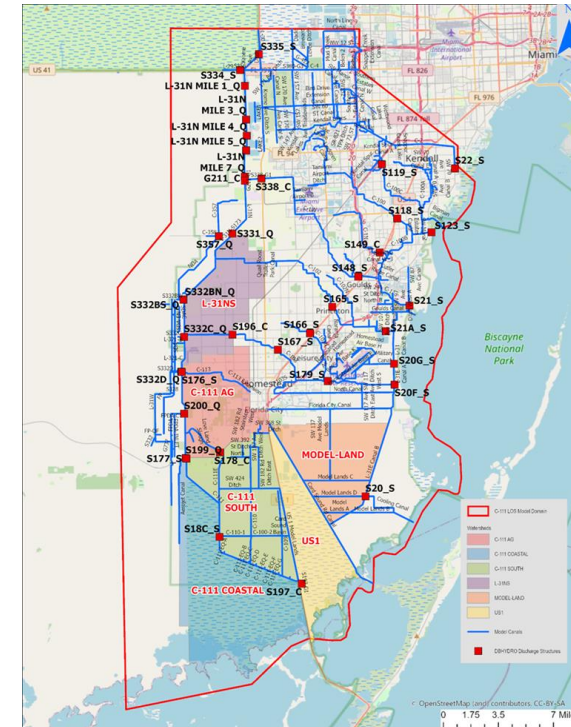


HYDROLOGIC & HYDRAULIC MODELING TOOL

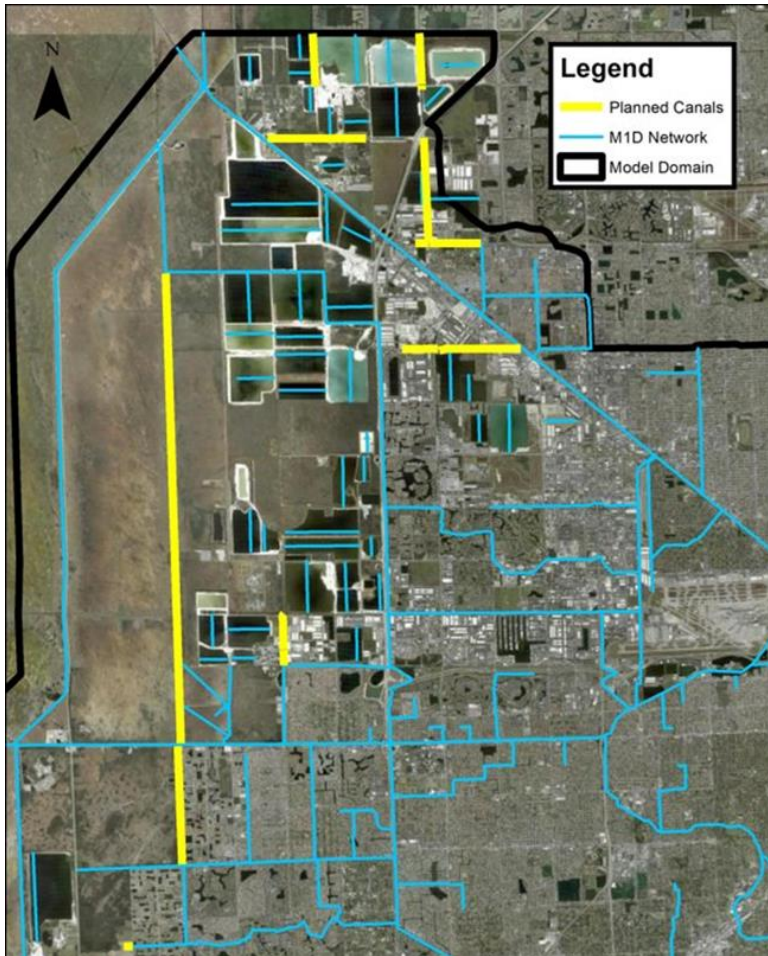


The integrated/coupled surface-groundwater model MIKE SHE/MIKE Hydro (2022) will be used to simulate the hydraulics and hydrology for the project area.

- Capability of conducting sub-regional scale simulations
- Simulate surface water and groundwater interactions
 - Allows for the accounting of rising water tables and reduced soil storage
- Able to simulate the effects of different boundary conditions such as tidal and storm surge-influenced tailwater conditions with current and future sea-level rise scenarios
- Comprehensive operational flexibility, can simulate structure gate operating rules and can use calibrated flow parameters for canal structures



H&H MODEL ADAPTATION



- Models were expanded to include the downstream tidal reaches to the intracoastal/bay
- Future land use was updated with changes to parameterization in the model including topography, where appropriate, to the scale of the model
- The focus of this study is on the primary system with a high level of detail placed on the secondary/tertiary canal systems; new canals and proposed extensions from Miami Dade County were included. Broward County Resiliency model additional canal network was also included

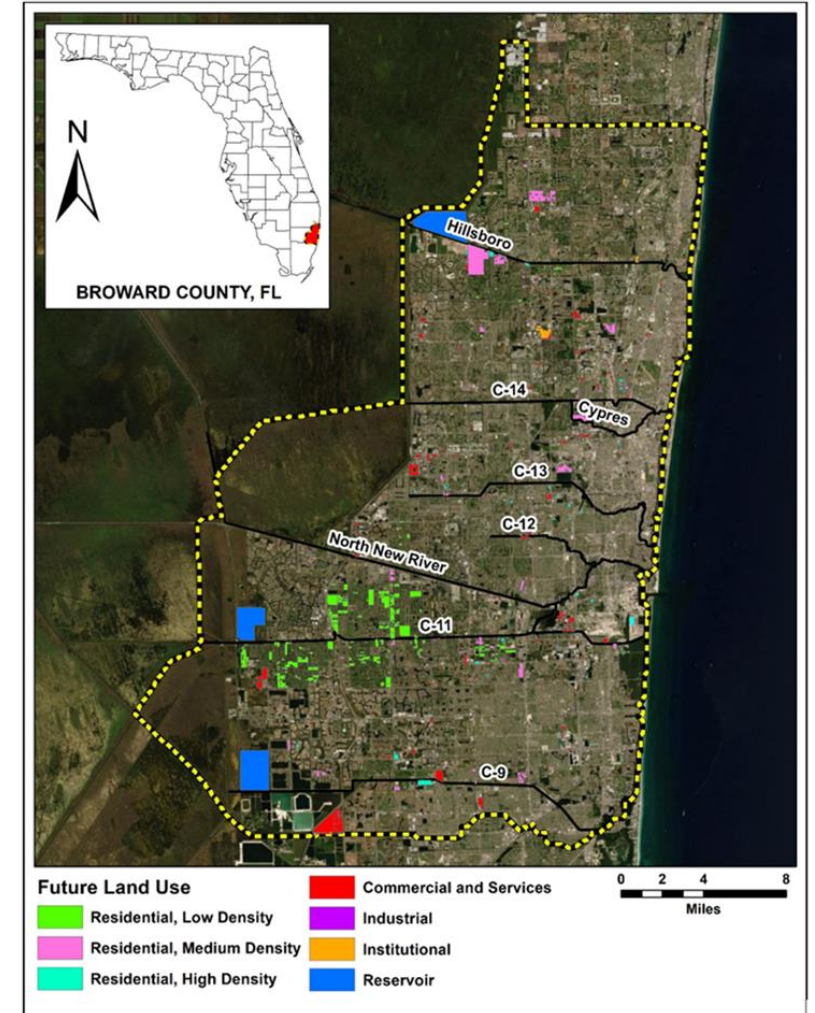


Figure 2.2-1: Areas of Future Land Use Change



LAND USE AND LAND COVER

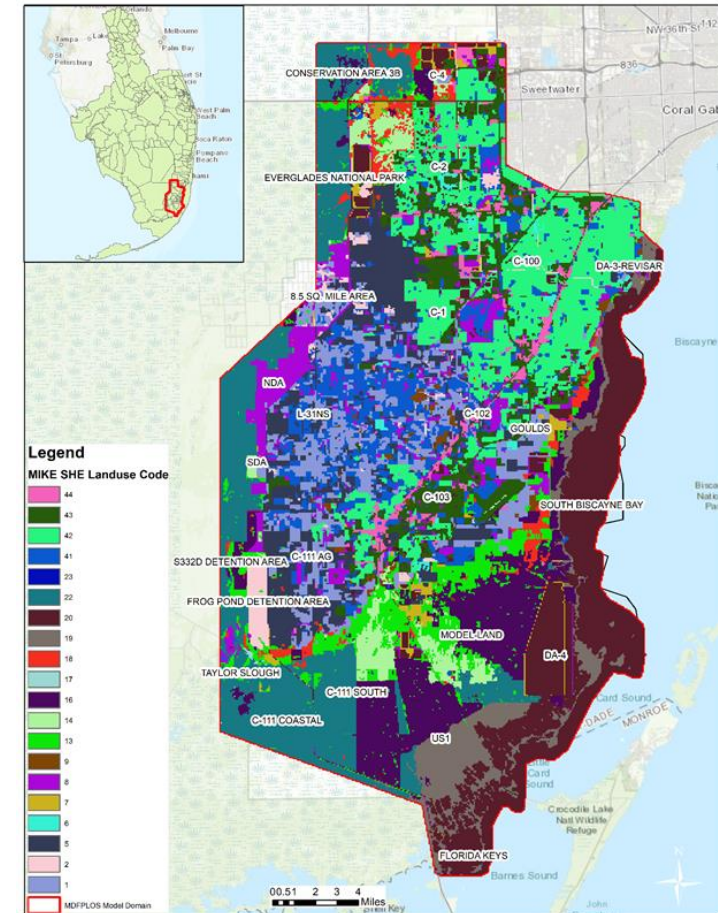


Broward

- Combination of SFWMD 2014-2016 Land Use dataset and the 2019 Broward County Current Conditions model, which was developed from the SFWMD Land Use Land Cover data with minor changes based on satellite imagery from 2015 with 2018.
- The future conditions land use map was developed by modifying the current conditions land use map to reflect projected future conditions land use maps for 2040 from the Broward County Planning Council, Palm Beach County Planning, Zoning and Building Department.

Miami-Dade

- Reach C land-use based on the Florida Land Use Cover Classification System (FLUCCS) categorization codes is available for the model domain through the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) for a range of years between 2017 and 2019. Reach B and D Land Use and Land Cover Classification use 2014-2016 Land Use dataset as prepared by the SFWMD.
- The future land use was informed by Miami-Dade County Future Land Use 2030.





CANAL CONFIGURATION AND OPERATIONS



- The focus of this study is on the primary system with a high level of detail placed on the secondary/tertiary canal systems
- Assumes high rainfall and pre-storm drawdown operations by operating tidal structures in low range to meet control elevations in the primary canals
- Tidal structures assume salinity operations (spillway gates close when tailwater at the structure is higher than headwater for the prevention of saltwater intrusion)
- SFWMD structure flow parameters from SFWMD flow rating analysis reports and the SFWMD Atlas of Flow Computations (2015)



Water Control Operations Atlas: Eastern Broward County
Part 2: Structure Descriptions
South Florida Water Management District
Hydrology and Hydraulics Bureau
August 12, 2021
Updated on December 9, 2022

This report supersedes DRE-231, Eastern Broward County Basin Atlas, November 1987.



Broward

- C&SF system and operating rules for SFWMD structures from Eastern Broward County Water Control Operations Atlas updated Dec. 9, 2022
- Broward County and South Broward Drainage District structures operations from the 2019 Broward County Current Conditions model which has operating criteria inherited from the 2014 FEMA model and verified/updated based on stakeholder data and the SBDD Facilities Report, 2013, GIS database and Water Control Plan

Miami-Dade

- C&SF system and operating rules for SFWMD structures from the Water Control Operations Atlas, North and Central Miami-Dade County, Part 2, May 2016.
- Miami Dade County Flood Mitigation Program, C-4 Basin Operating Plan (SFWMD, 2010) will be utilized to develop a simulated representation utilizing the “Logical Operands” parameterization scheme within the MIKE framework for operation of the C-4 Emergency Detention Basin



Water Control Operations Atlas: North and Central Miami-Dade County – Part 2: Structure Descriptions
South Florida Water Management District
Hydrology and Hydraulics Bureau
October 11, 2016 DRAFT

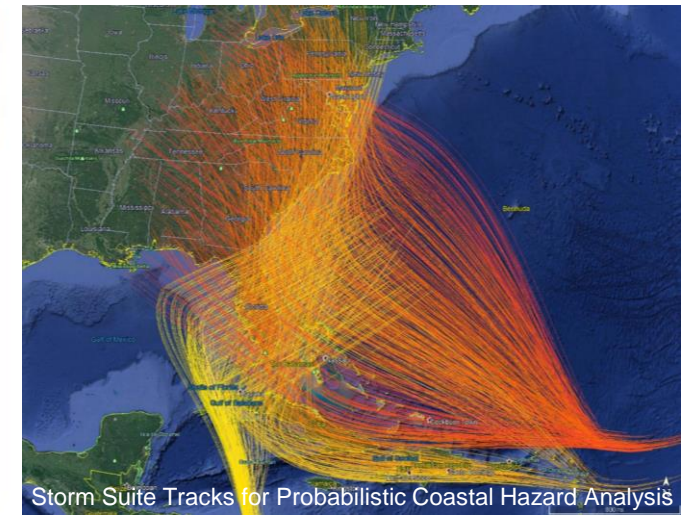
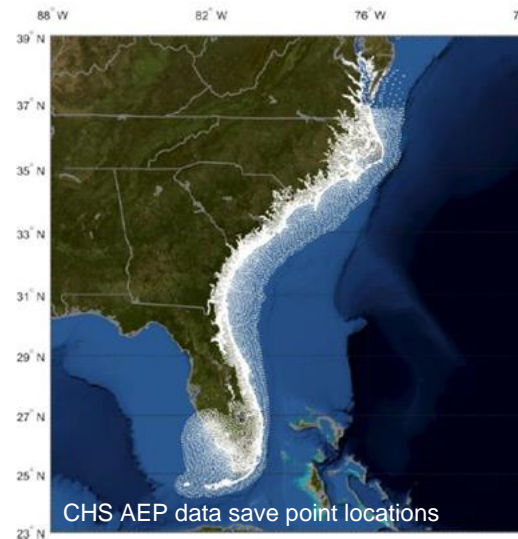
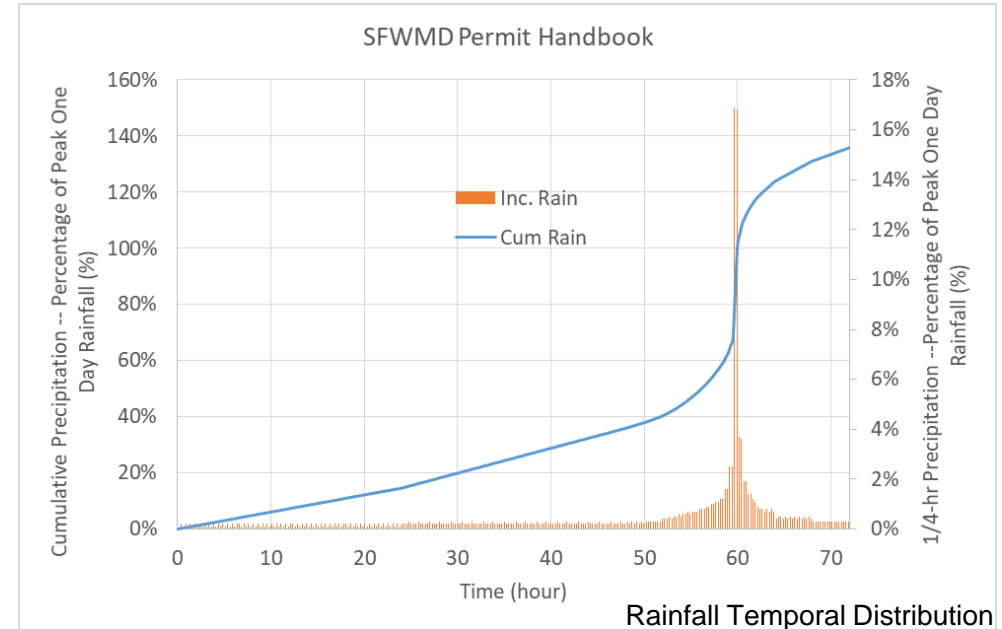
This report supersedes the 2015 Water Control Operations Atlas: Miami River System, as well as portions of DMC-289, East Dade County Basin Atlas, October 1987.





MODEL INPUT DATA

- **Rainfall:** The design storm will use spatially distributed gridded input derived from National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Atlas 14 rainfall depths that are temporally distributed based on the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD) 3-day distribution.
 - The 72-hour rainfall distribution is found in the District's Surface Water Environmental Resource Permit Manual (SFWMD, Environmental Resource Permit Applicant's Handbook Volume II (2016)).
- **Coastal Boundary:** The South Atlantic Coastal Study (SACS) Coastal Hazard System (CHS) provides numerical and probabilistic modeling results for coastal forcings, including storm surge. The CHS stage-hydrographs will be applied as a downstream boundary condition within the MIKE model.





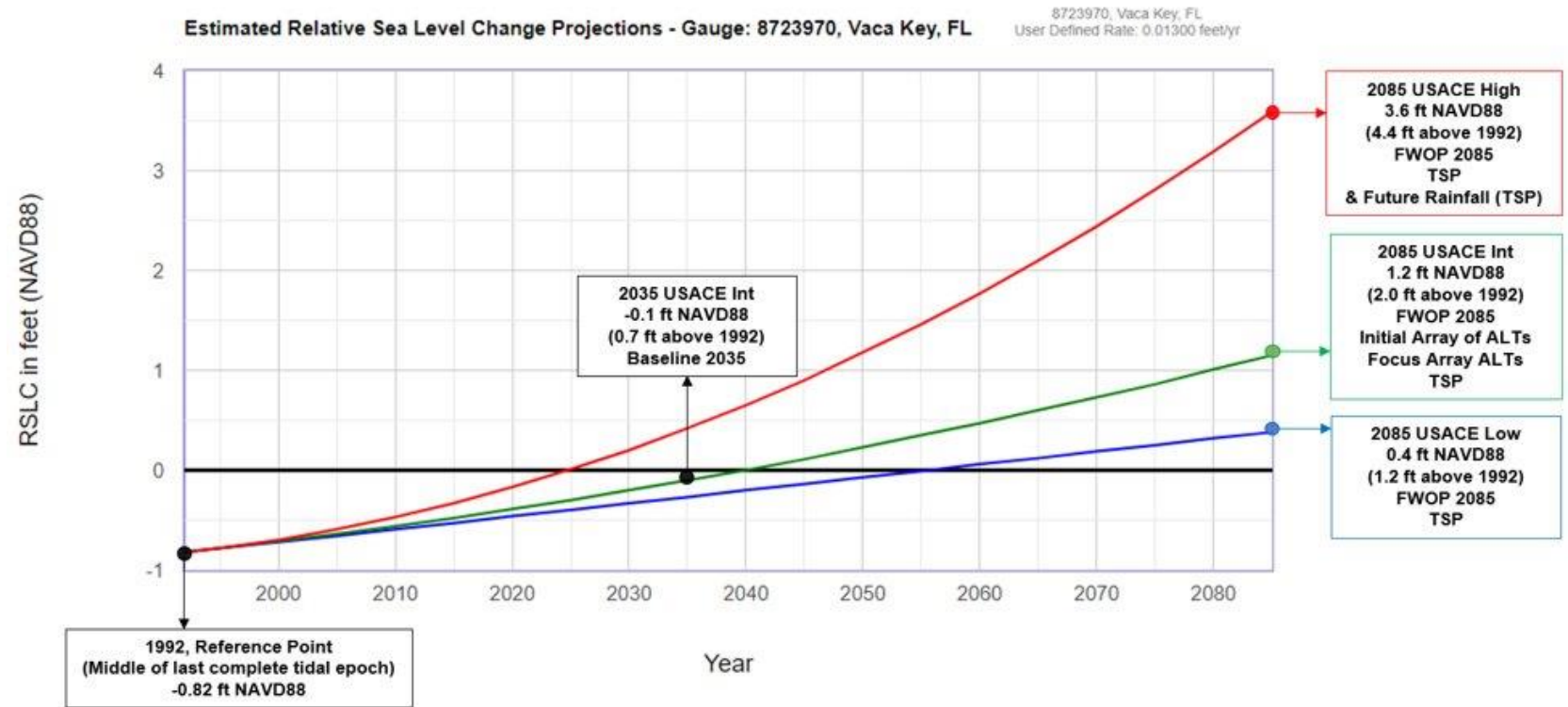
CLIMATE CHANGE STRATEGY

Inland Hydrology

- Future Extreme Rainfall: Existing USGS/SFWMD study will be used as a sensitivity run for the tentatively selected plan.
- Potential to use in adaptation strategy

Sea Level Change

- Vaca Key gauge
- SLC will be incorporated into the modeling as a boundary condition. The coastal water level for the Base Year (2035) was modified using linear superposition, using the Int. curve. The Future conditions will assess project performance for the Low, Int., and High curves for 2085





COMPOUND FLOODING



- The total water level (i.e., compound flooding) due to multiple flood sources, including rainfall runoff, groundwater and coastal forcings will be simulated.
- Hydrologic & Hydraulic model simulations include an array of rainfall and coastal return frequency events. Sea level change is included in the coastal water level data.

Coastal water level Return Period (CHS data)	Rainfall return period (NOAA Atlas14)
2-year	5-year
2-year	10-year
10-year	10-year
2-year	25-year
20-year	25-year
2-year	100-year
100-year	100-year
2-year	500-year



MODELING APPROACH



- C&SF Flood Resiliency (Section 216) Study Focus
 - Flood Risk Management (FRM) recommendations to increase the resilience and function of vulnerable coastal structures and the conveyance of the primary inflow canals.
- H&H model output is being assessed to support metric evaluation of most vulnerable areas
 - Flood inundation
 - Canal peak stage profile
 - Structure performance
 - Flood duration (next steps)



MODEL RESULTS DISCLAIMER



The content of the slides should not be used to make personal decisions about flood risk now or in the future. Nor should the content replace flood risk maps from governmental agencies such as the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

The maps, projections, and data on the slides were compiled for use by the Project Delivery Team that is studying a complex system. They represent the results of data collection and modeling assumptions about future conditions designed to assist in evaluating flood risk over a large project footprint. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the South Florida Water Management District make no representations as to the suitability or accuracy of the data for any other purpose.



ACRONYMS



ECB	Existing Condition Baseline (2035 cond.)
FWOPI	Future without project (2085) low sea level rise
FWOPi	Future without project (2085) intermediate sea level rise
FWOPh	Future without project (2085) high sea level rise
HW	Headwater
TW	Tailwater
Q	Discharge
20S25R	20-year surge boundary with 25-year rainfall
2S25R	2-year surge boundary with 25-year rainfall
35i	ECB year and intermediate sea level rise
85l, 85i, and 85h	Future year 2085 and low, intermediate, high sea level rise, respectively
RSLC	Relative Sea Level Change



5. REACH A

Presenter: Amanda Bredesen, P.E., H&H Model Subteam Lead, USACE
Carol Ballard, P.E. CFM, H&H Model Subteam Lead, SFWMD

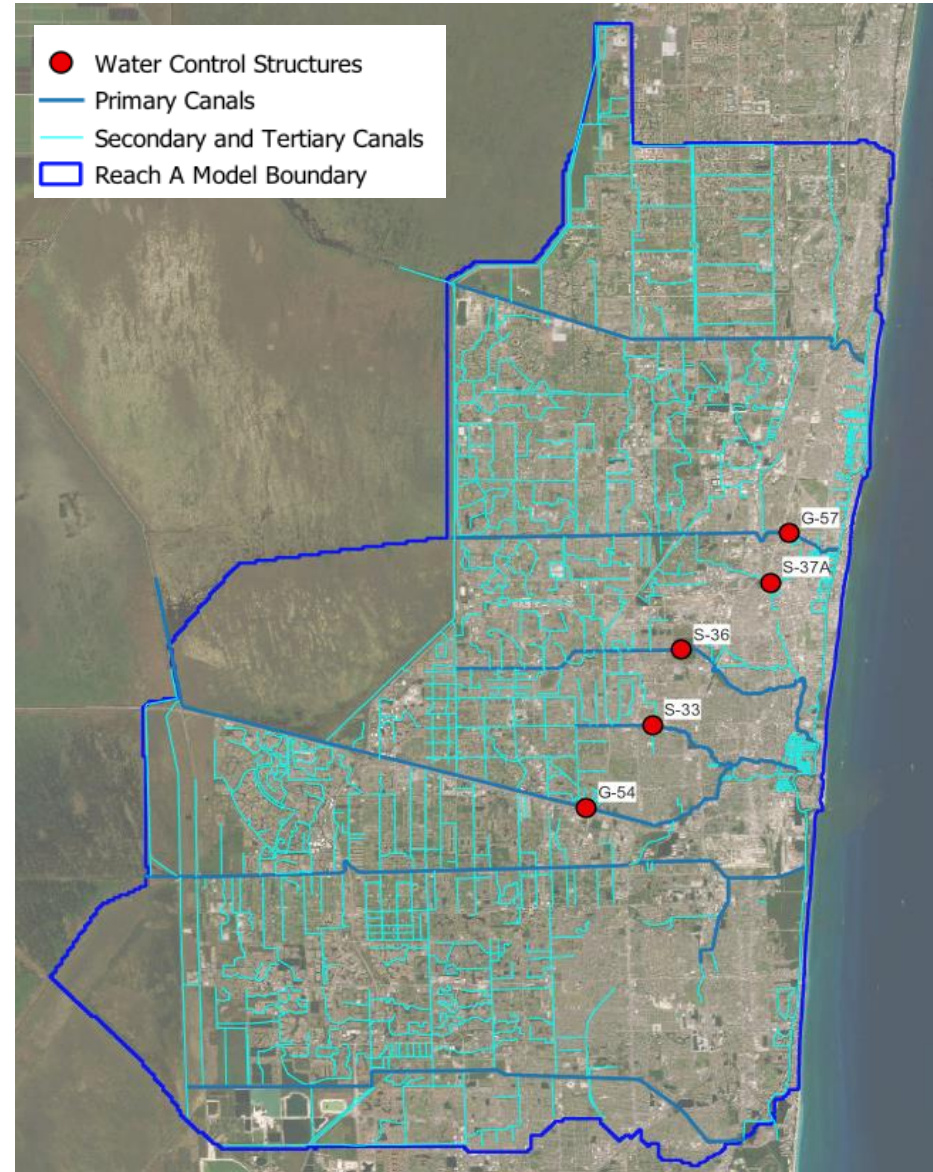
Model Team: Michael Tadesse, PhD., Lead Modeler, Hazen-Sawyer
Hongying Zhao, PhD., P.E. Technical Lead, SFWMD



PLANNING REACH OVERVIEW



- Reach A model domain includes all urban development within Broward County and portions of Palm Beach County in the North, Miami-Dade County in the South, and Water Conservation Areas in the West.
- Section 216 Focus: Pompano Canal/G-57, C-14/S-37A, C-13/S-36, C-12/S-33 and North New River Canal/G-54

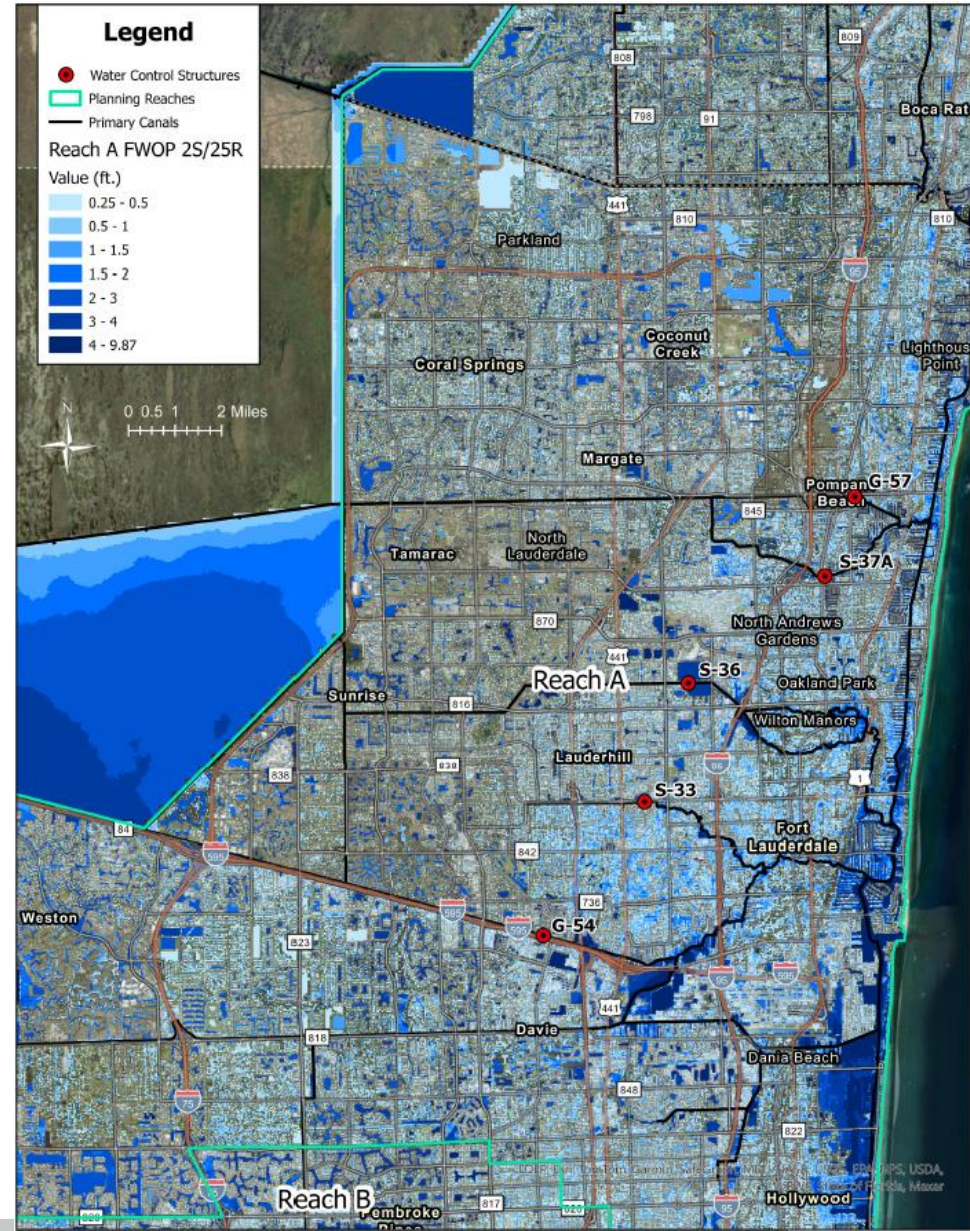
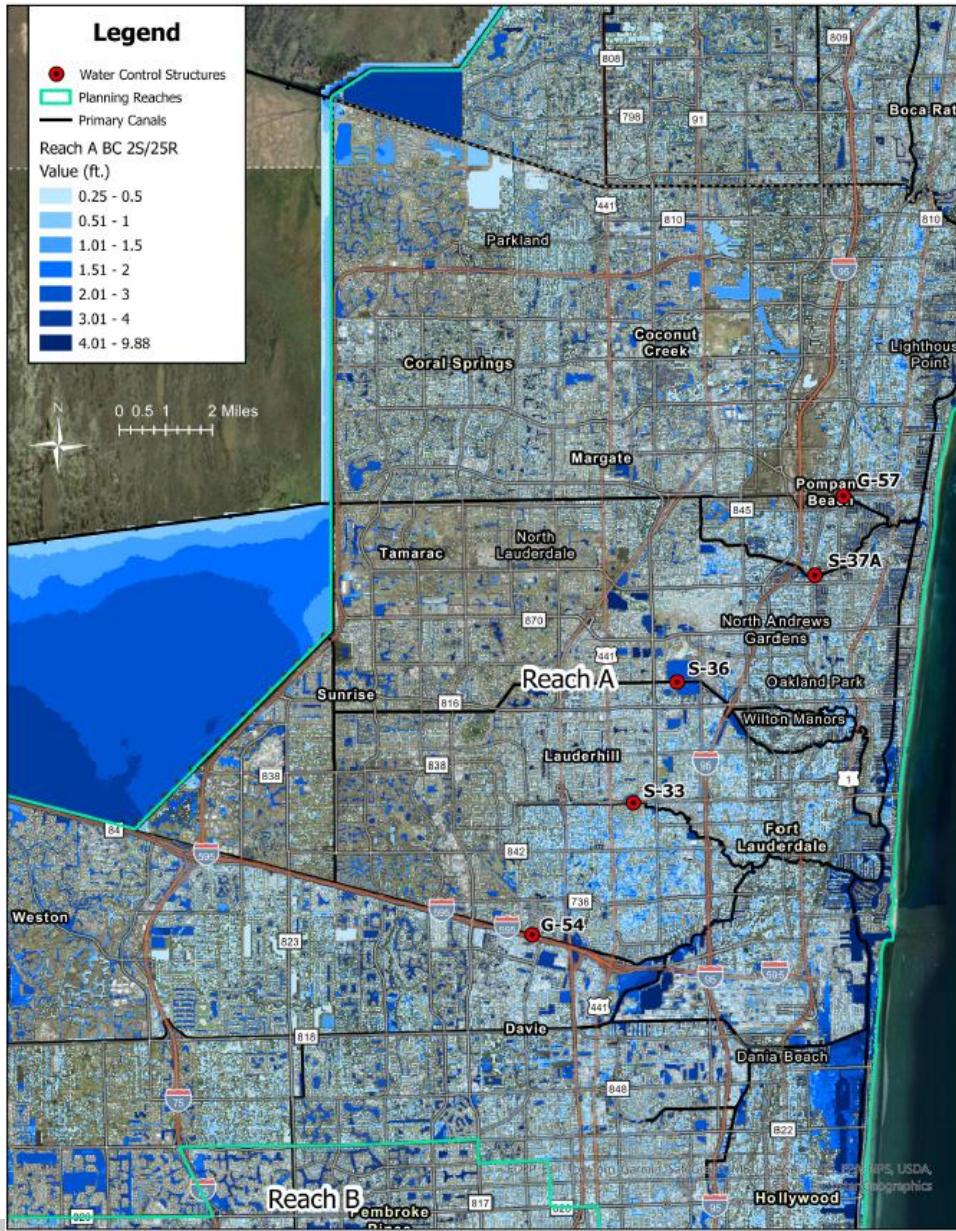




MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 25-YEAR RAINFALL, 2-YEAR SURGE

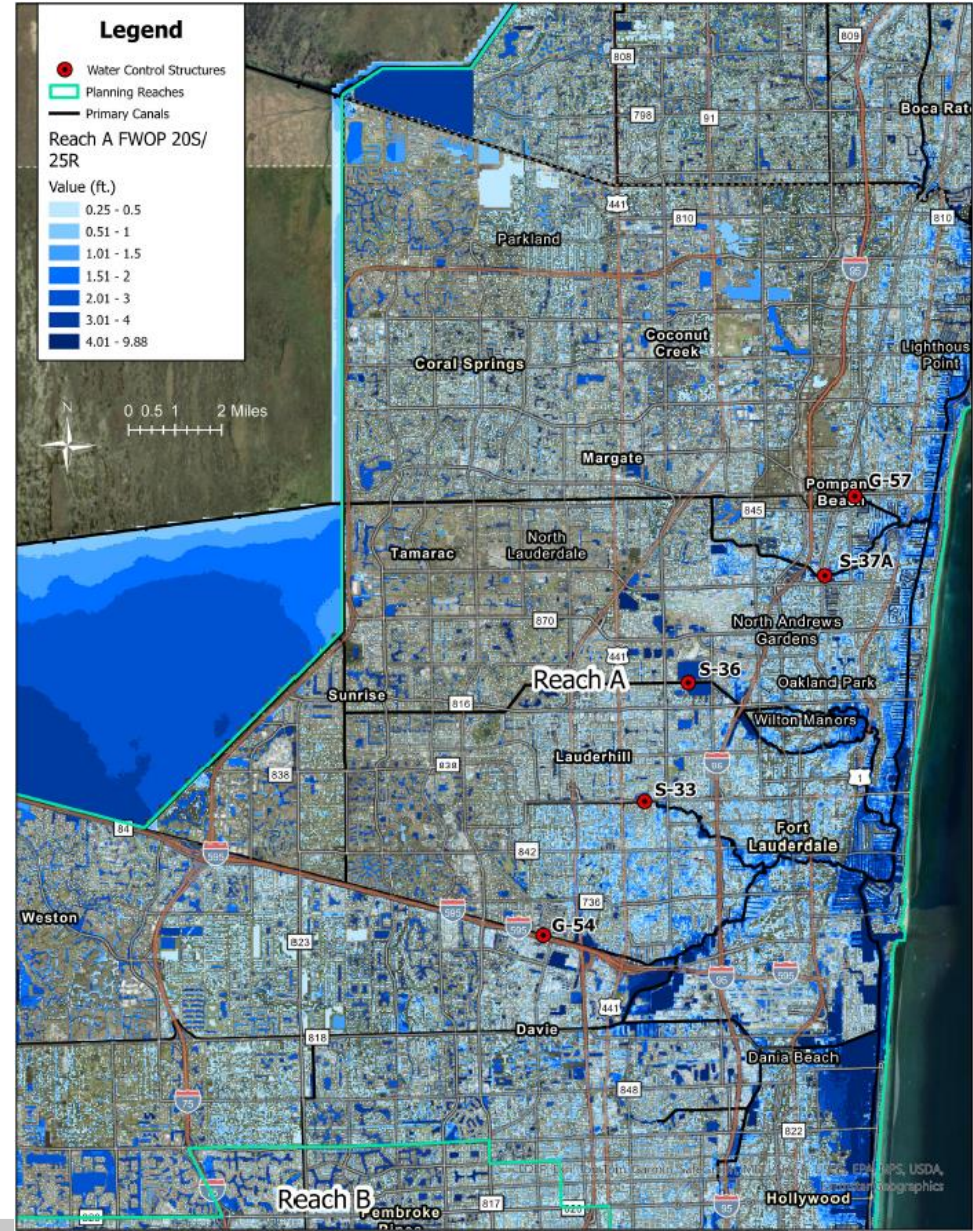
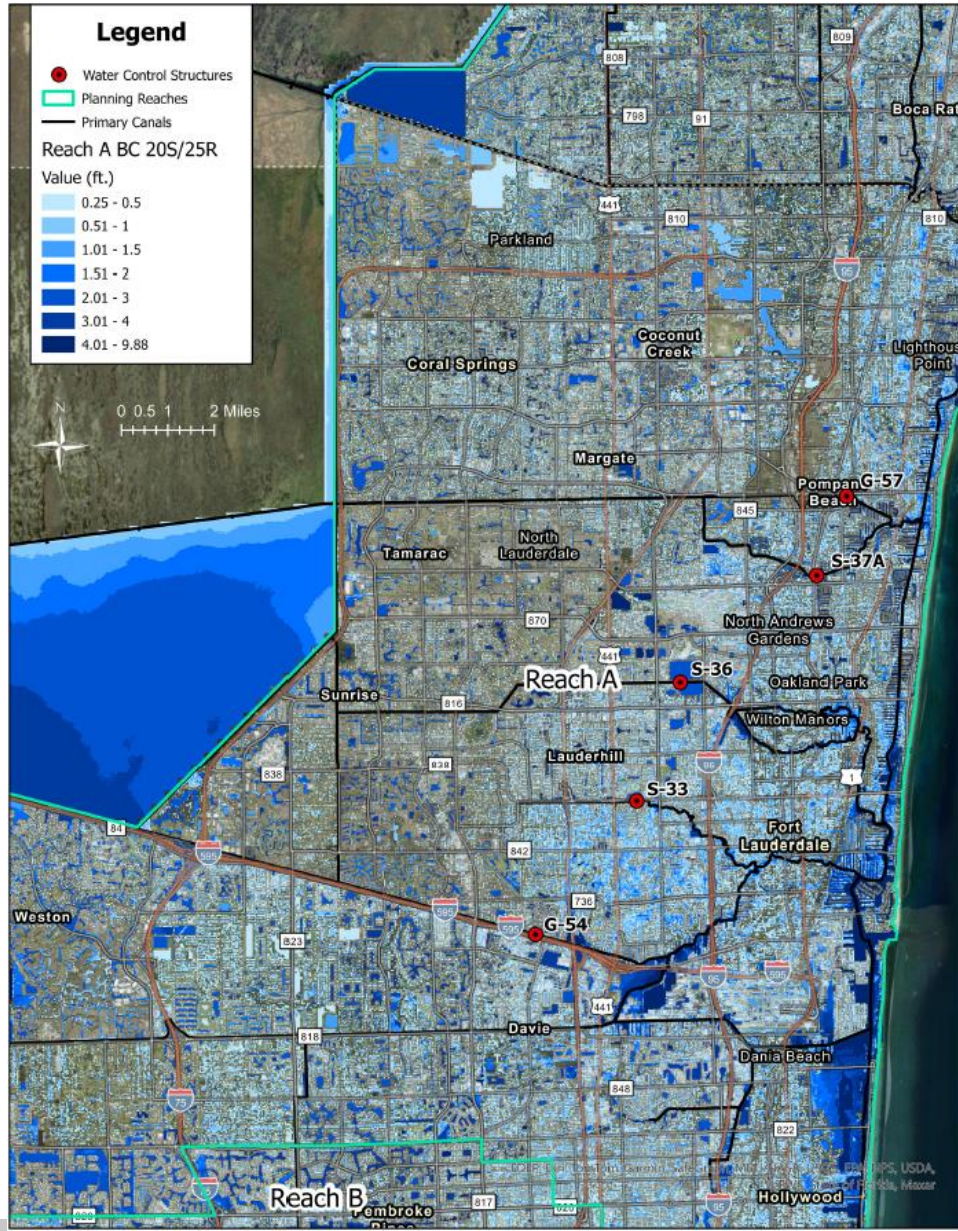
Base Year 2035

Future Without Project Int SLR 2085



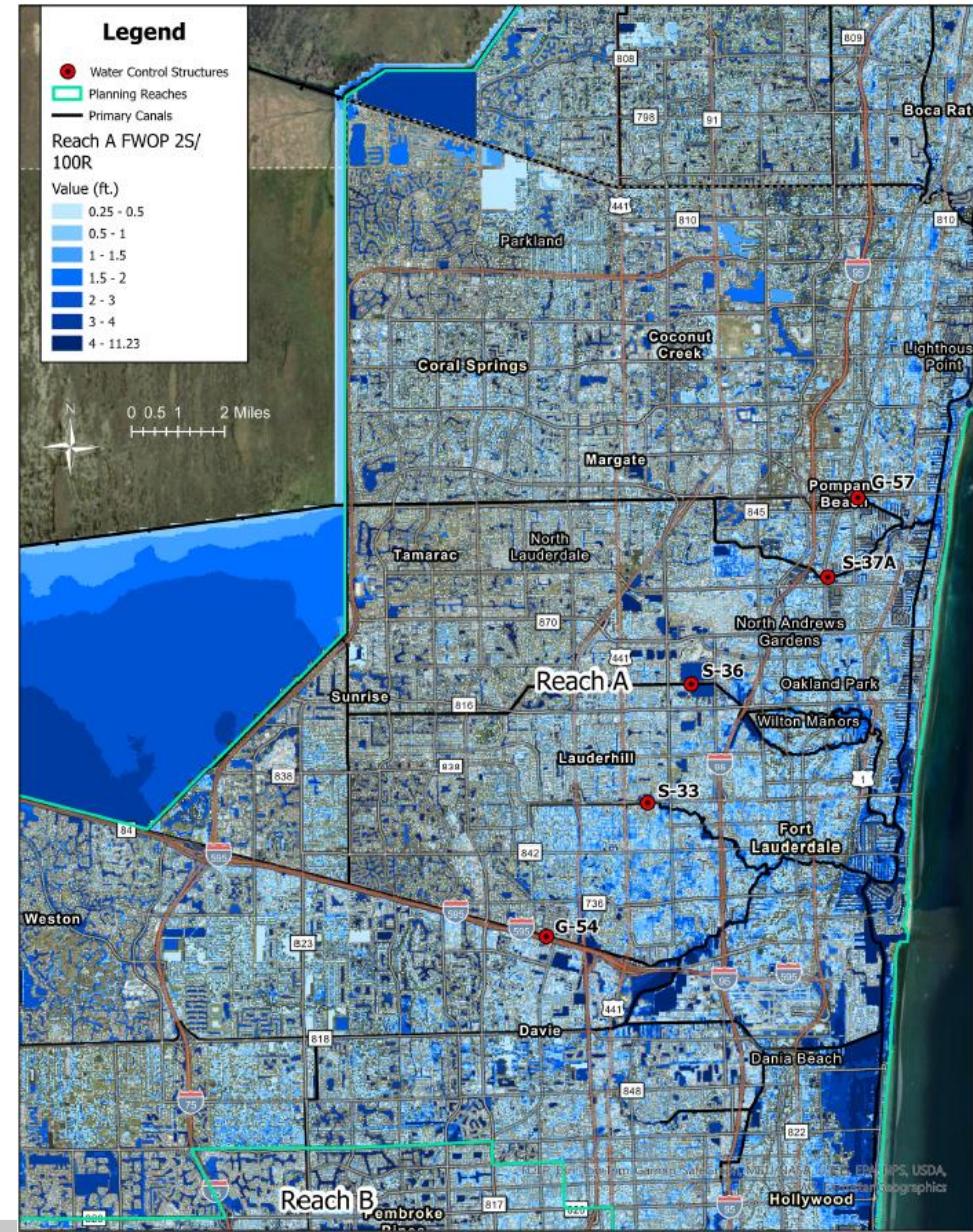
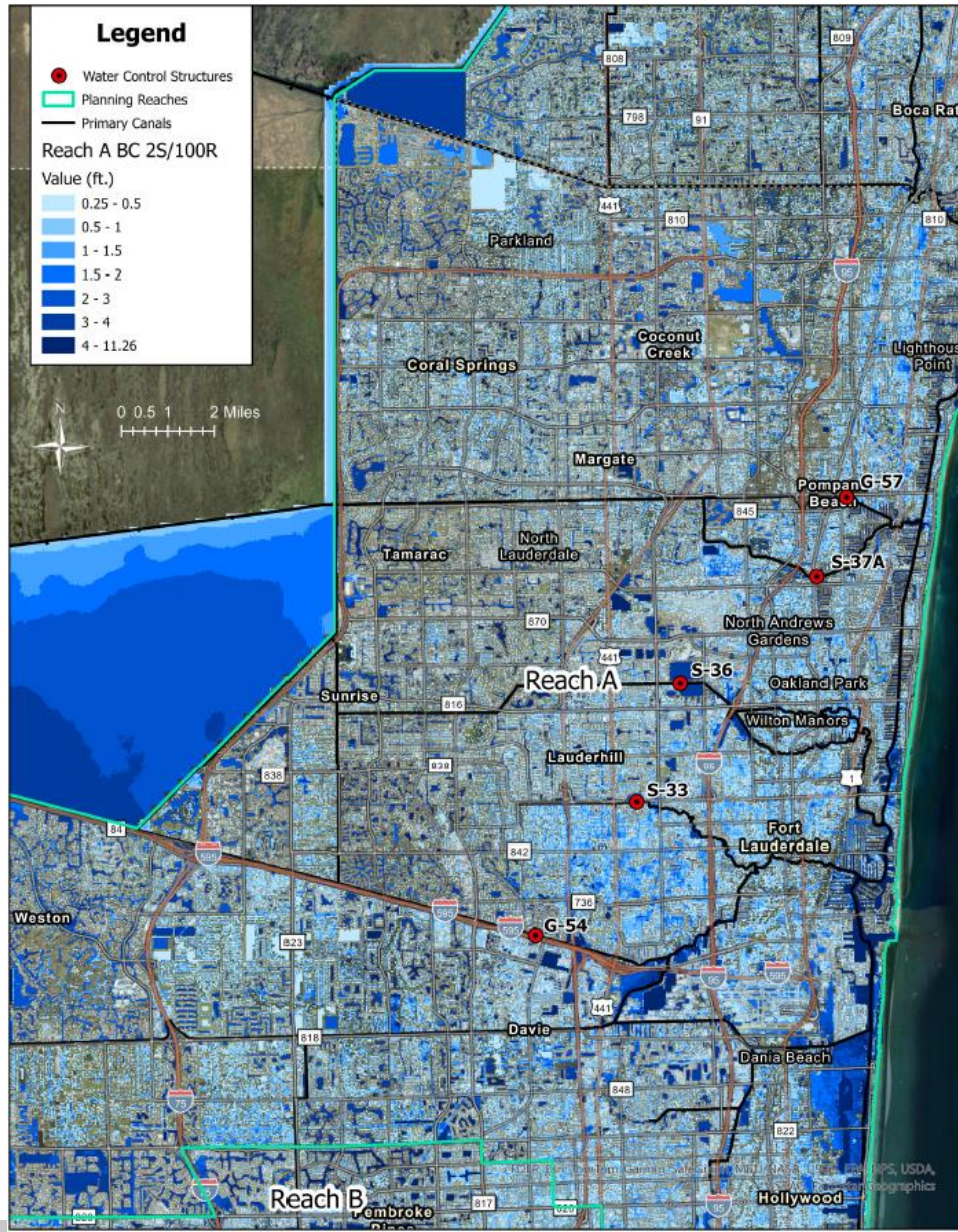


MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 25-YEAR RAINFALL, 20-YEAR SURGE



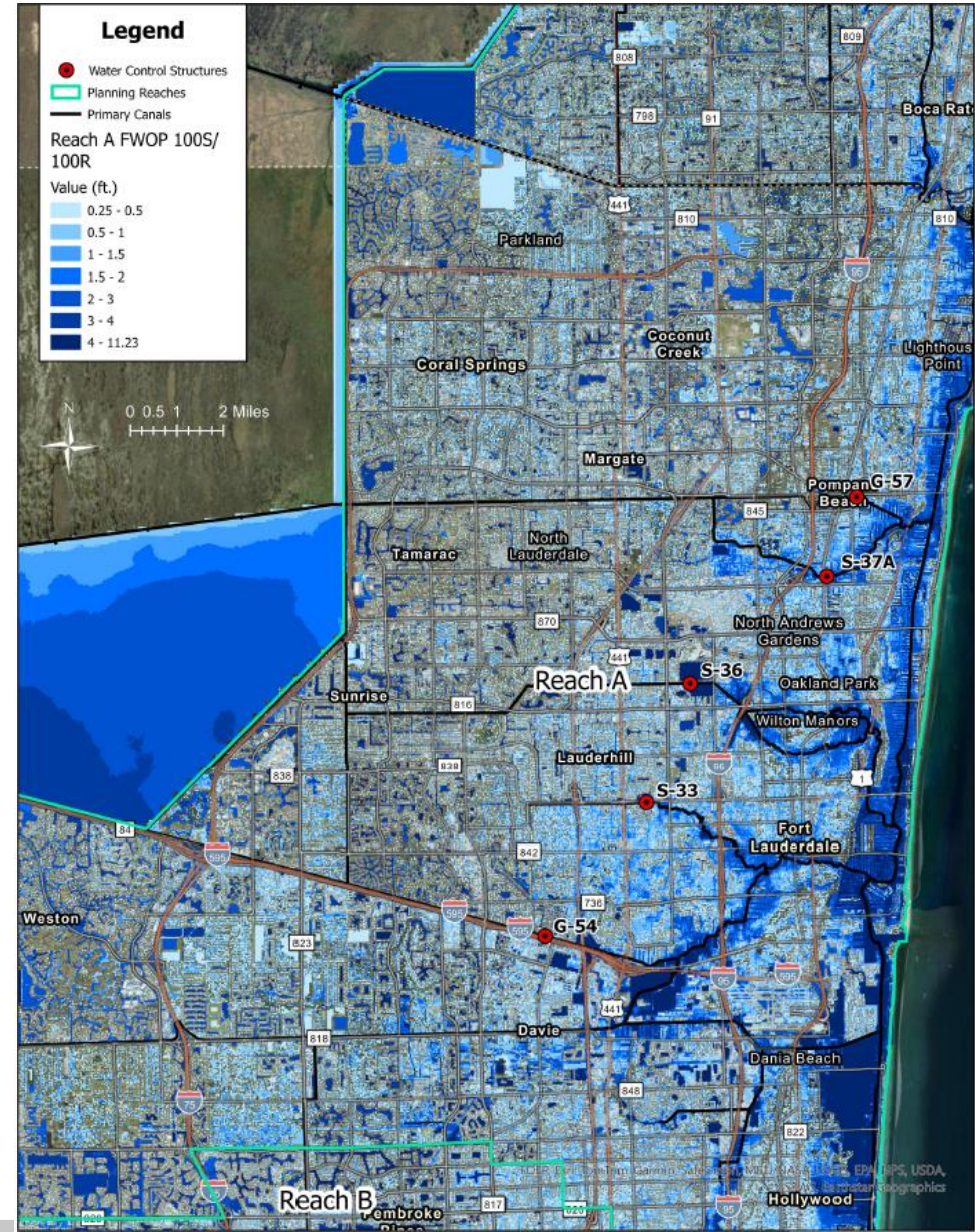
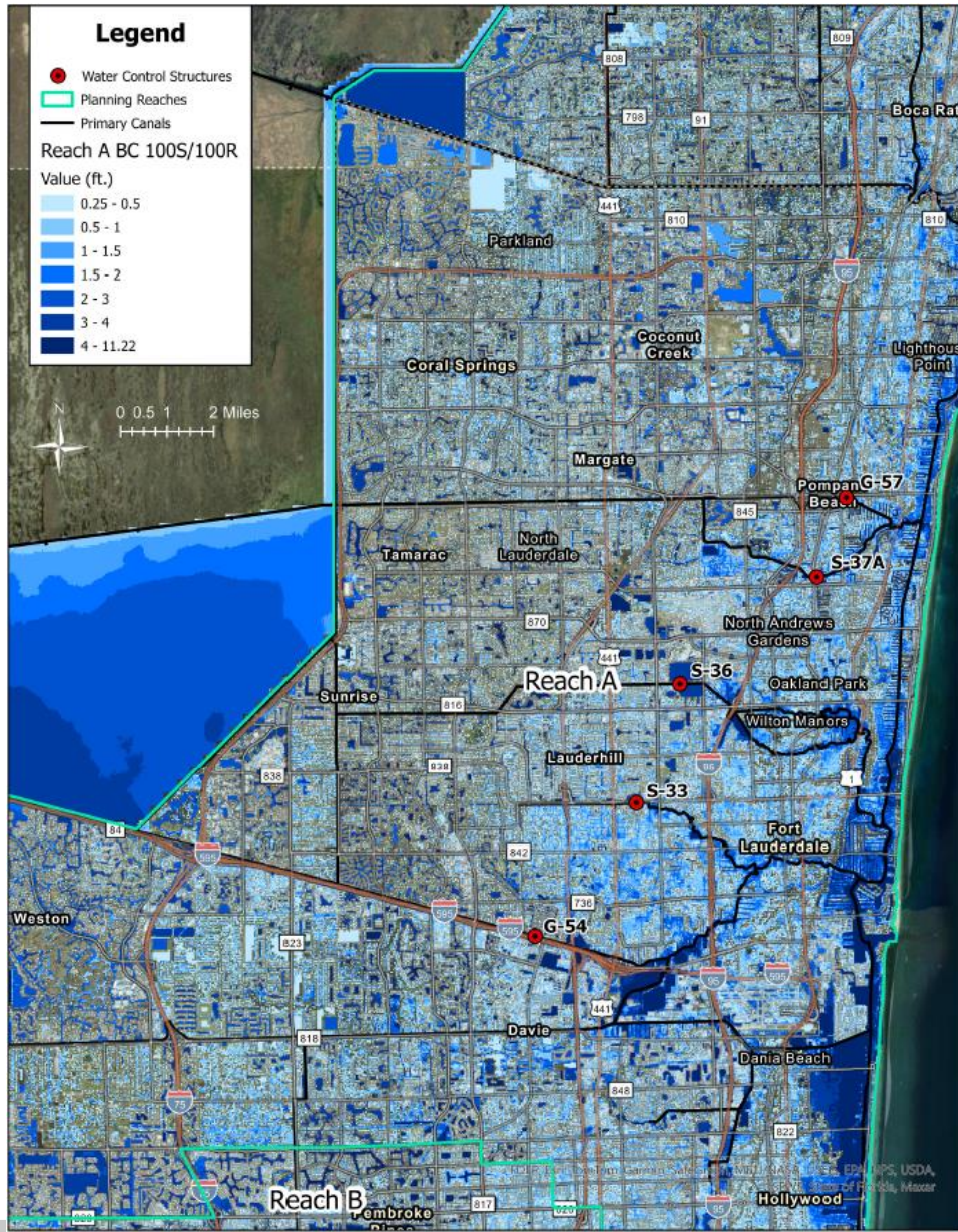


MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 100-YEAR RAINFALL, 2-YEAR SURGE





MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 100-YEAR RAINFALL, 100-YEAR SURGE

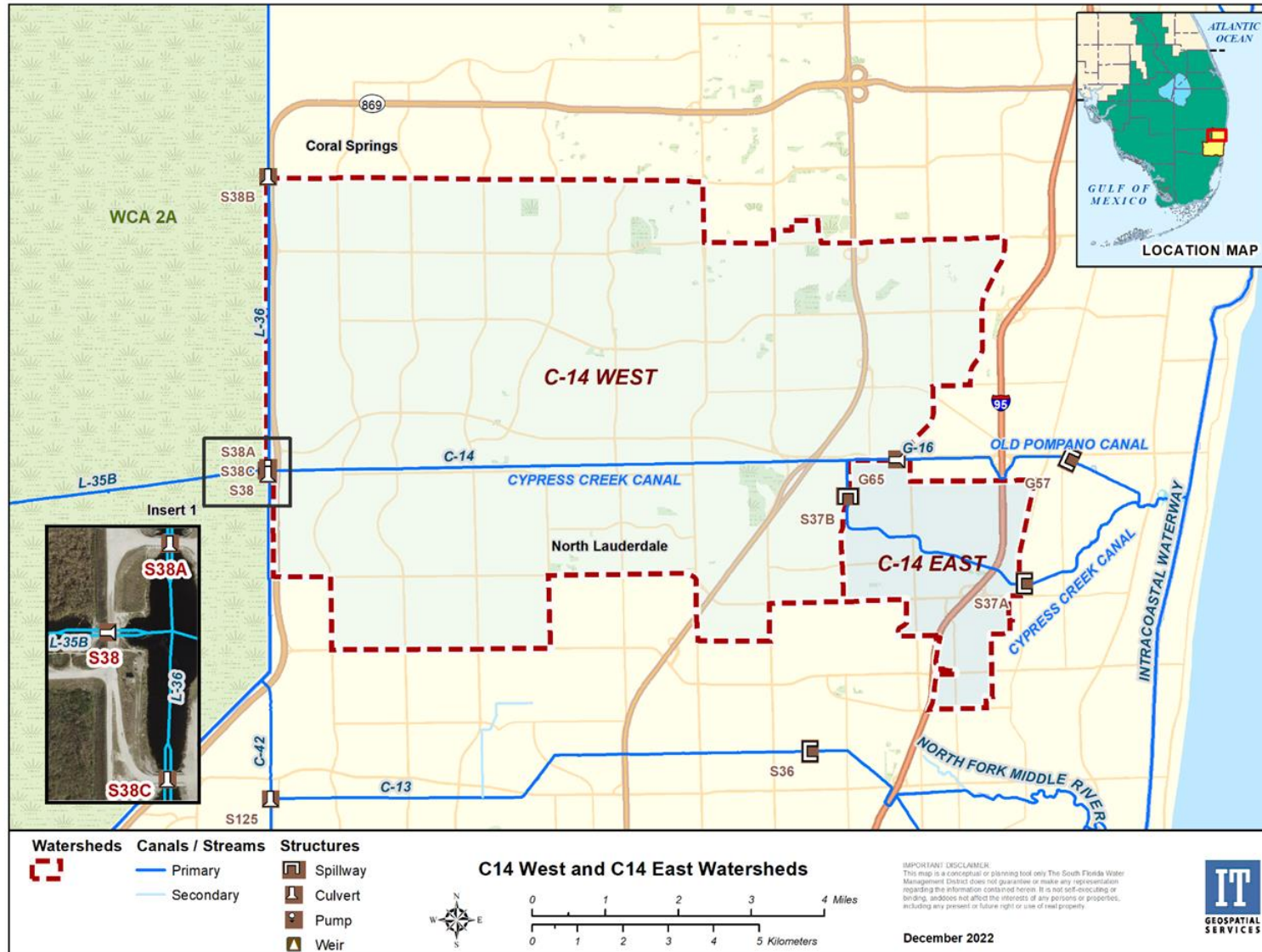


Base
Year
2035

FWOP
Int SLR
2085

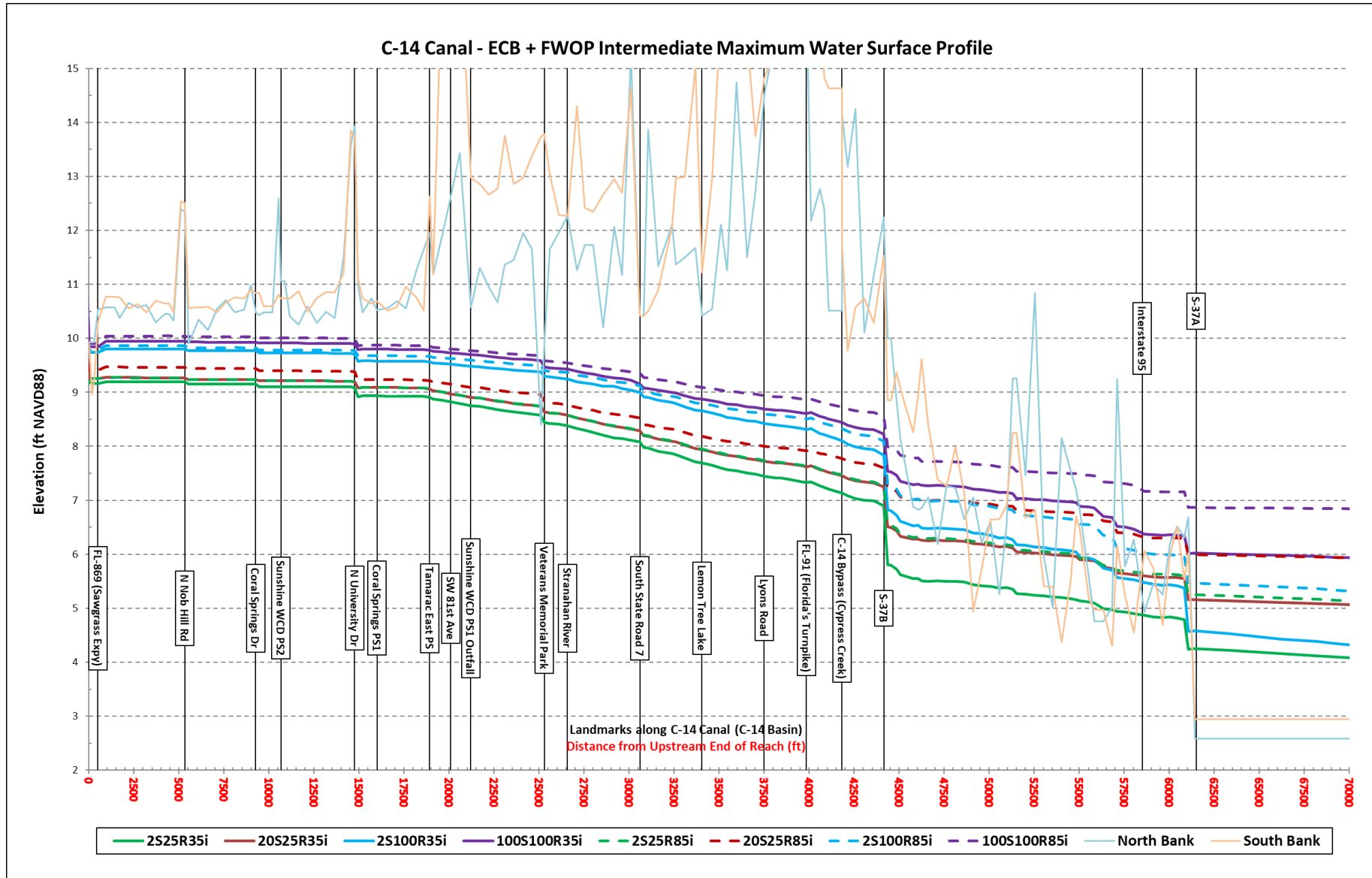


C-14, CYPRESS CREEK/ S37A



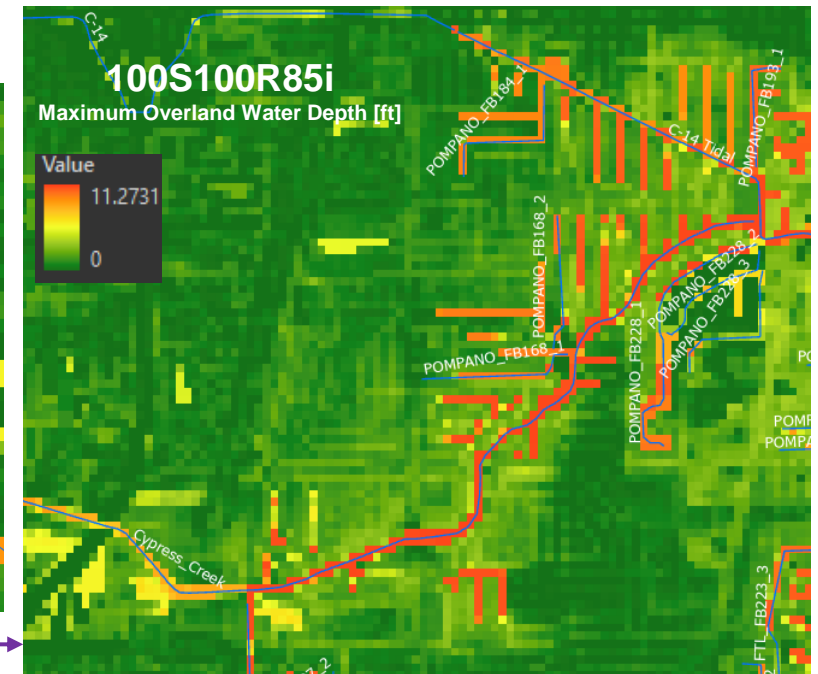
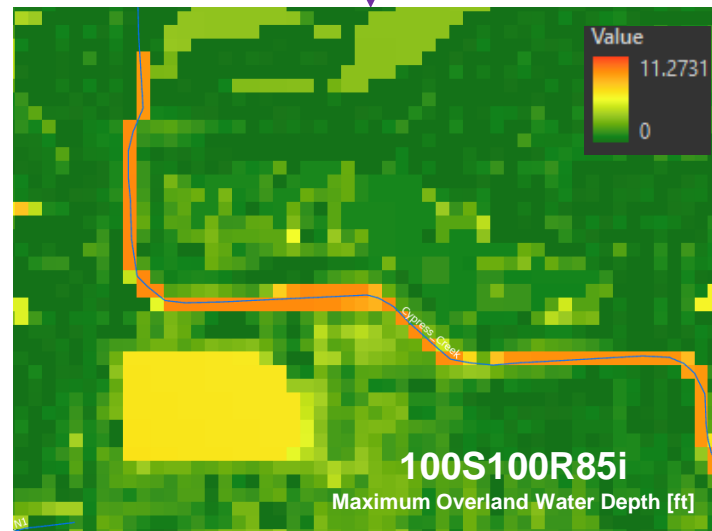
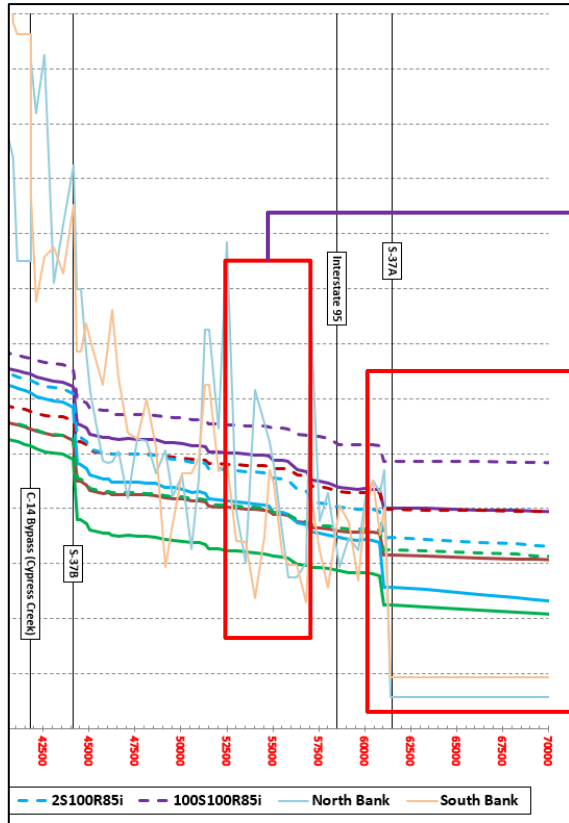


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C-14/CYPRESS CREEK



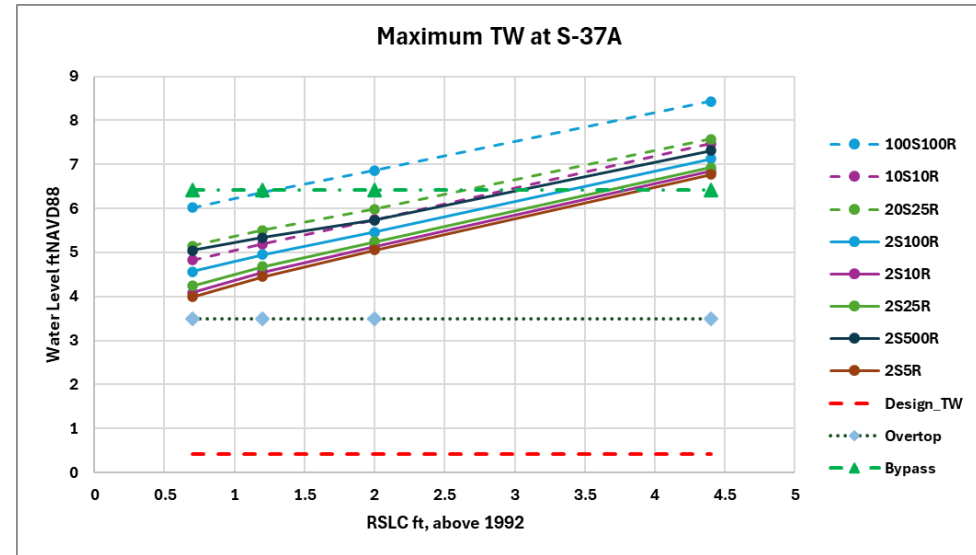
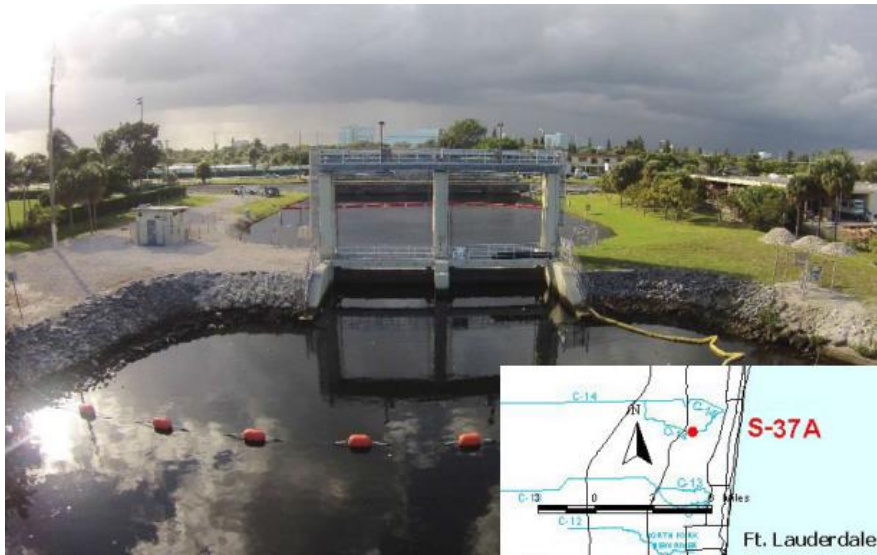
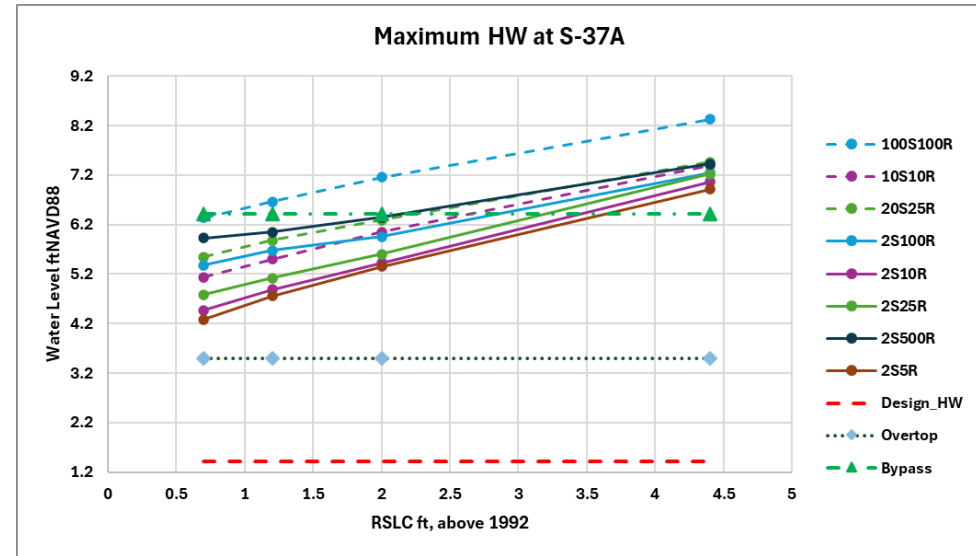
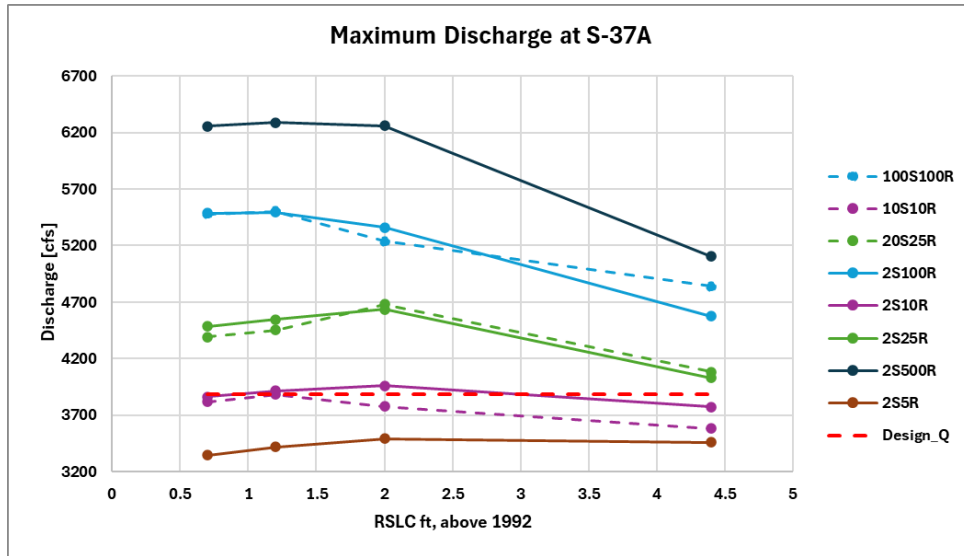


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – CYPRESS CREEK



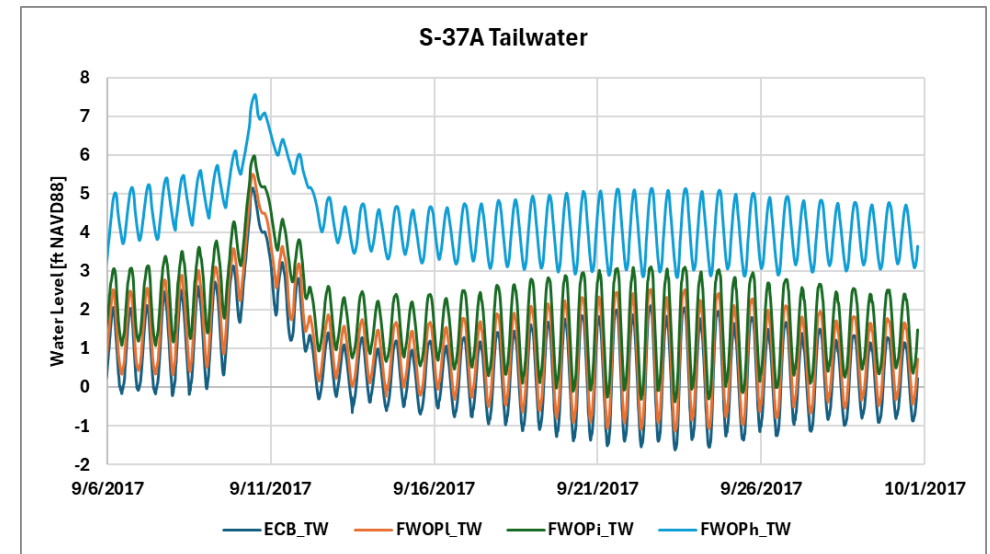
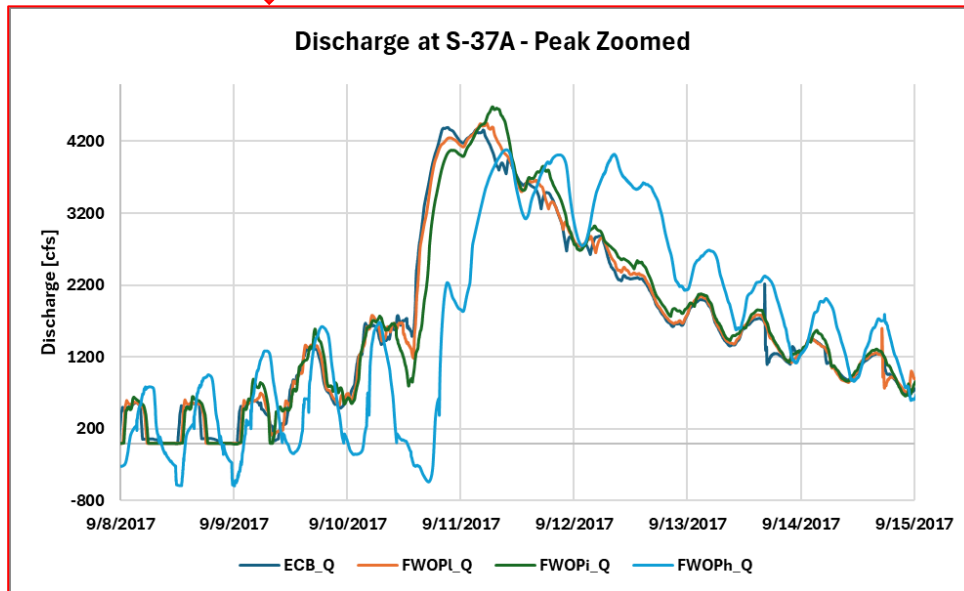
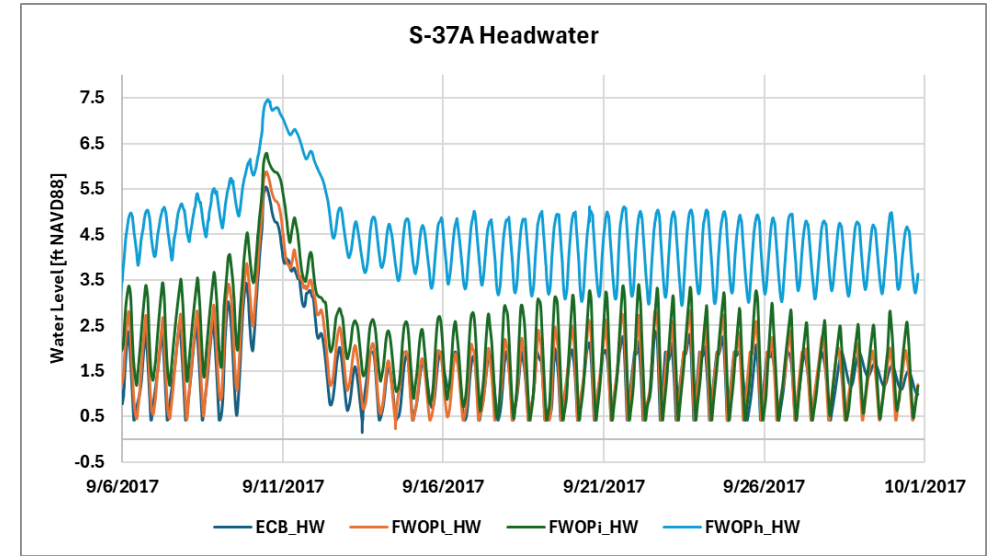
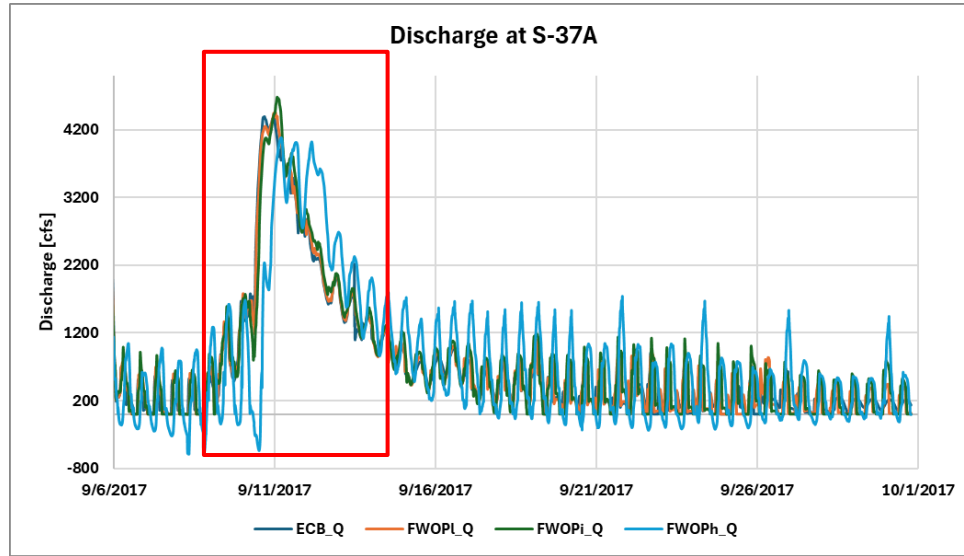


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S37A



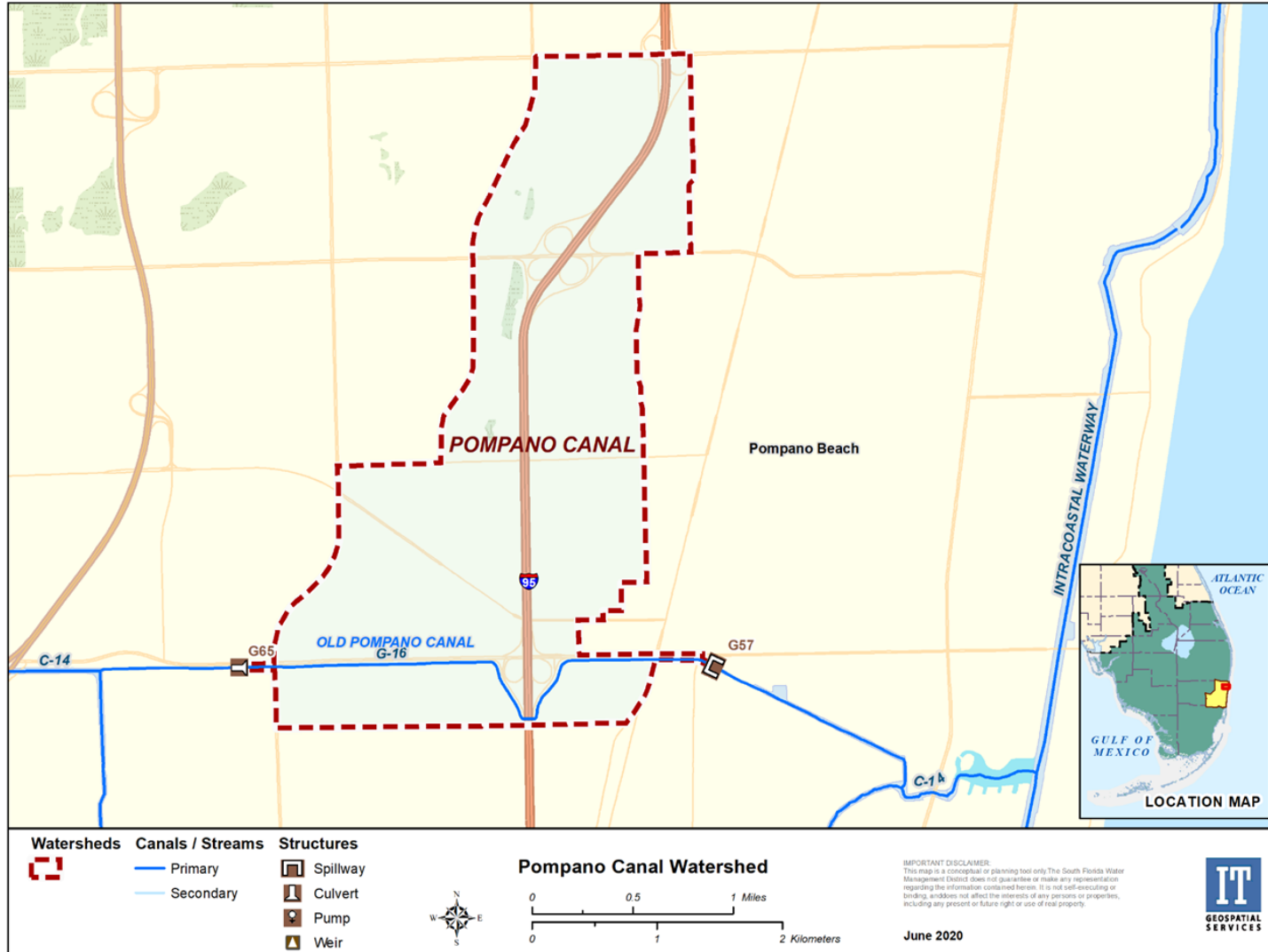


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S37A – 20S25R



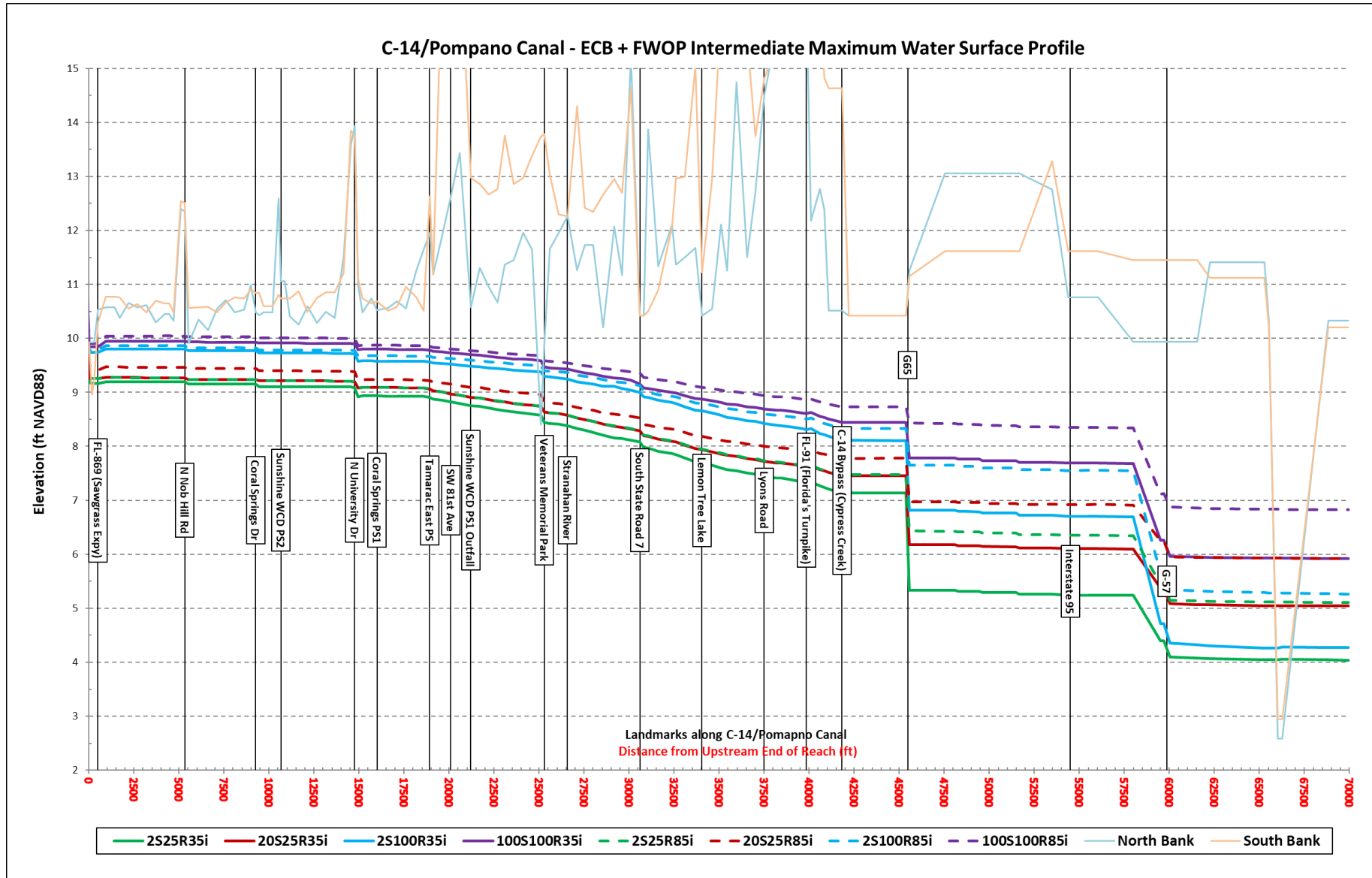


C-14, POMPANO CANAL/ G57

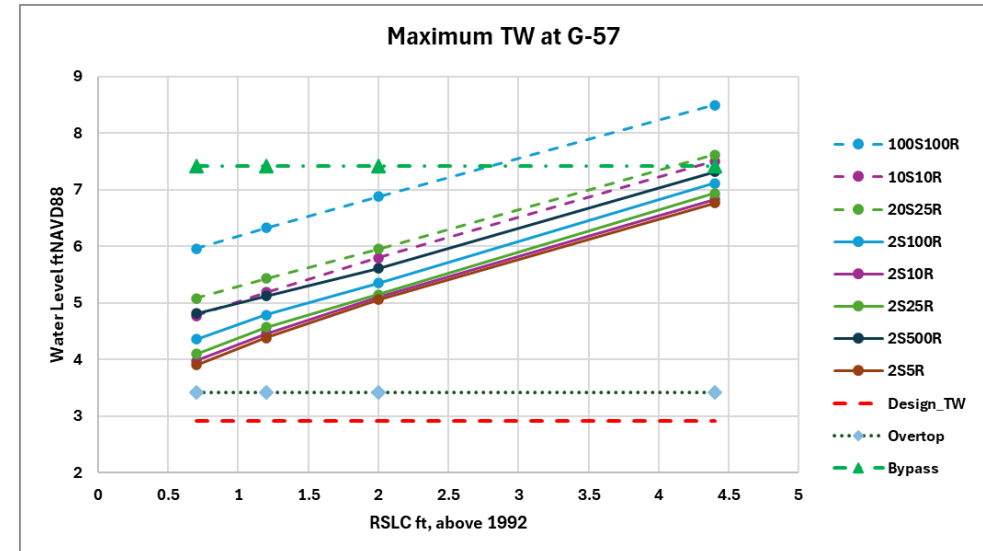
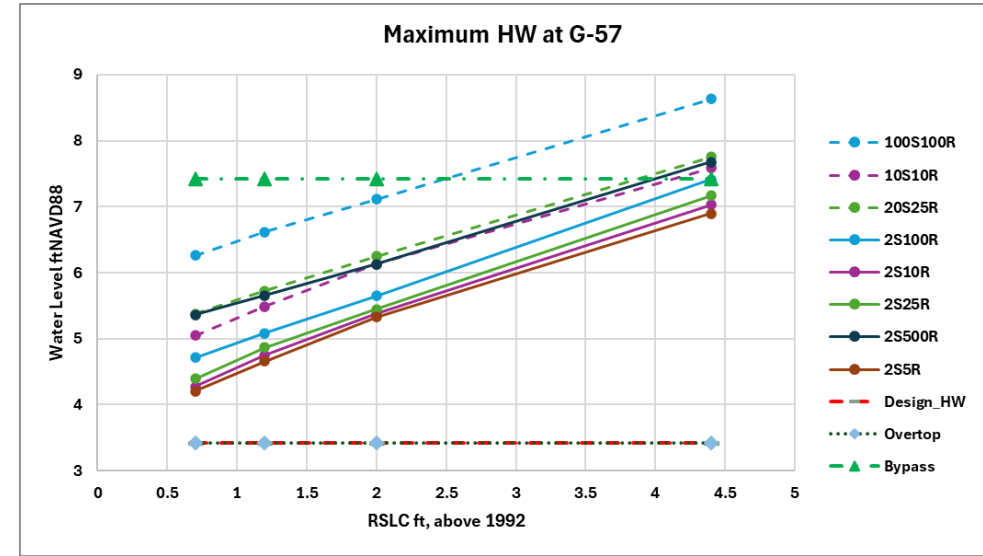
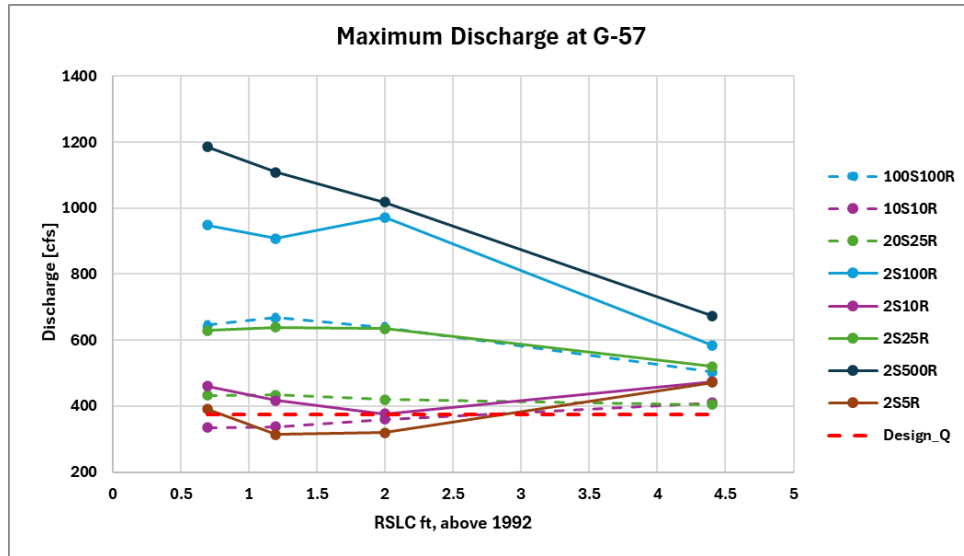




MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C-14/POMPANO CANAL

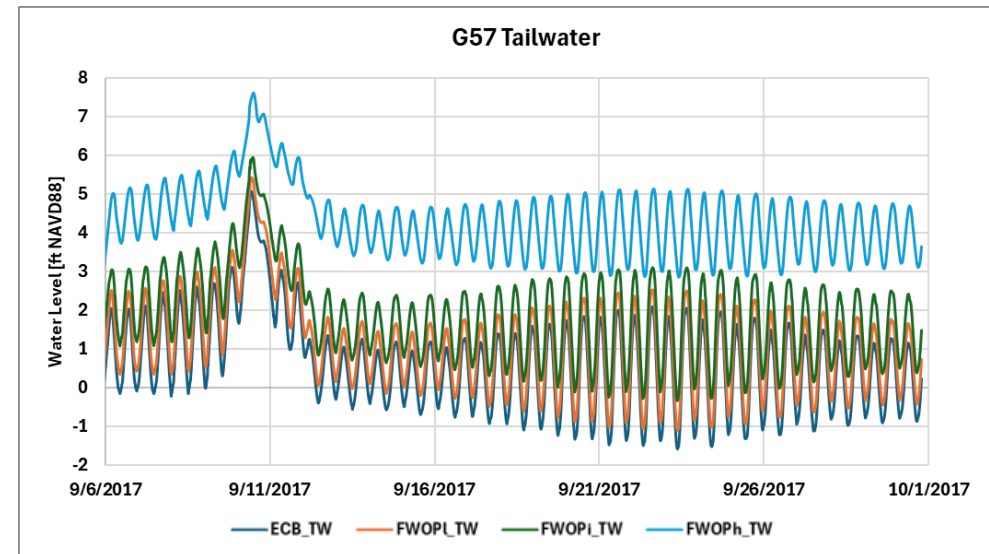
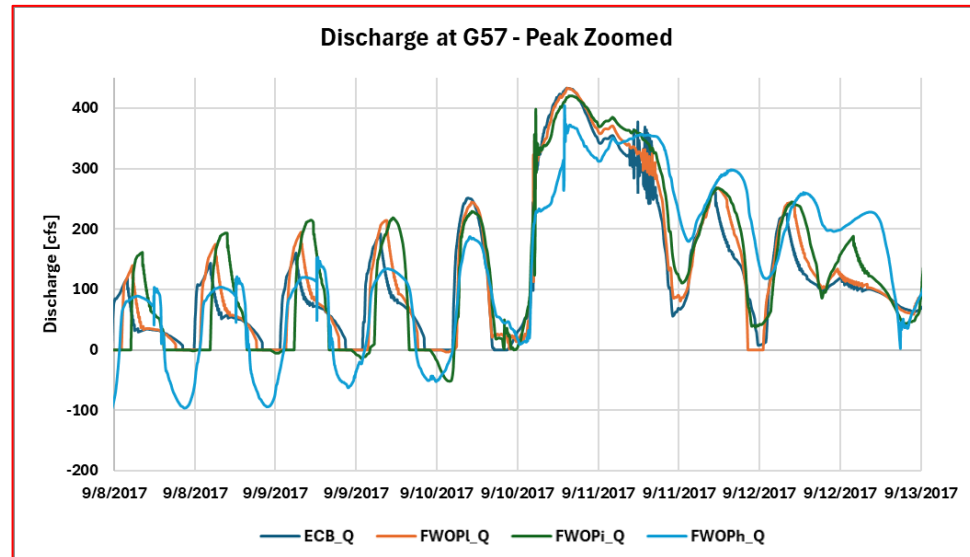
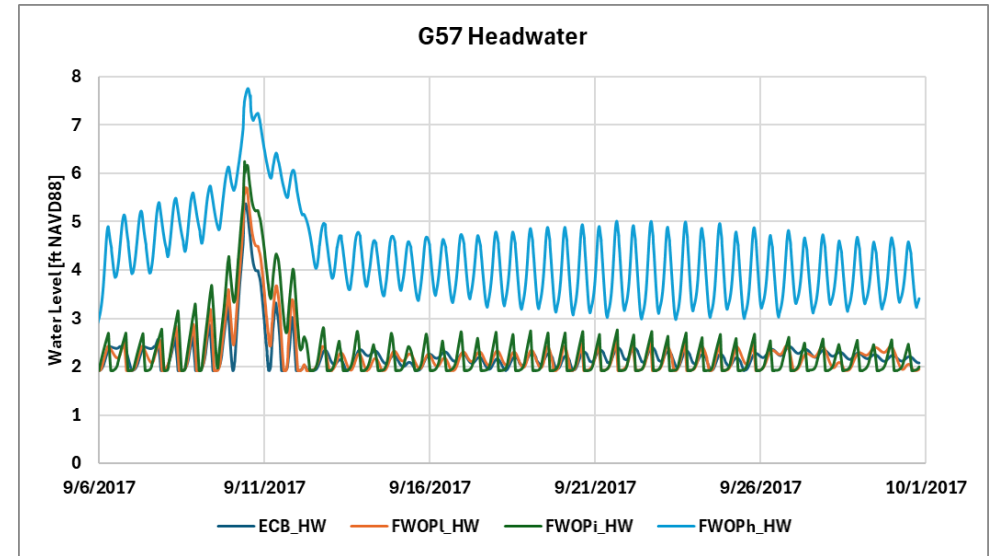
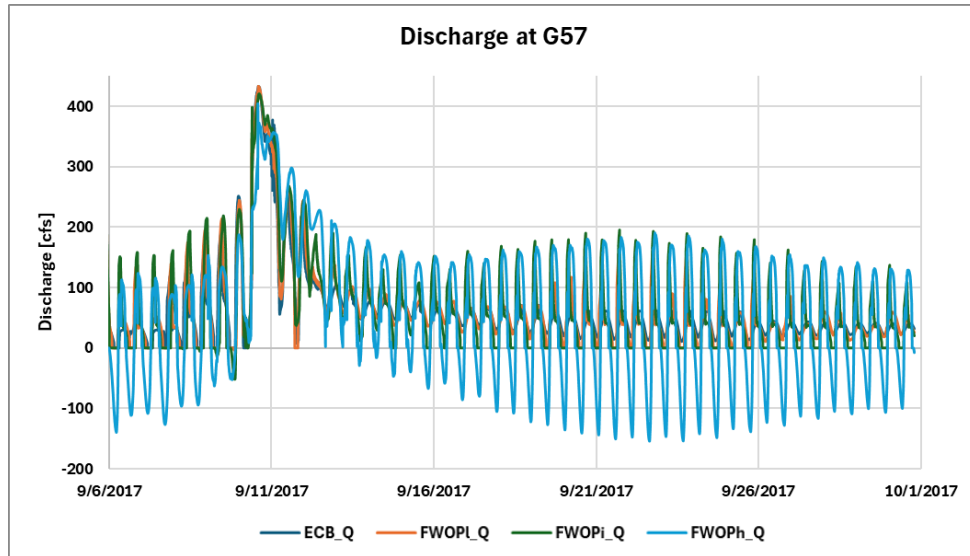


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, G57



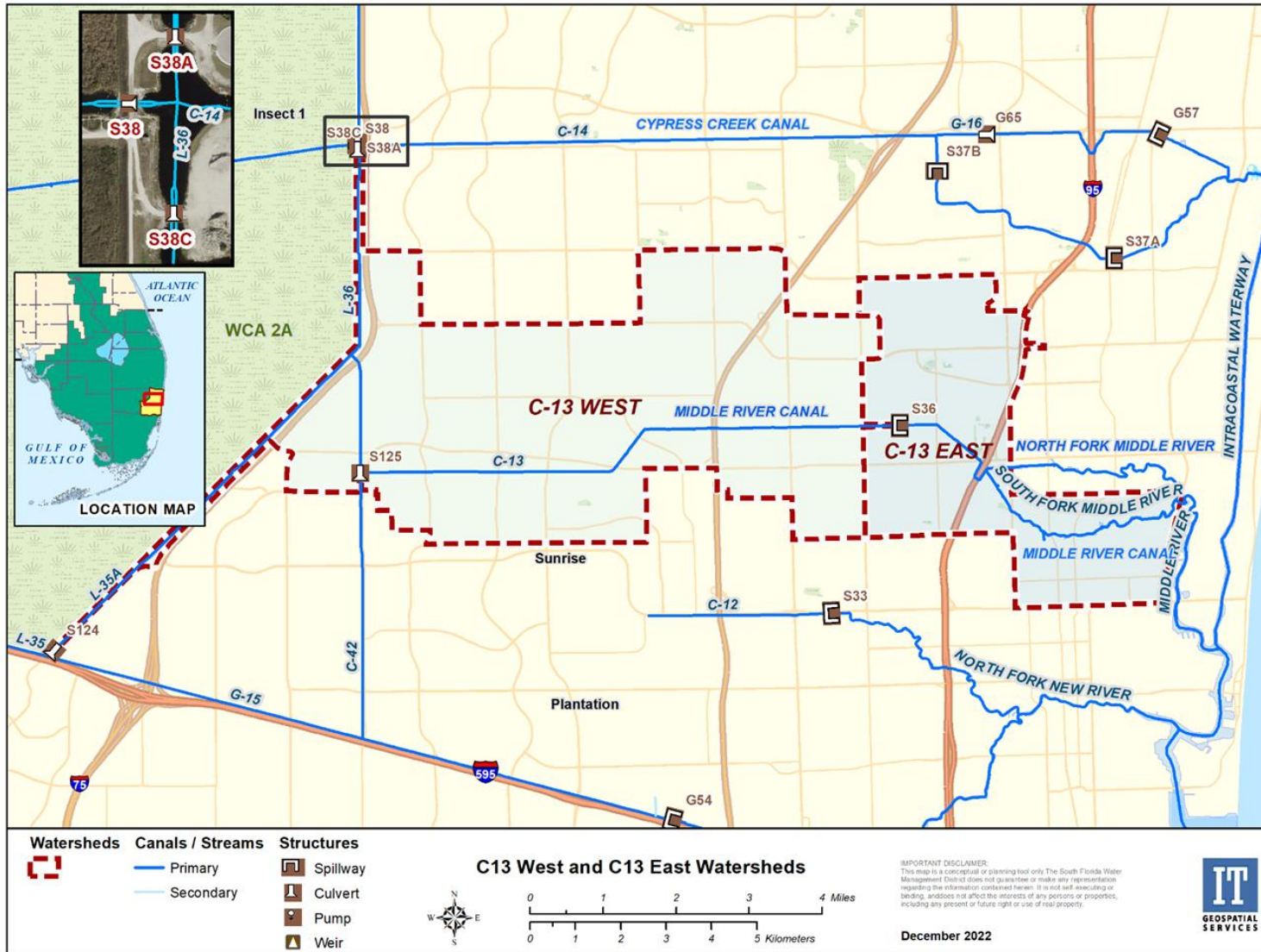


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, G57 – 20S/25R



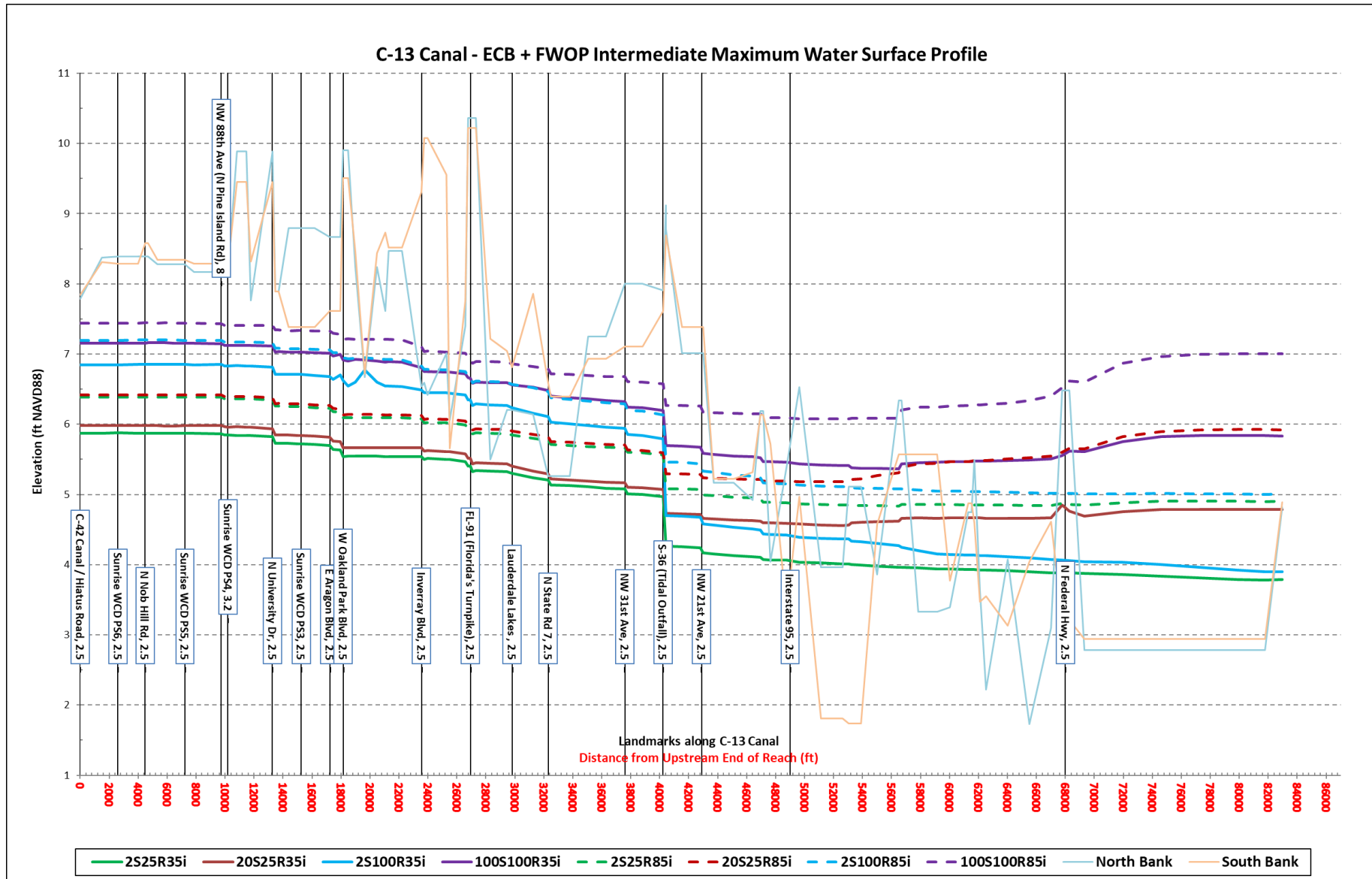


C-13/ S36



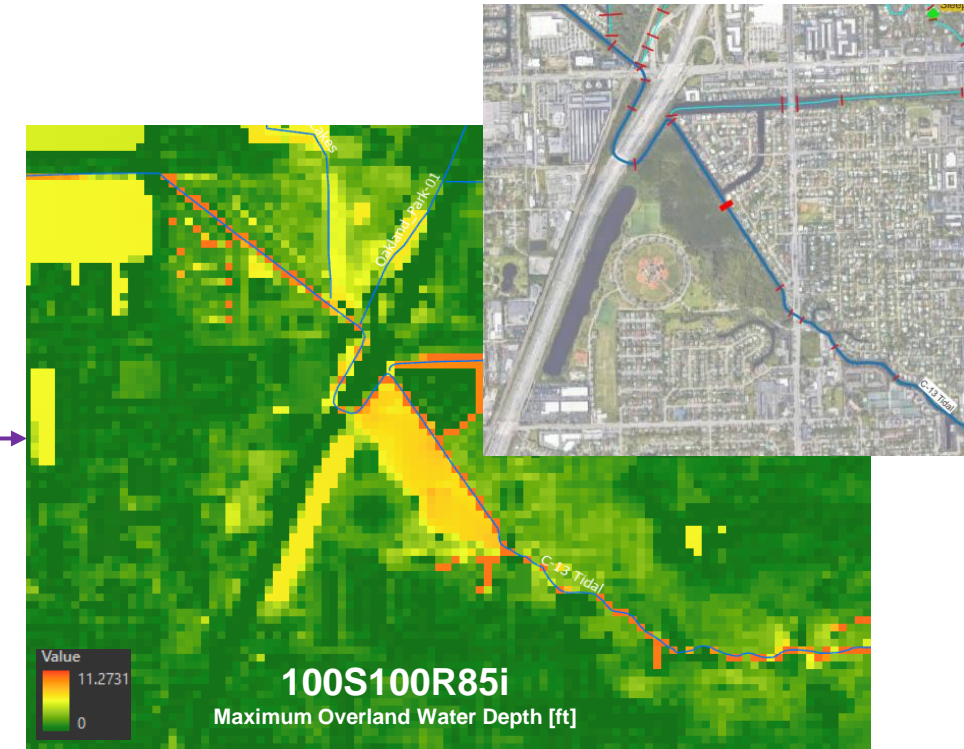
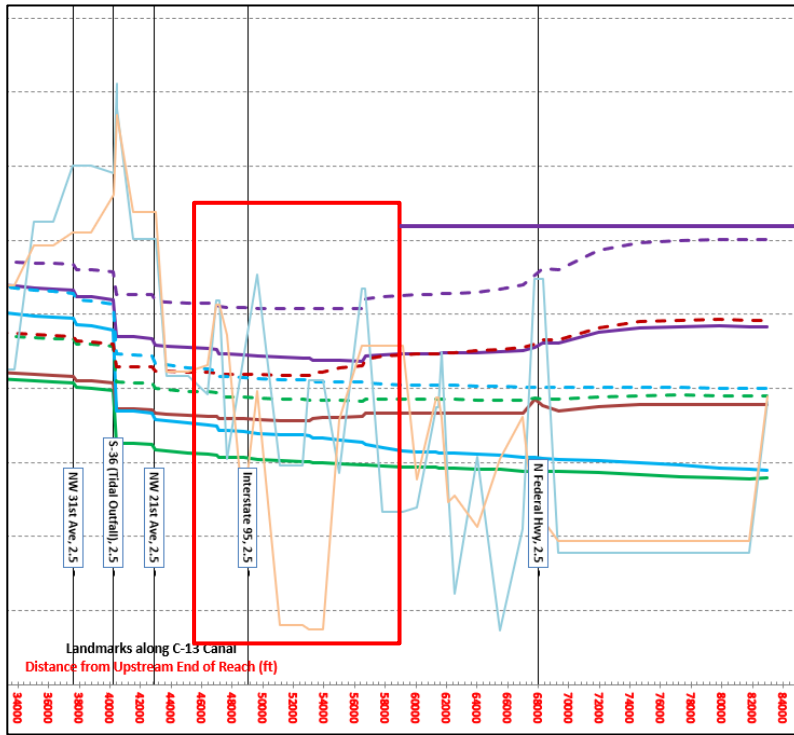


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C-13



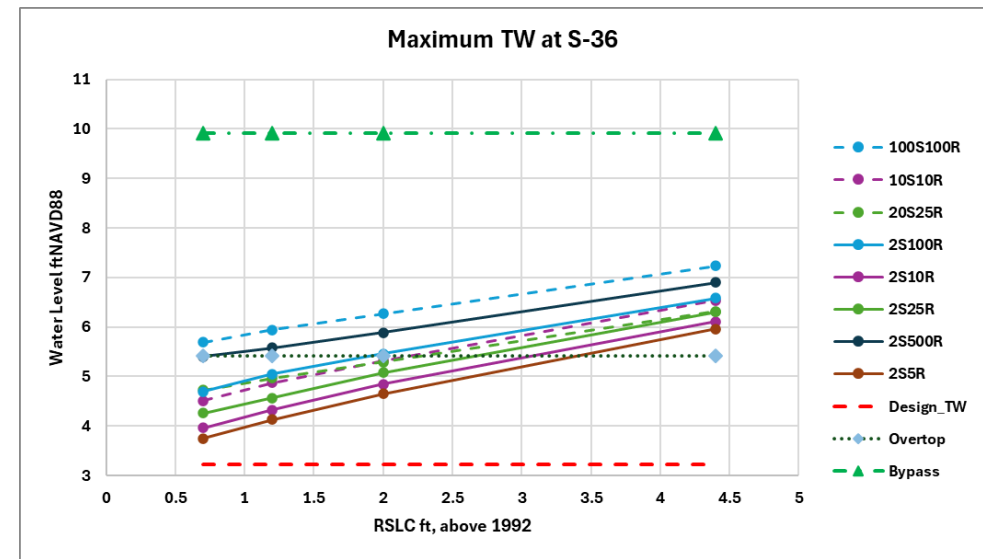
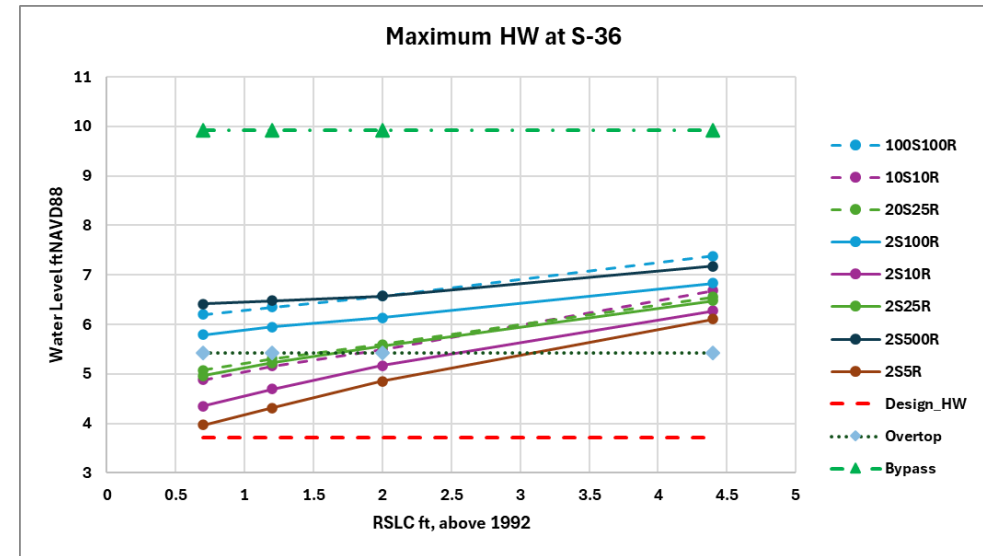
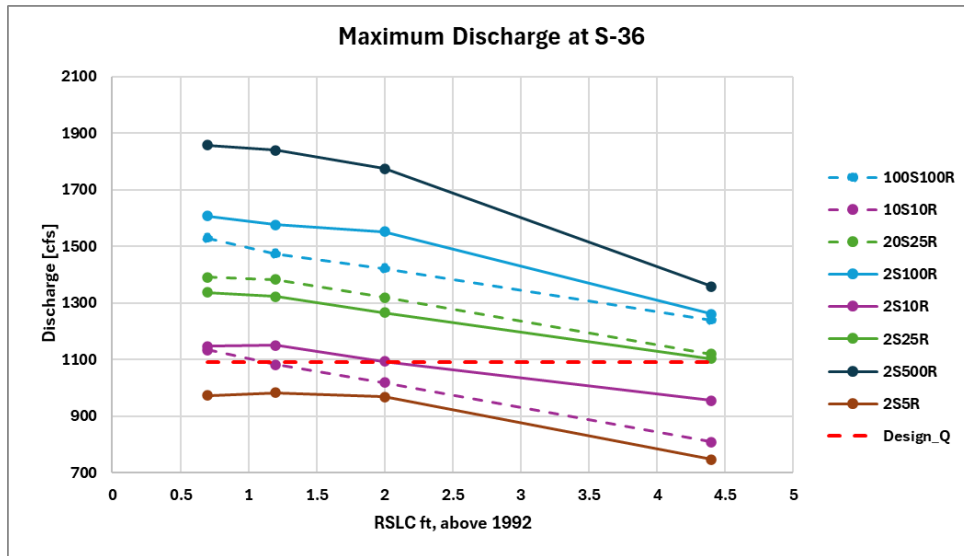


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C-13



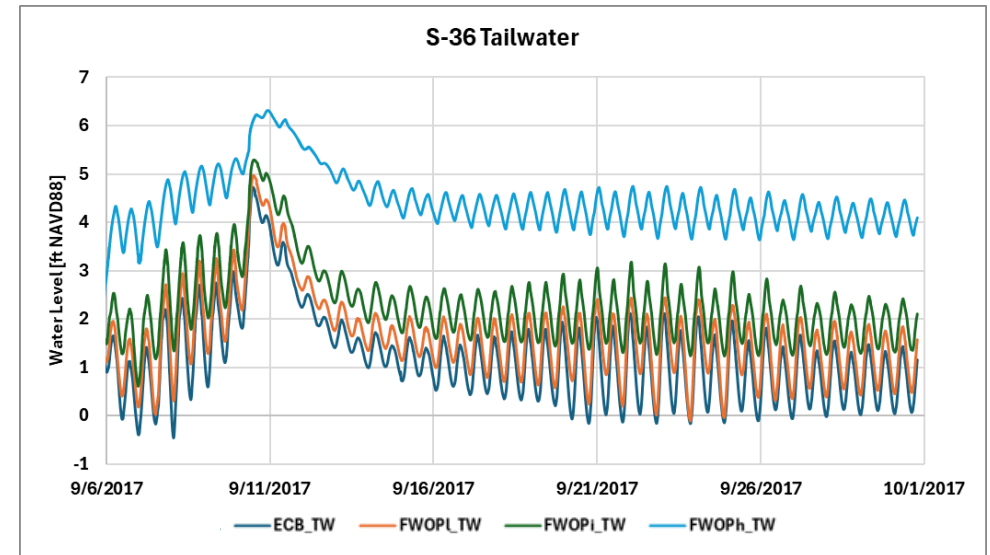
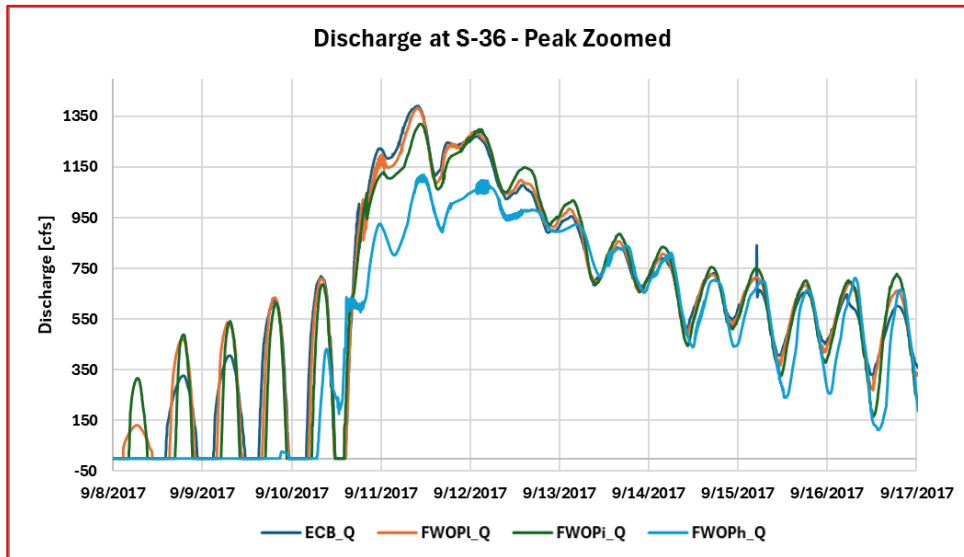
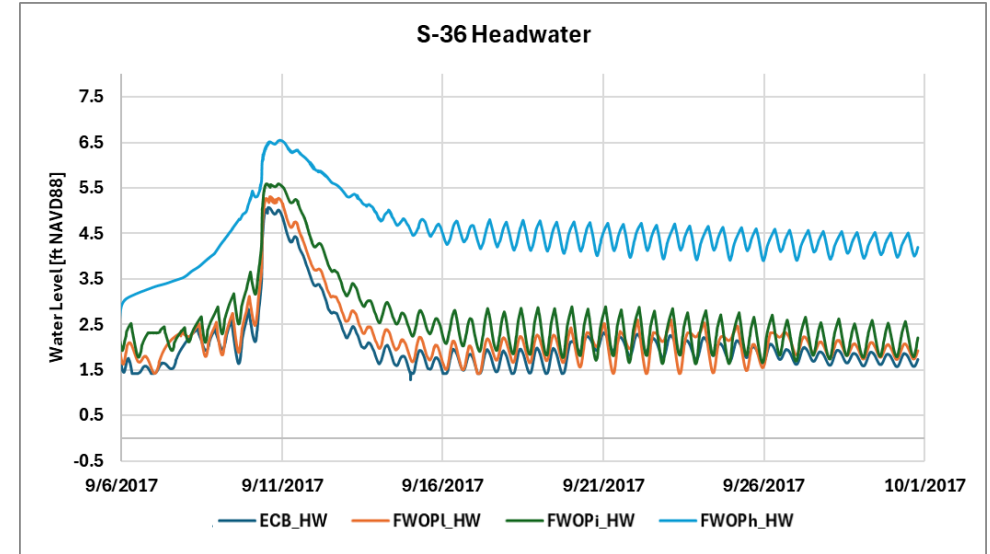
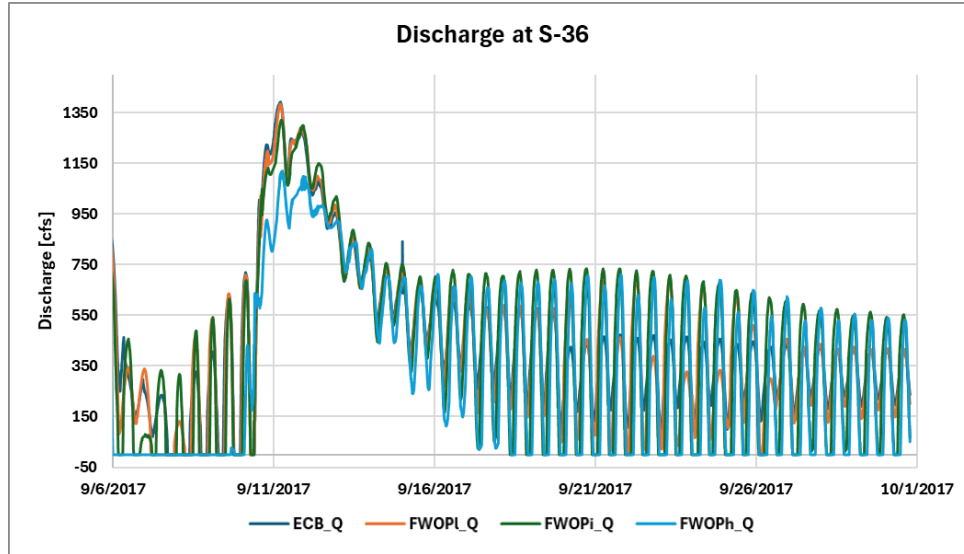


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S36



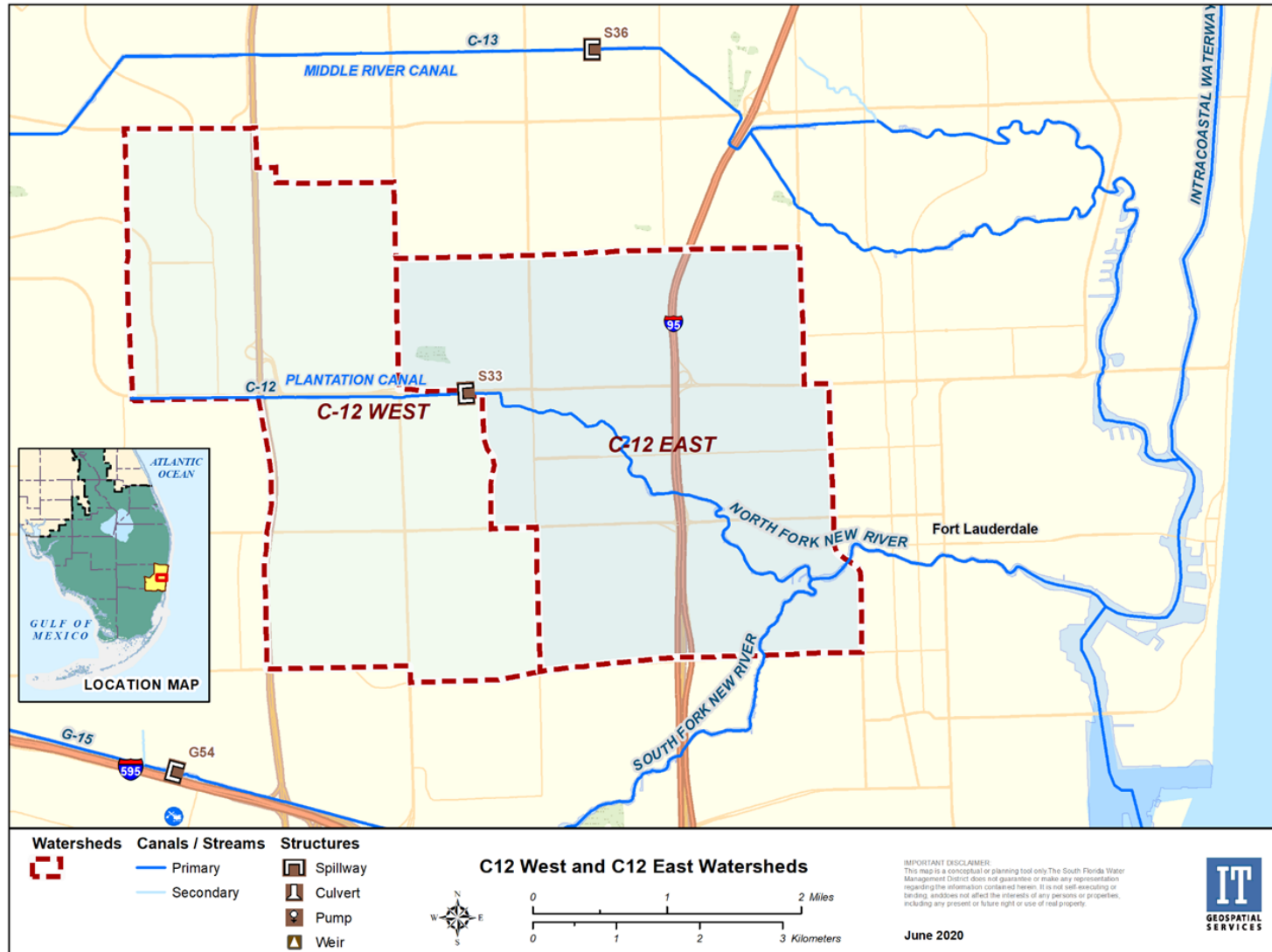


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S36 – 20S25R





C-12, NORTH FORK NEW RIVER/ S33



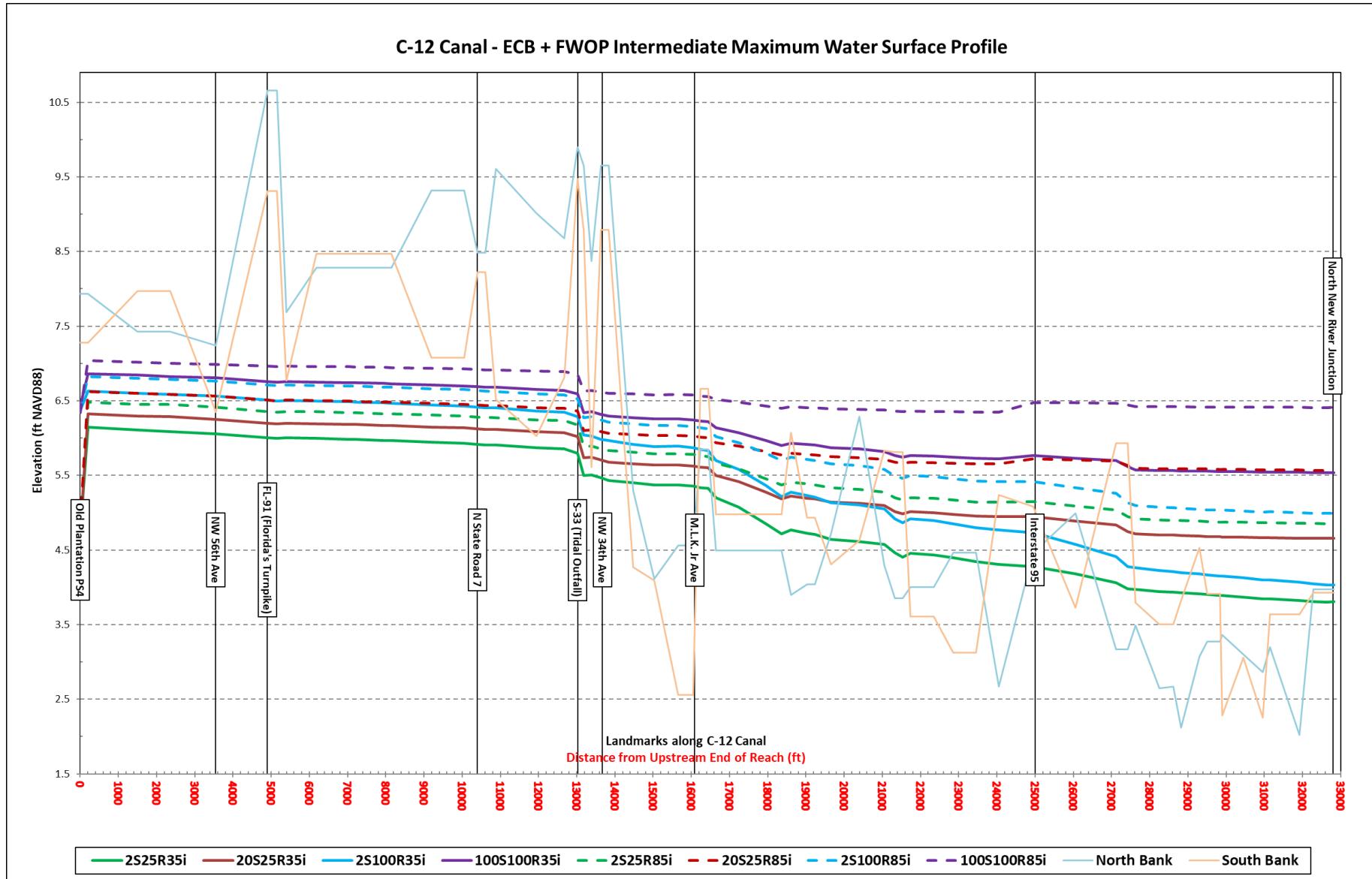
User Name: lwu

Map Produced on Date: 6/16/2020 10:58:31 AM

\\ad.sfwmd.gov\DFSRoot\GIS\GSBiz\MOD\Basin_Atlas\Broward\mxd\C12_Basins.mxd

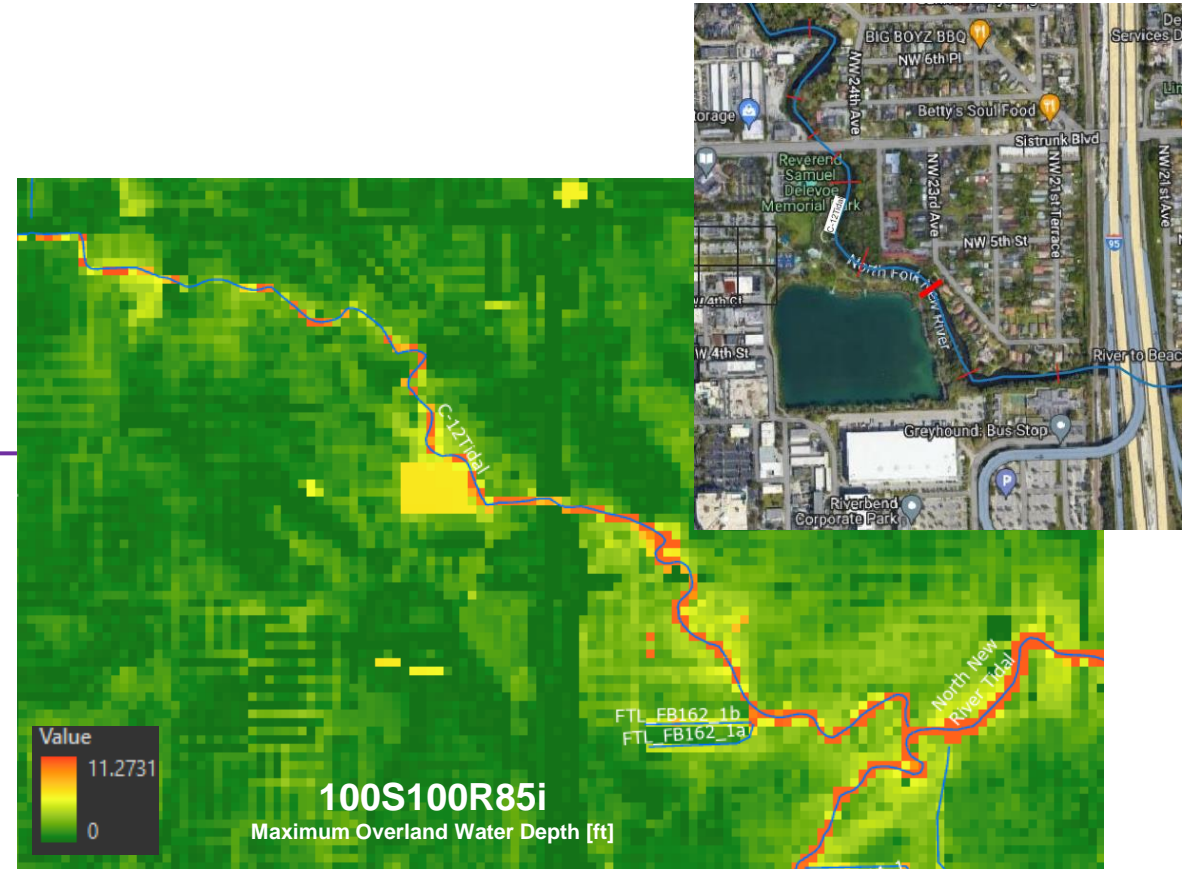
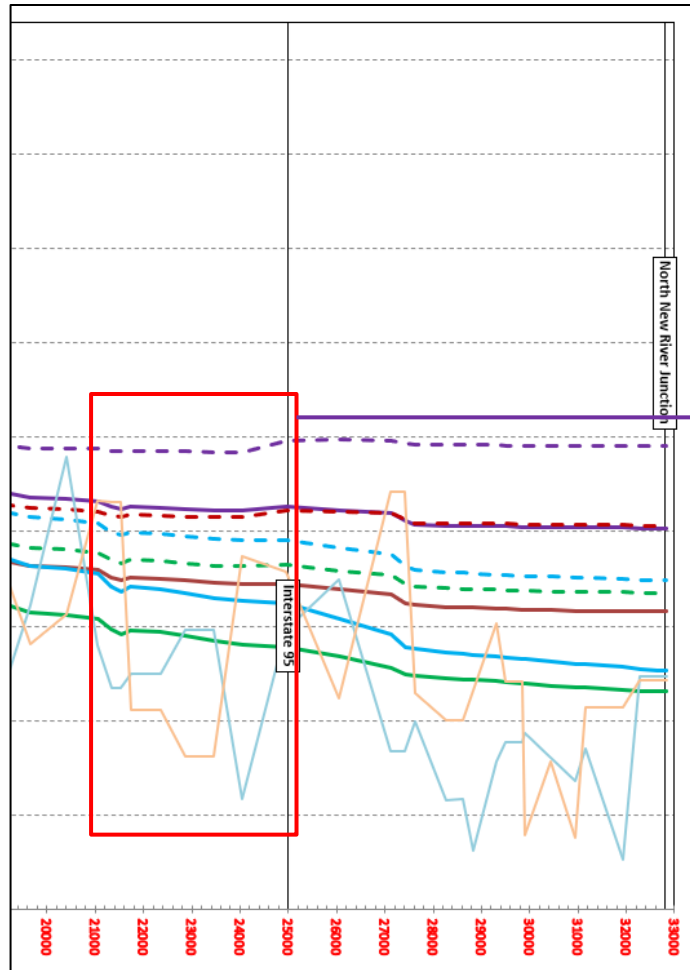


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C-12 / NFNR

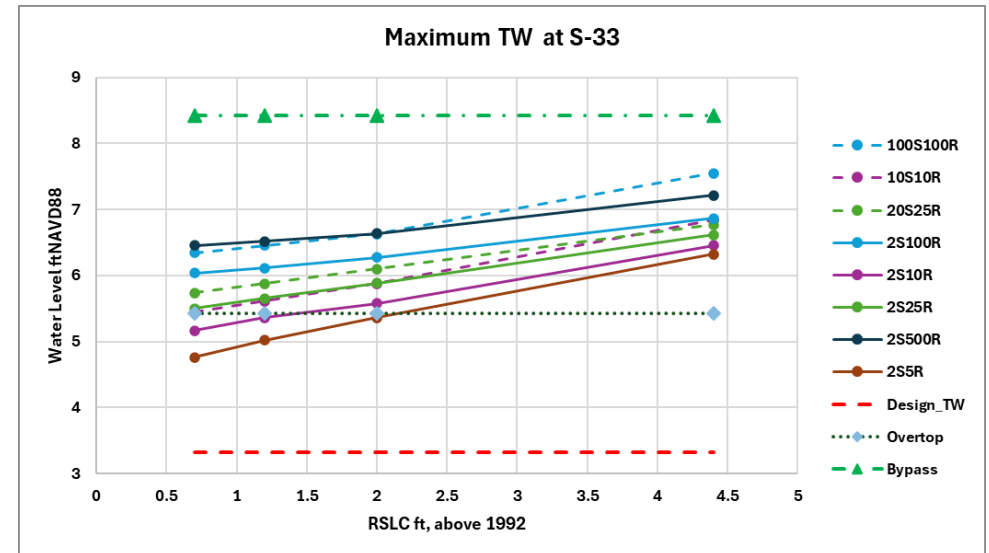
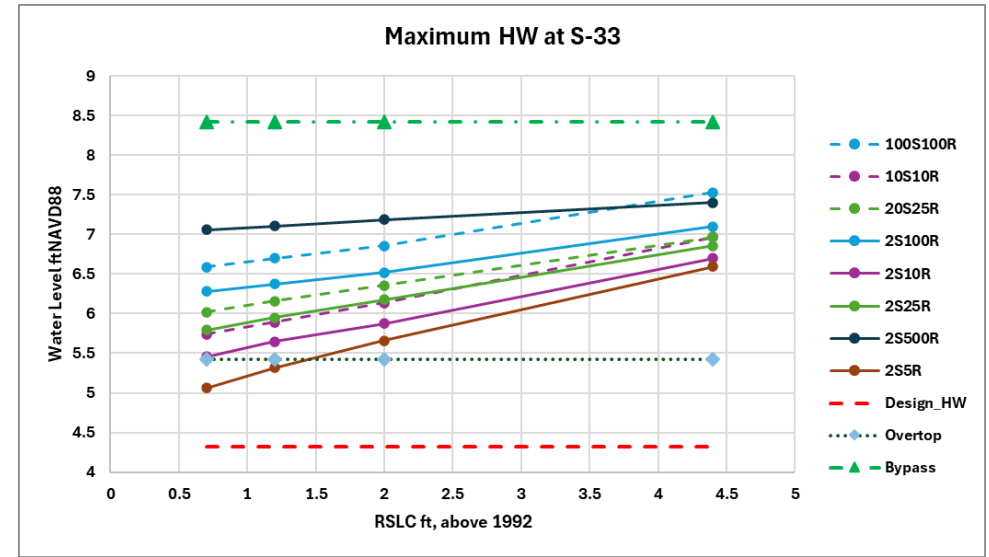
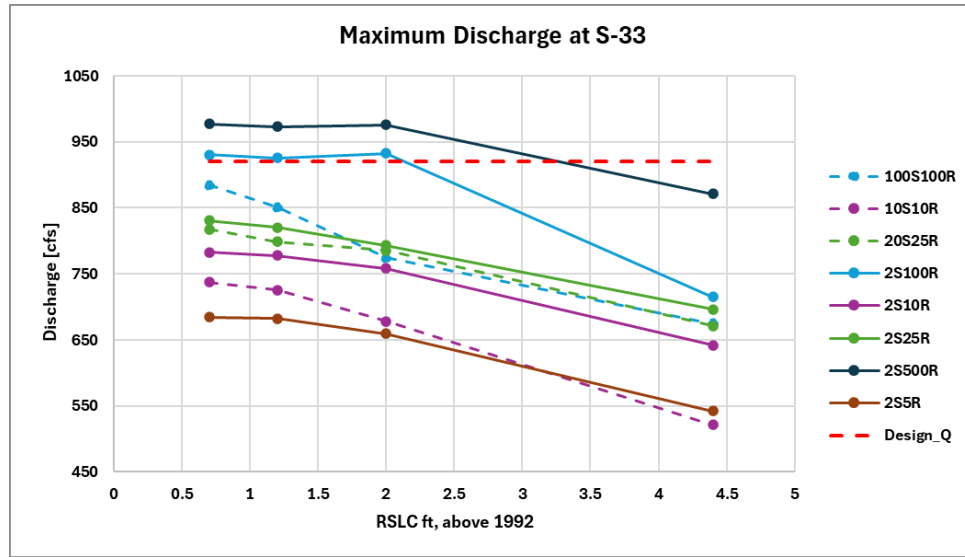




MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C-12 / NFNR

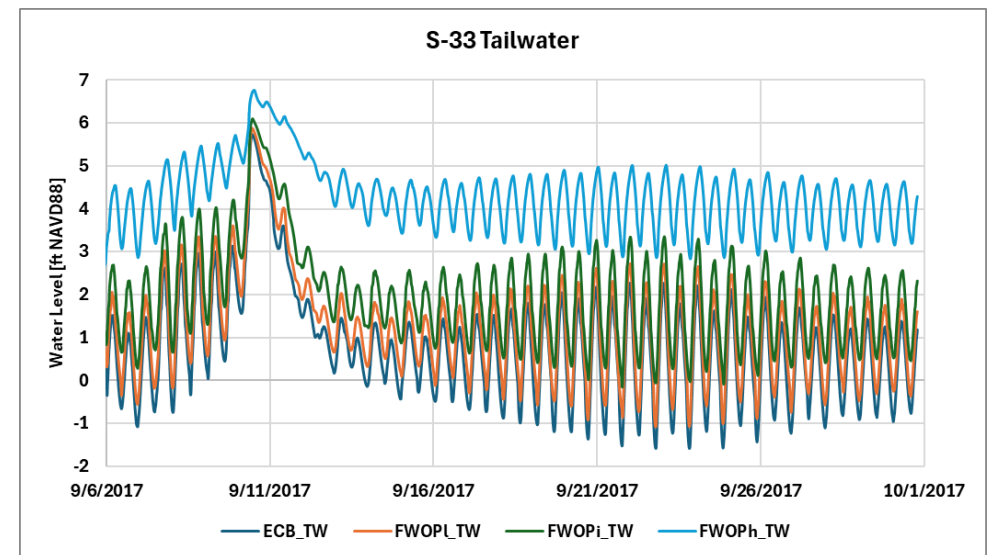
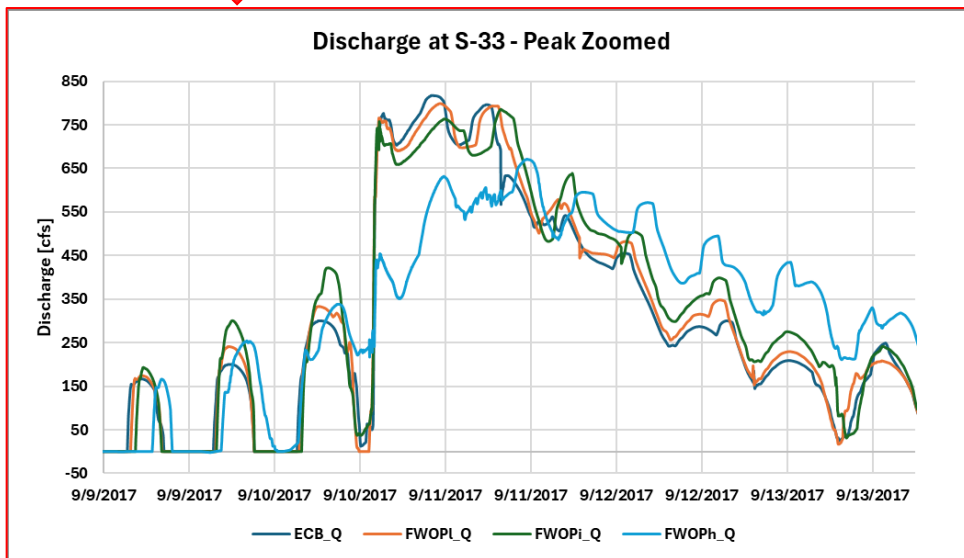
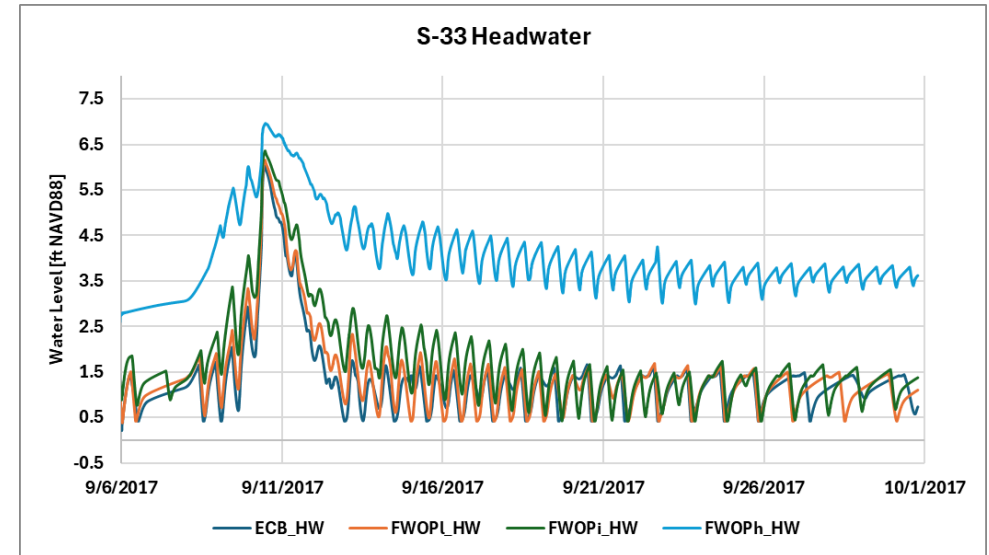
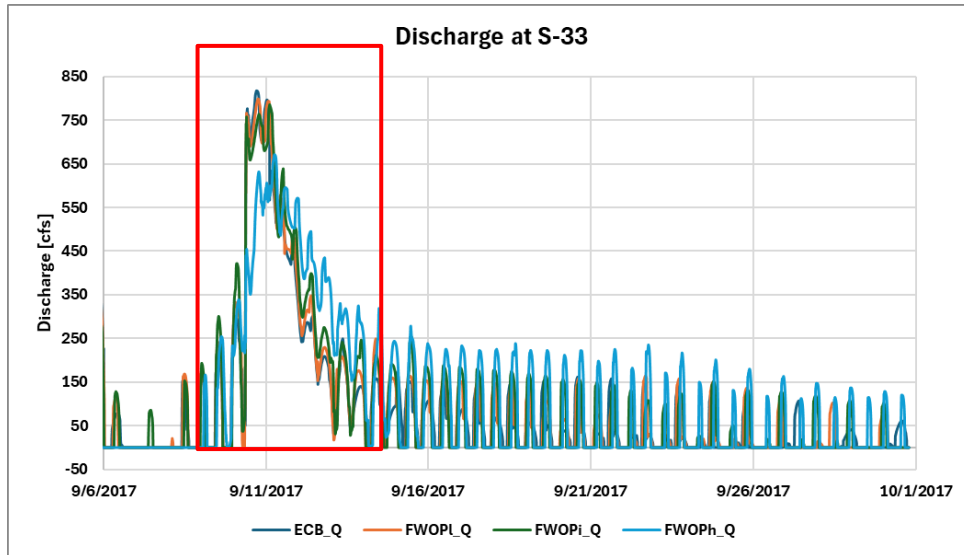


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S33



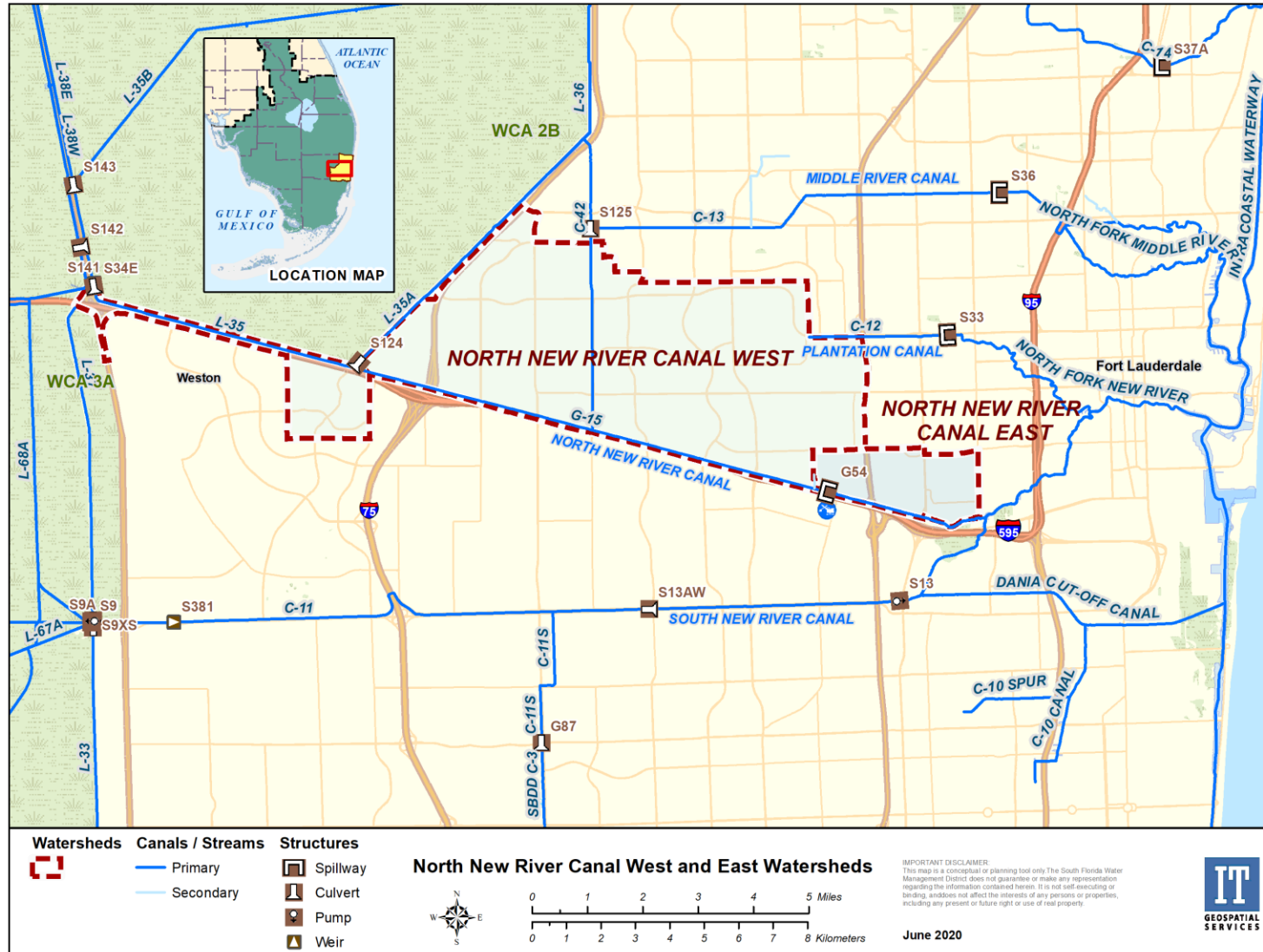


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S33 – 20S25R



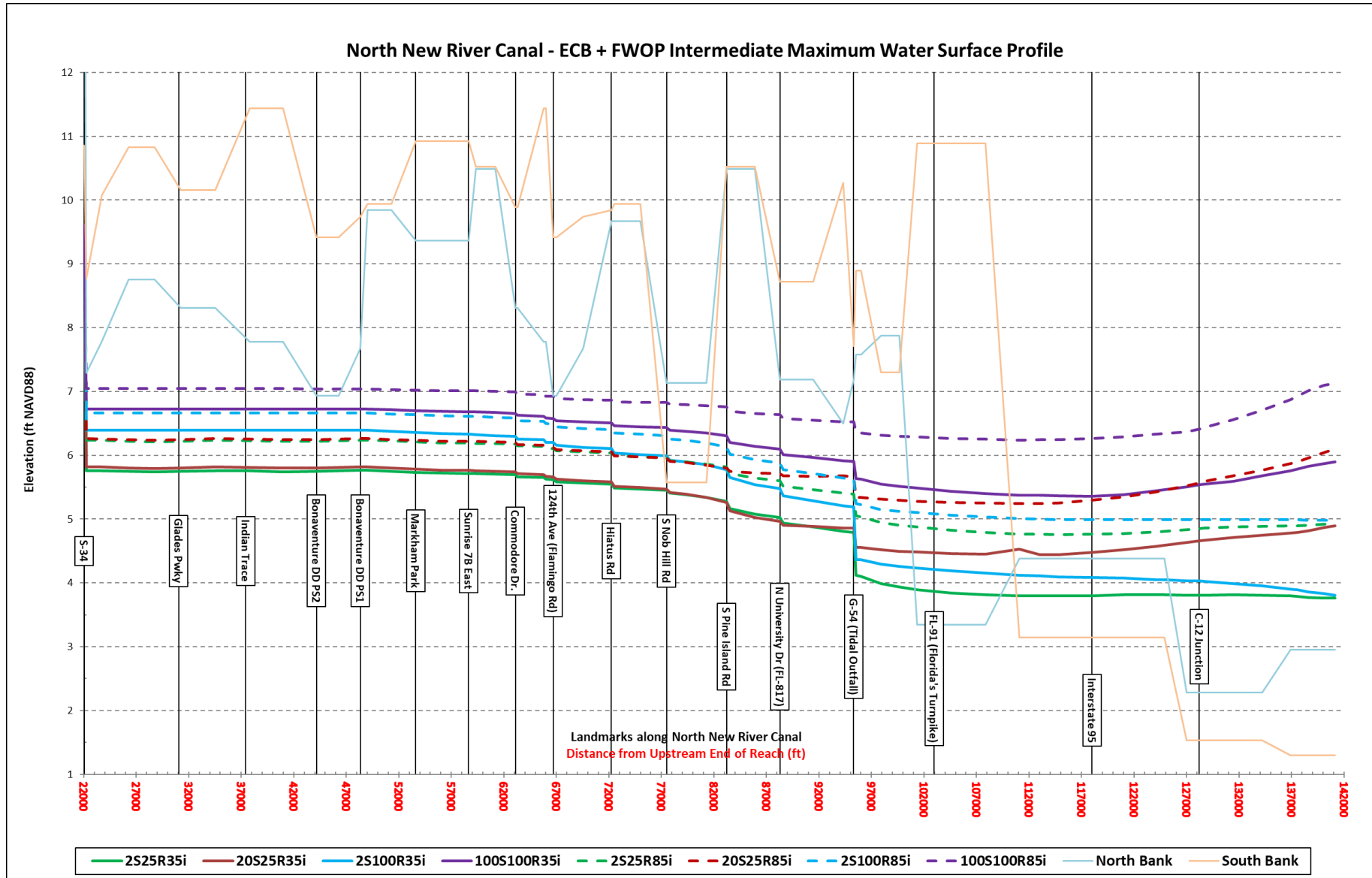


NORTH NEW RIVER CANAL /G54



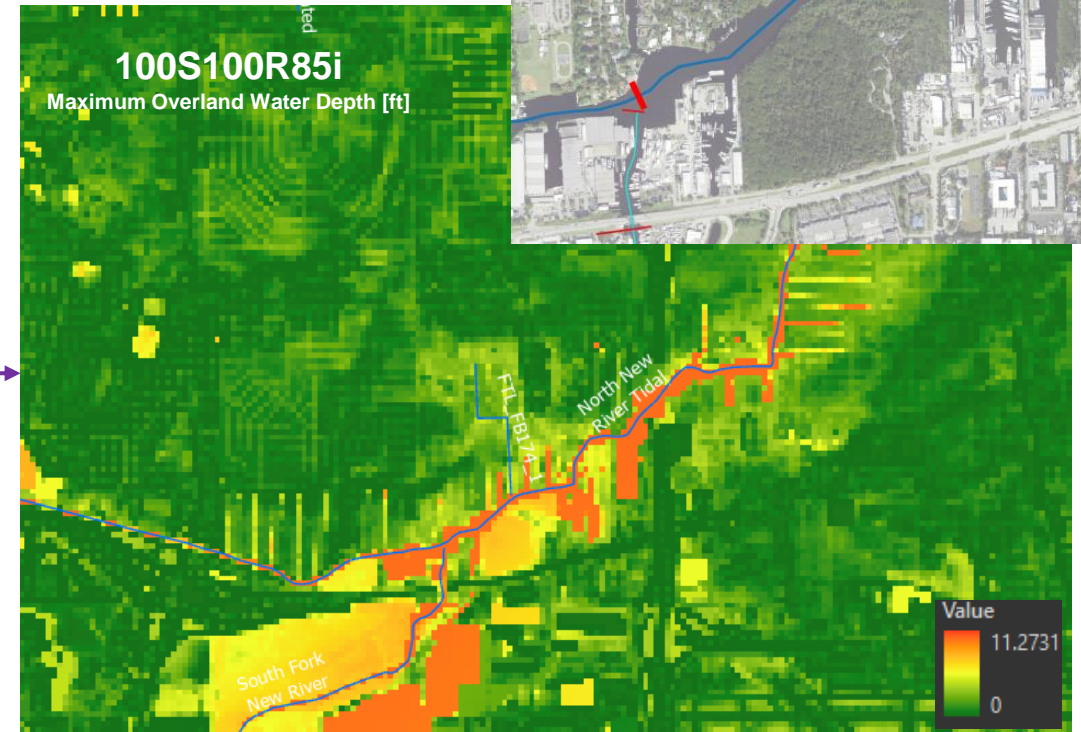
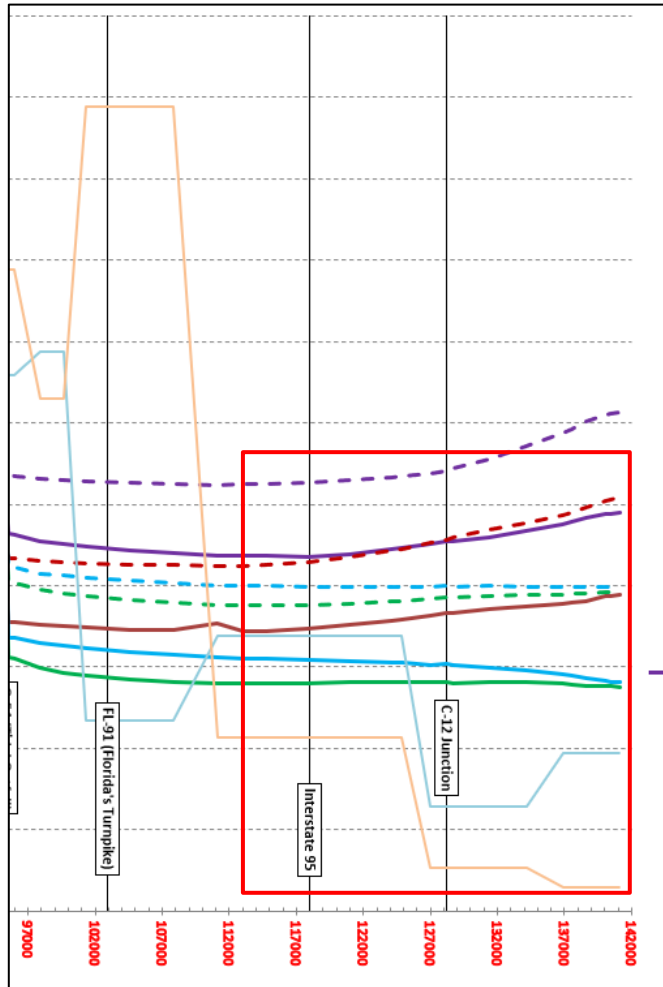


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – NORTH NEW RIVER CANAL WEST



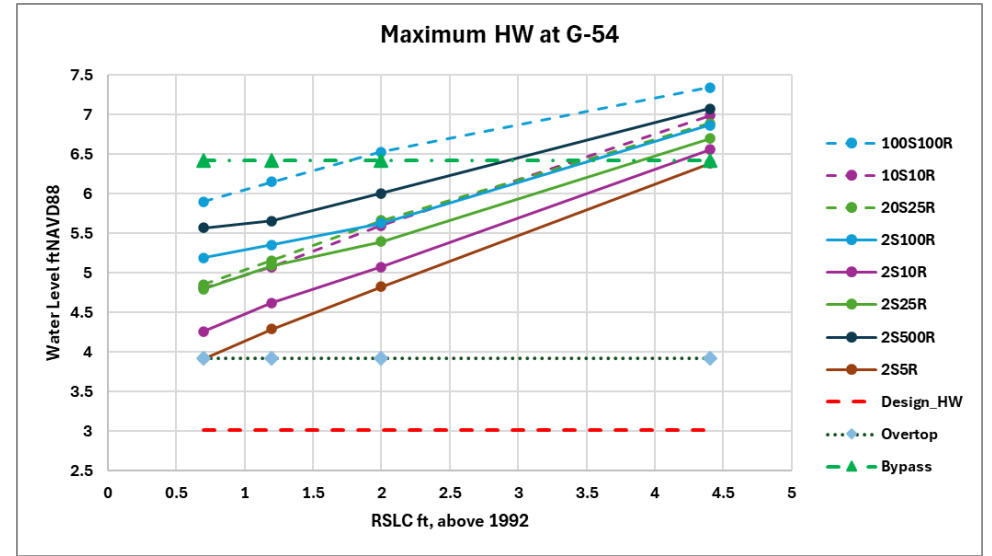
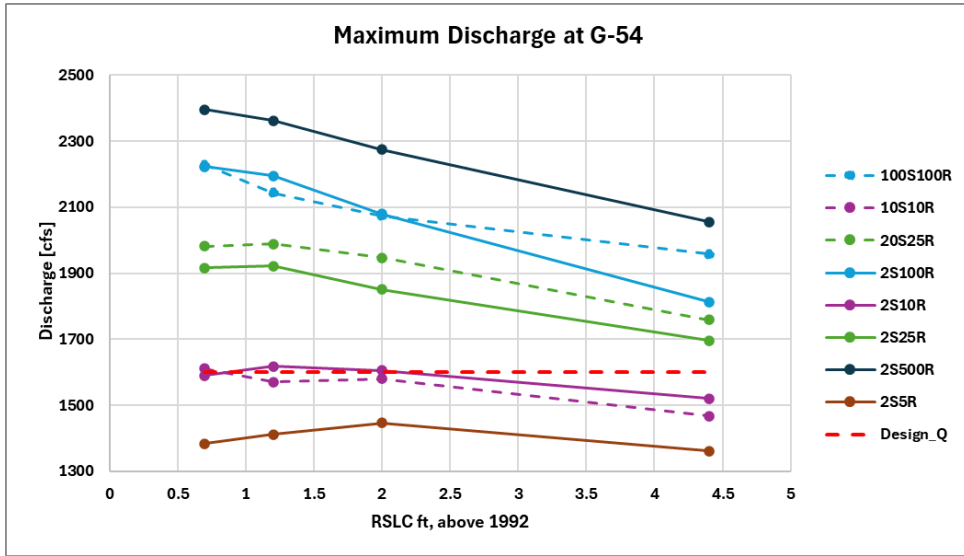


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – NORTH NEW RIVER CANAL WEST

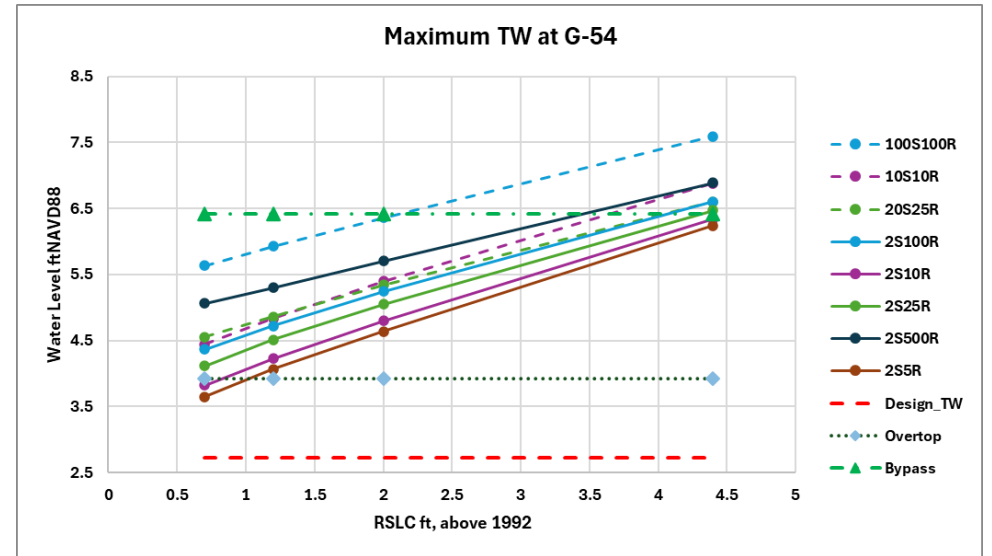




STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, G54

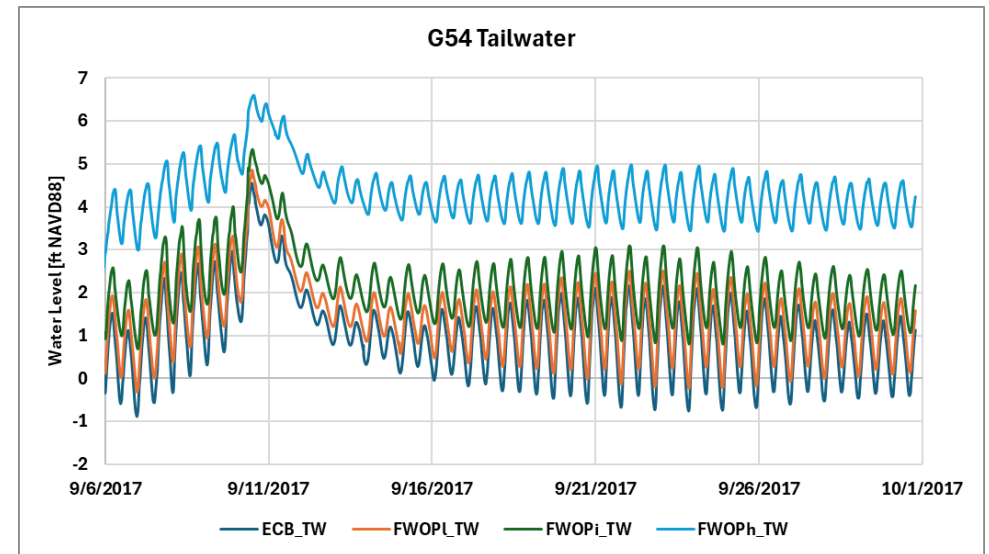
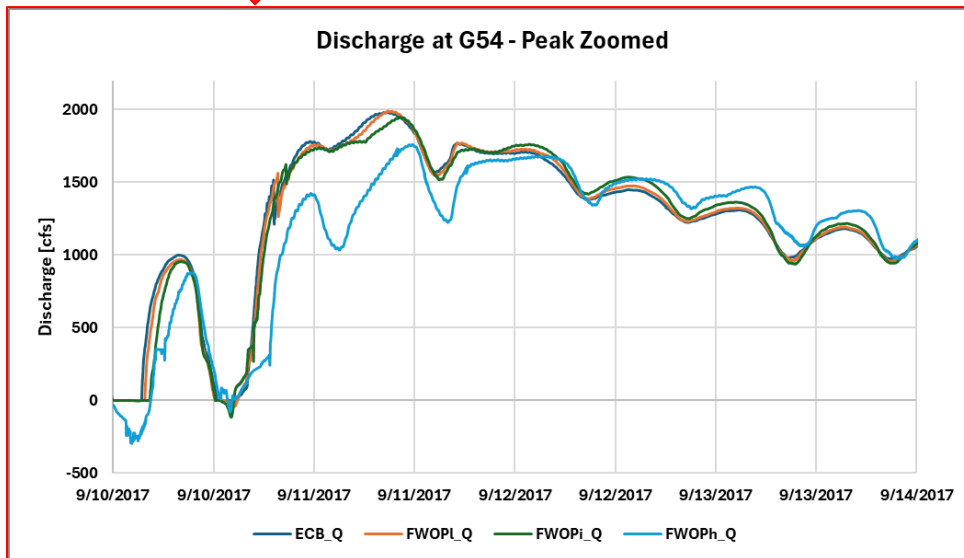
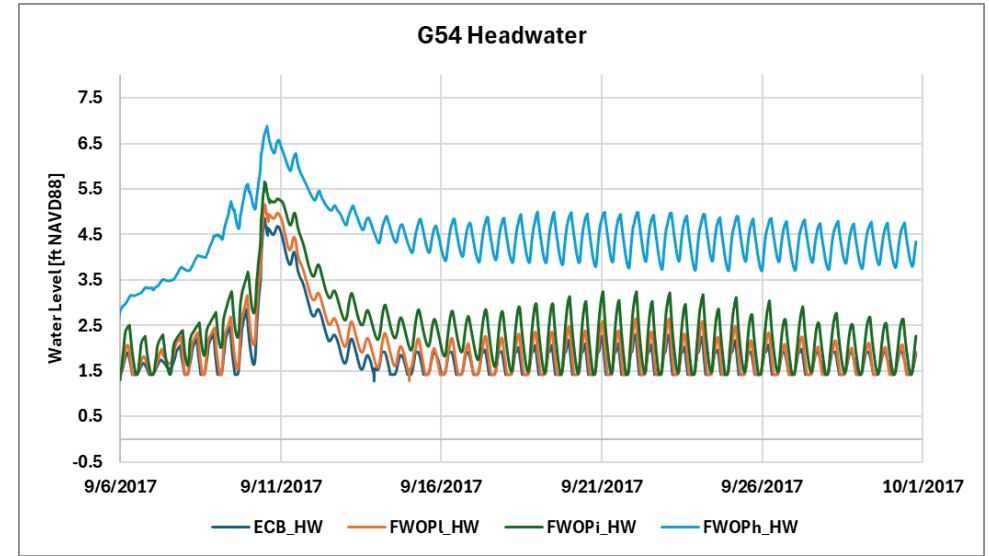
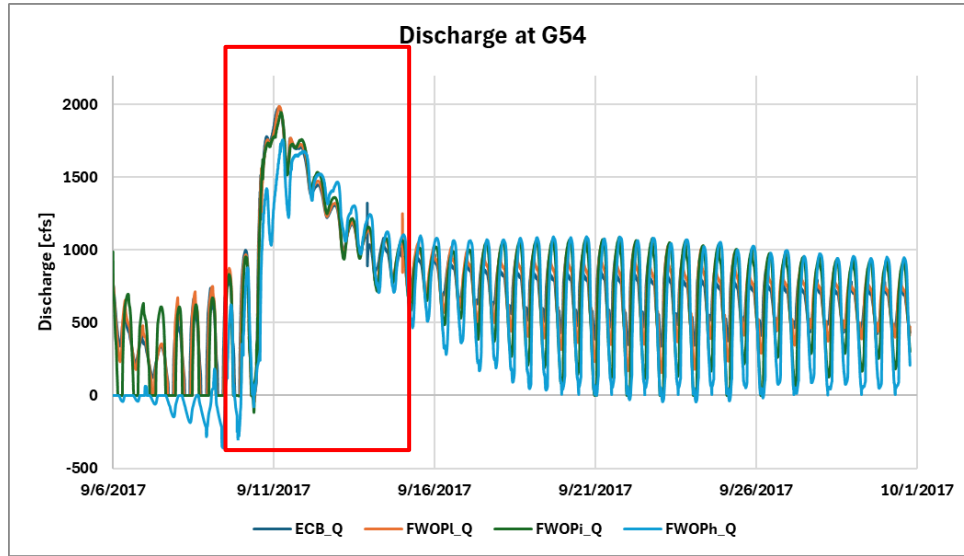


G-54





STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, G54 – 20S25R





REACH A - Q&A



- Please **use the Q&A function** to submit questions OR **use the 'raise hand' function** at the bottom of your screen and we call on you to unmute.
- You are welcome to **submit follow up questions and additional comments** after the webinar via email to CSFFRSComments@usace.army.mil.
- Please take a moment to complete the **H&H Model Output Survey** at the provided link: <https://forms.office.com/g/gkvZBCnCP3>



6. BREAK

Workshop will resume at 1:00 PM



7. REACH B

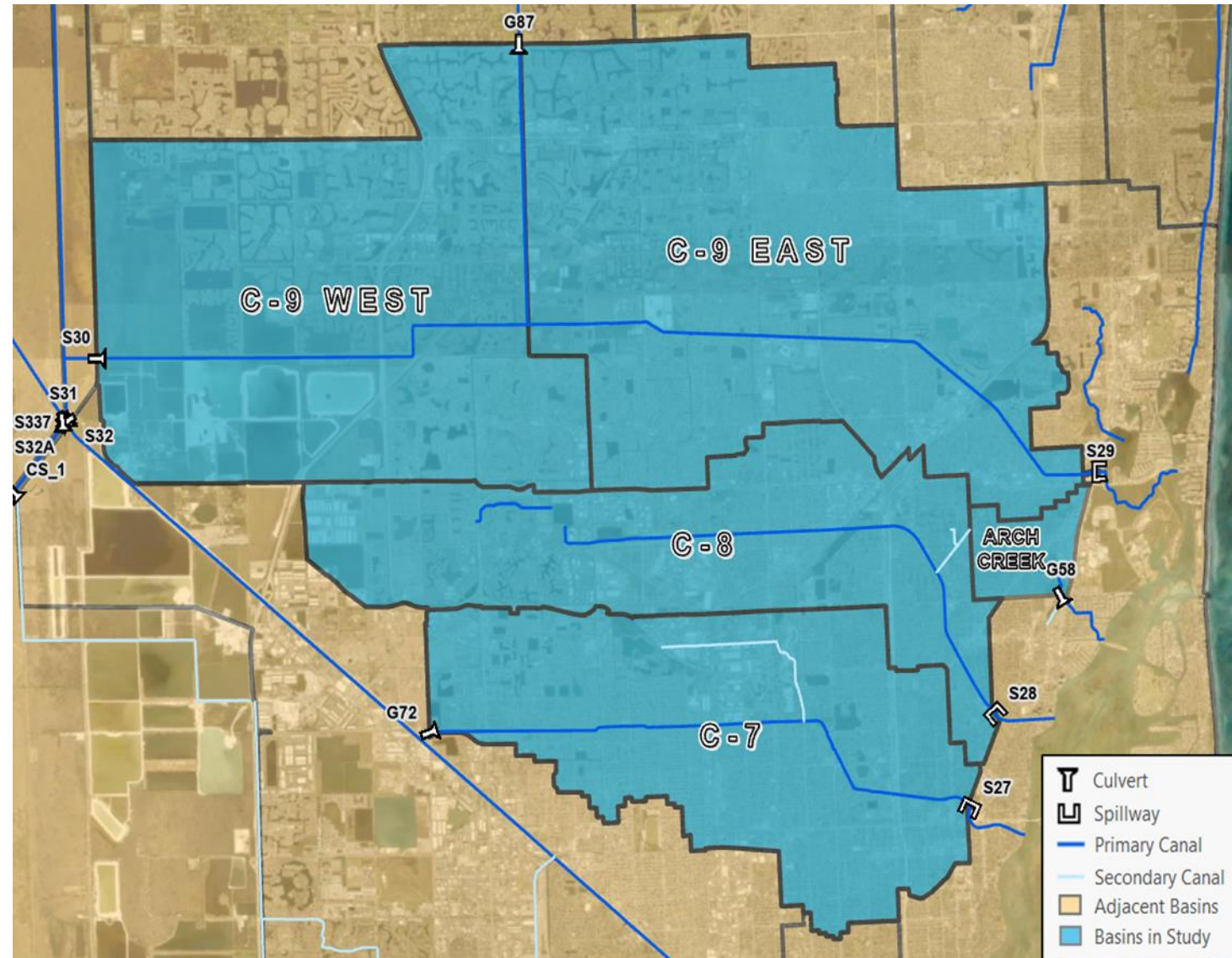
Presenter: Amanda Bredesen, P.E., H&H Model Subteam Lead, USACE
Carol Ballard, P.E. CFM, H&H Model Subteam Lead, SFWM

Modelers: Joseph Wilder, P.E., Lead Modeler, Taylor Engineering
Francisco Pena, PhD., Resiliency Project Manager/Modeler



PLANNING REACH OVERVIEW

- Reach B consists of the C-7 or Little River Basin, C-8, and C-9 watersheds and additional watersheds downstream of the coastal structures including the western portion of the North Biscayne Bay watershed which encompasses the Arch Creek sub watershed area.
- Section 216 Focus: C-9/S-29, Arch Creek/G-58, C-8/S-28 and C-7/S-27

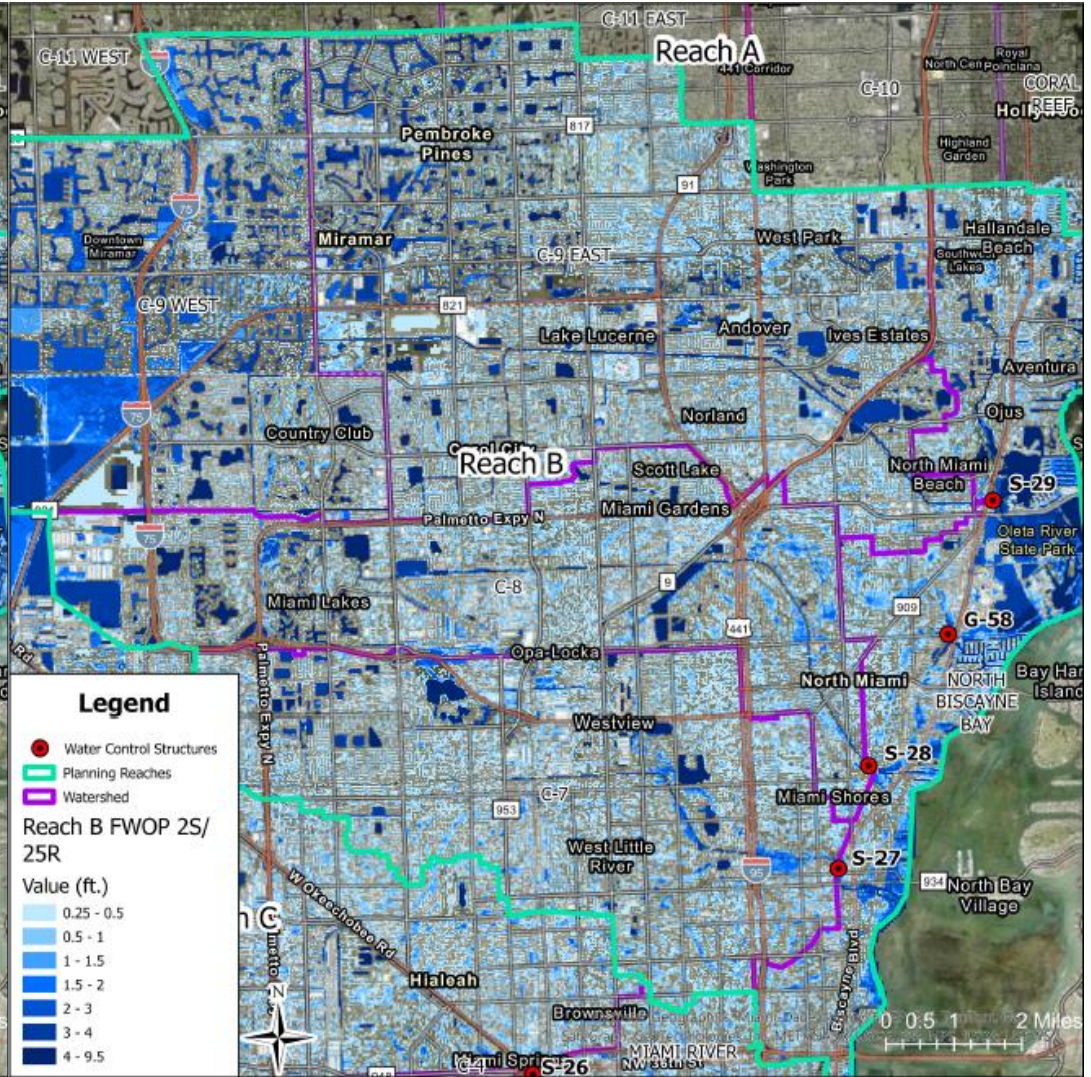
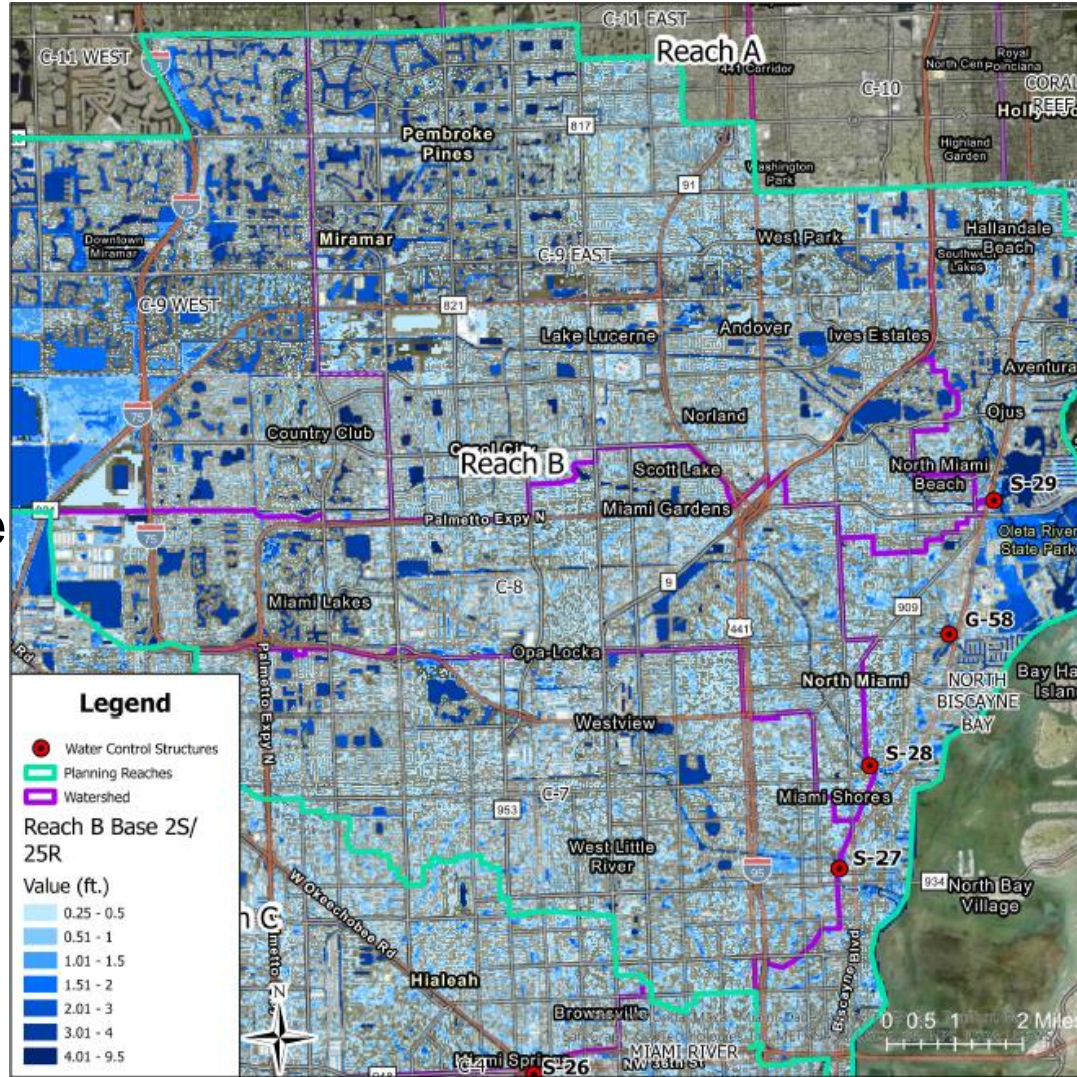


Primary canals and structures in Reach B



MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 25-YEAR RAINFALL, 2-YEAR COASTAL

Base
Year

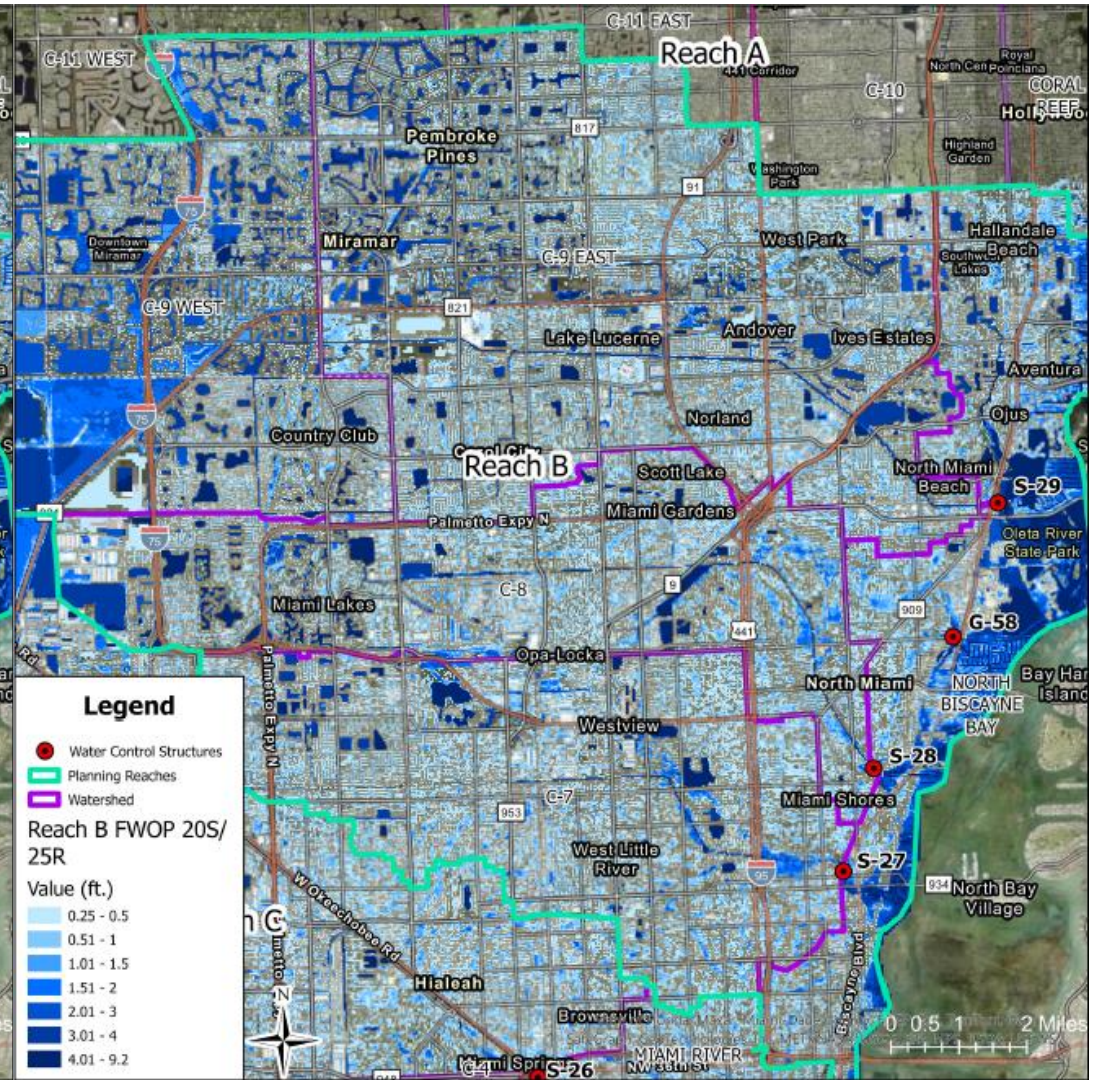
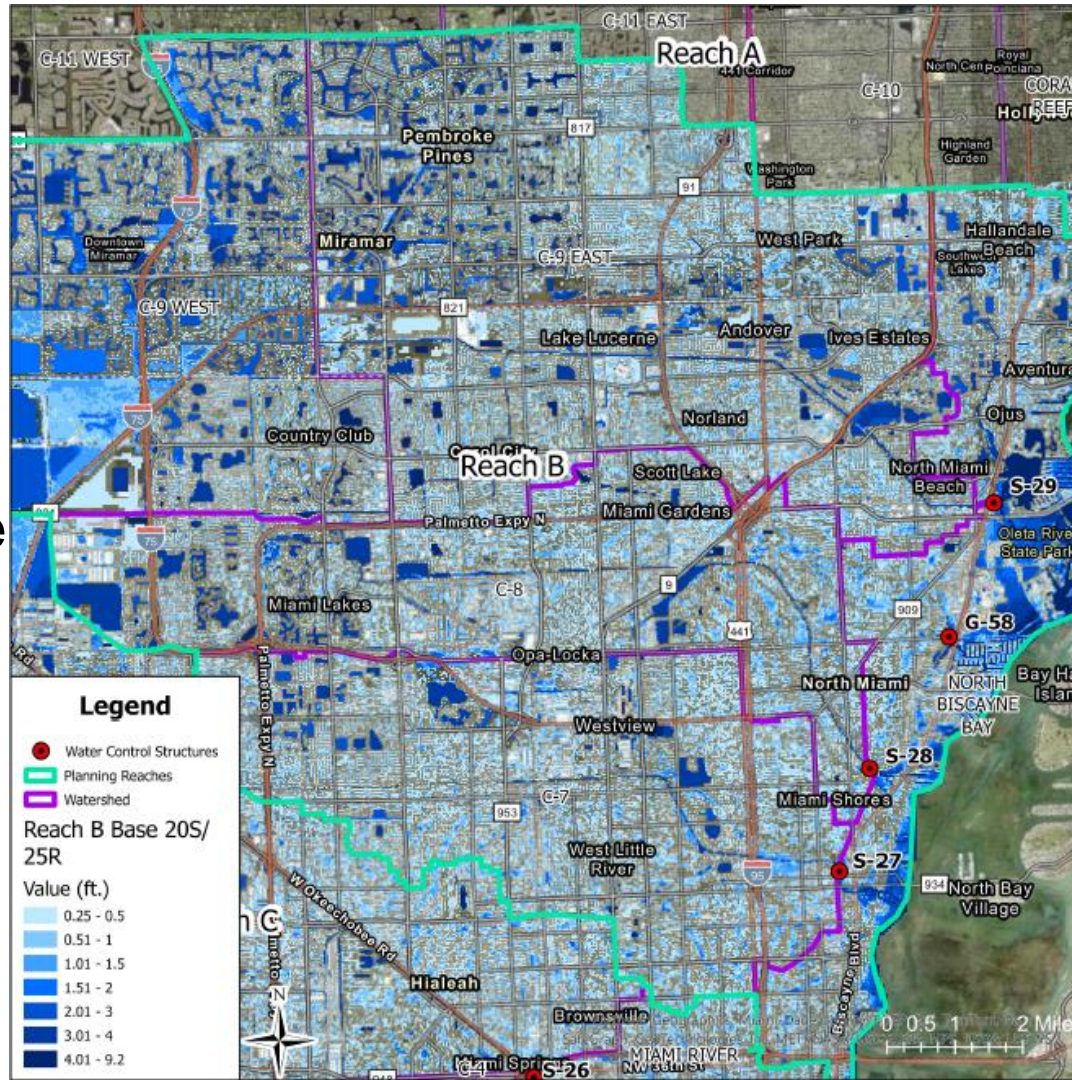


FWOP
Int SLR



MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 25-YEAR RAINFALL, 20-YEAR COASTAL

Base
Year



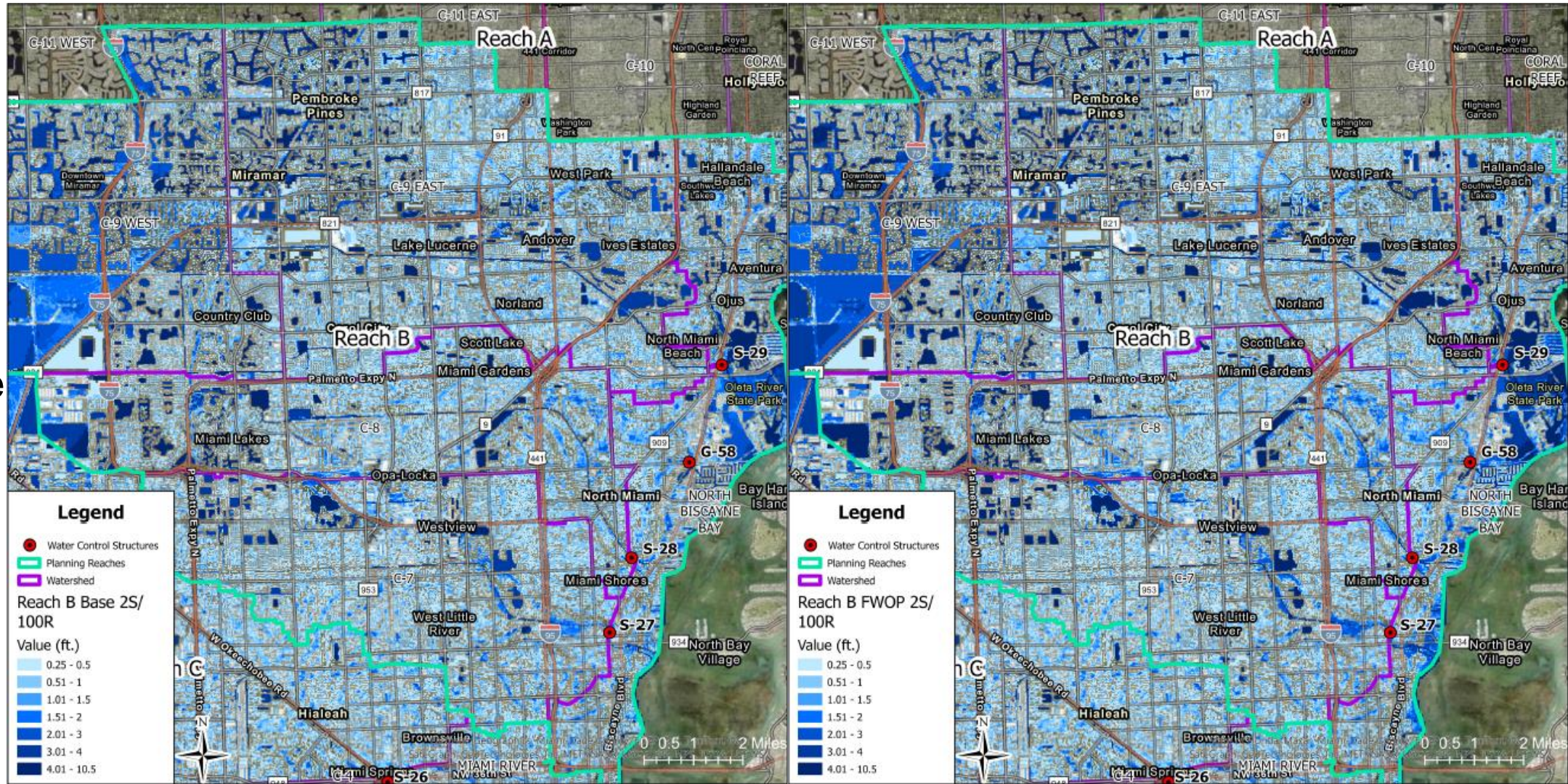
FWOP
Int SLR



MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 100-YEAR RAINFALL, 2-YEAR COASTAL

Base
Year

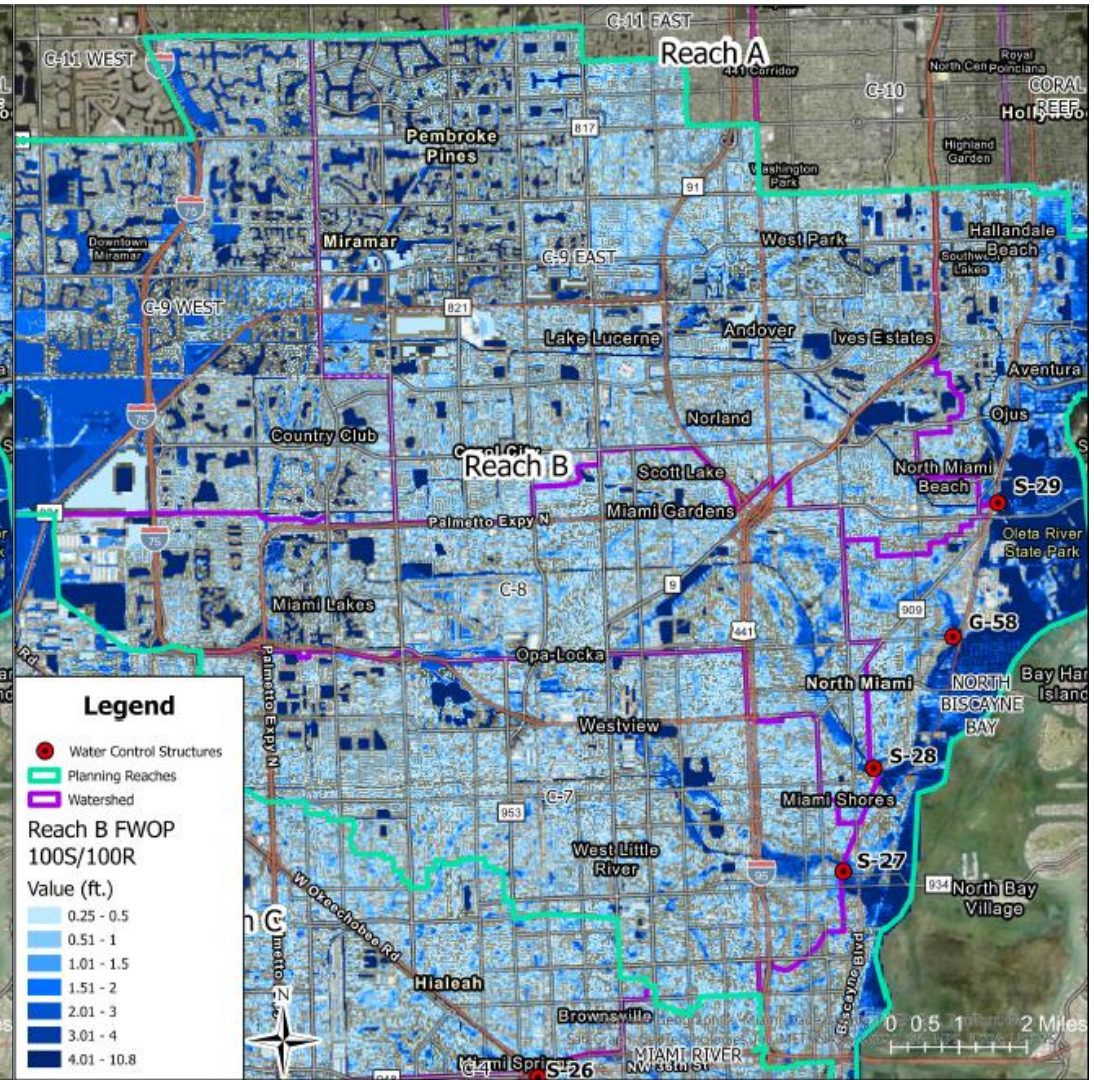
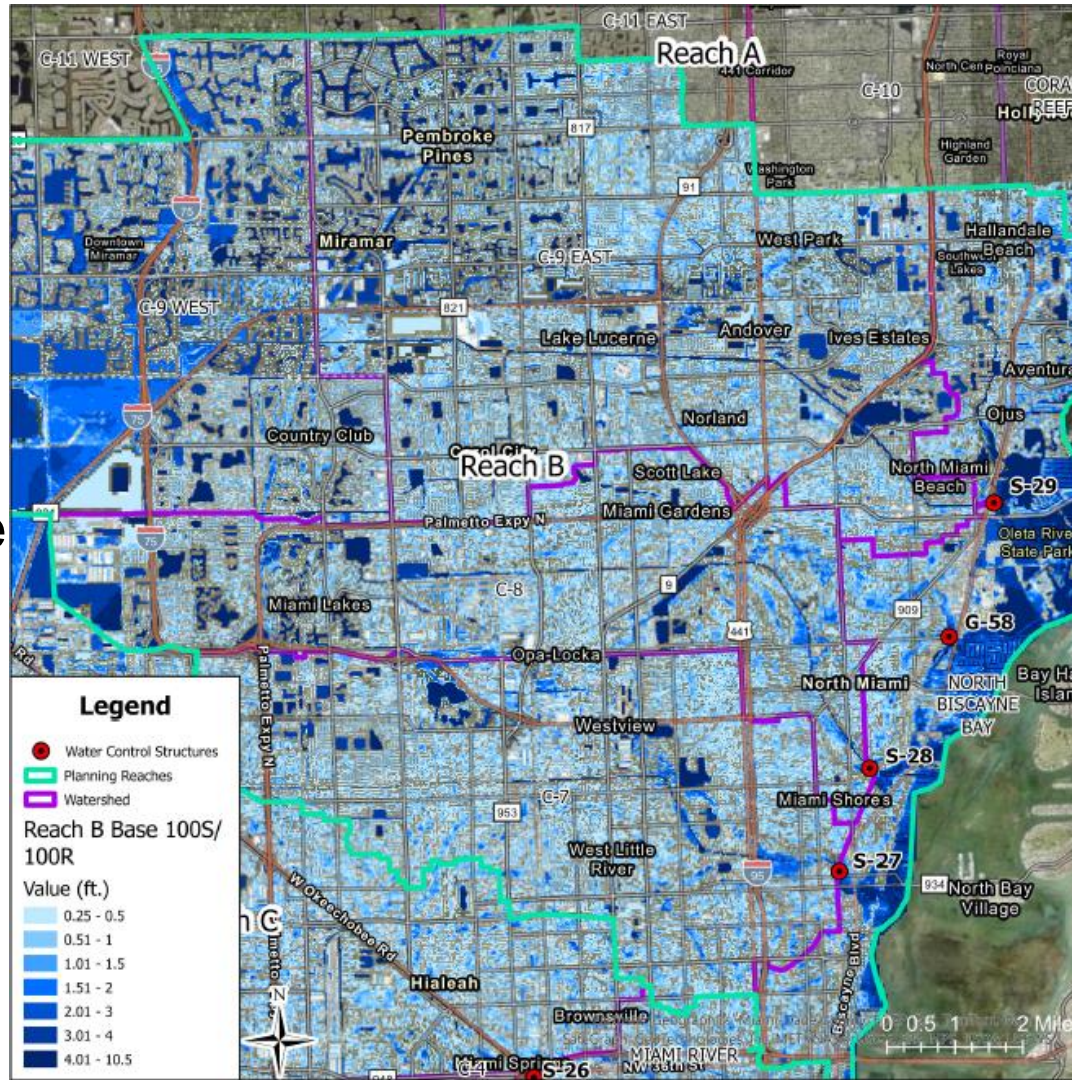
FWOP
Int SLR





MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 100-YEAR RAINFALL, 100-YEAR COASTAL

Base
Year



FWOP
Int SLR



REACH B

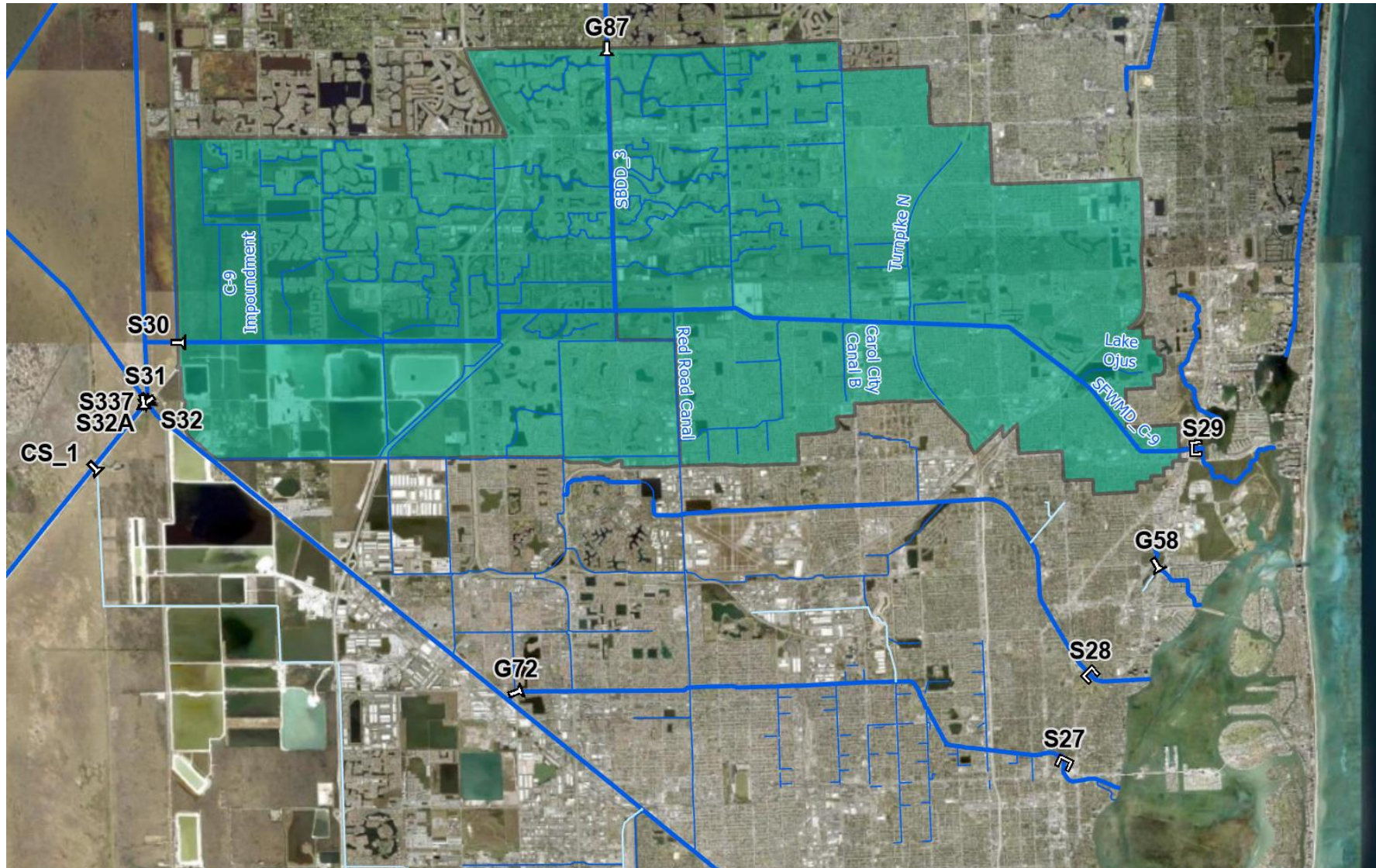


S-29, S-28, S-27 Coastal Structure Enhancements are included in ECB 2035 and FWOP 2085

- Forward Pump: a 500cfs forward pump is added that will convey flood waters to tide when downstream water elevations are too high to allow gravity flow. Current funding accommodates the completion and operation of the forward pump station with 500 cfs capacity.
- Water control structure gates were elevated +3 ft
- Tie Back Flood Barrier: a tie back flood barrier/salinity barrier was modeled to provide flood and storm surge protection and supporting the required function of the spillway gates and pump. The tie back levee was represented equal to the raised gate elevation.



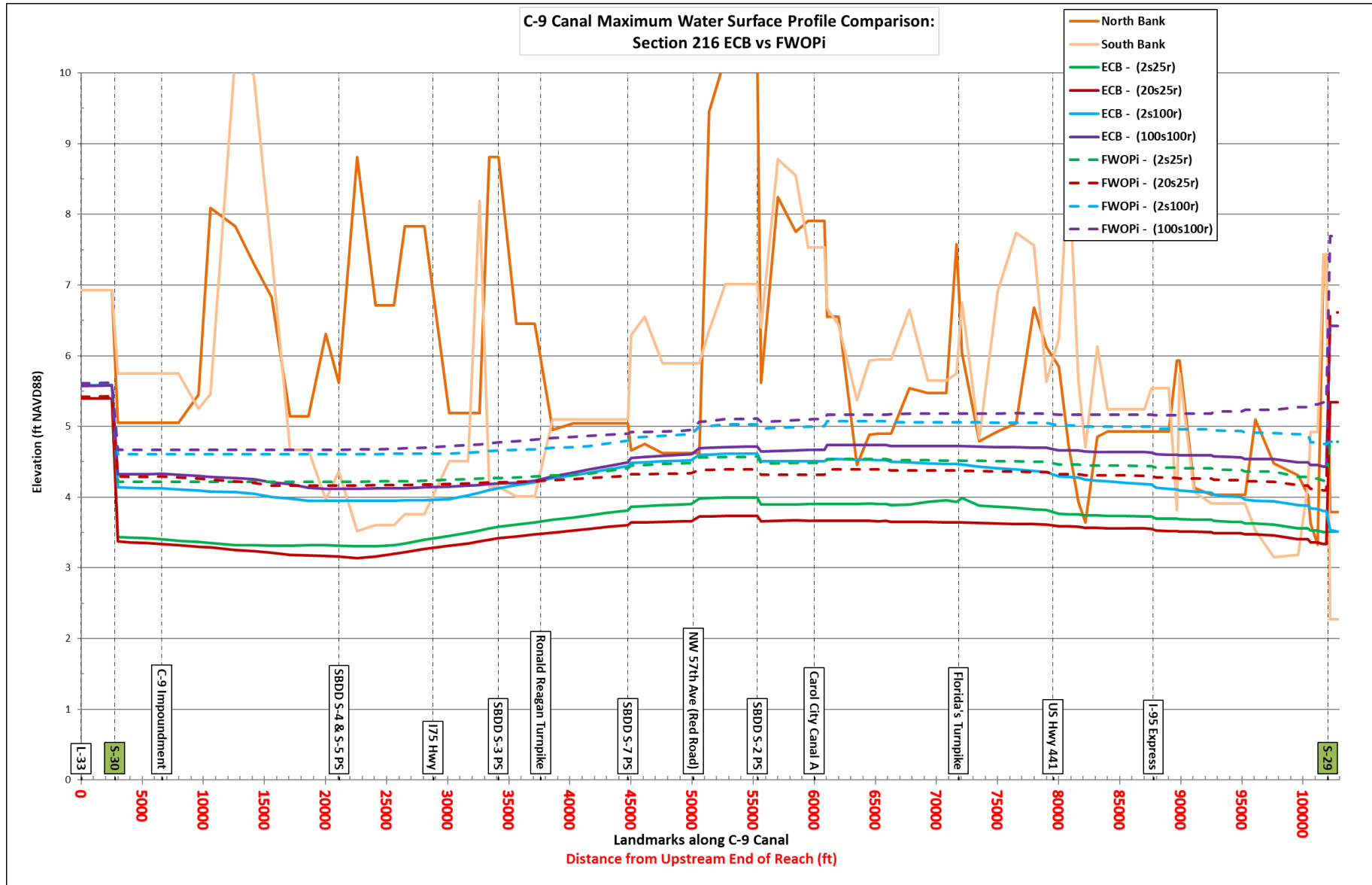
C-9 CANAL/ S29



Canal network for the C-9 Basin



MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE – C-9 ECB VS FWOPi





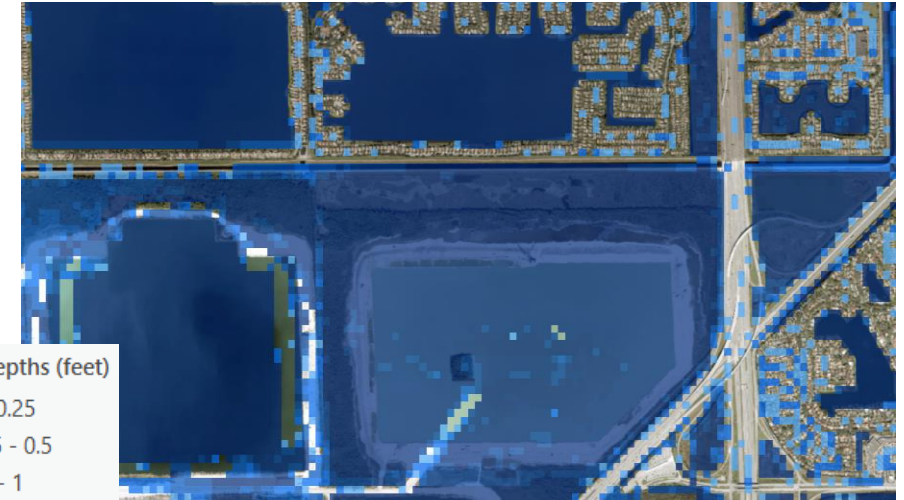
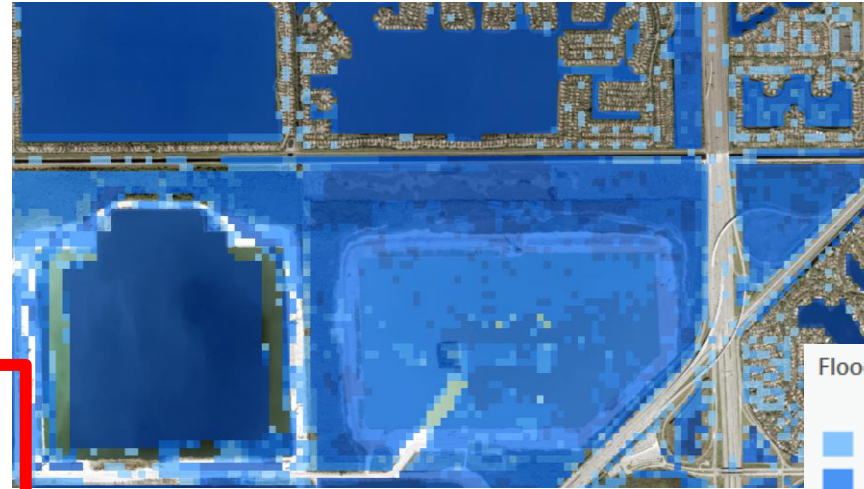
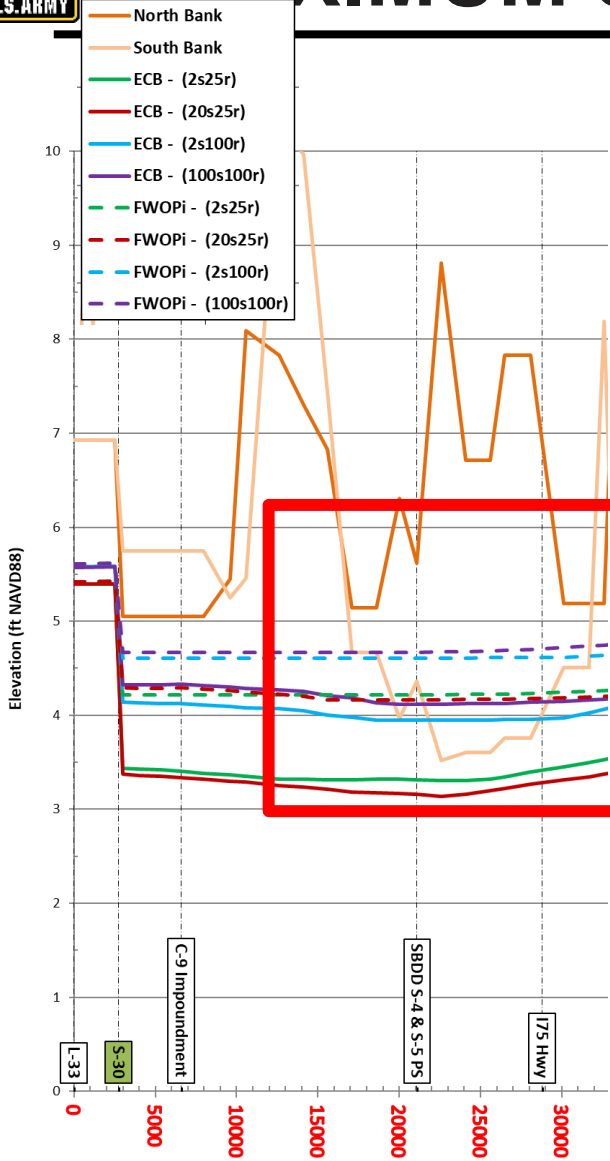
U.S. ARMY



MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE – C-9 ECB VS FWOPi

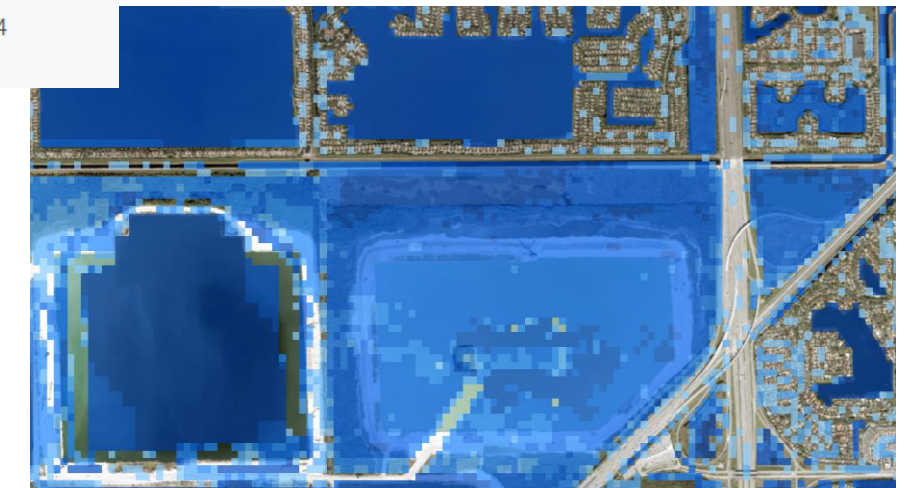
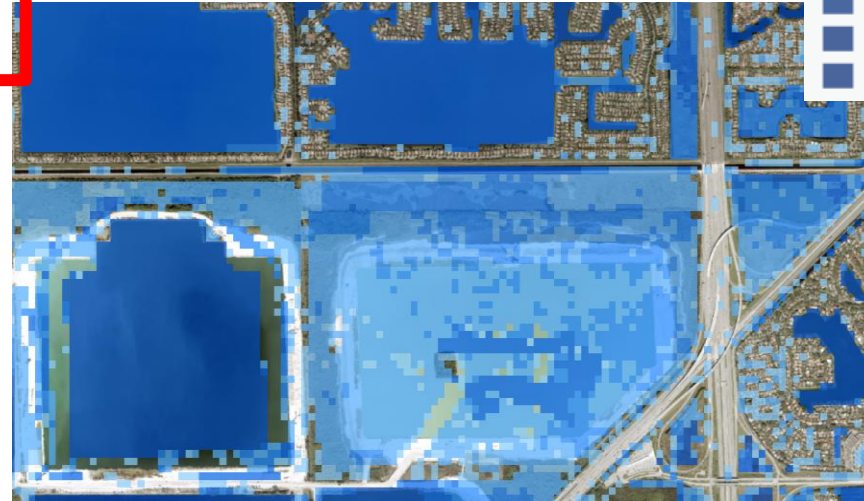
20S – 25R FWOPi

100S – 100R FWOPi



20S – 25R ECB

100S – 100R ECB





STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S29

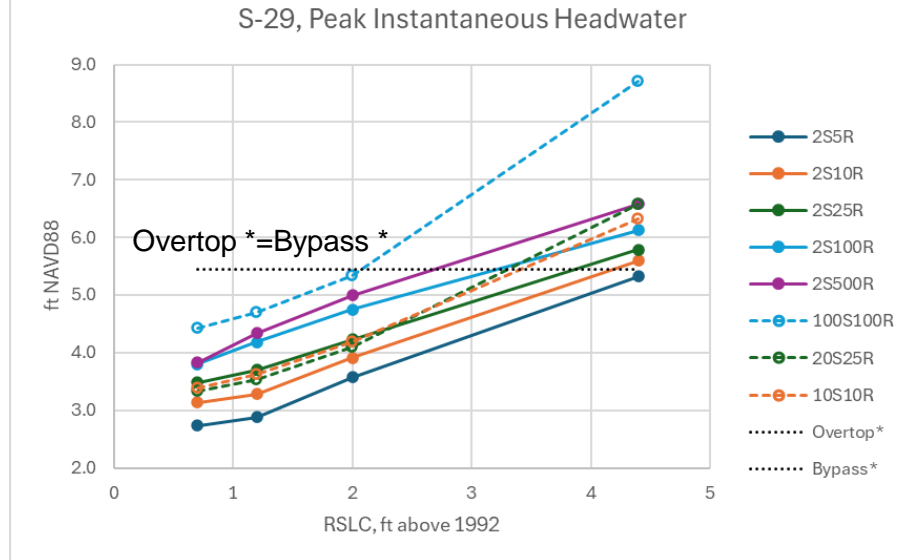
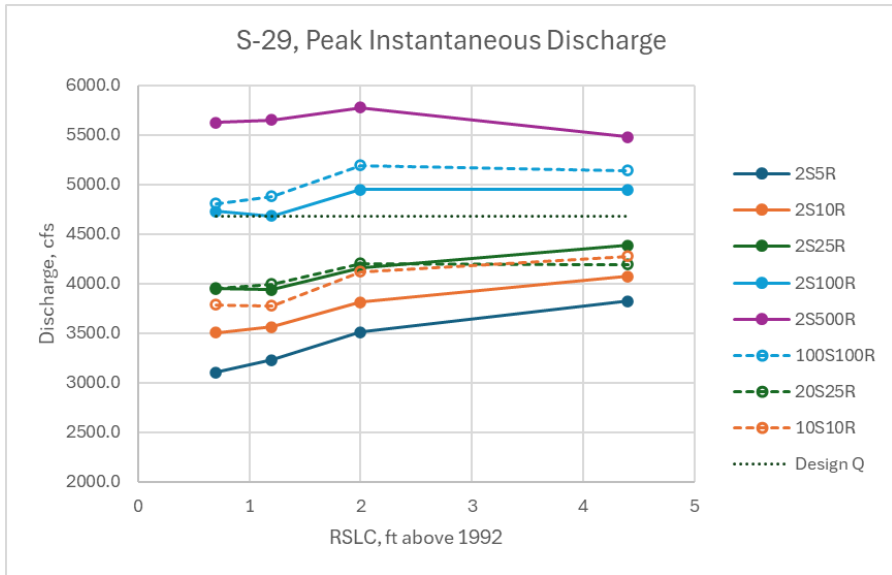
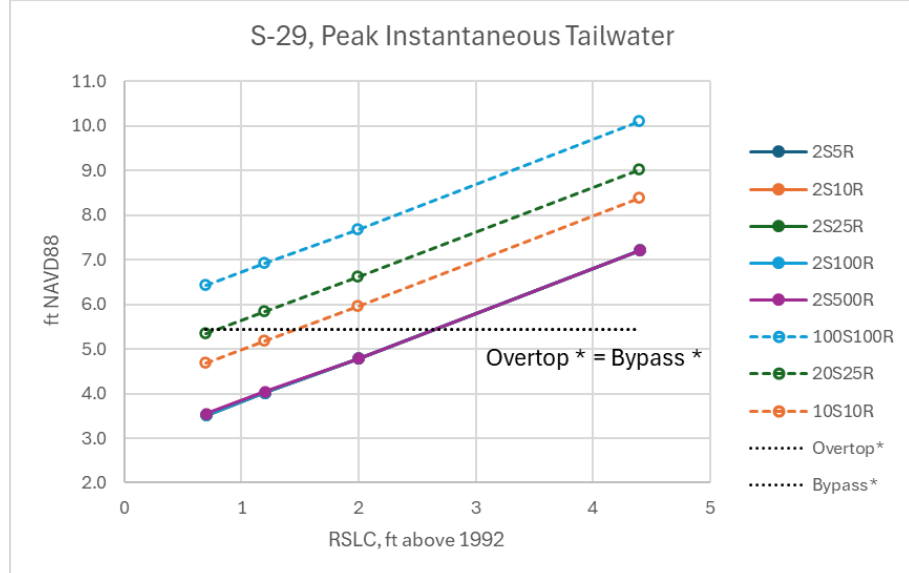


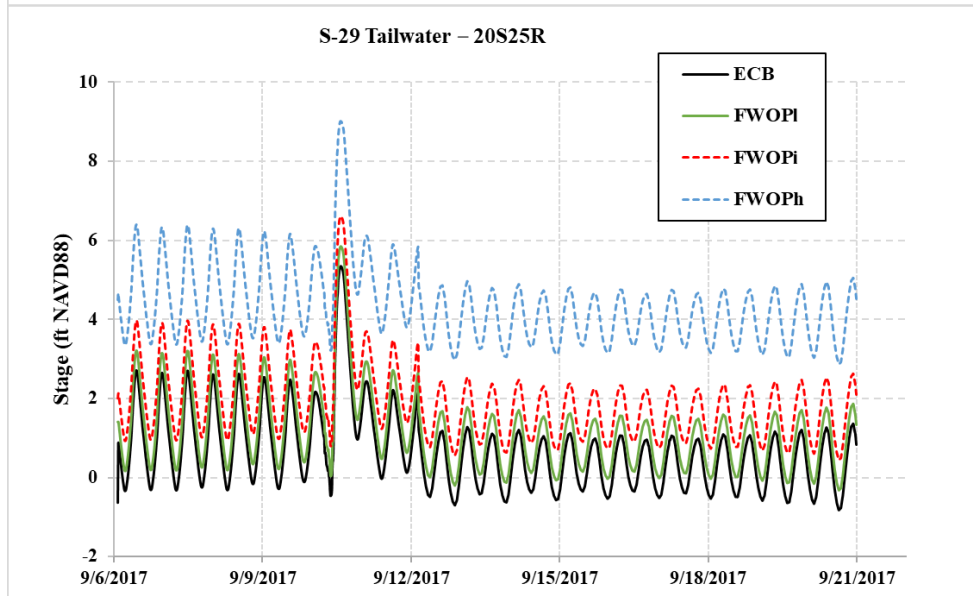
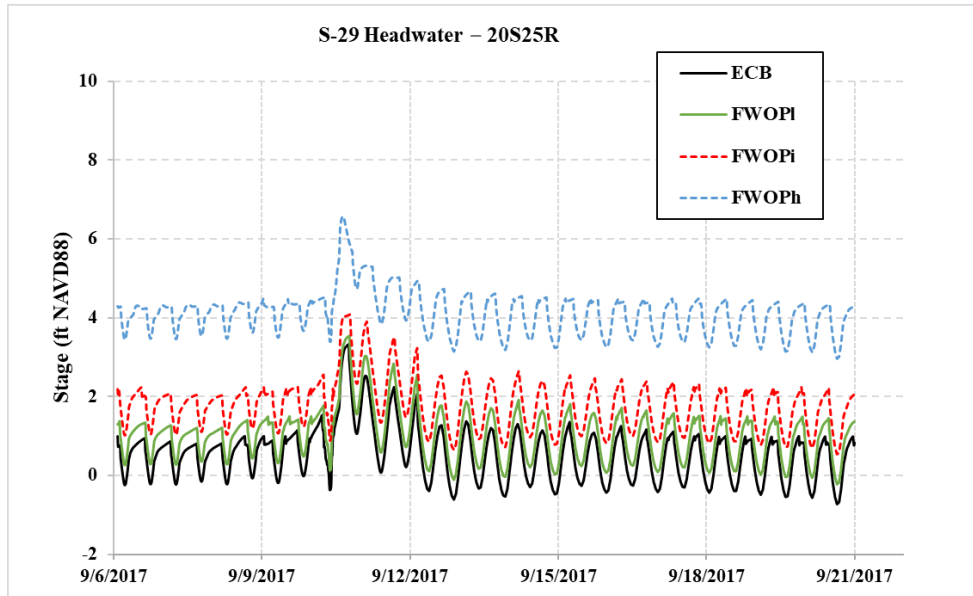
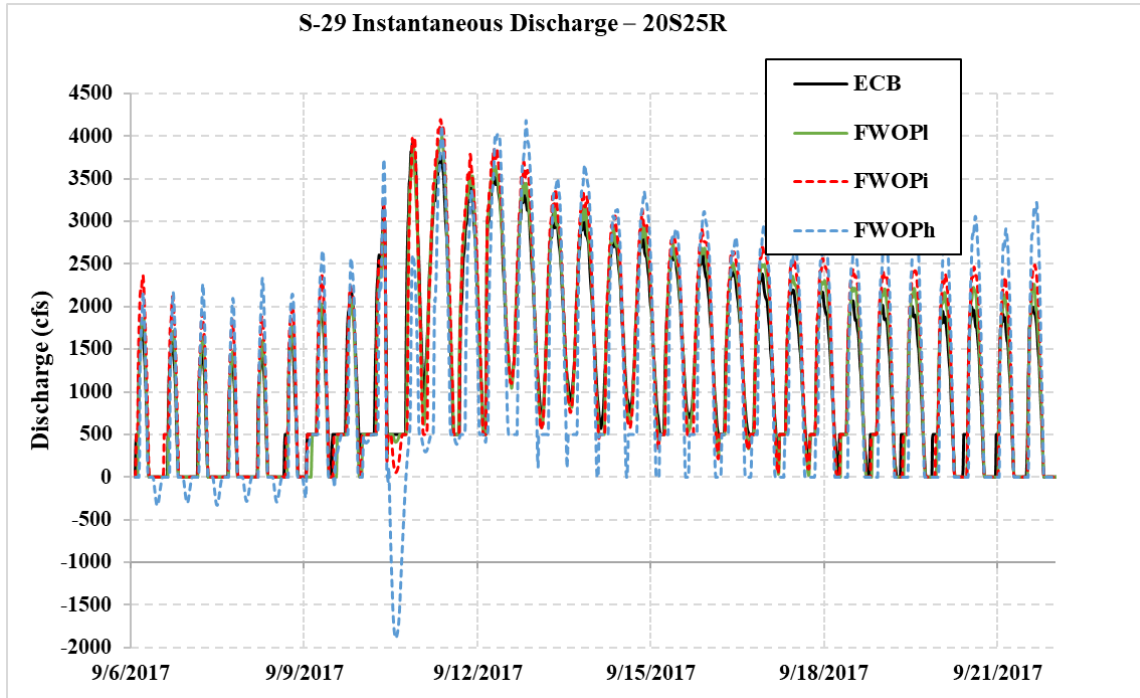
Figure 2: Aerial view of S-29 - Downstream view

* Gates and tieback flood barrier adds 3' to bypass and overtop elevation, which is reflected here



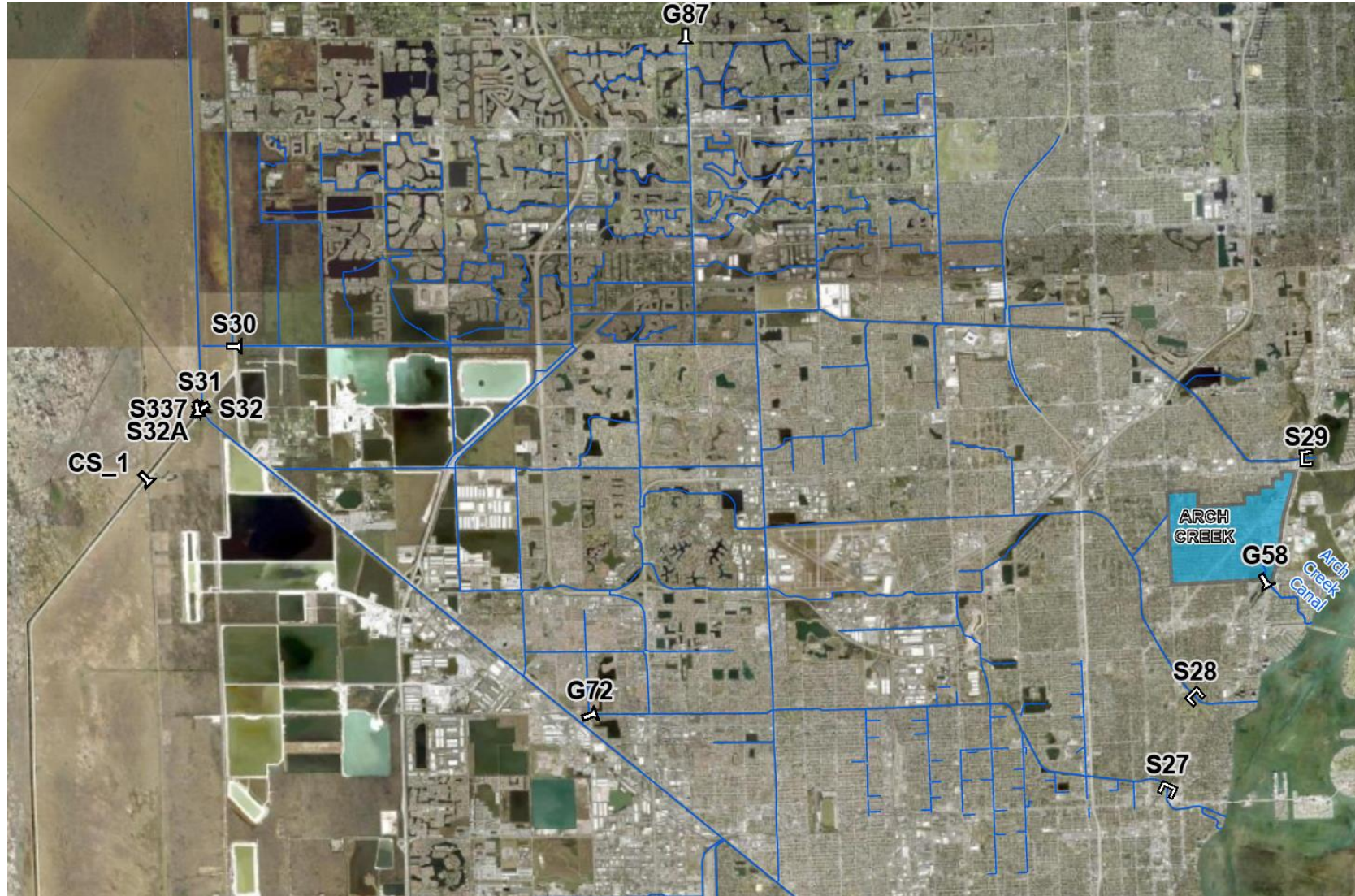


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S29





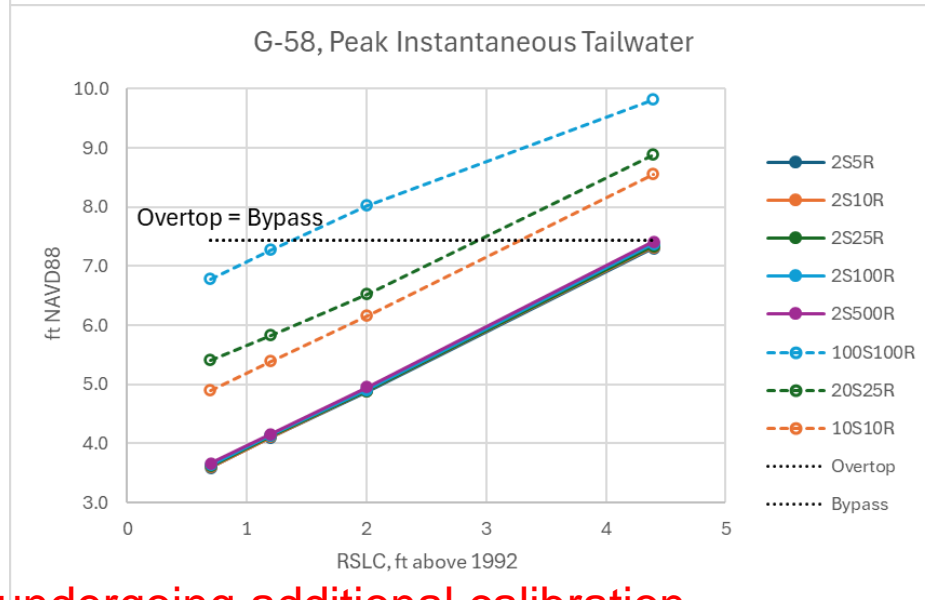
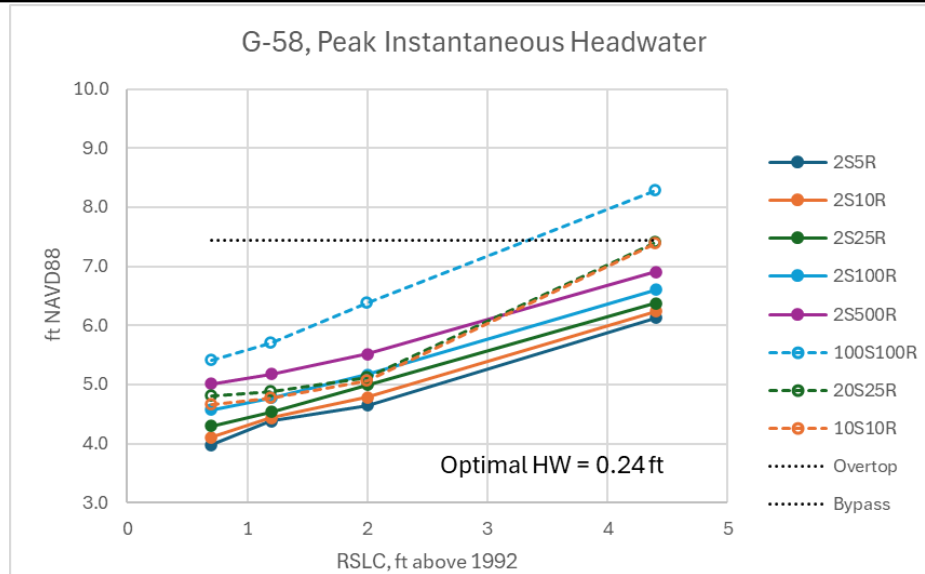
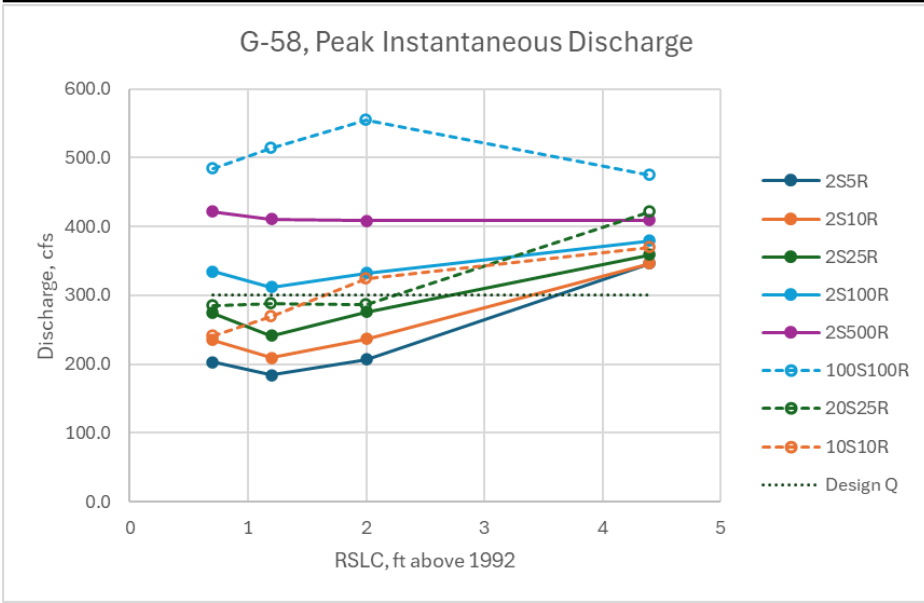
ARCH CREEK BASIN/ G58



Canal network for the Arch Creek Basin



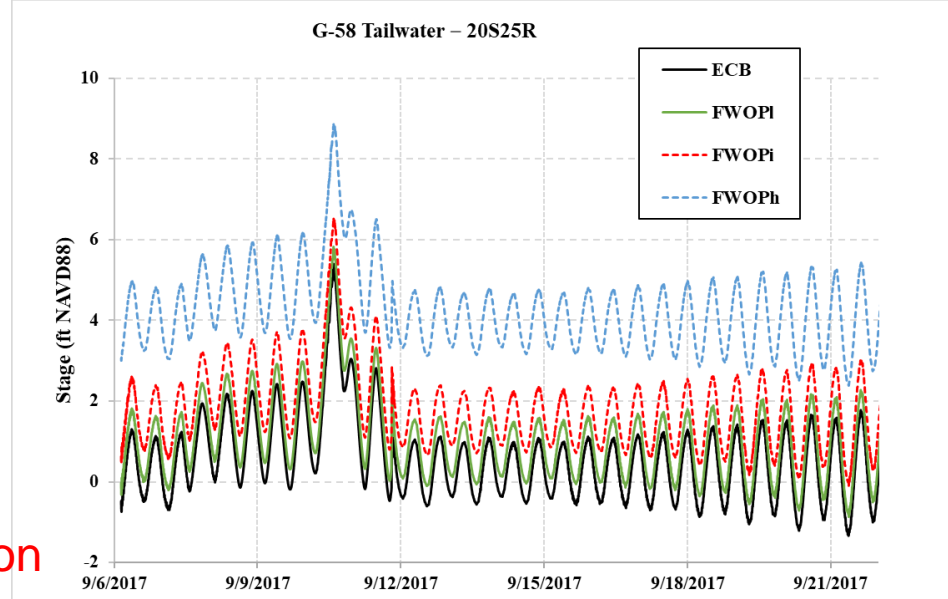
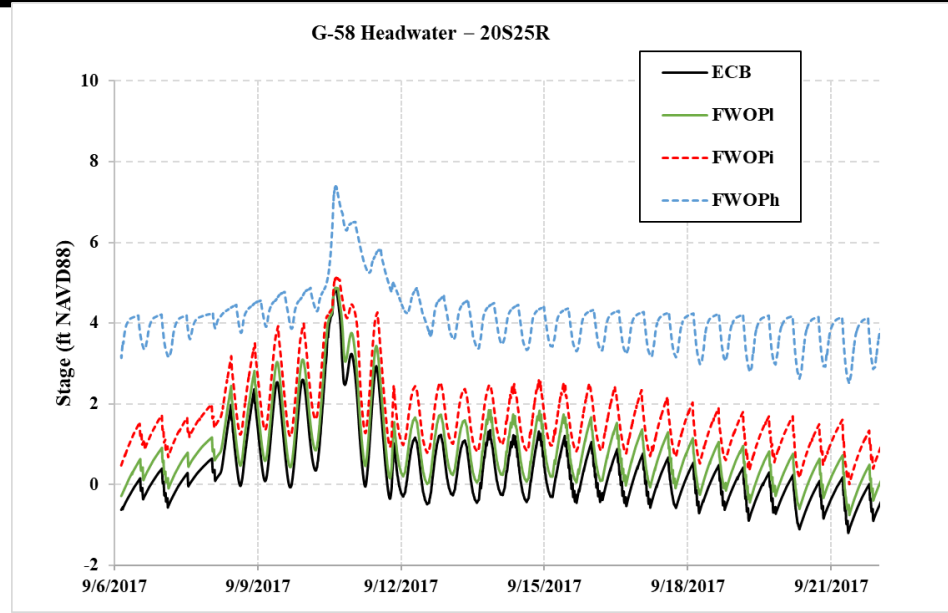
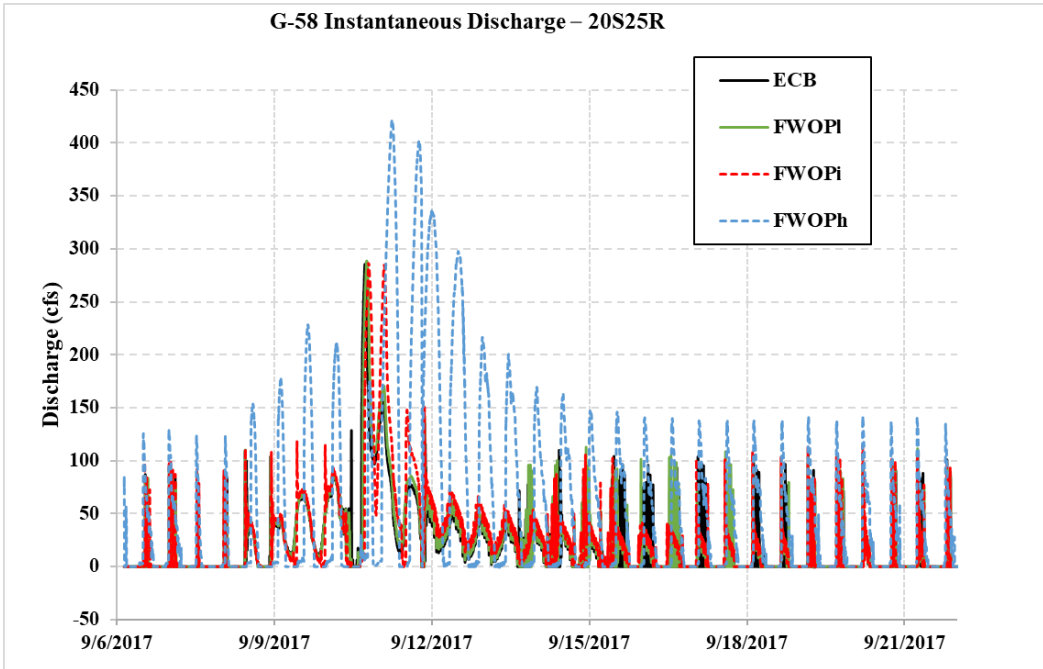
STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, G58



PRELIMINARY – undergoing additional calibration

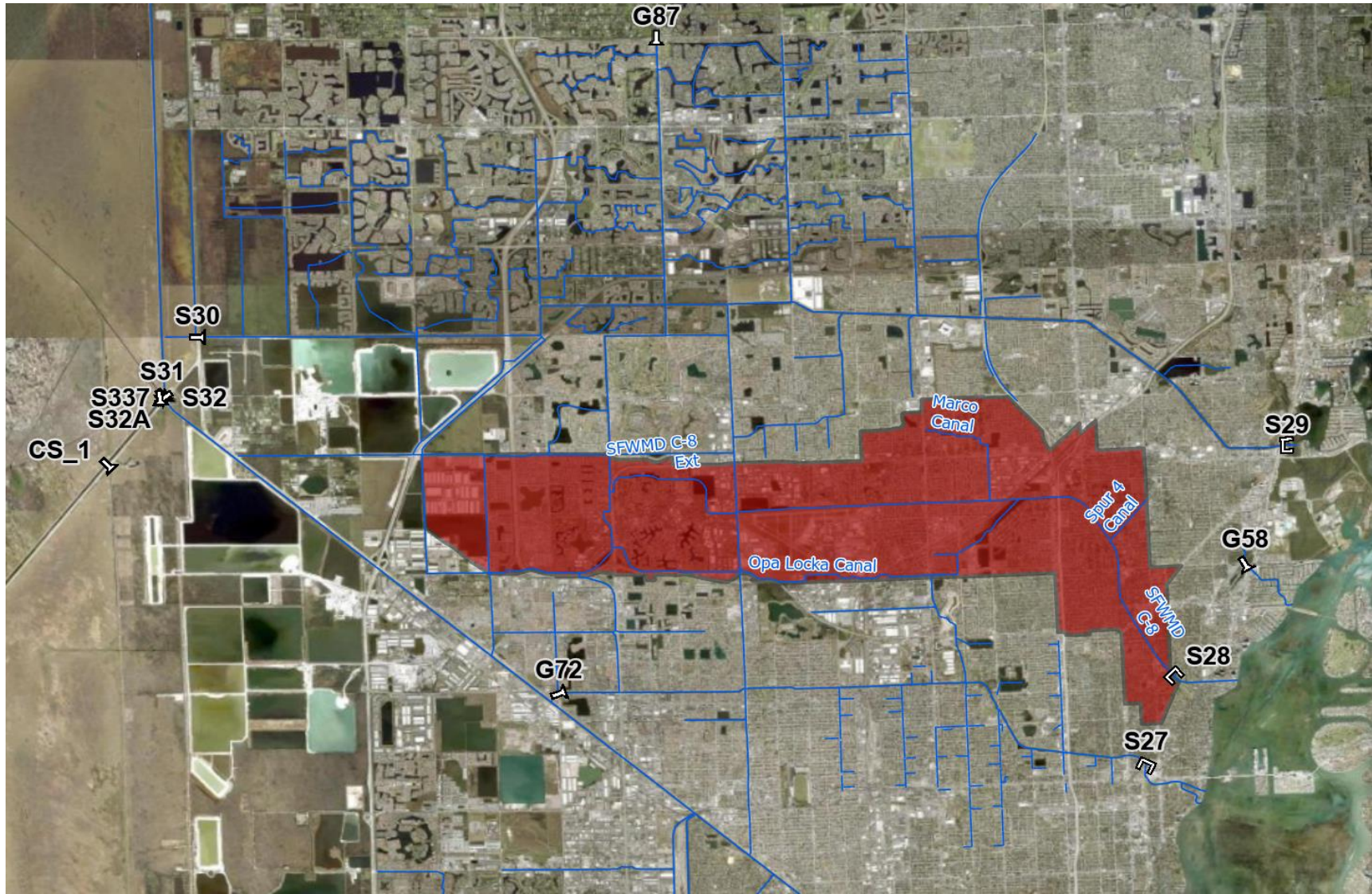


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, G58





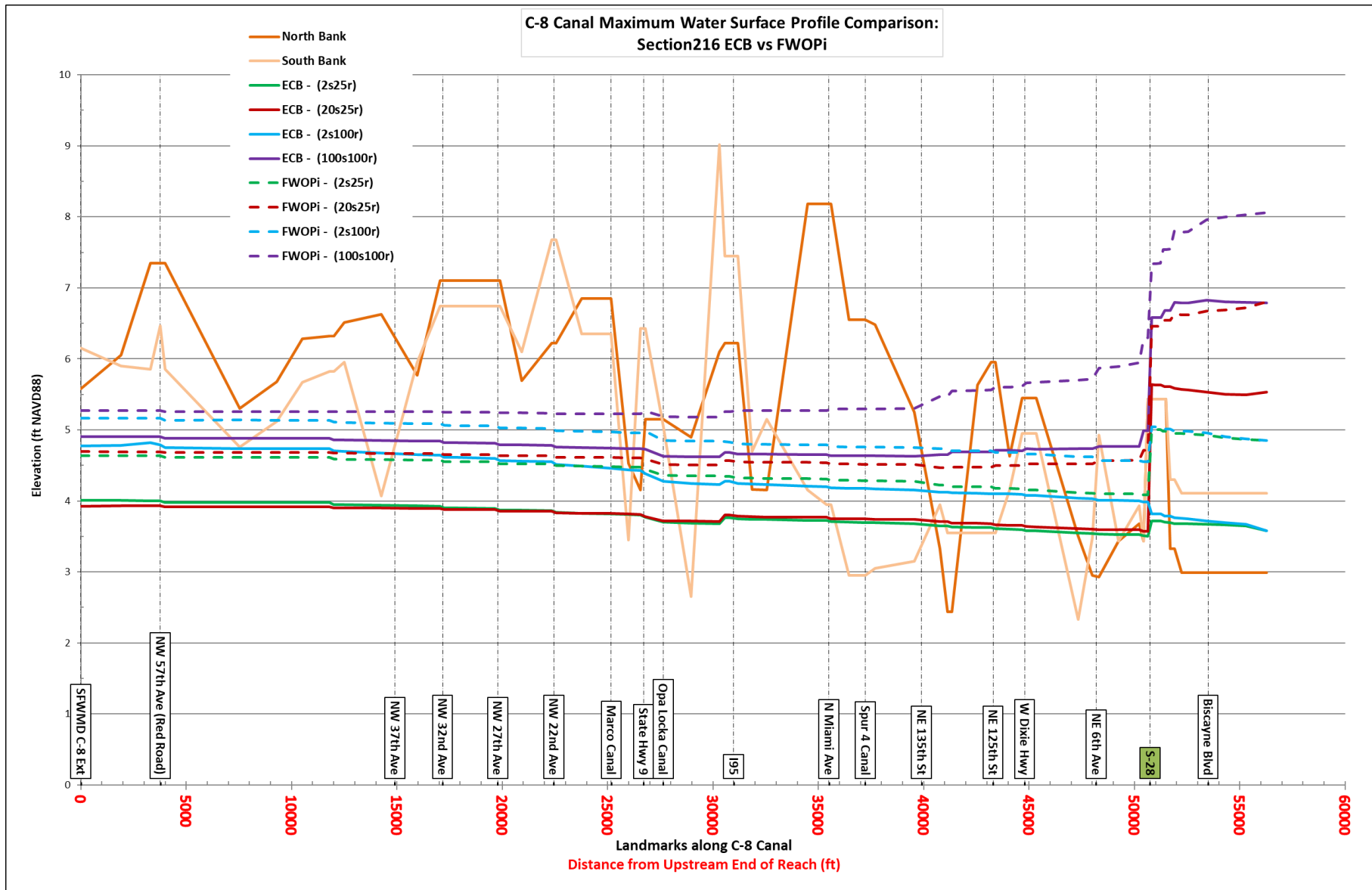
C-8 CANAL/ S28



Canal network for the C-8 Basin

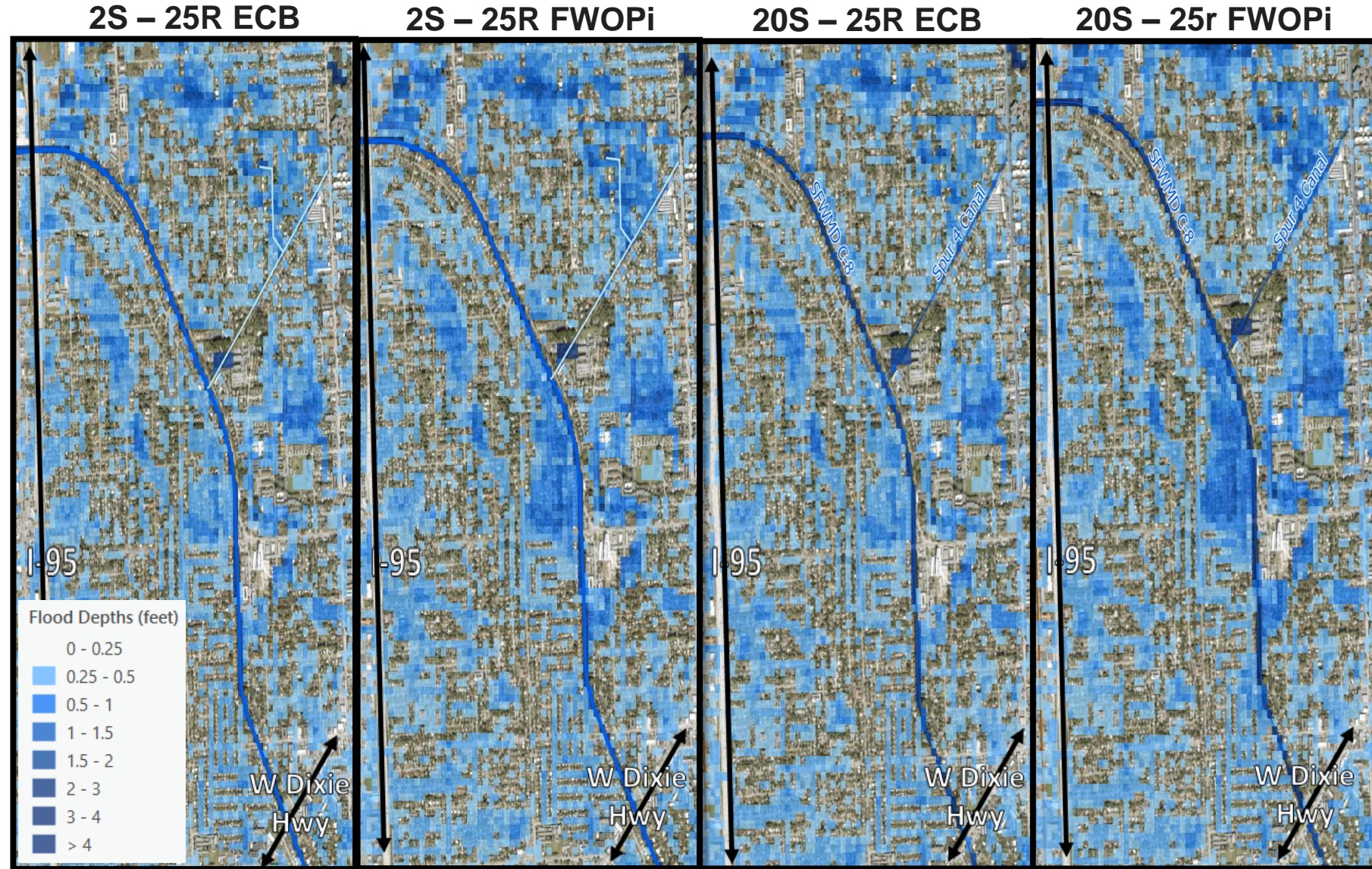
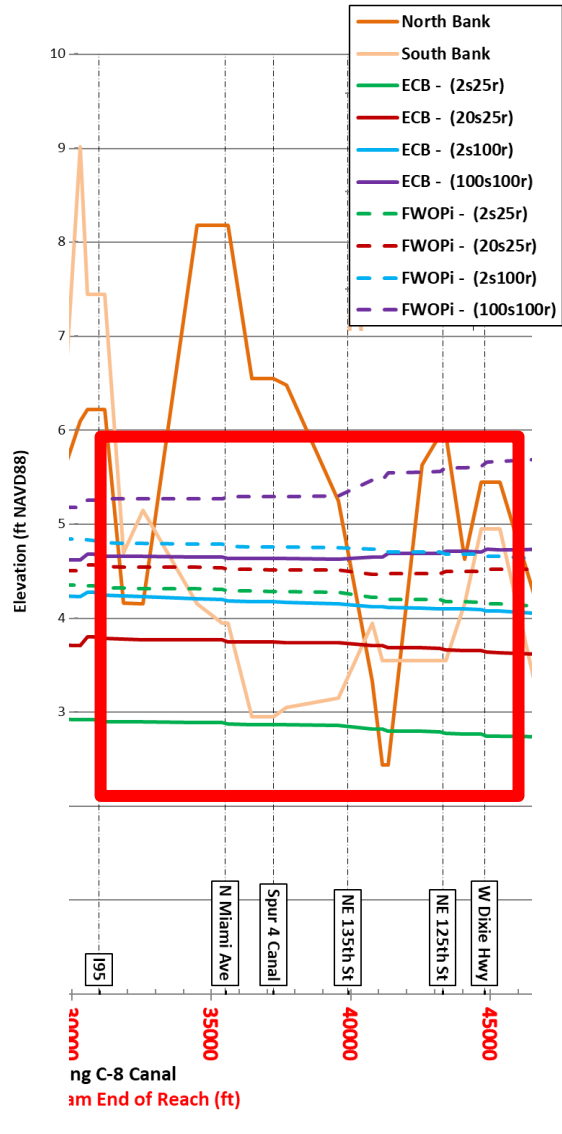


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE – C-8 ECB VS FWOP





MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE – C-8 ECB VS FWOPi





STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S28

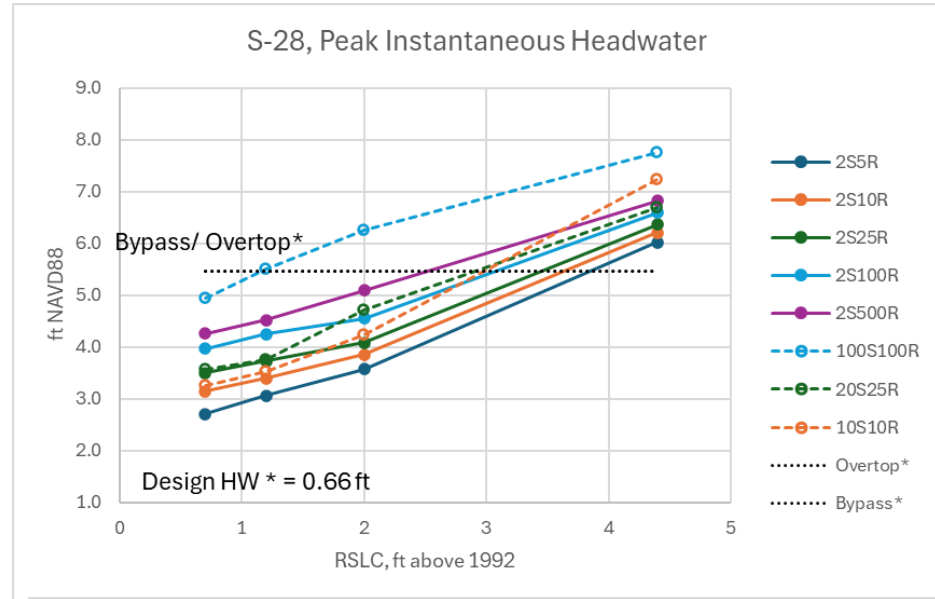
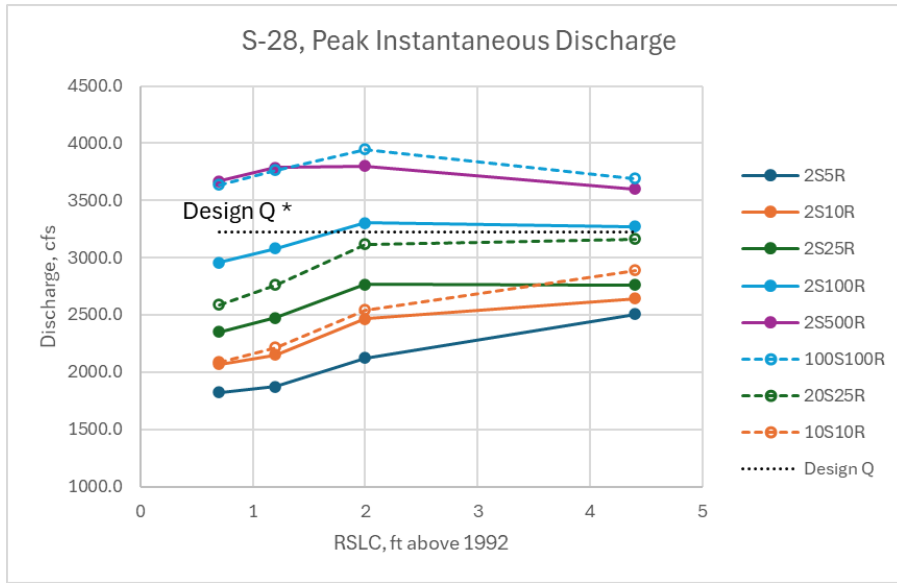
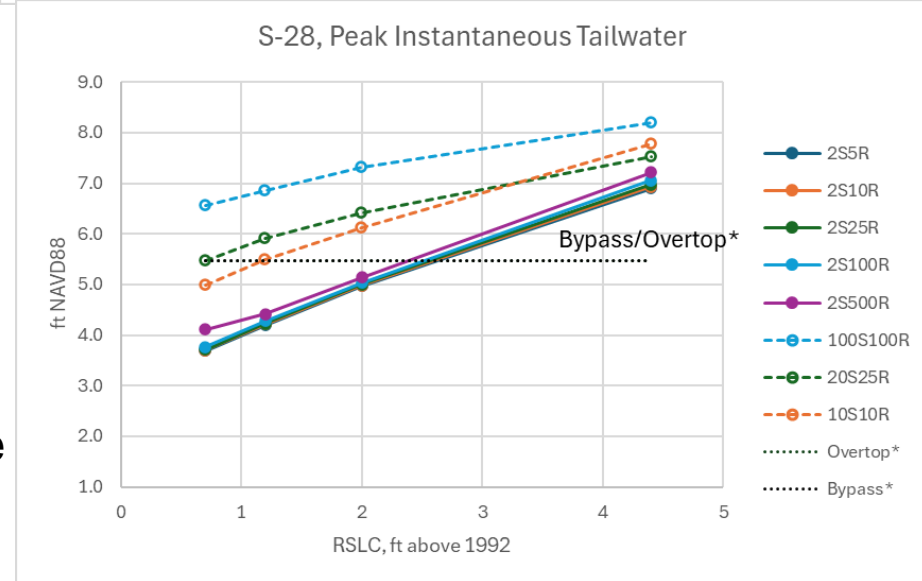


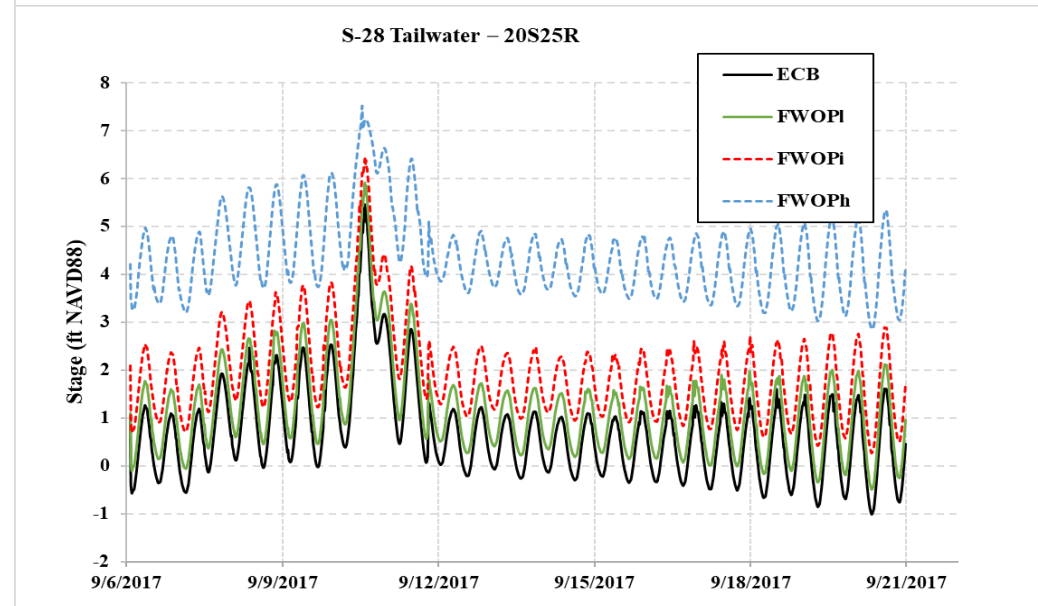
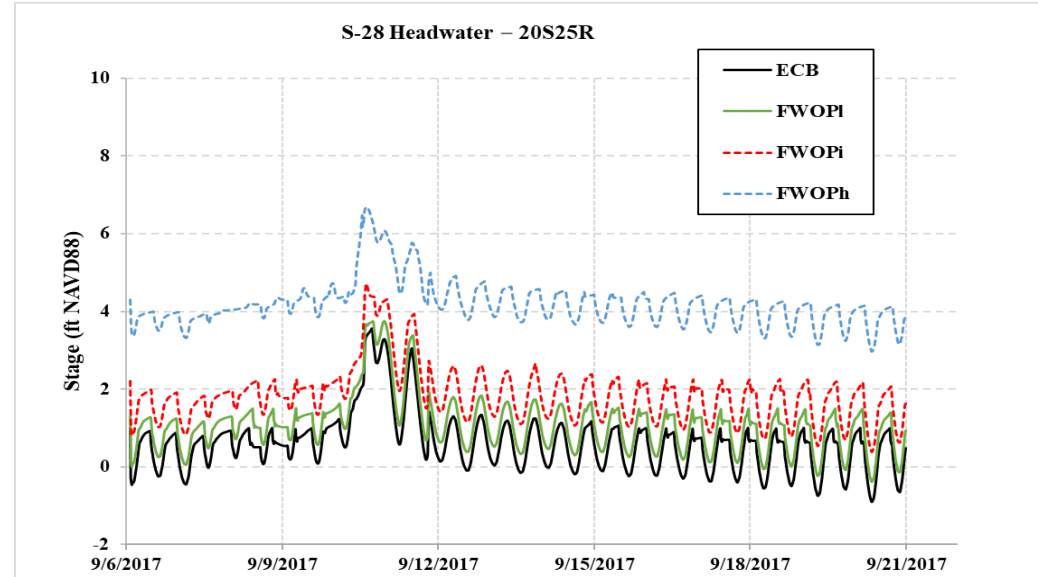
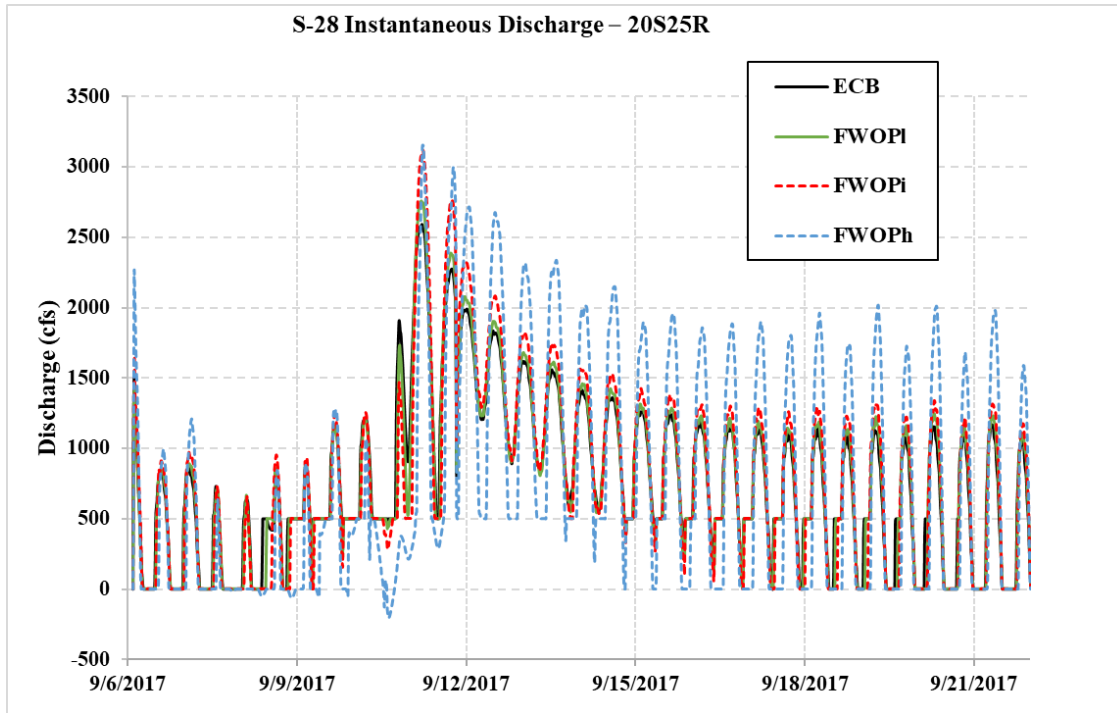
Figure 2: Upstream of the S-28

* Gates and tieback flood barrier adds 3' to bypass and overtop which is reflected here



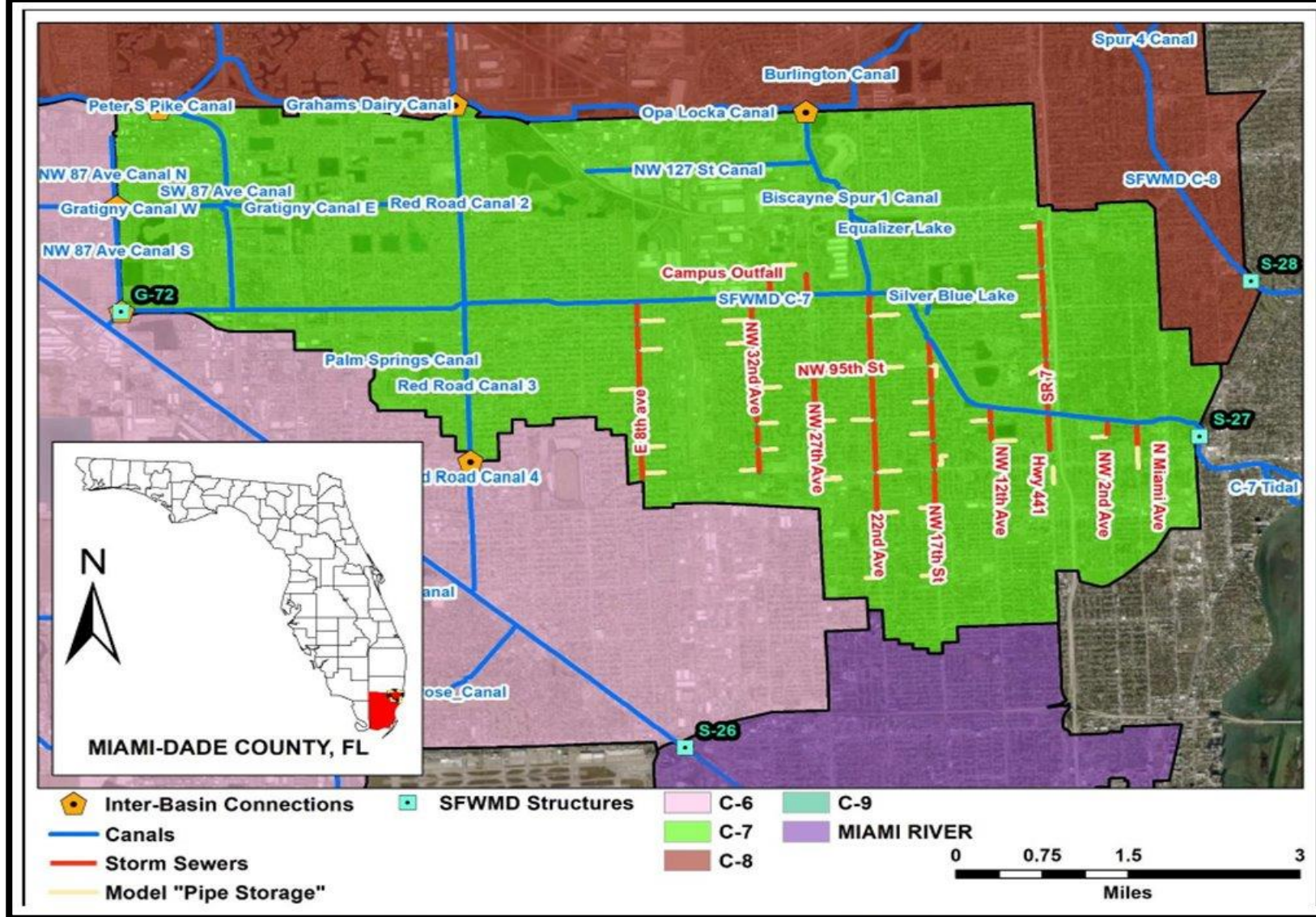


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S28



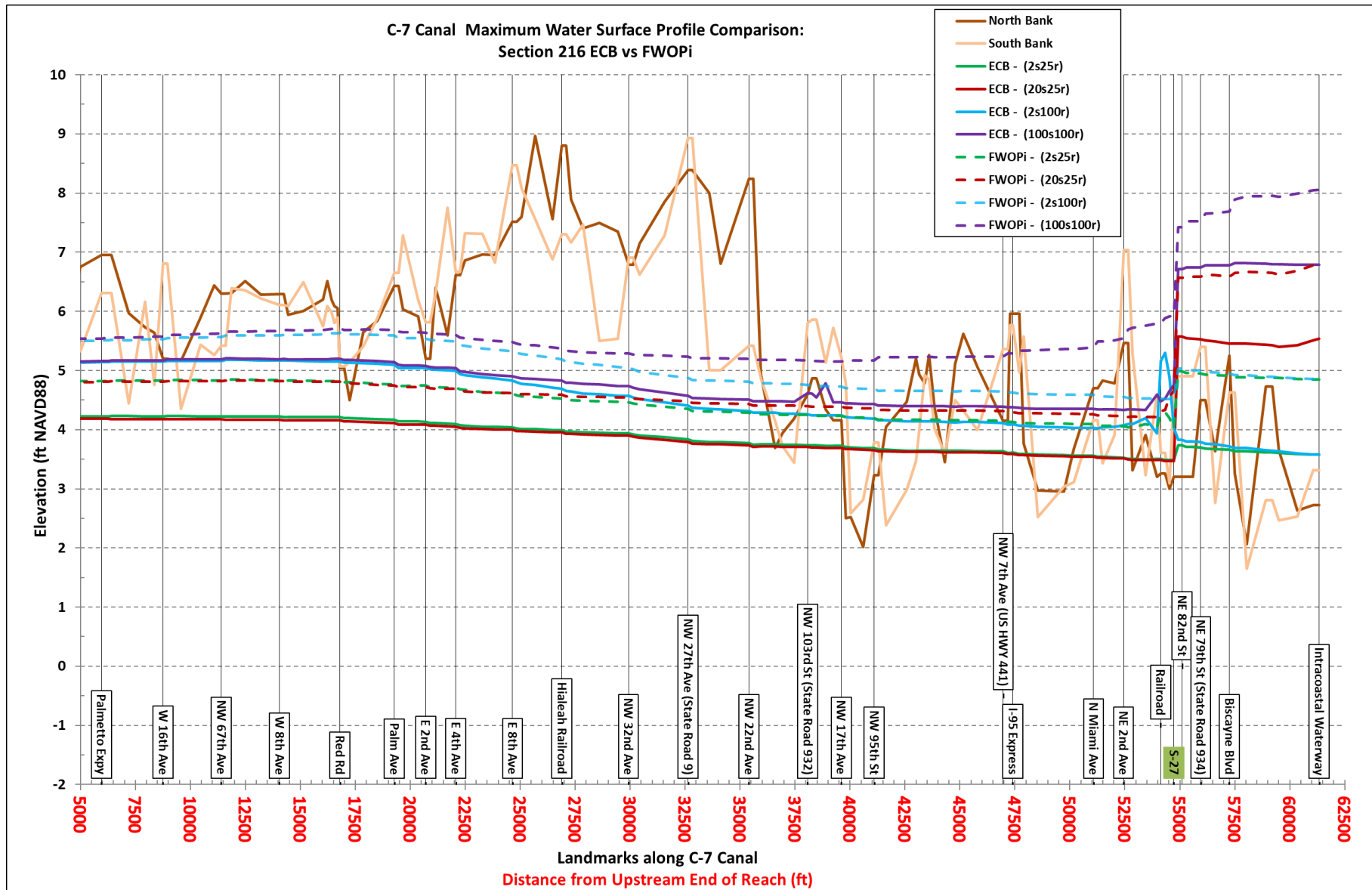


C-7 CANAL/ S27



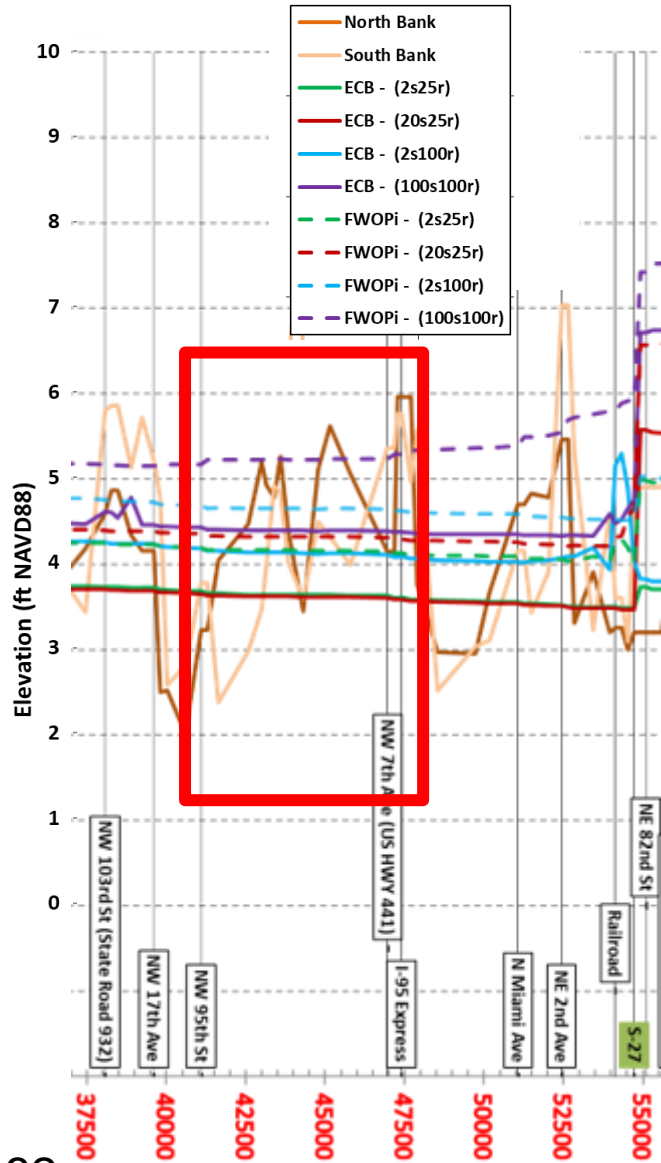


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE – C-7 ECB VS FWOP

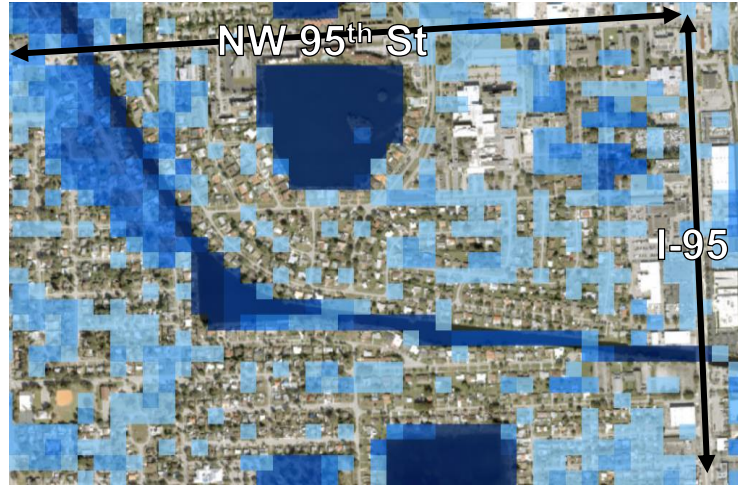




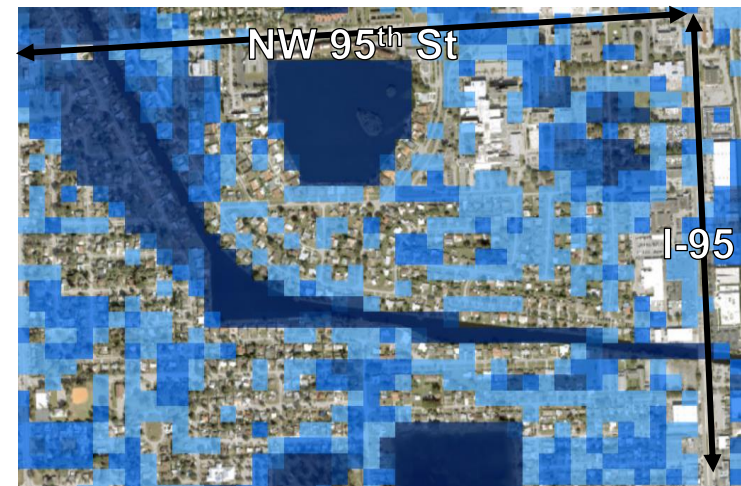
MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE – C-7 ECB VS FWOPi



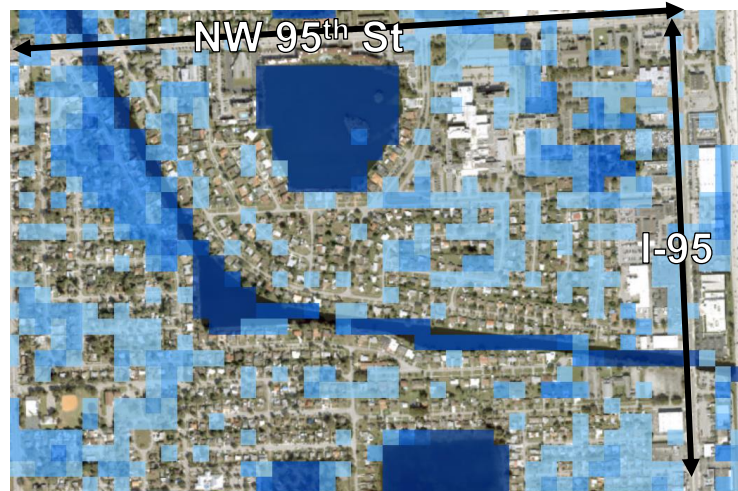
20S – 25R FWOPi



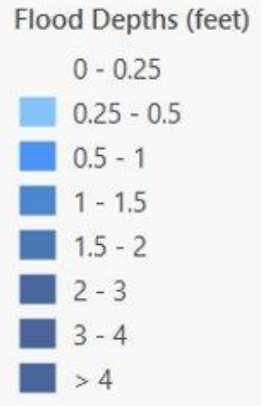
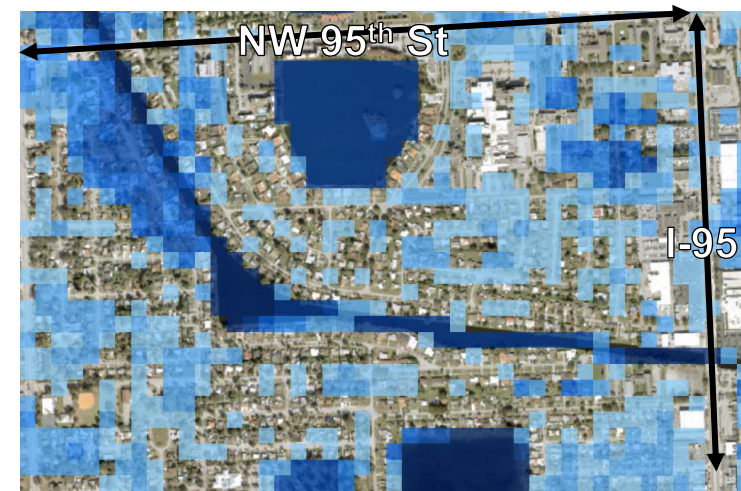
100S – 100R FWOPi



20S – 25R ECB

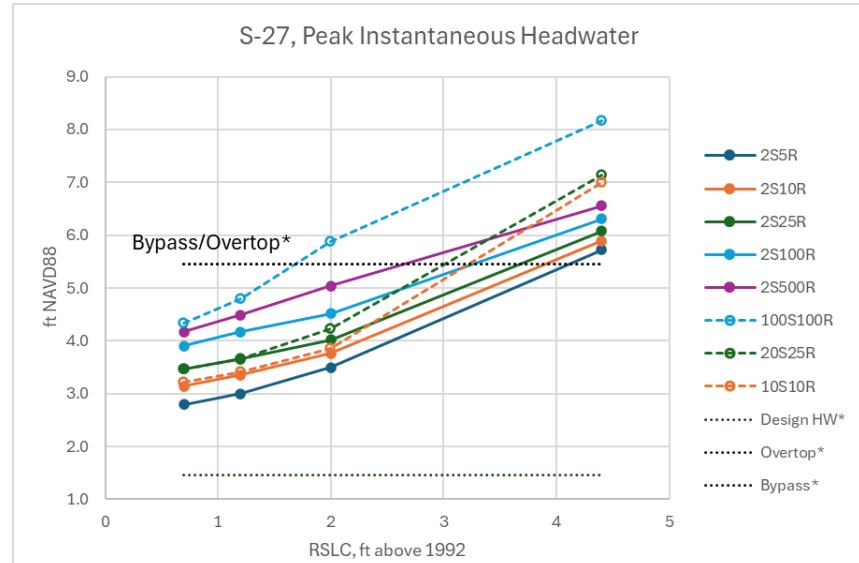
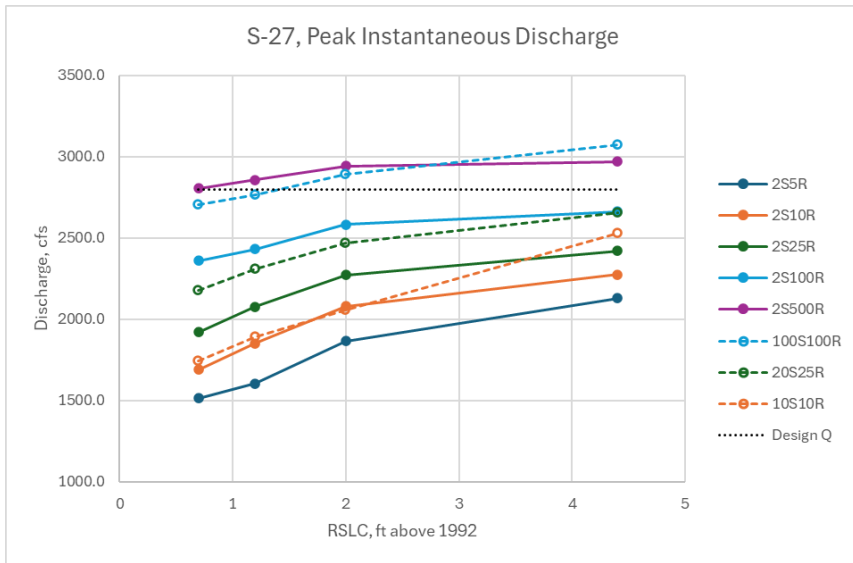


100S – 100R ECB





STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S27



* Gates and tieback flood barrier adds 3' to bypass and overtop which is shown here

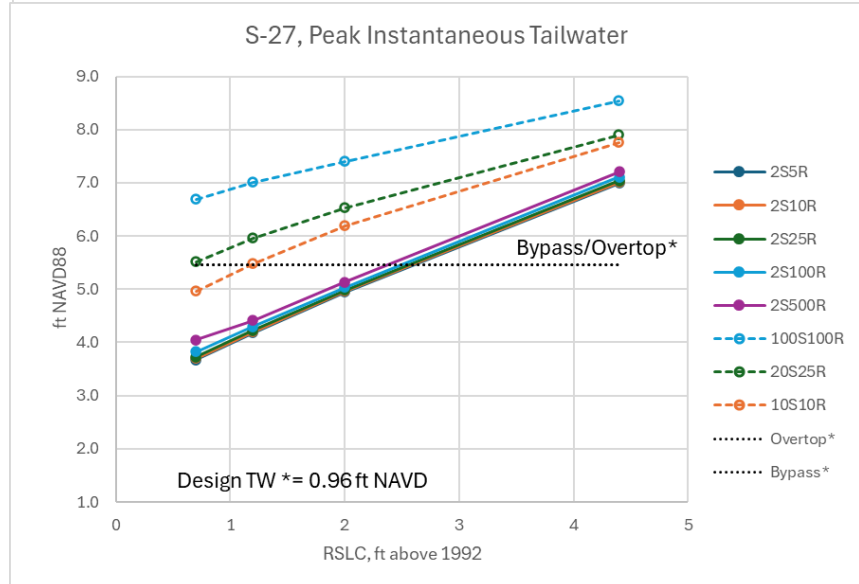
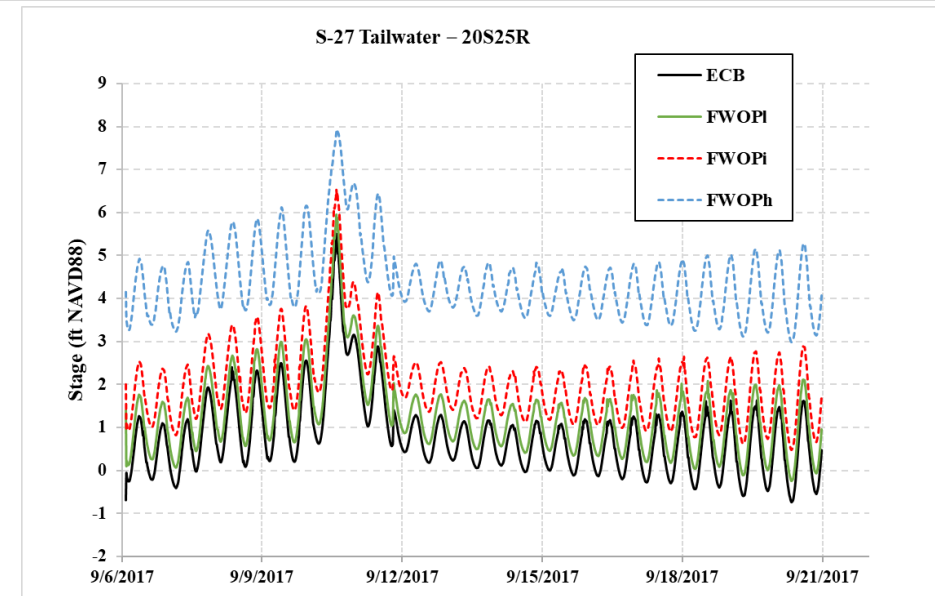
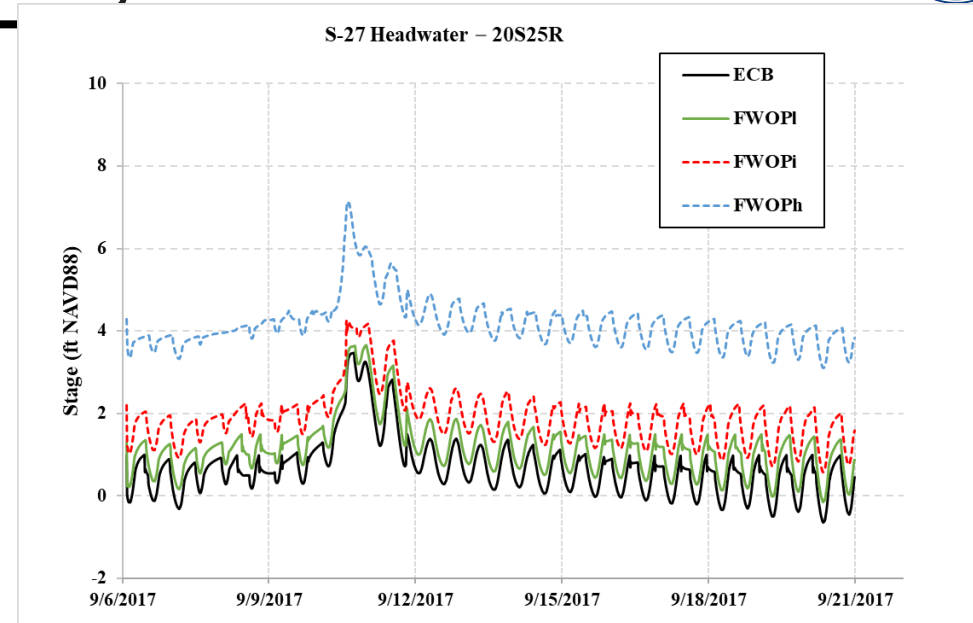
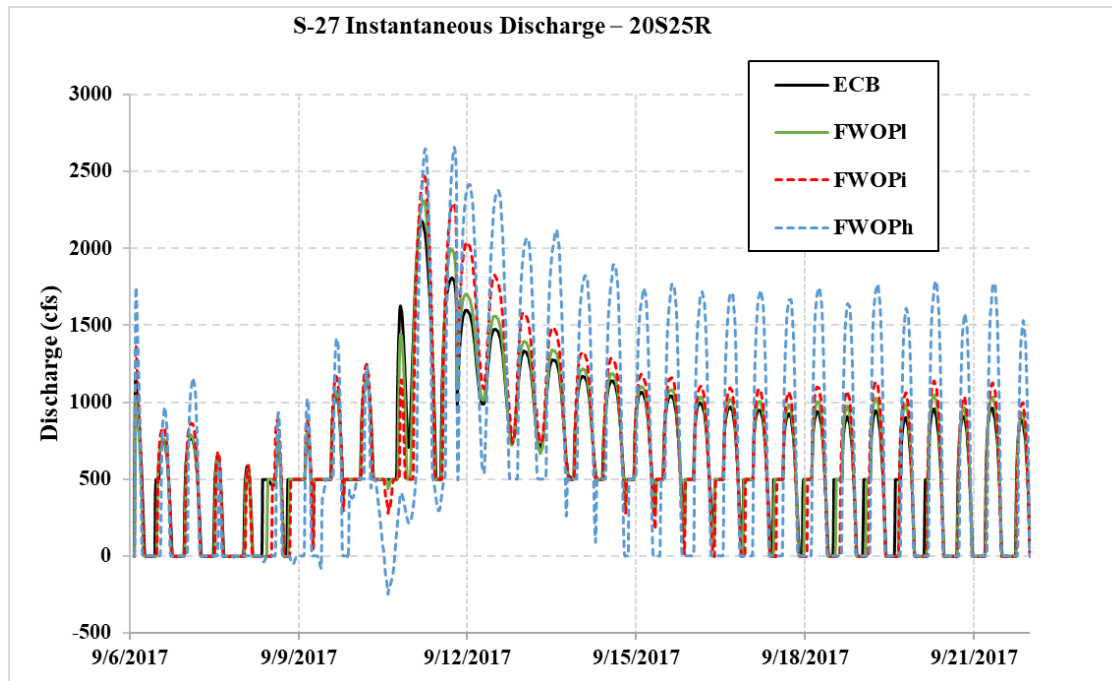


Figure 2: Aerial view of S-27 (looking upstream)



STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S27





REACH B - Q&A



- Please **use the Q&A function** to submit questions OR **use the 'raise hand' function** at the bottom of your screen and we call on you to unmute.
- You are welcome to **submit follow up questions and additional comments** after the webinar via email to CSFFRSComments@usace.army.mil.
- Please take a moment to complete the **H&H Model Output Survey** at the provided link: <https://forms.office.com/g/gkvZBCnCP3>



8. REACH C

Presenter: Amanda Bredesen, P.E., H&H Model Subteam Lead, USACE
Carol Ballard, P.E. CFM, H&H Model Subteam Lead, SFWMD

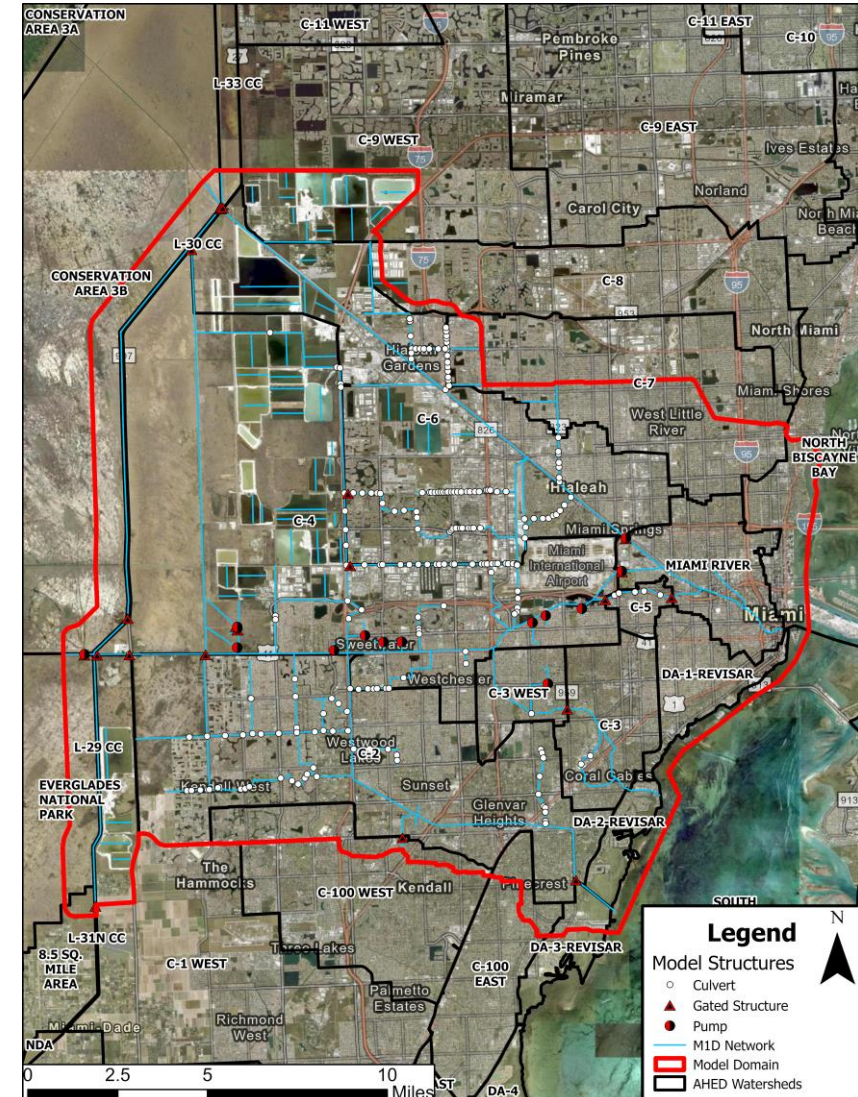
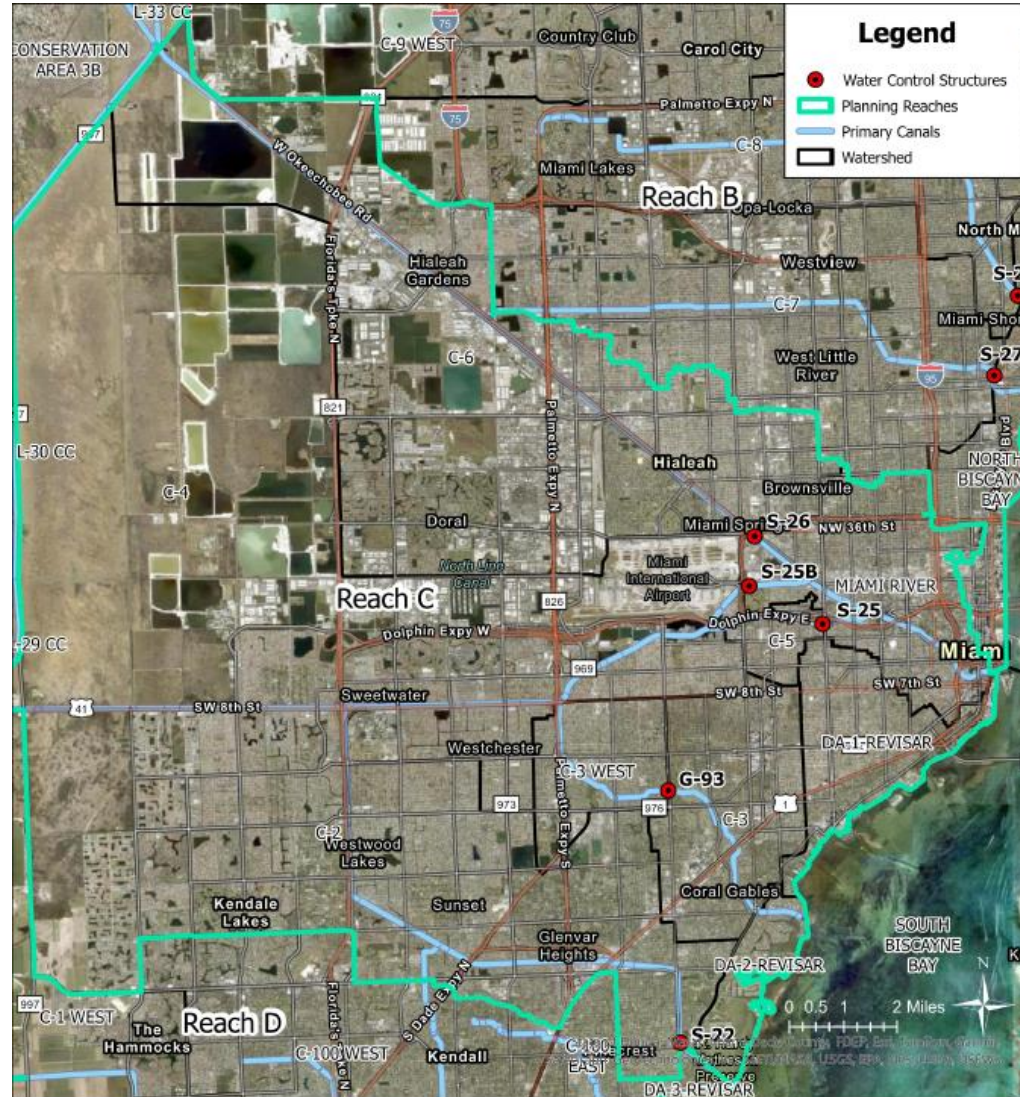
Modelers: Laura Vogel, PhD., P.E., Lead Modeler, Chen Moore Associates
Justin Tagle, P.E., Modeler, Chen Moore Associates
Ruben Arteaga, PhD., P.E., Technical Lead, SFWMD



PLANNING REACH OVERVIEW

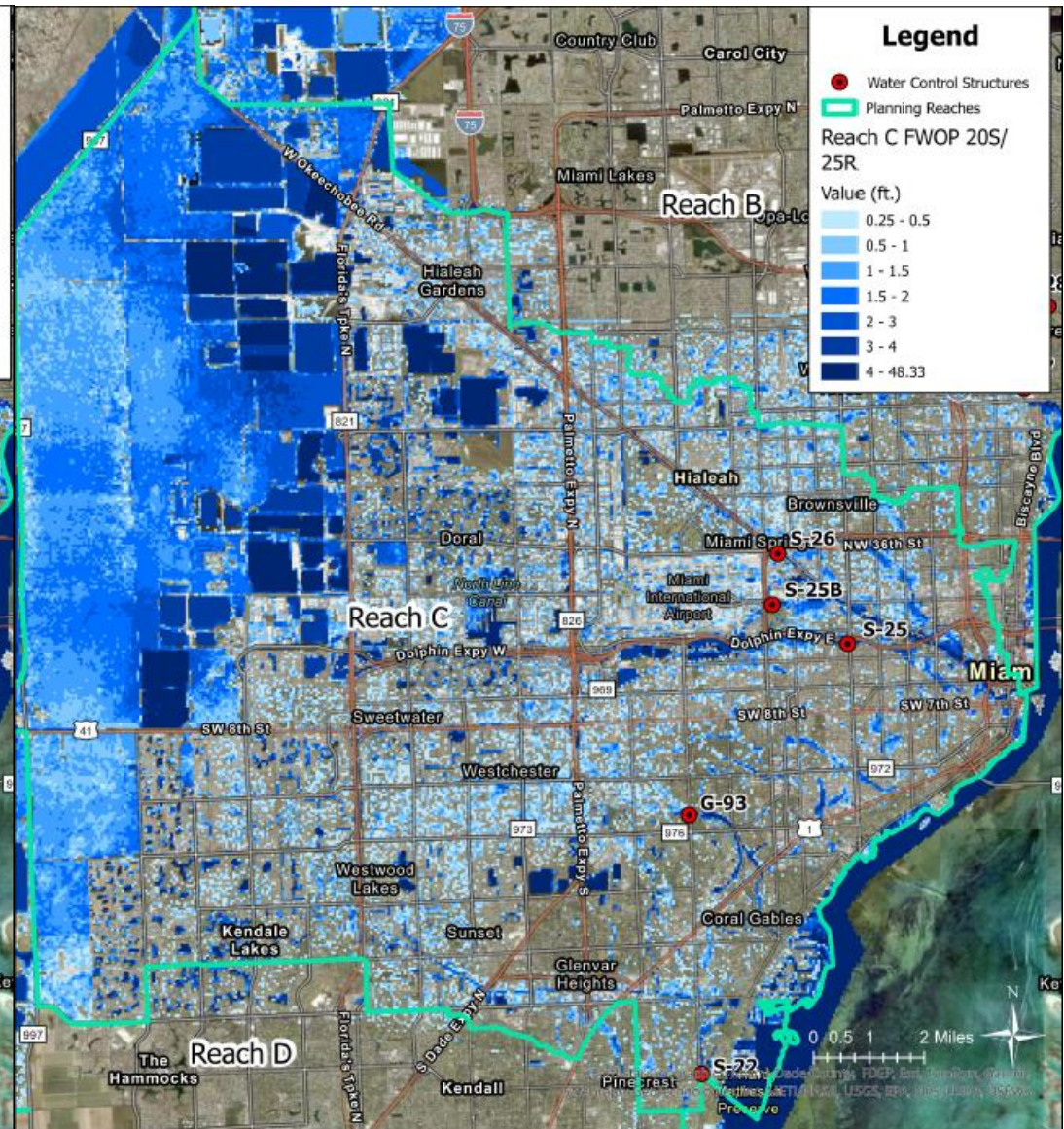
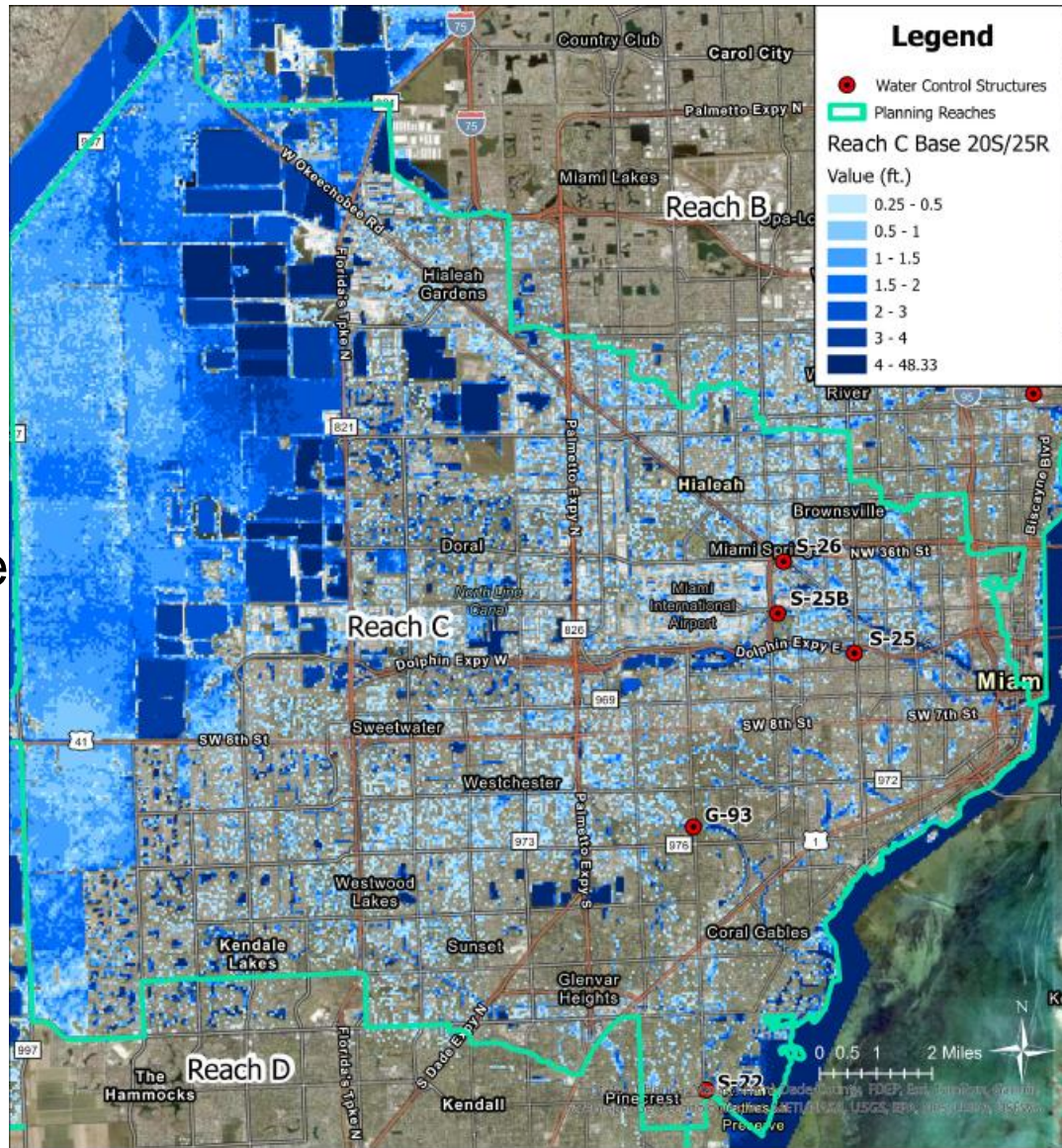


- This Reach includes five managed watersheds in the Miami River area which are the C-2, C-3W, C-5, C-6, and C-4 watersheds and also includes watersheds downstream of the coastal structures
- Section 216 Focus: C-6/S-26, C-4/S-25B, C-3/G-93, C-5/S-25 and C-2 (Snapper Creek)/S-22





MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 25-YEAR RAINFALL, 20-YEAR COASTAL

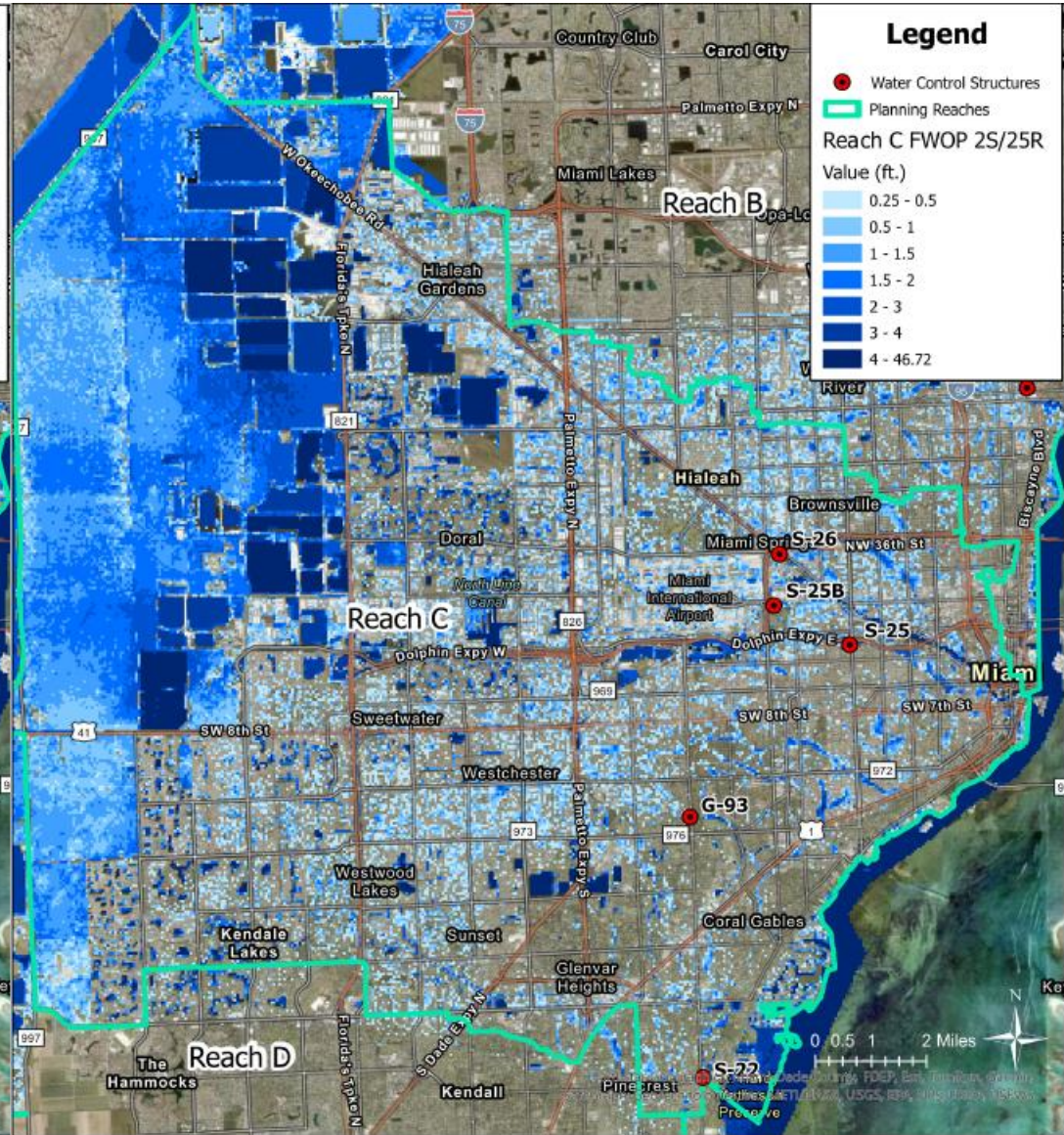
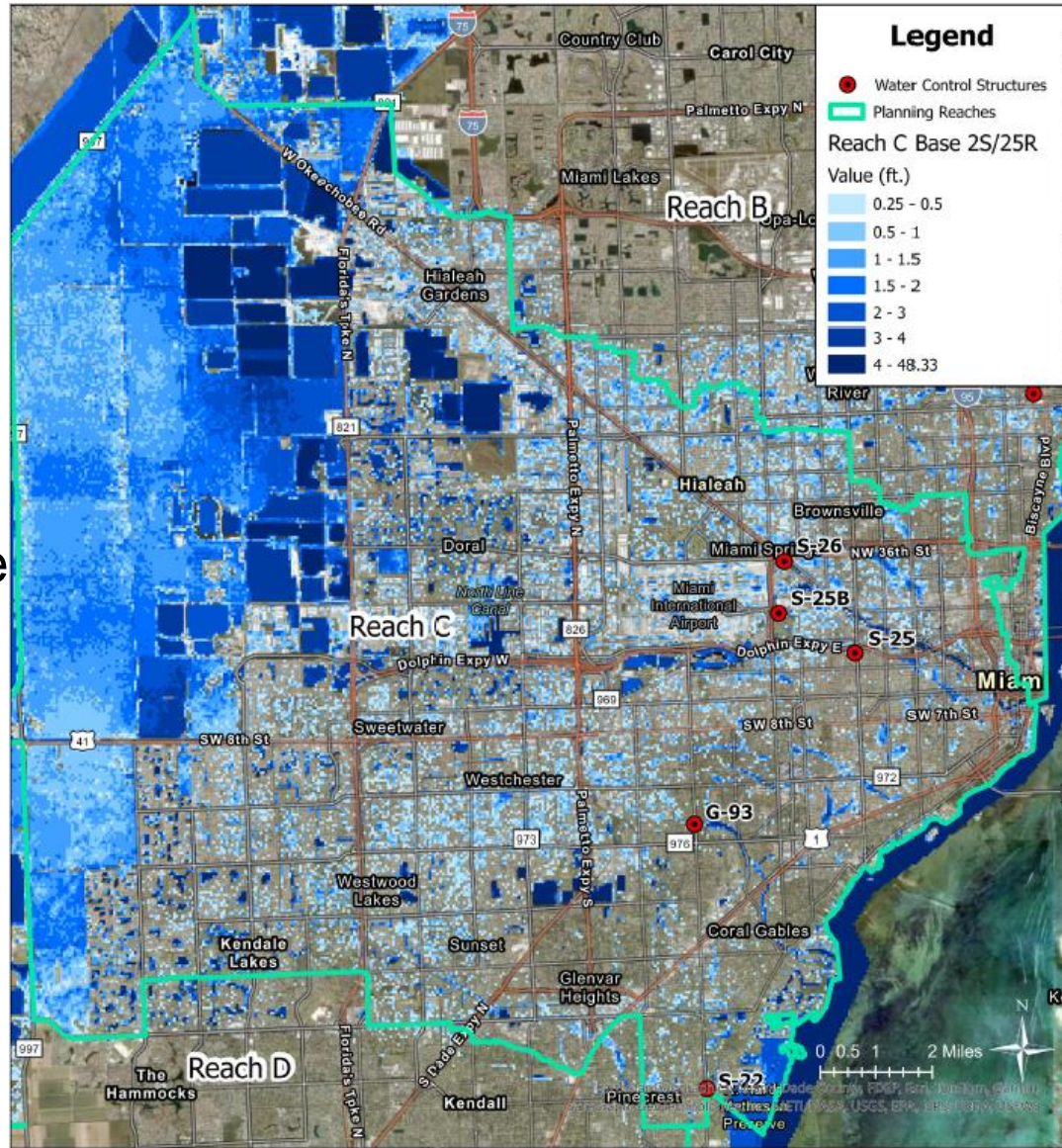


Base
Year

FWOP
Int SLR



MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 25-YEAR RAINFALL, 2-YEAR COASTAL

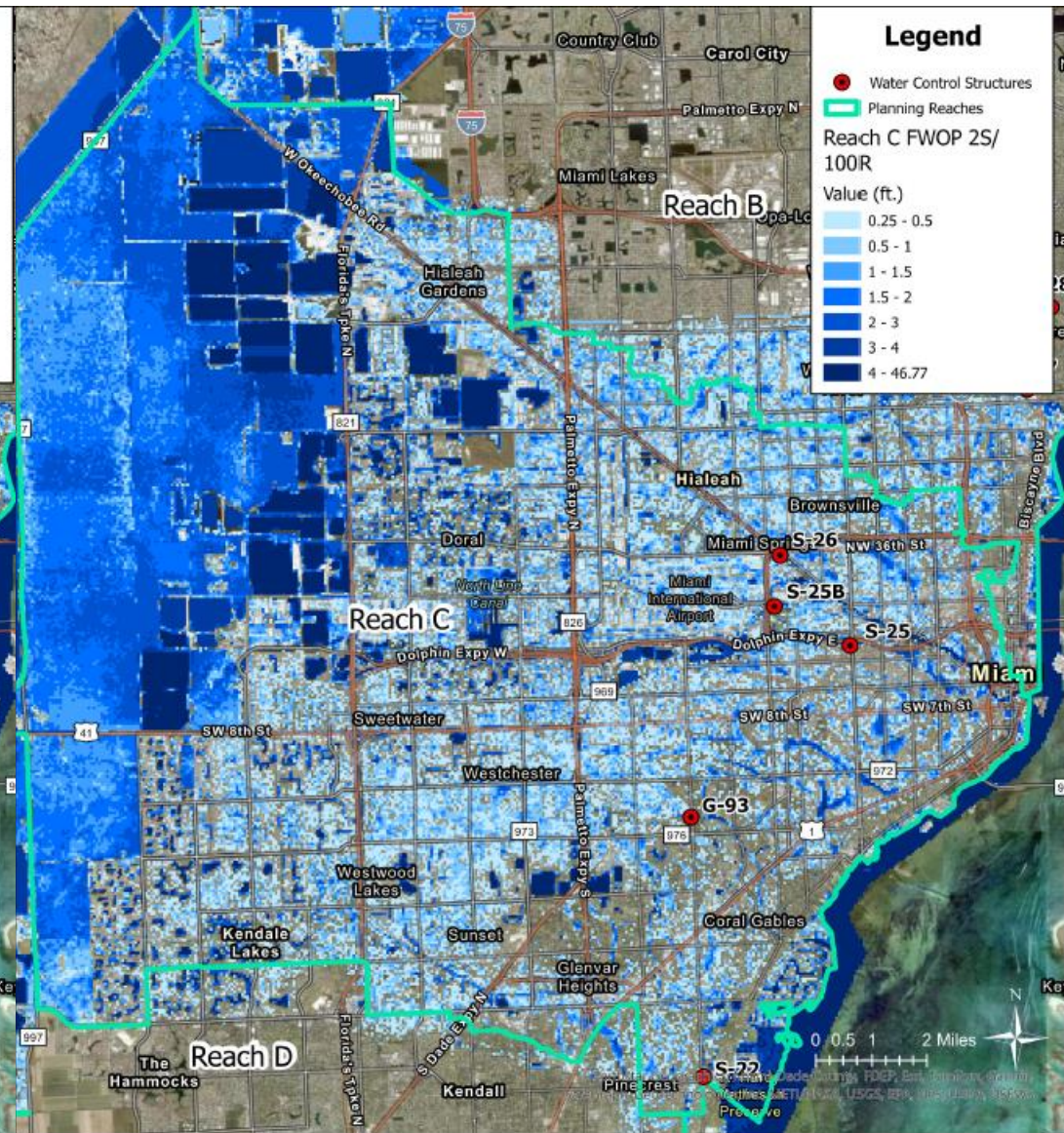
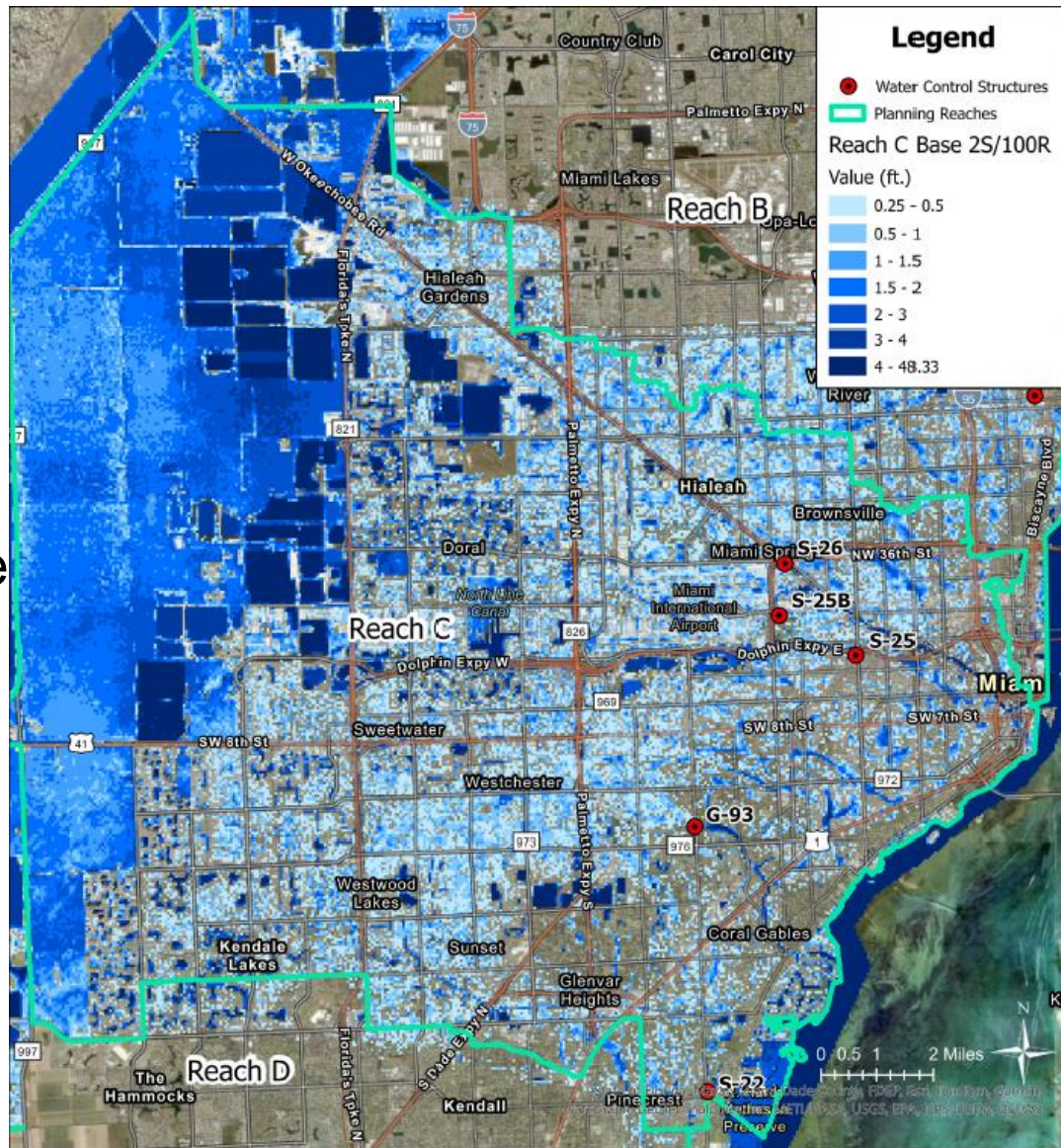


Base
Year

FWOP
Int SLR



MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 100-YEAR RAINFALL, 2-YEAR COASTAL

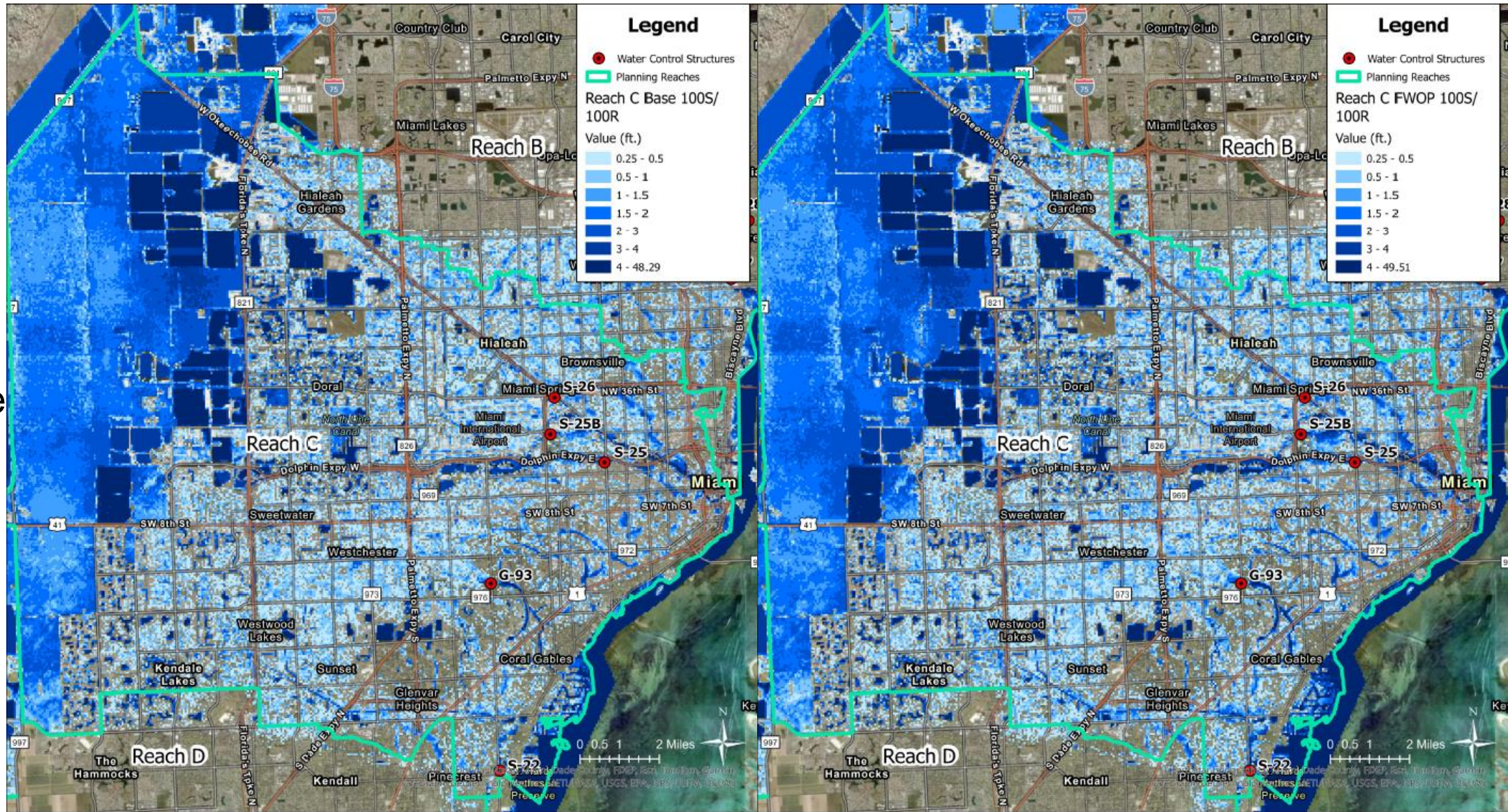


Base Year

FWOP Int SLR



MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 100-YEAR RAINFALL, 100-YEAR COASTAL



Base Year

FWOP Int SLR

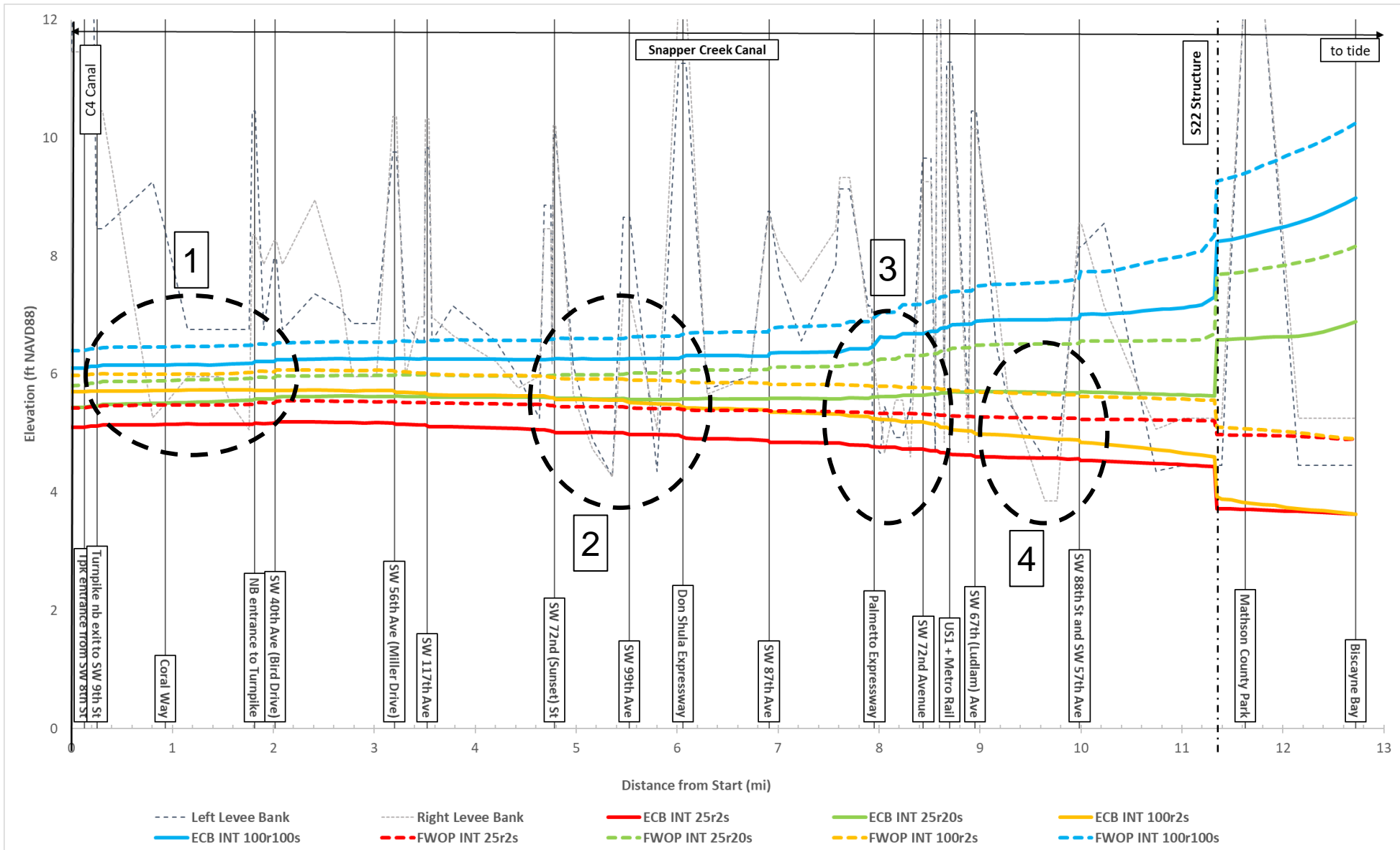


C-2, SNAPPER CREEK / S22





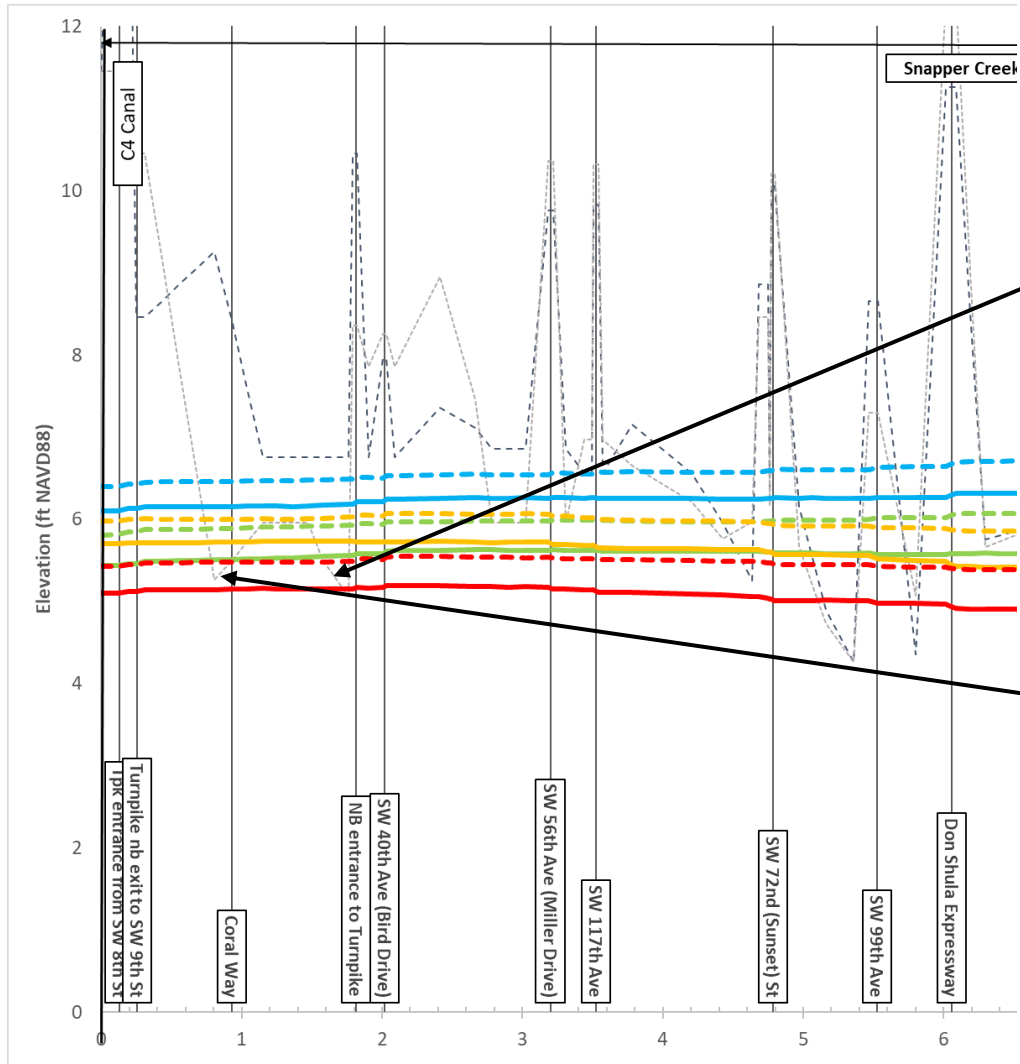
MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C-2/SNAPPER CREEK CANAL





MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – SNAPPER CREEK CANAL

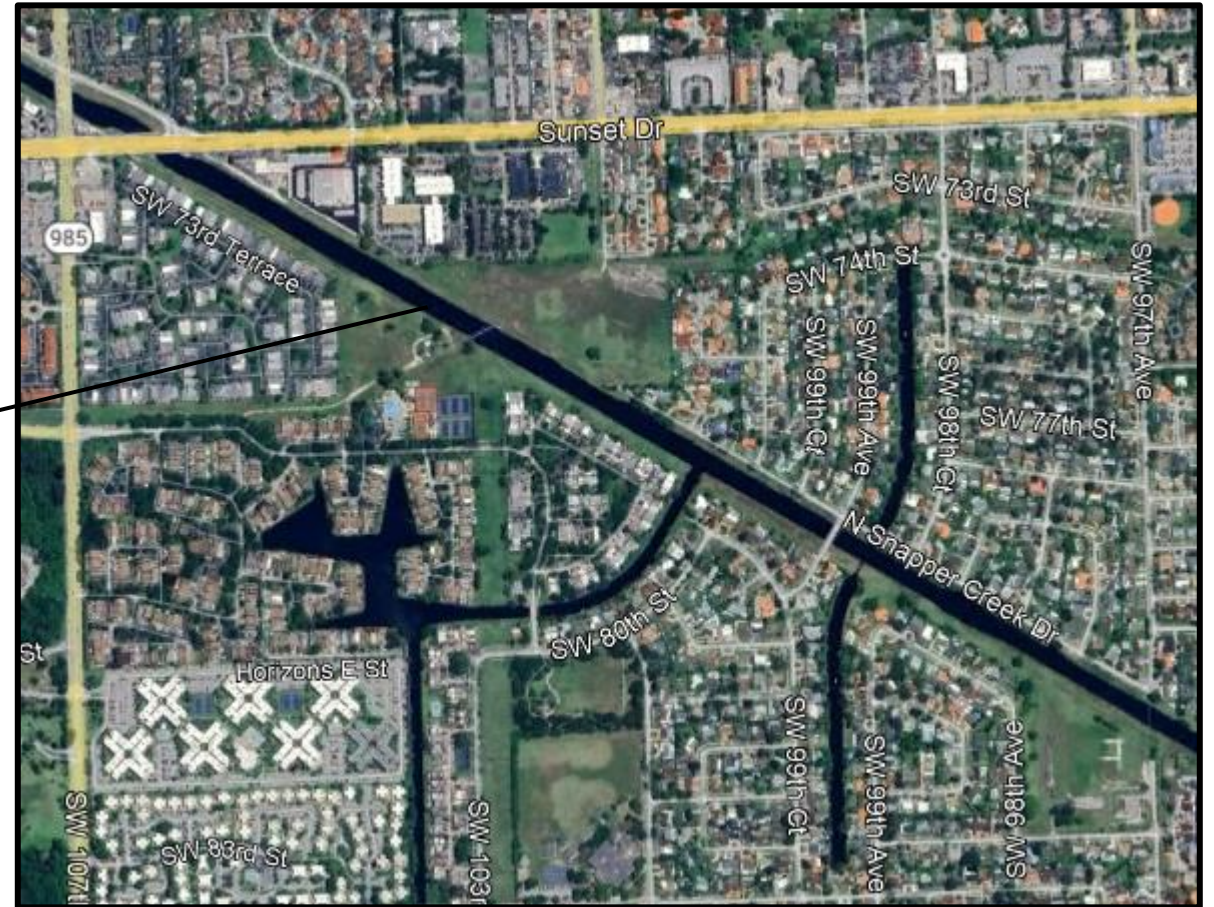
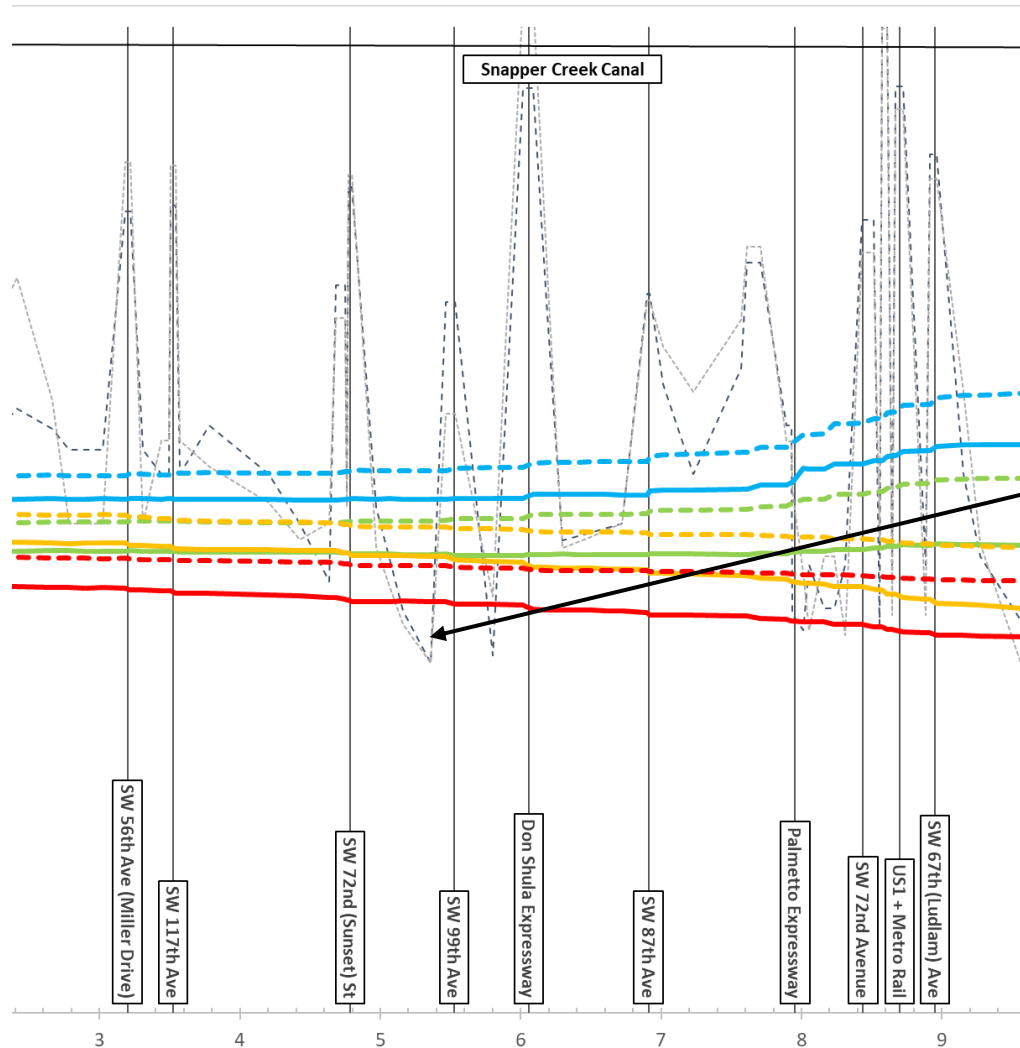
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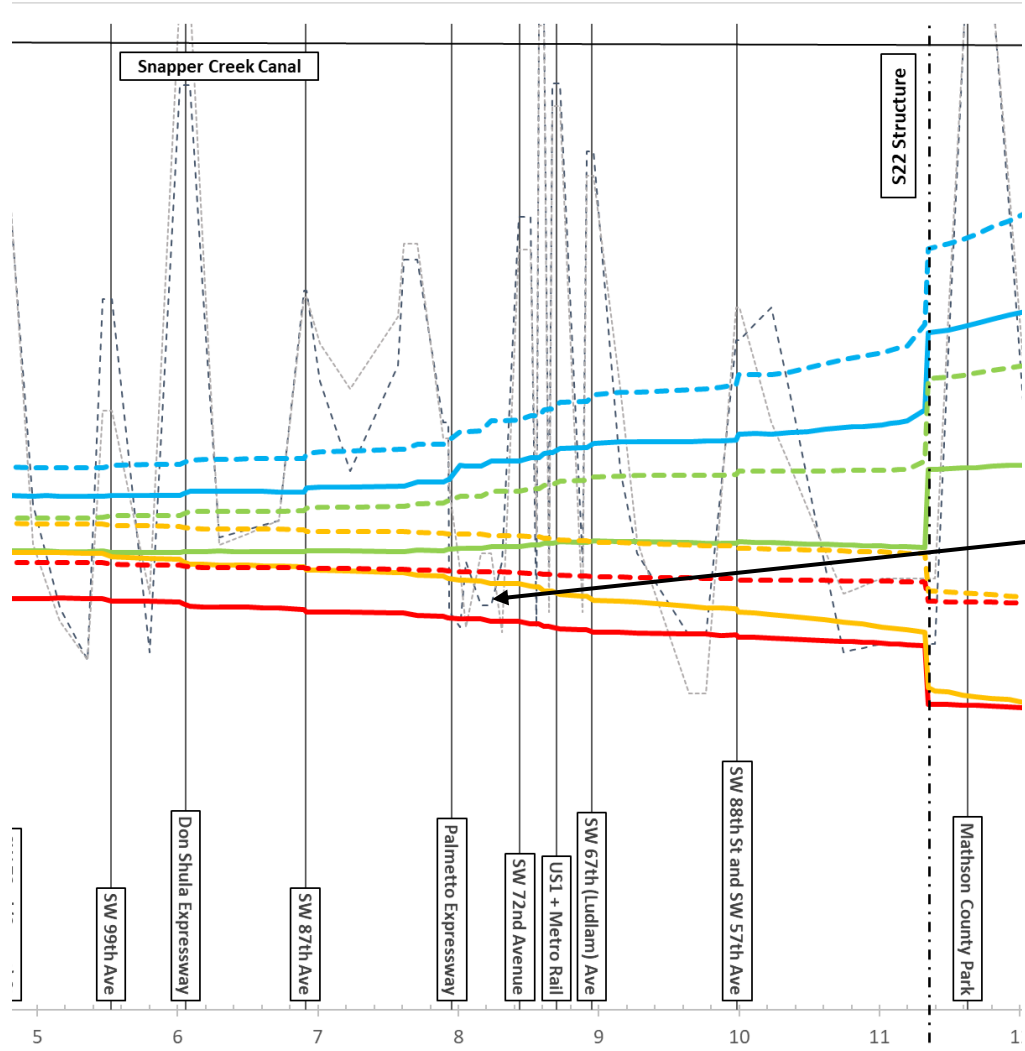
MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – SNAPPER CREEK CANAL

2





MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – SNAPPER CREEK CANAL



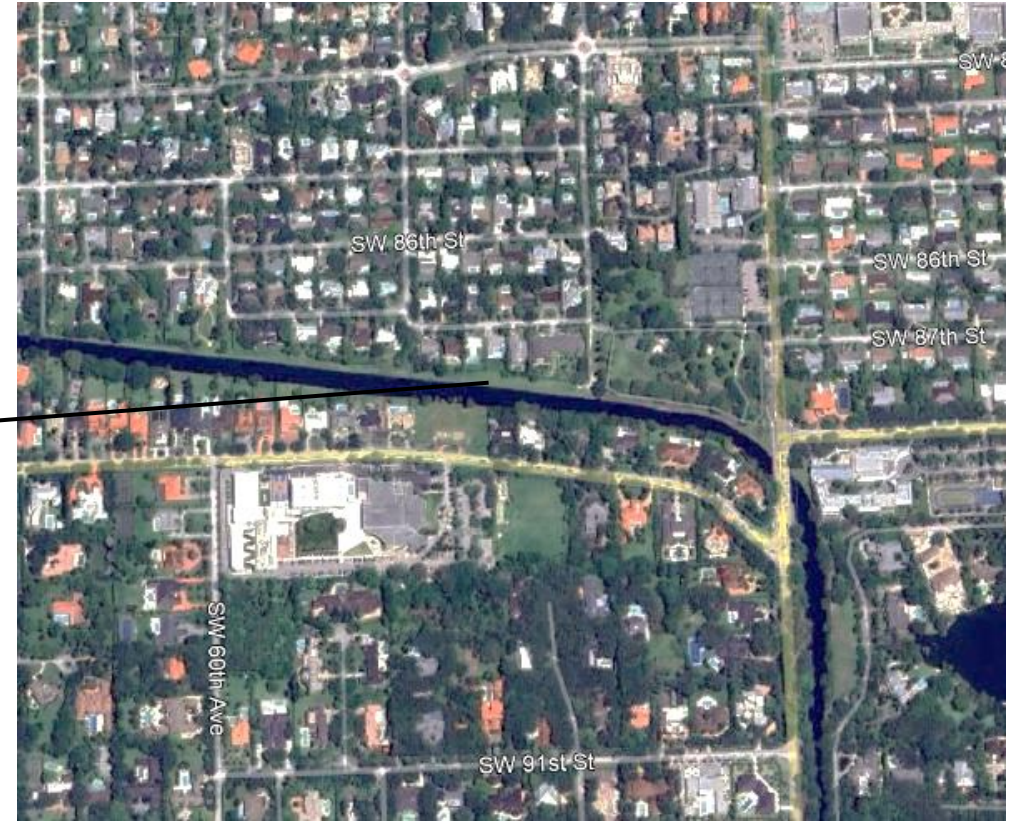
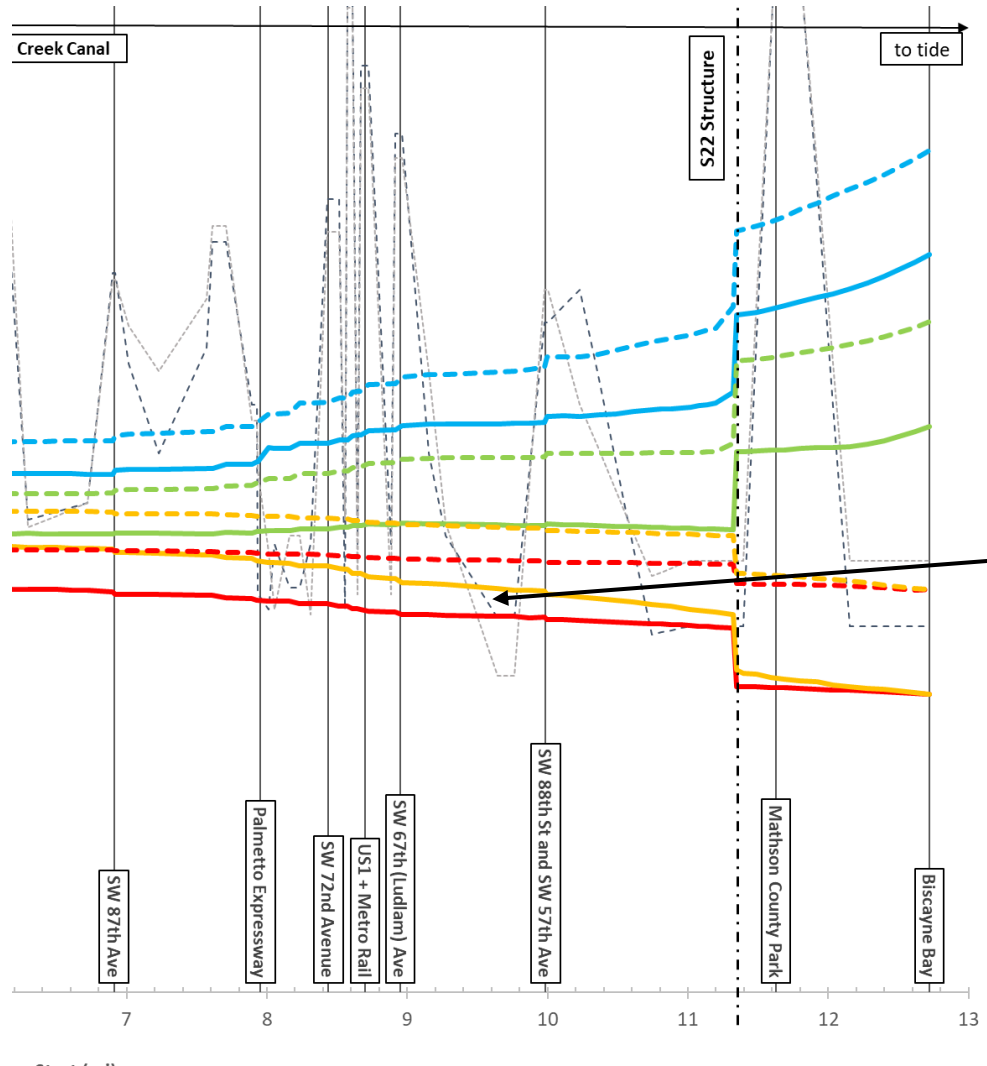
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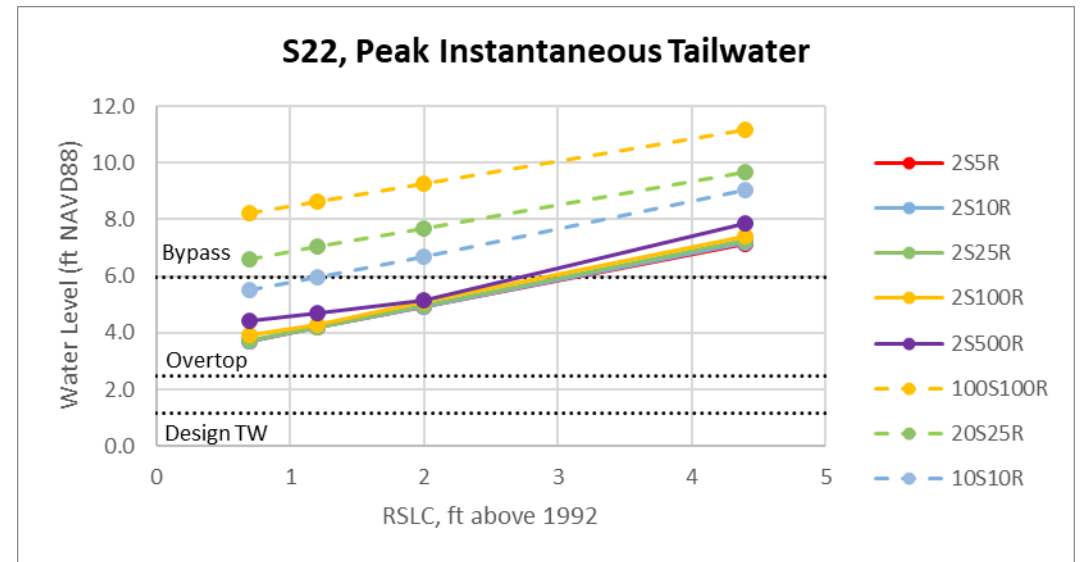
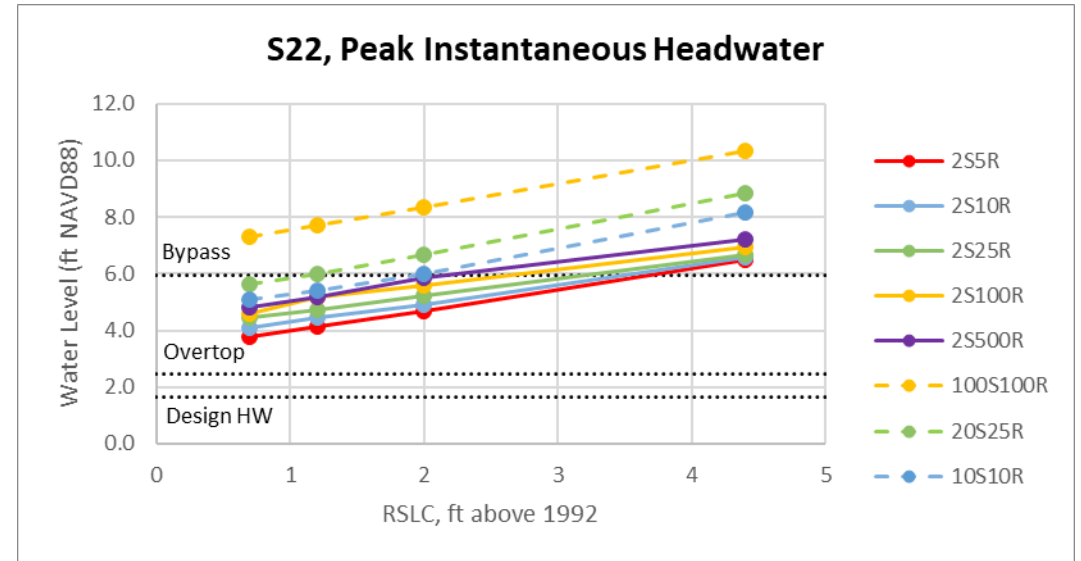
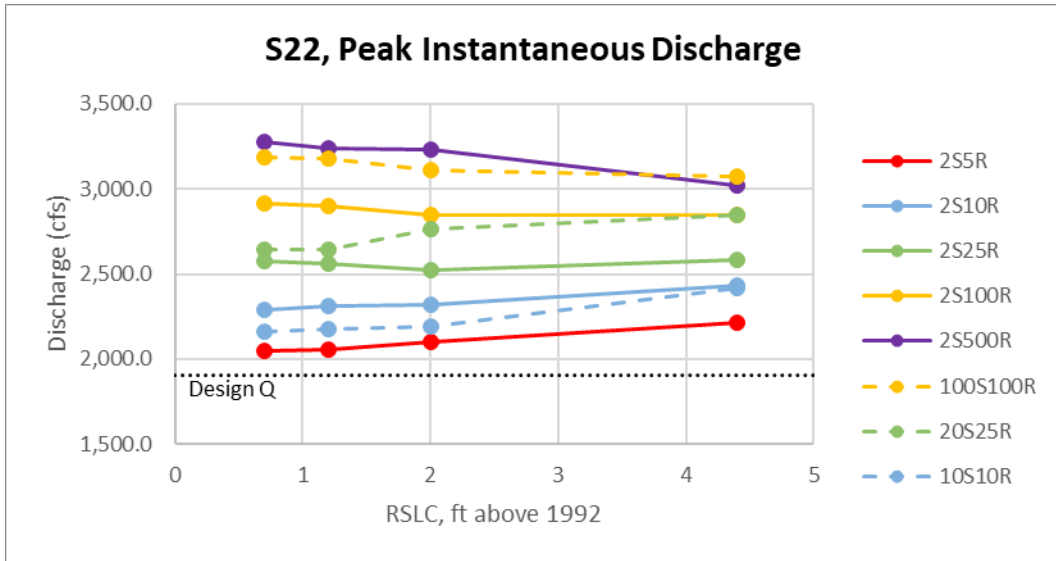
MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – SNAPPER CREEK CANAL

4



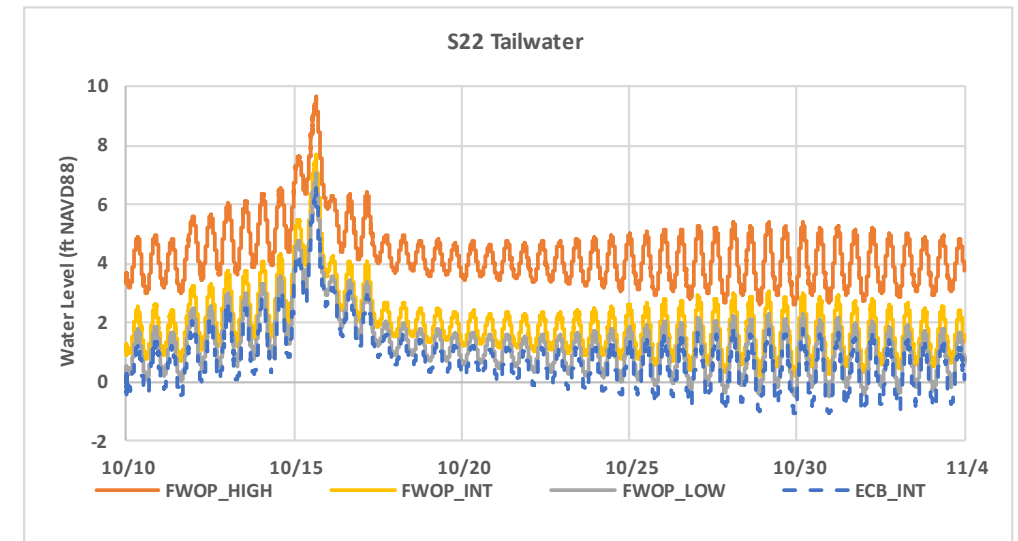
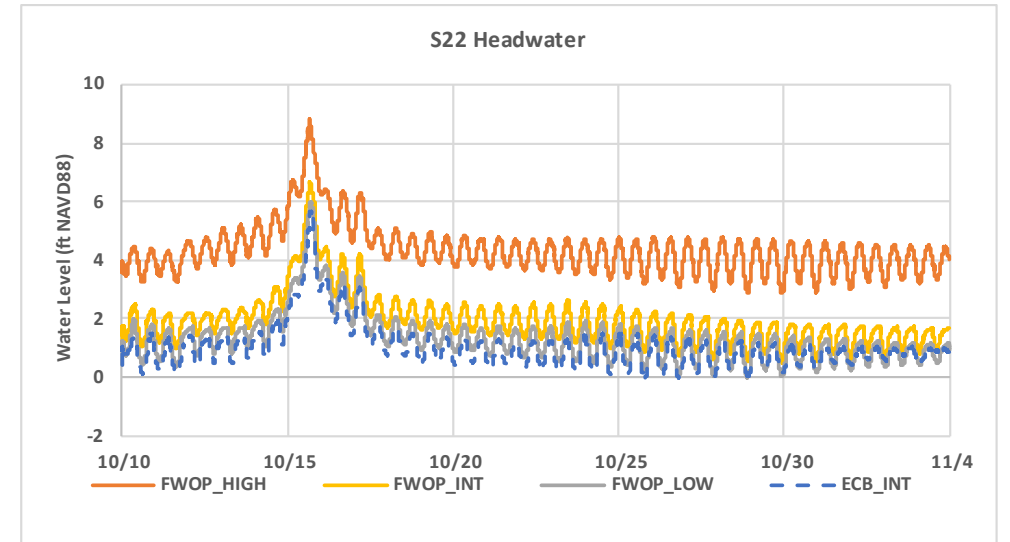
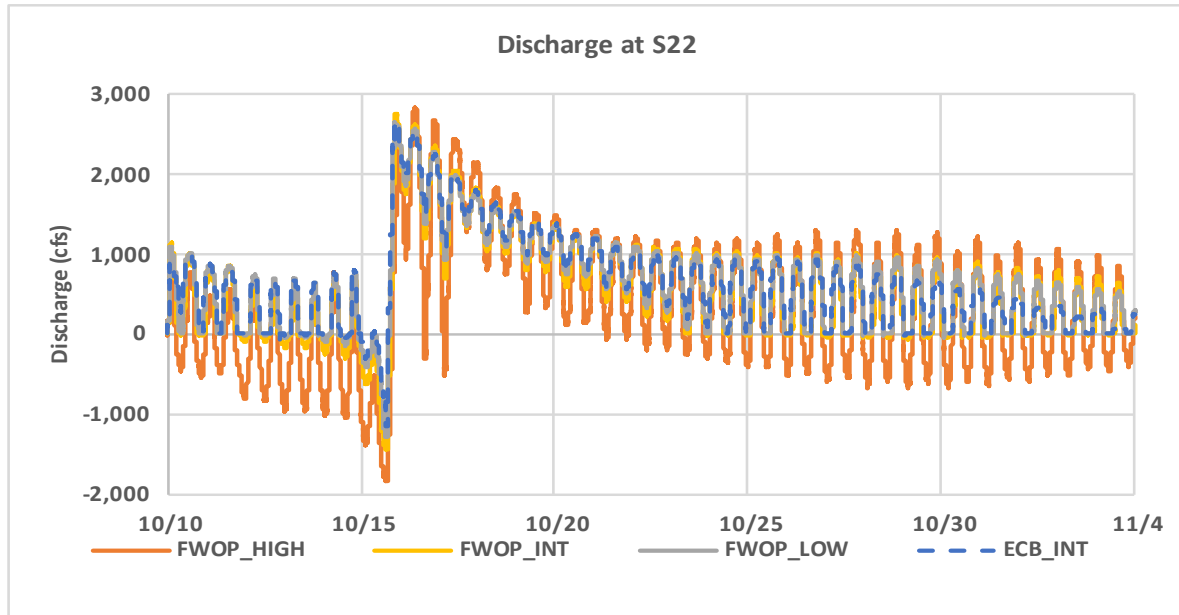


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S22



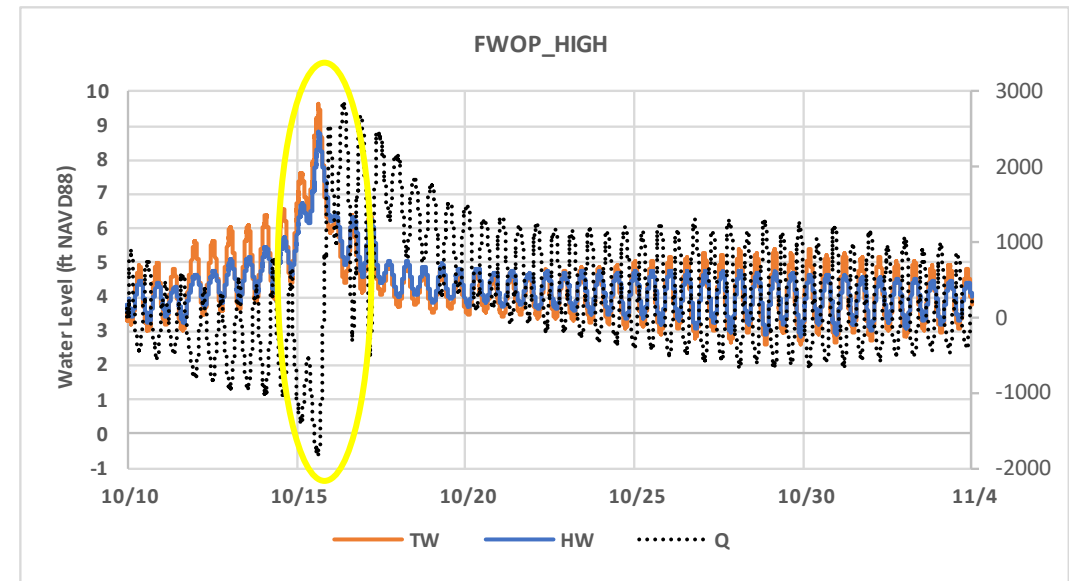
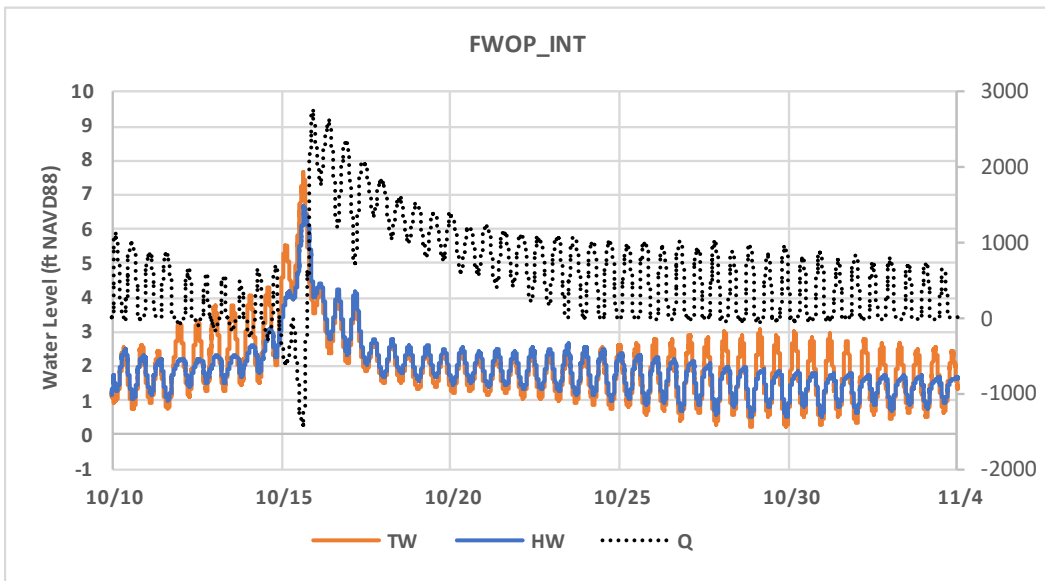
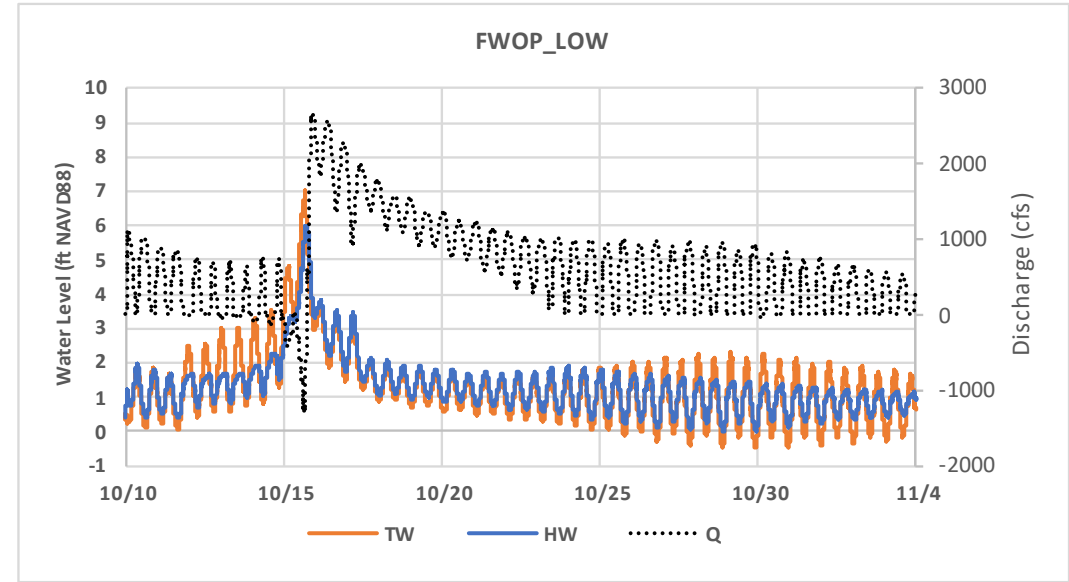
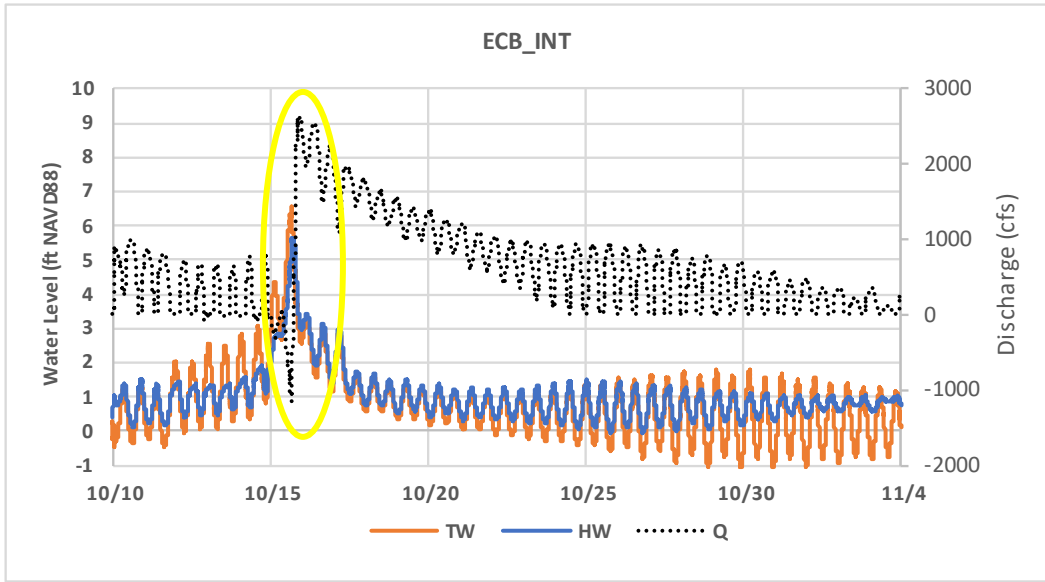


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S22 – 20S25R





STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S22 – 20S25R



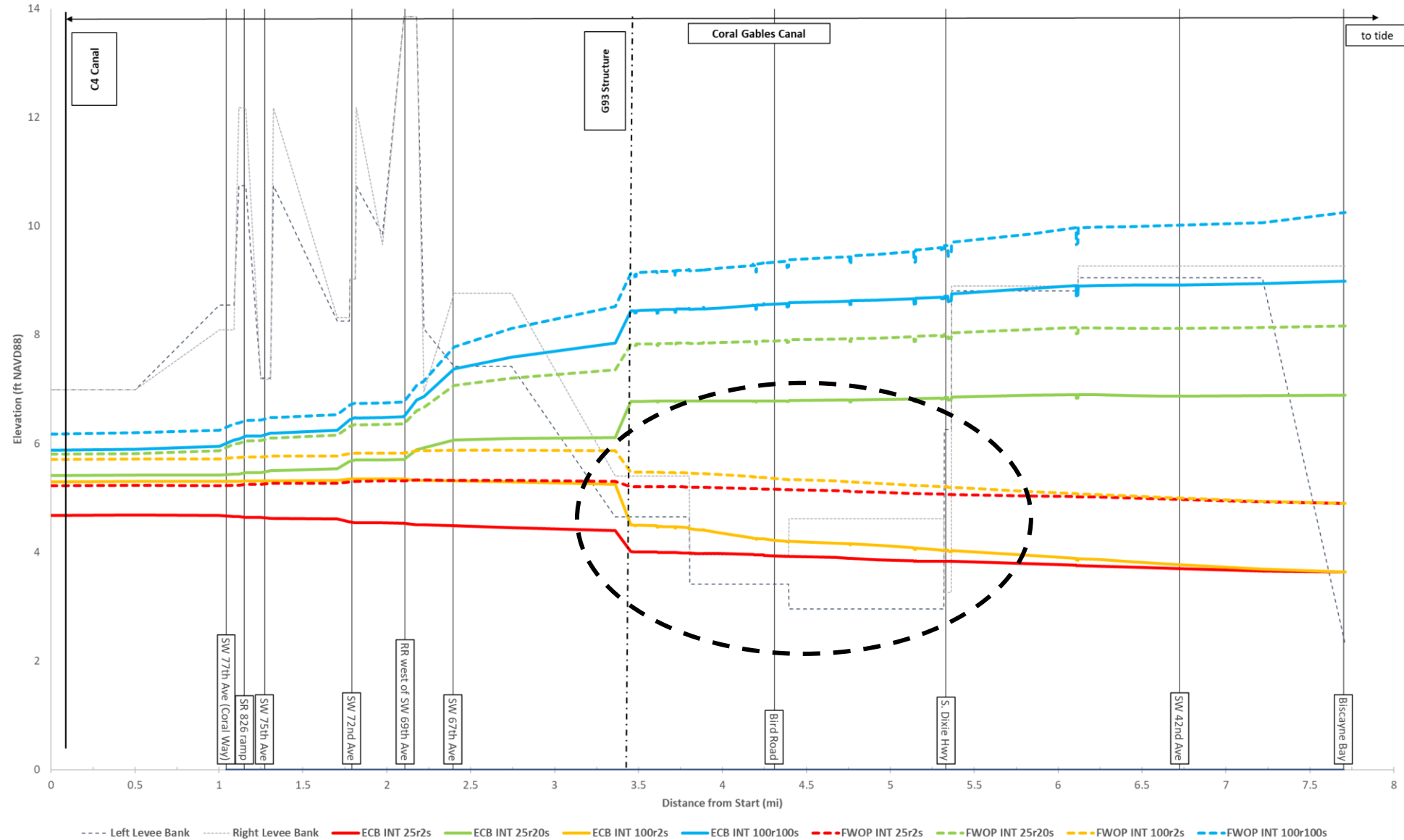


C-3/CORAL GABLES CANAL



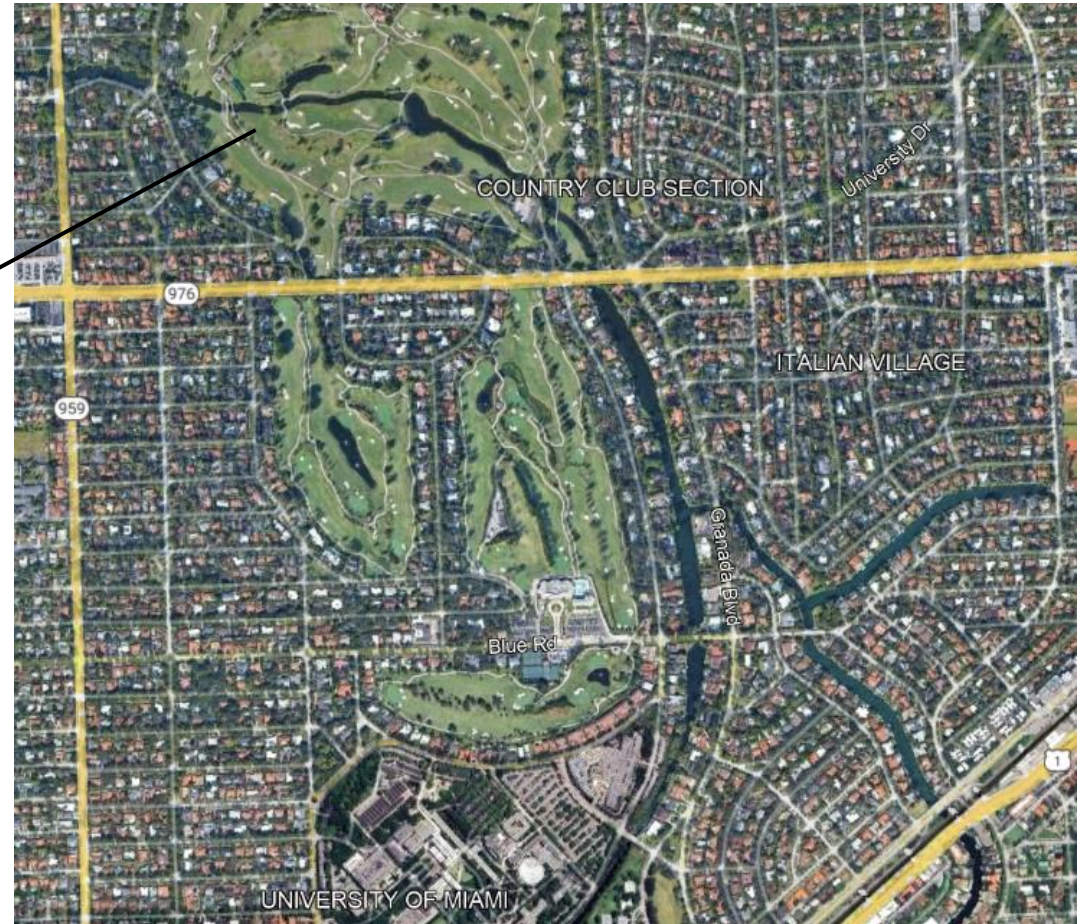
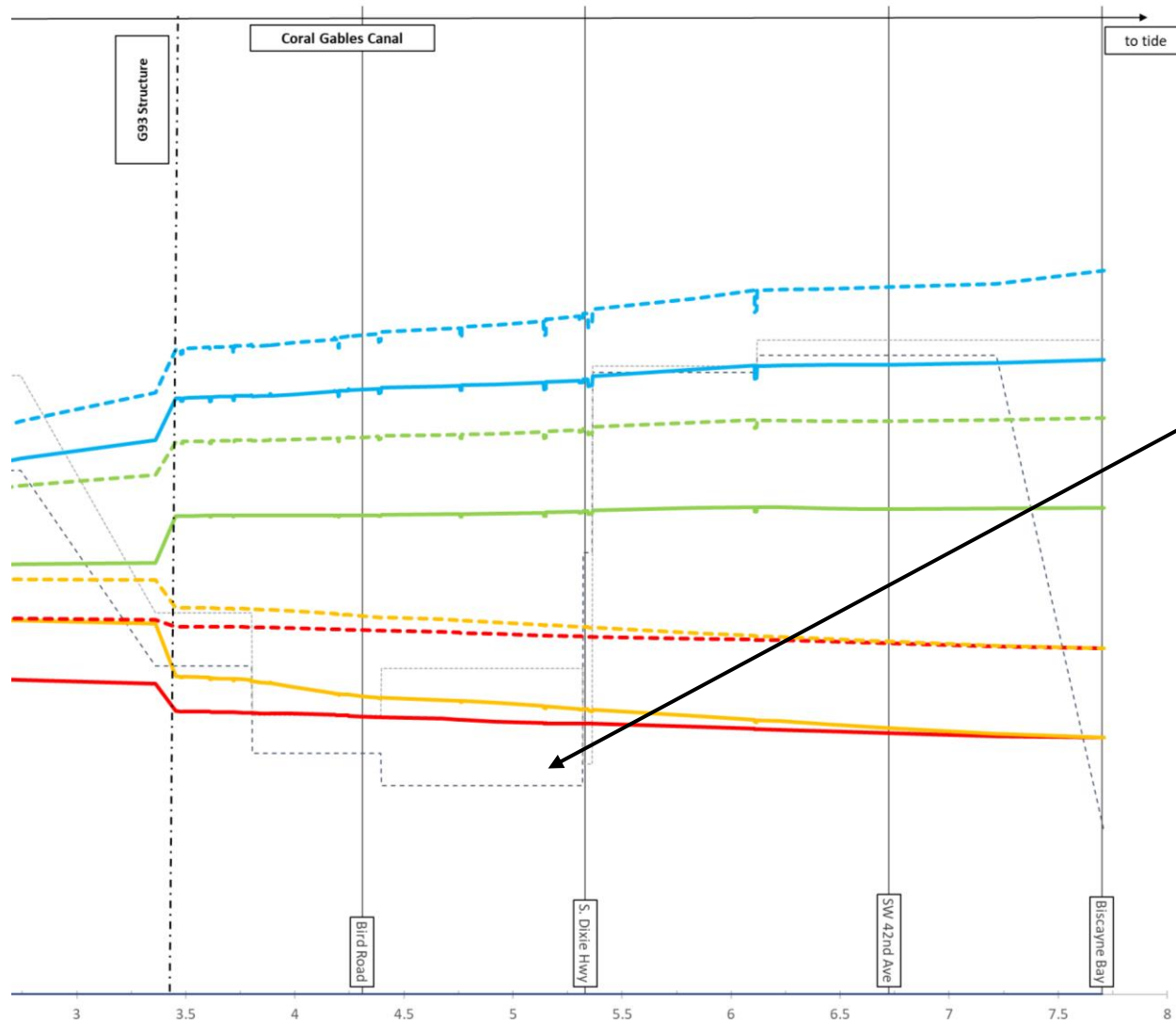


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C-3/CORAL GABLES CANAL



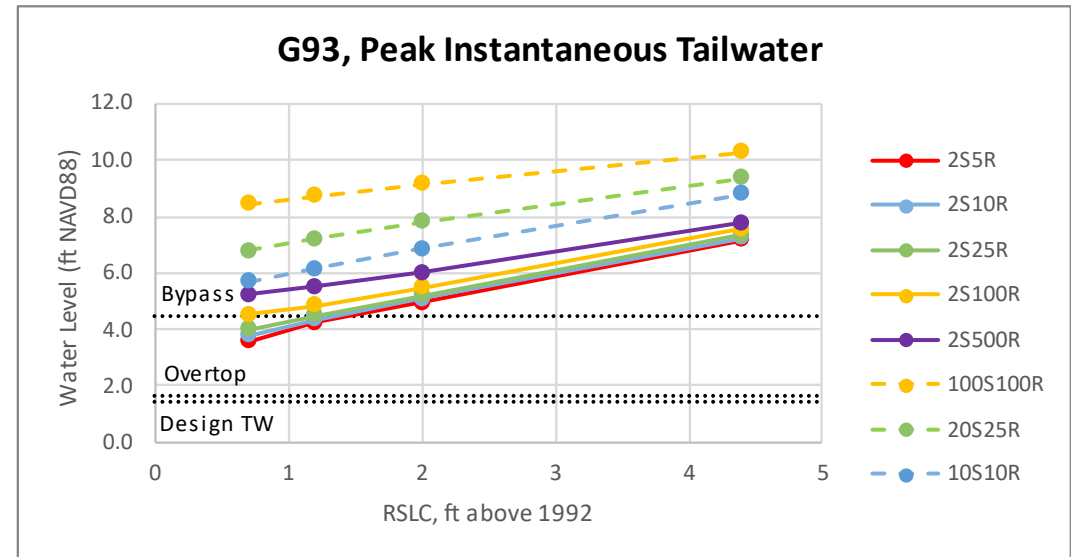
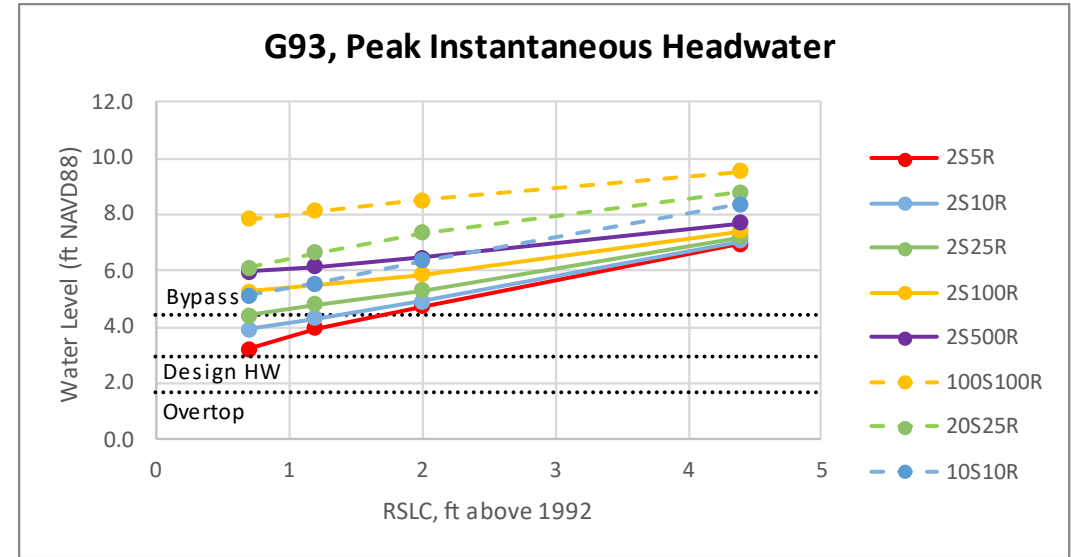
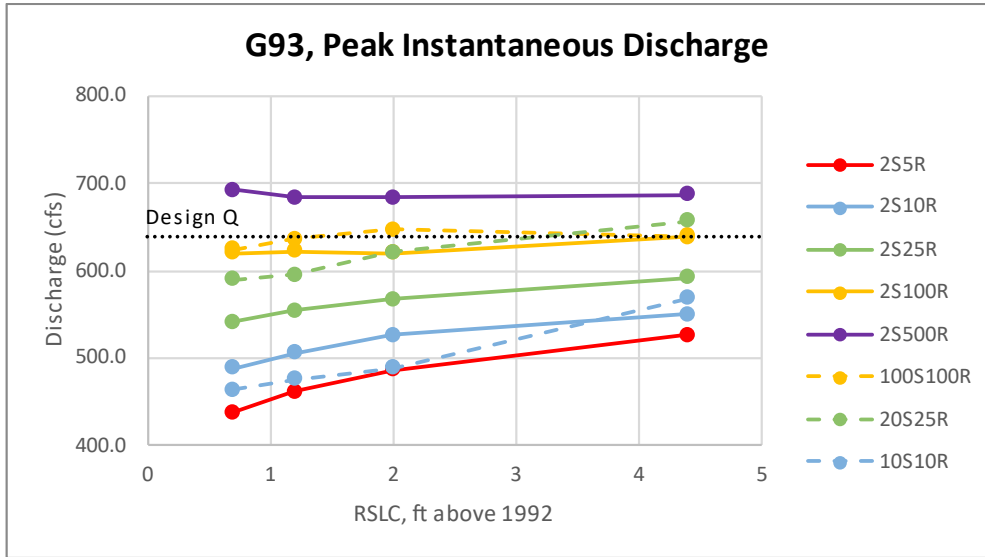


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C-3/CORAL GABLES CANAL



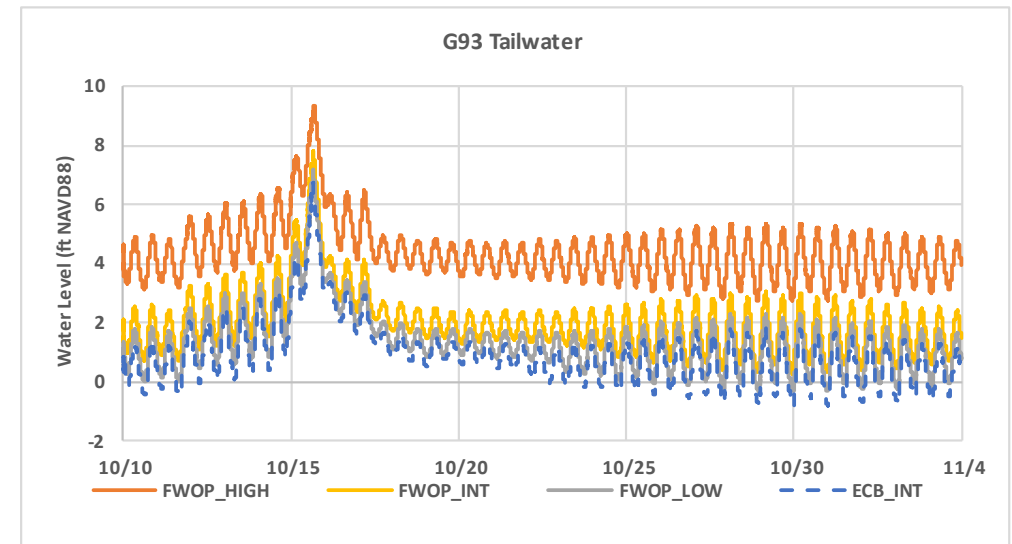
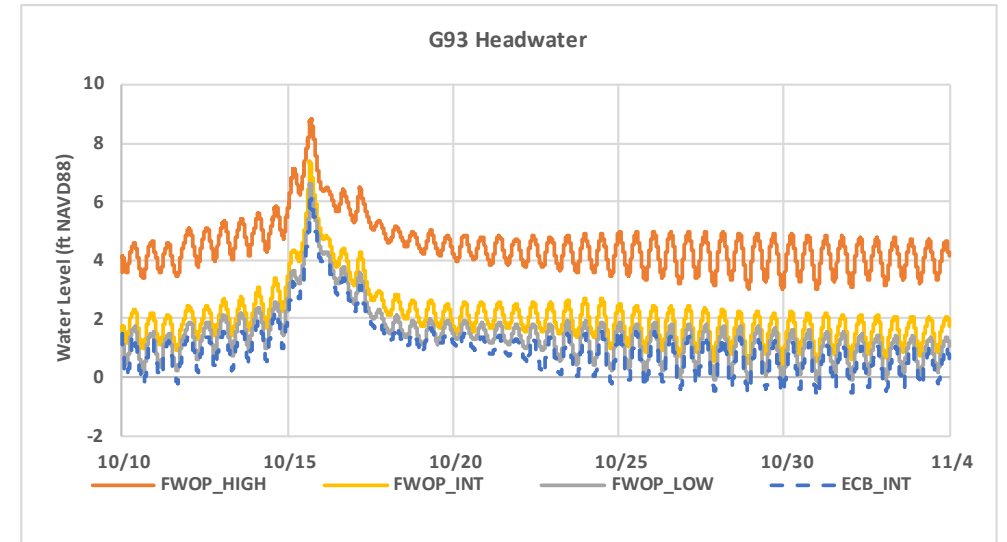
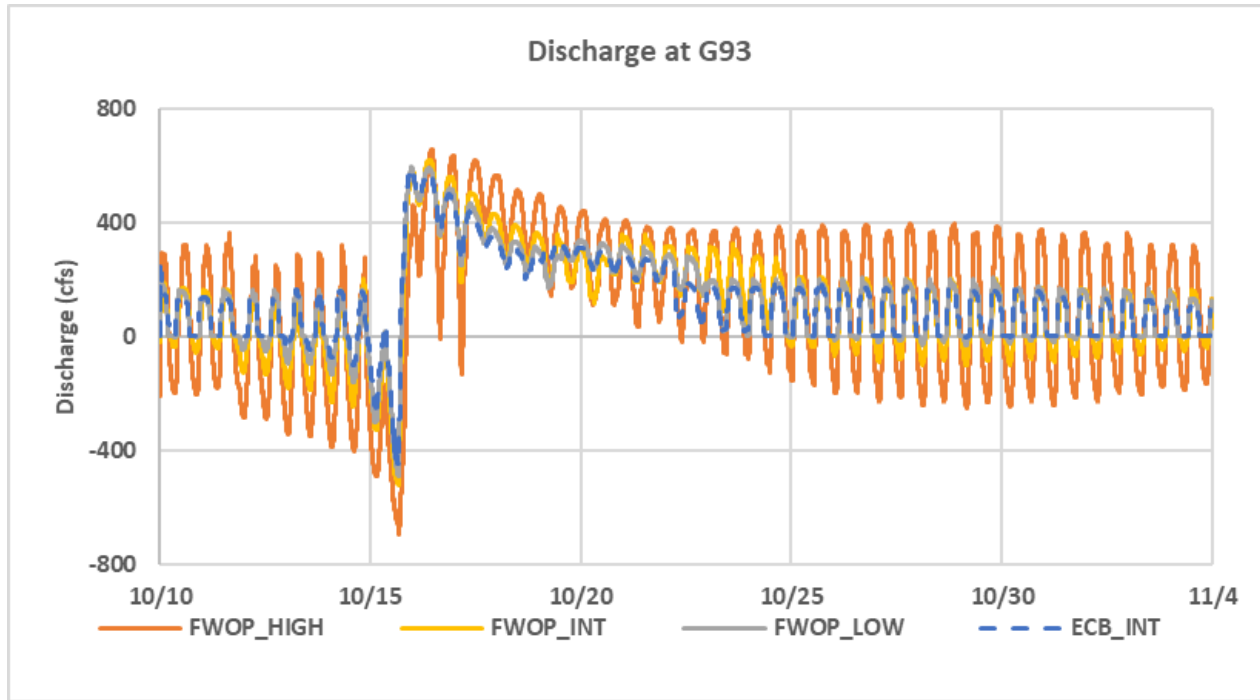


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, G93



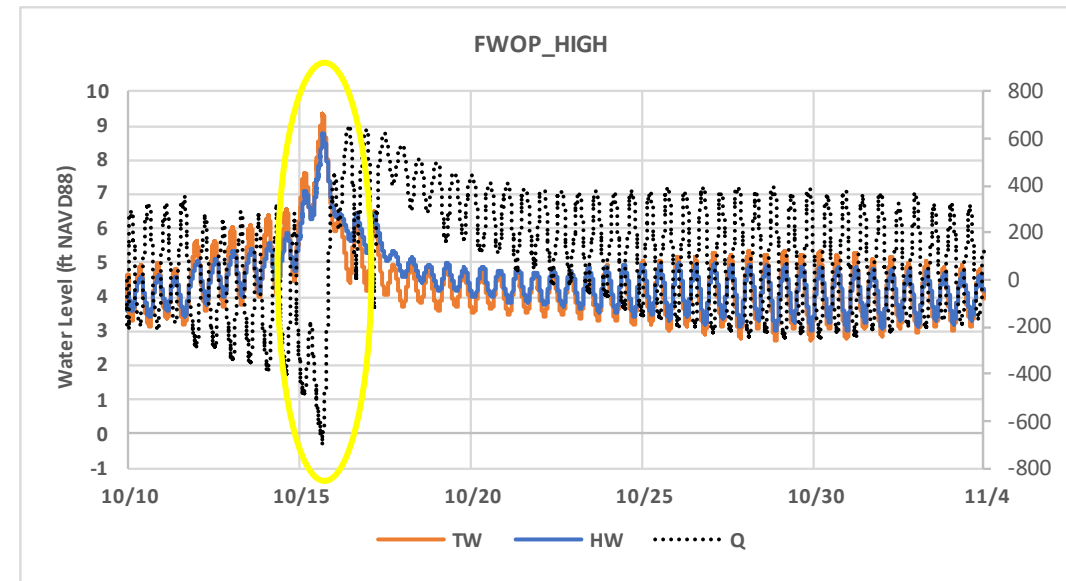
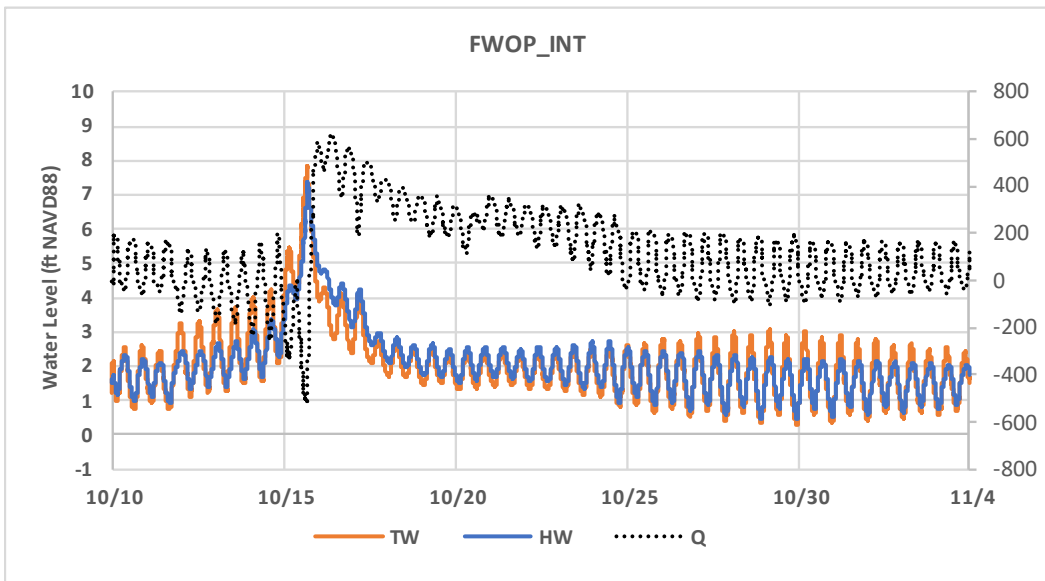
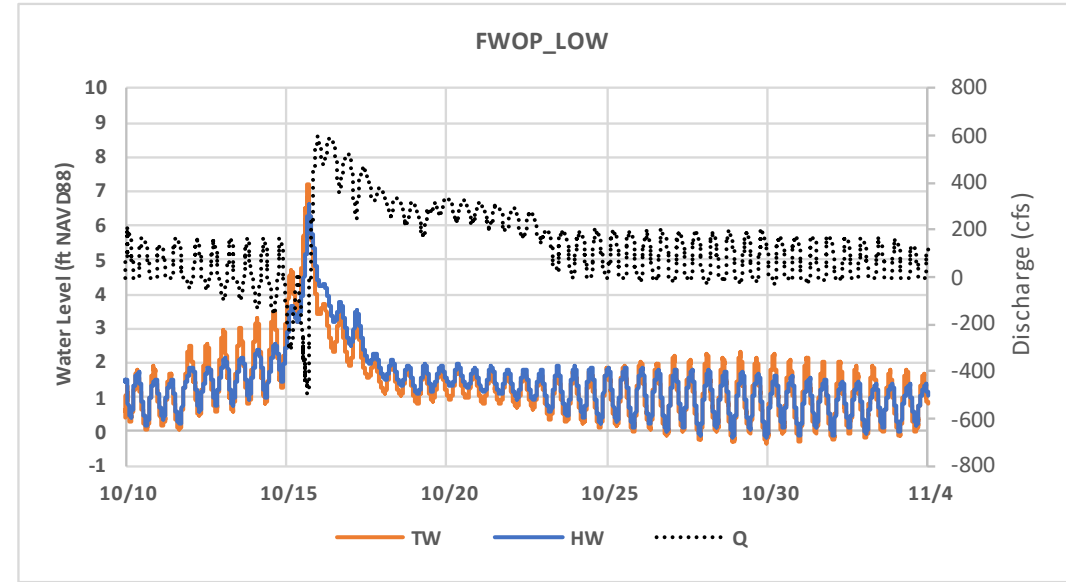
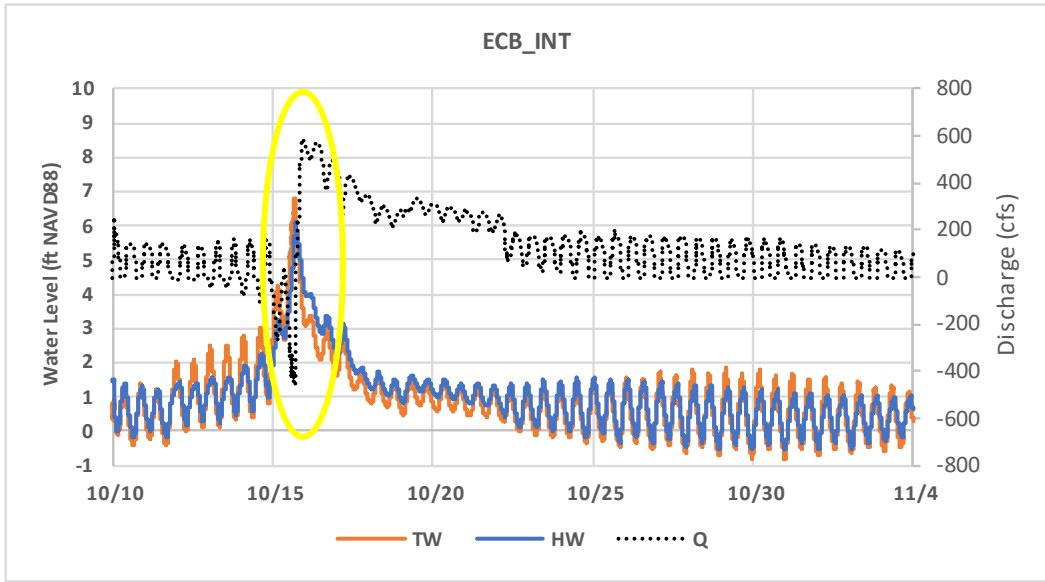


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, G93 – 20S25R





STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, G93 – 20S25R



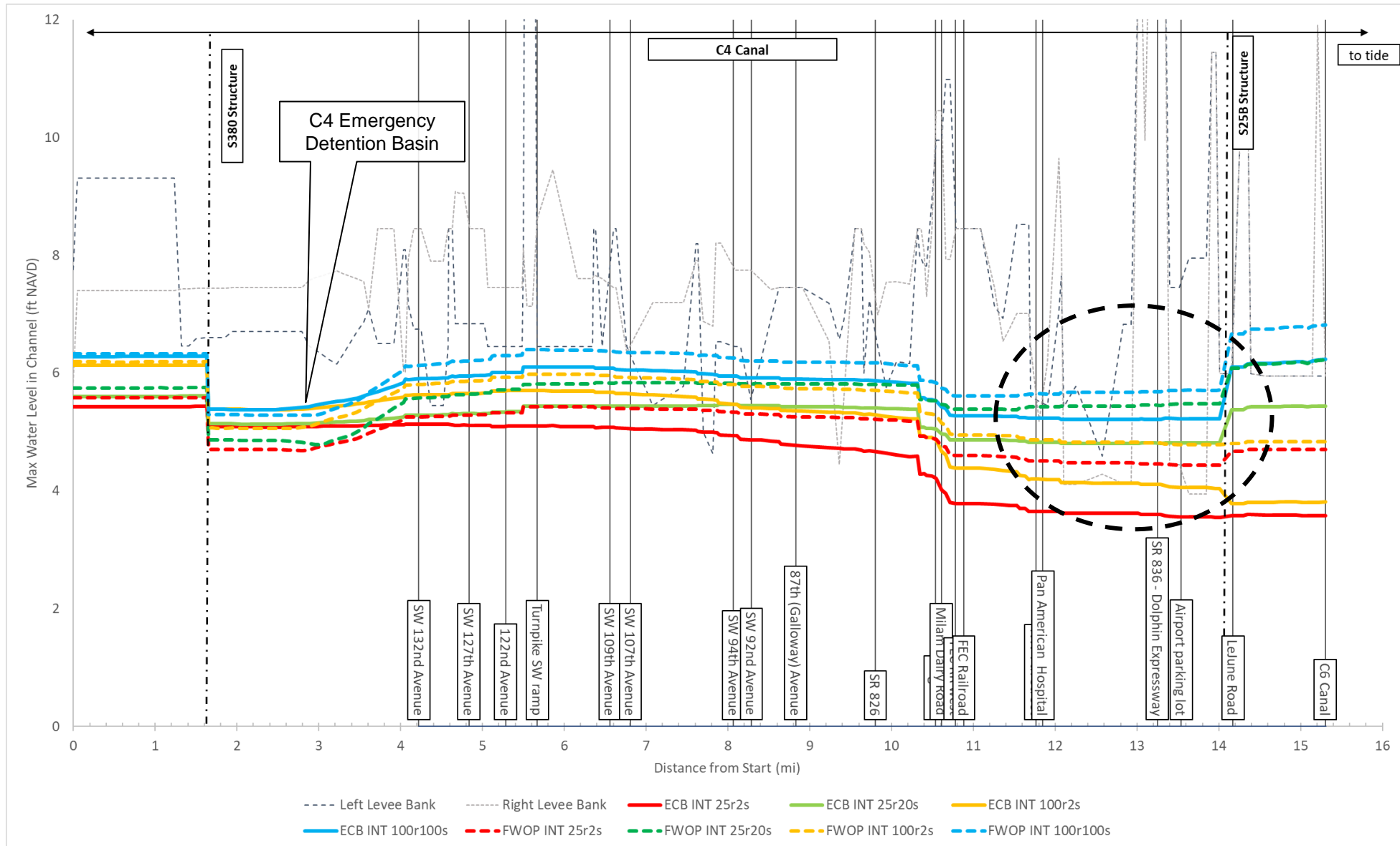


C4 CANAL/ S25B



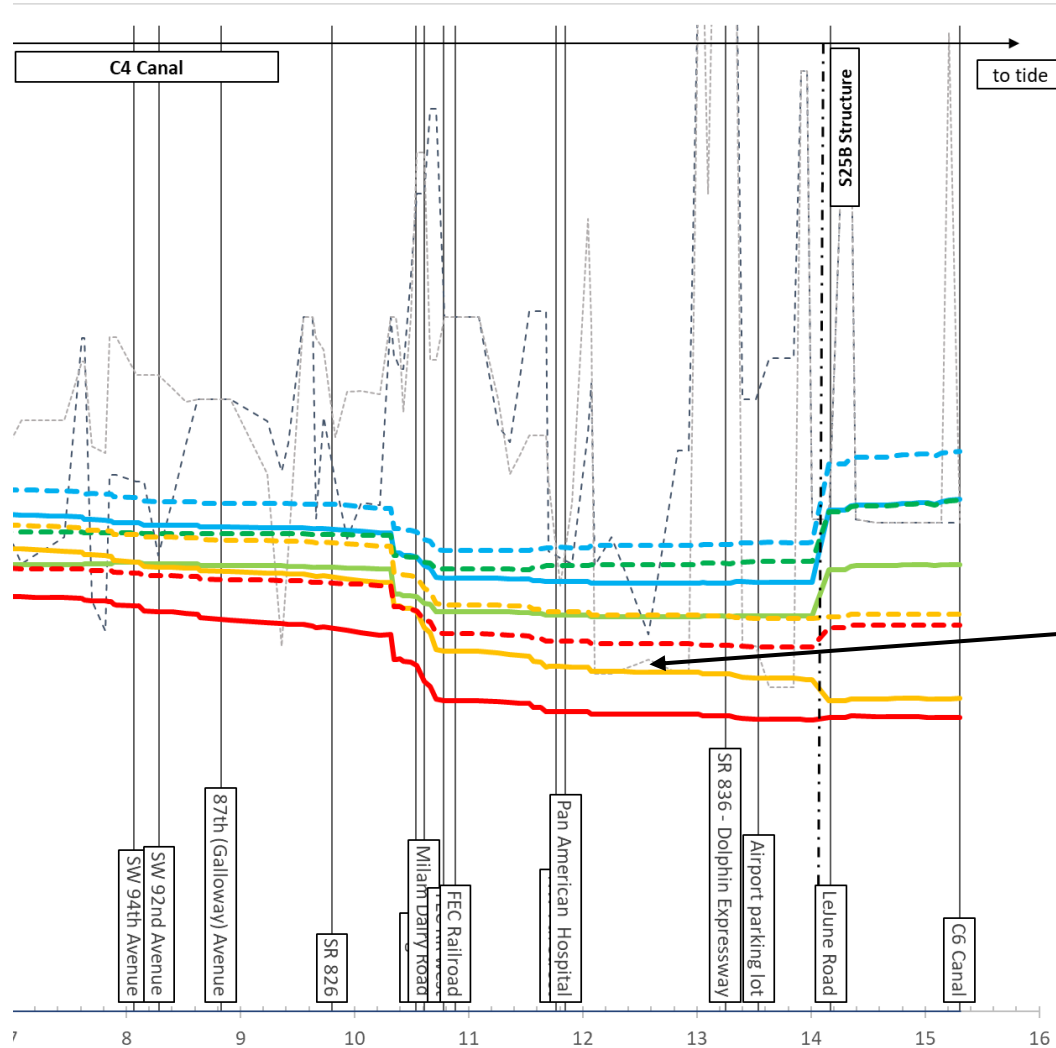


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C4 CANAL





MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C4 CANAL

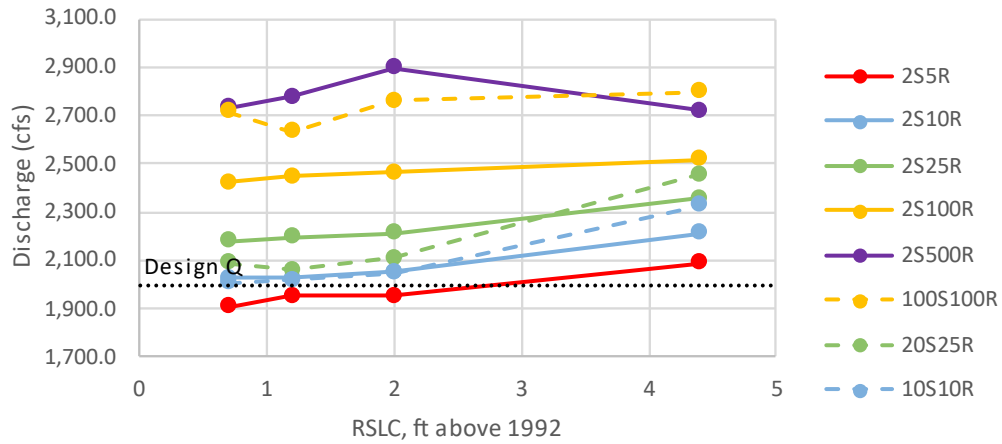




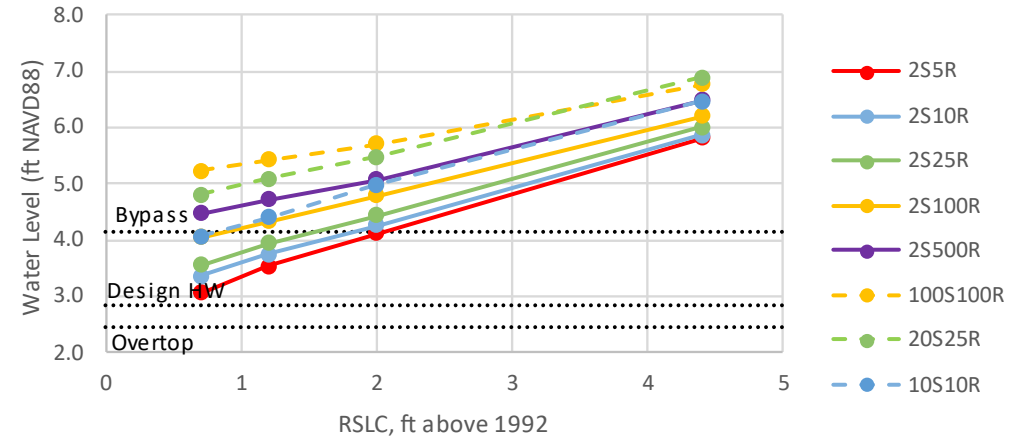
STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S25B



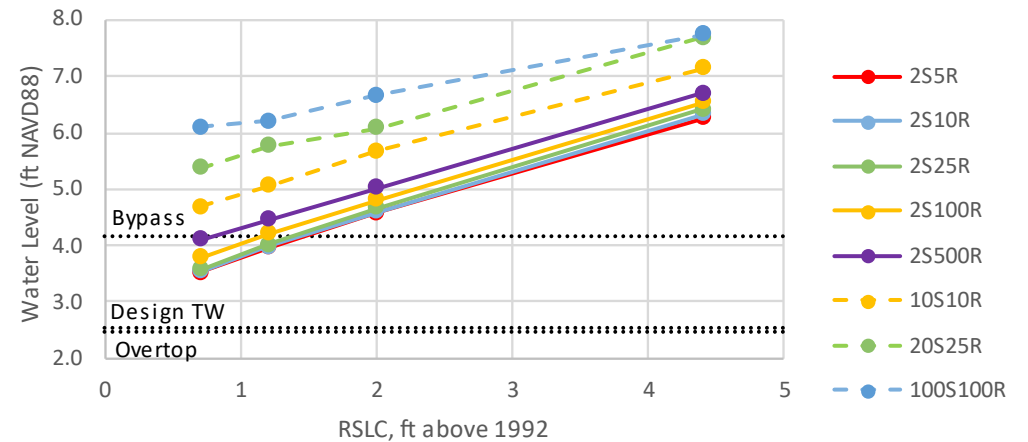
S25B, Peak Instantaneous Discharge



S25B, Peak Instantaneous Headwater

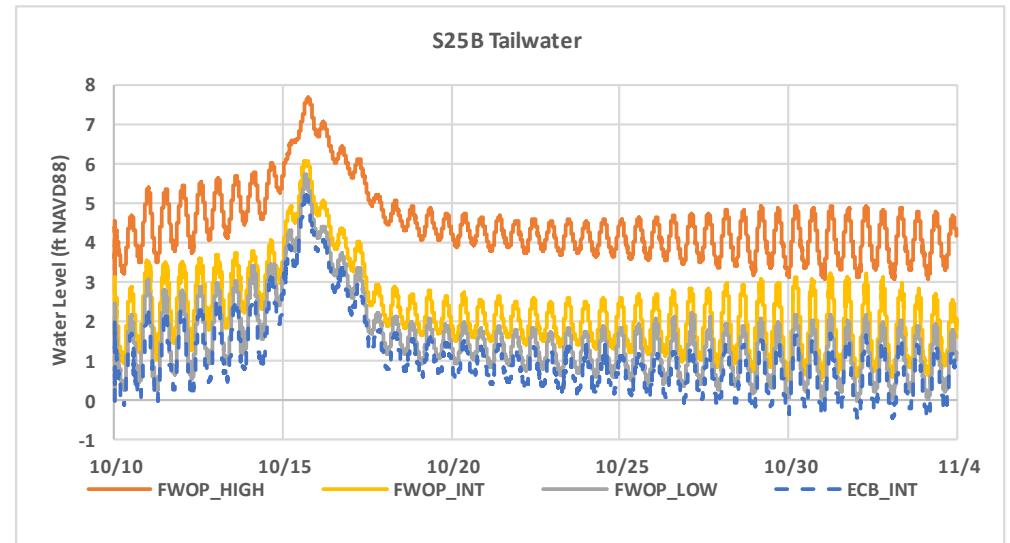
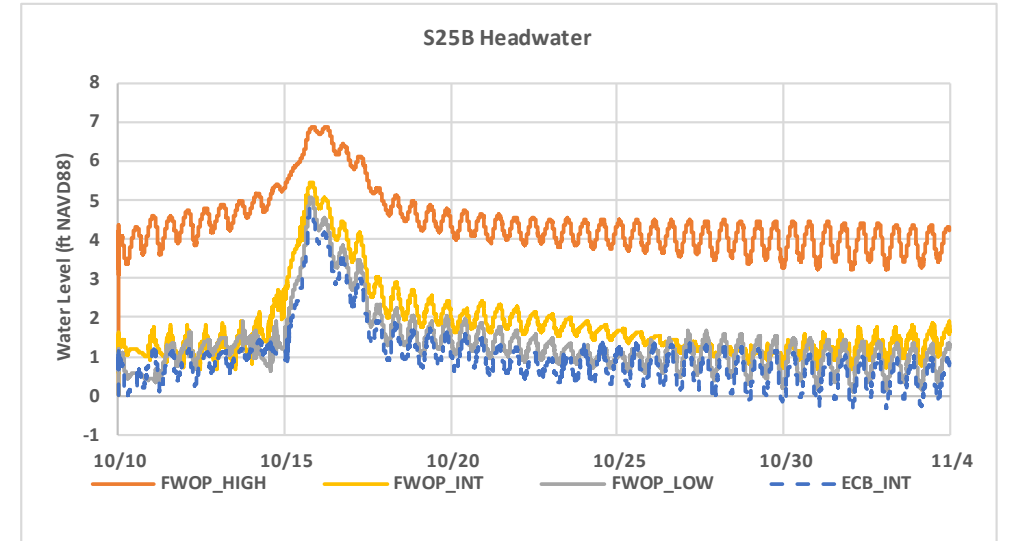
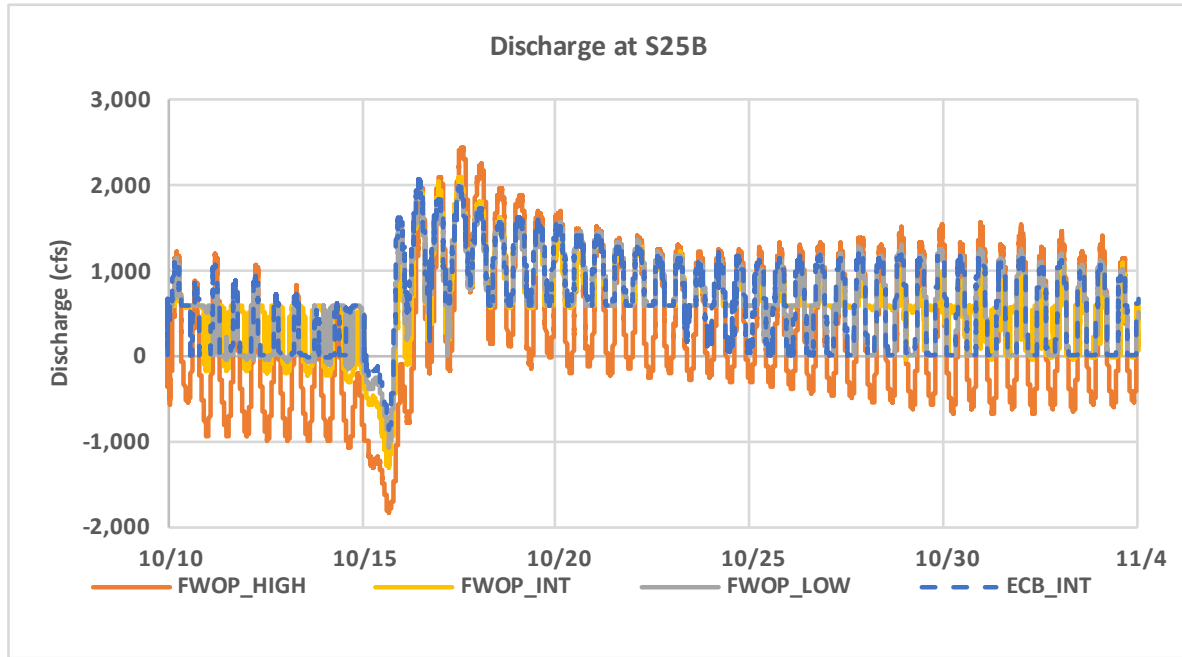


S25B, Peak Instantaneous Tailwater



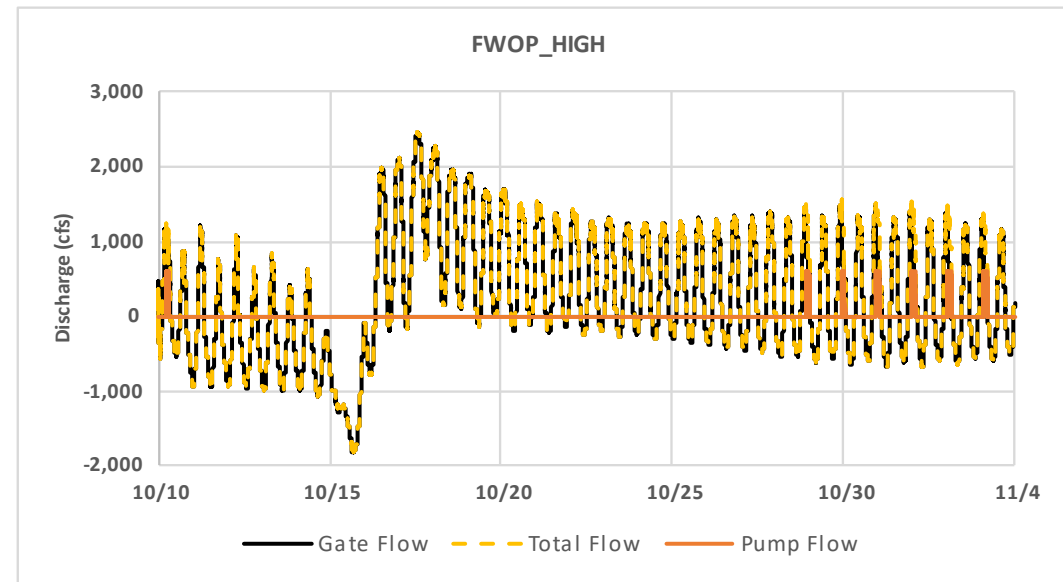
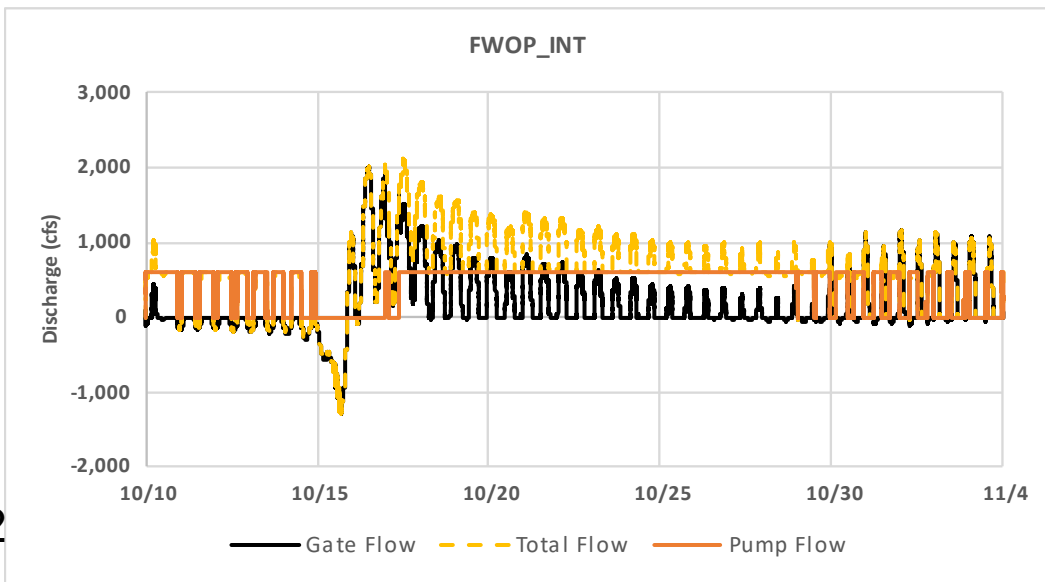
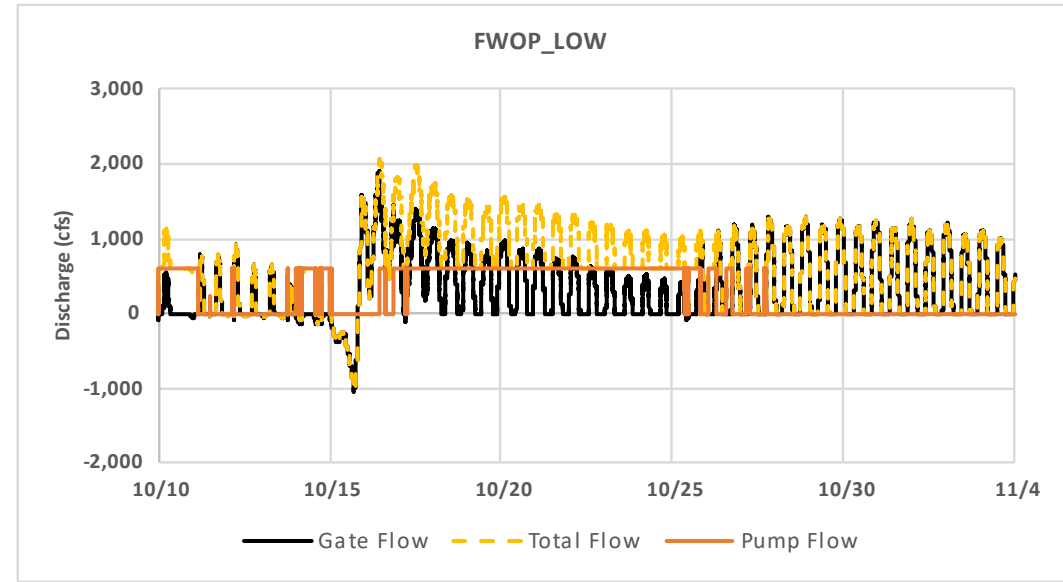
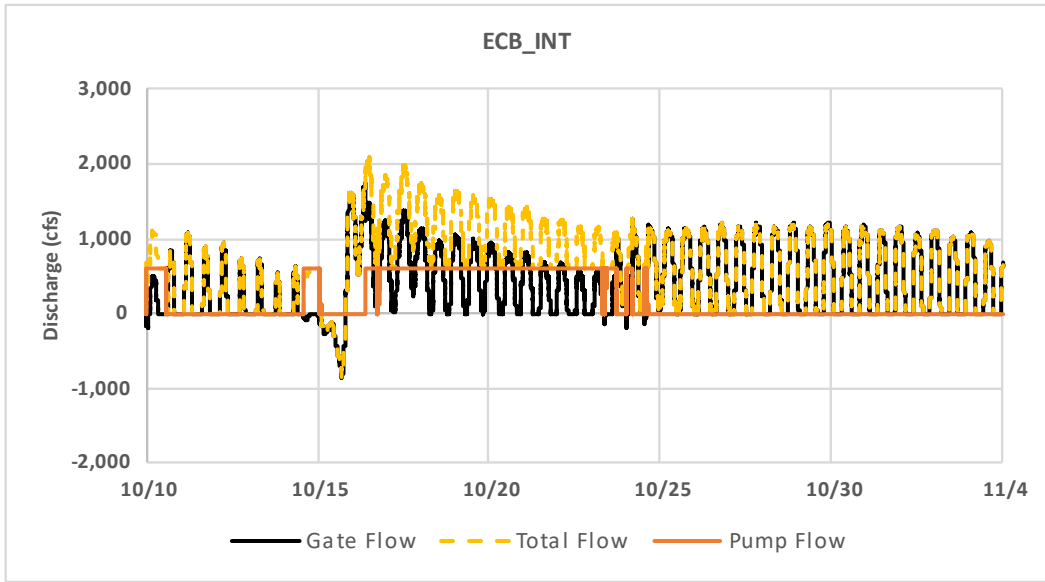


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S25B – 20S25R





STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S25B – 20S25R



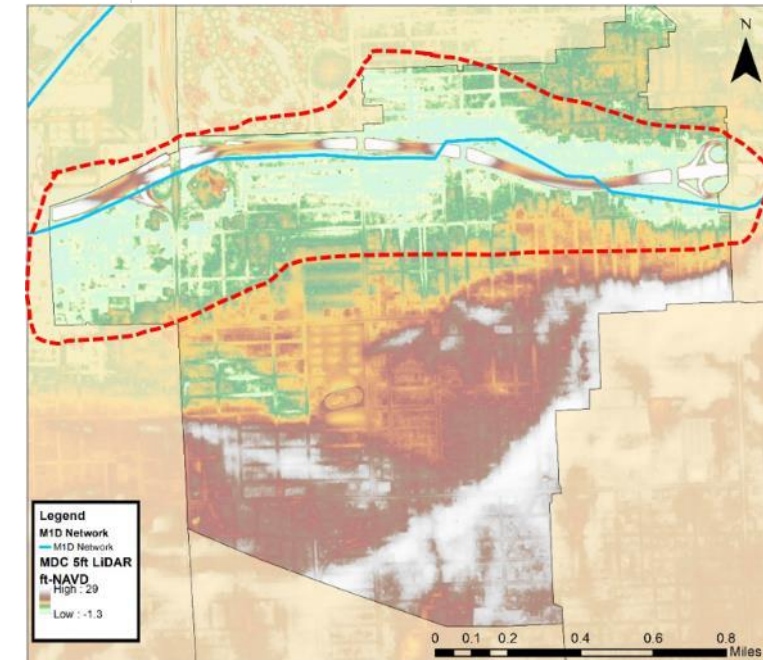
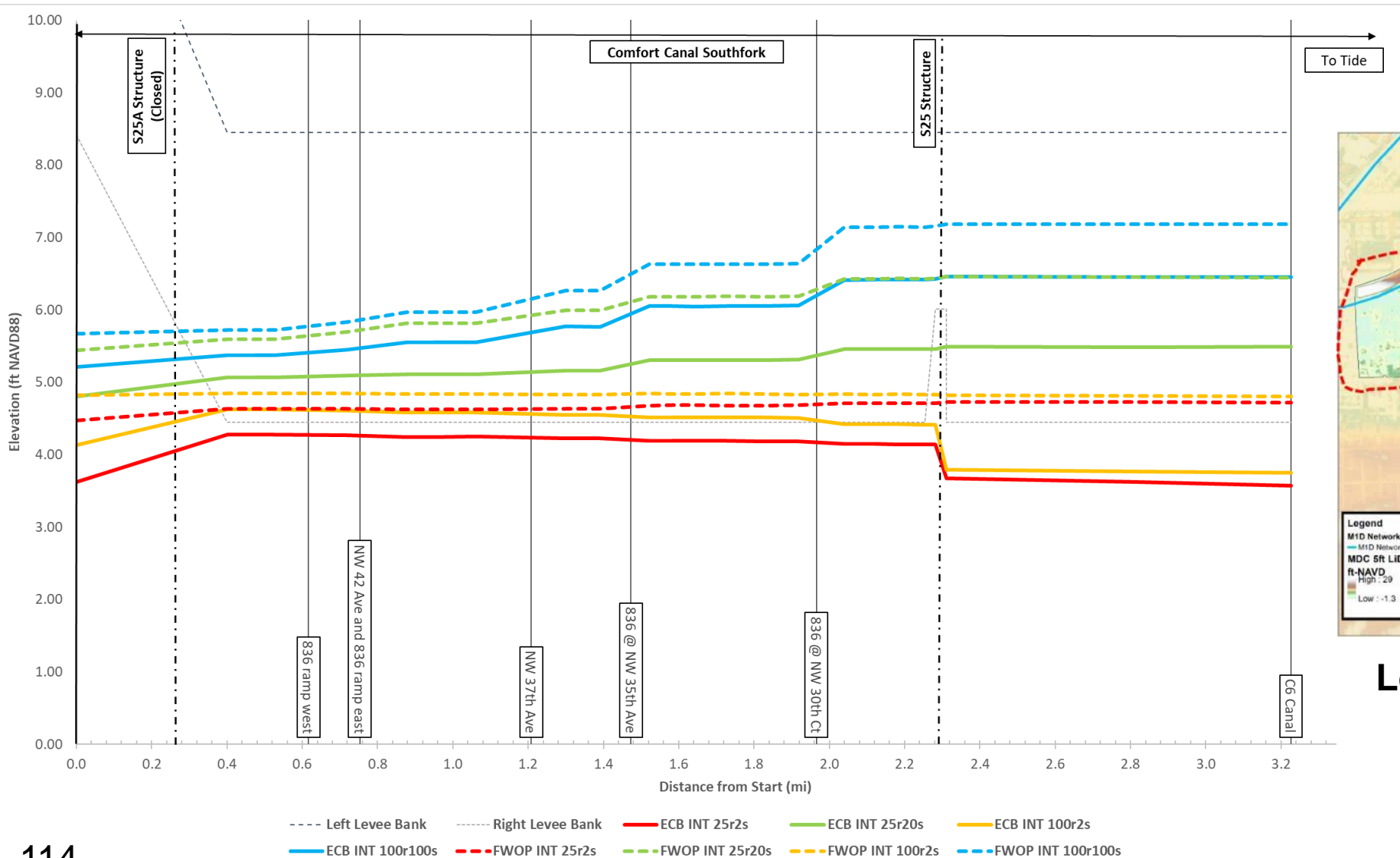


C-5, COMFORT CANAL/S25





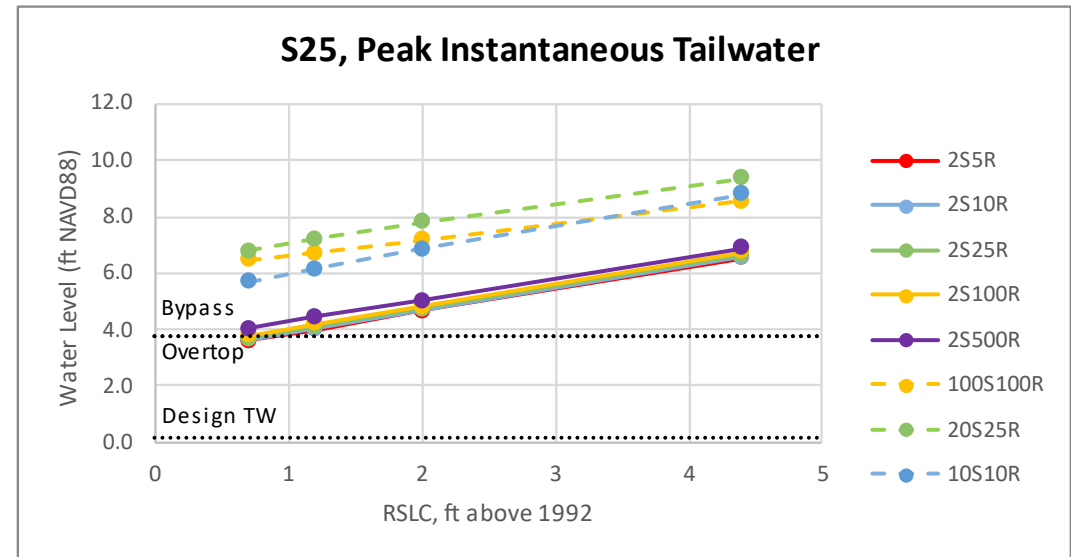
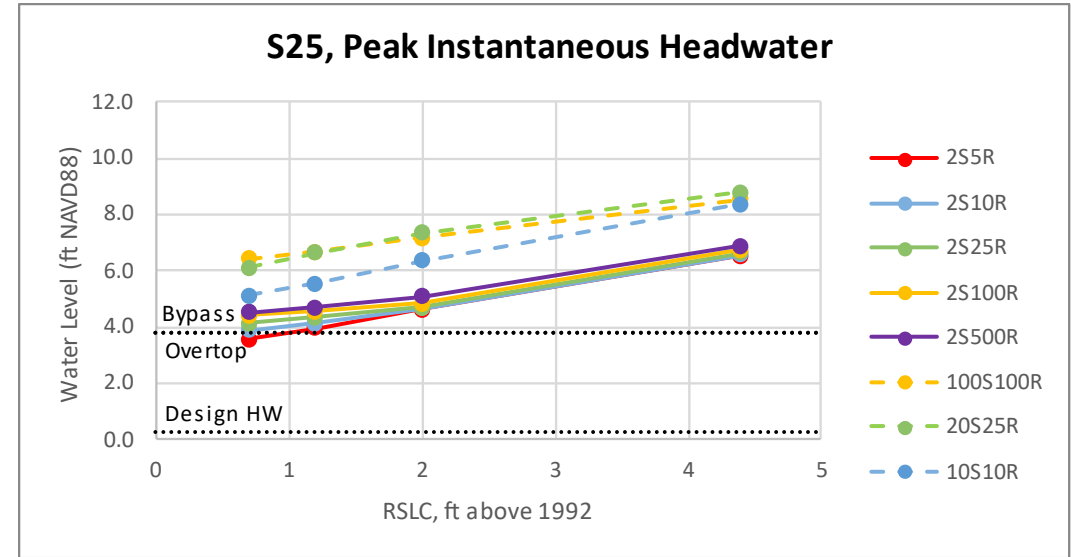
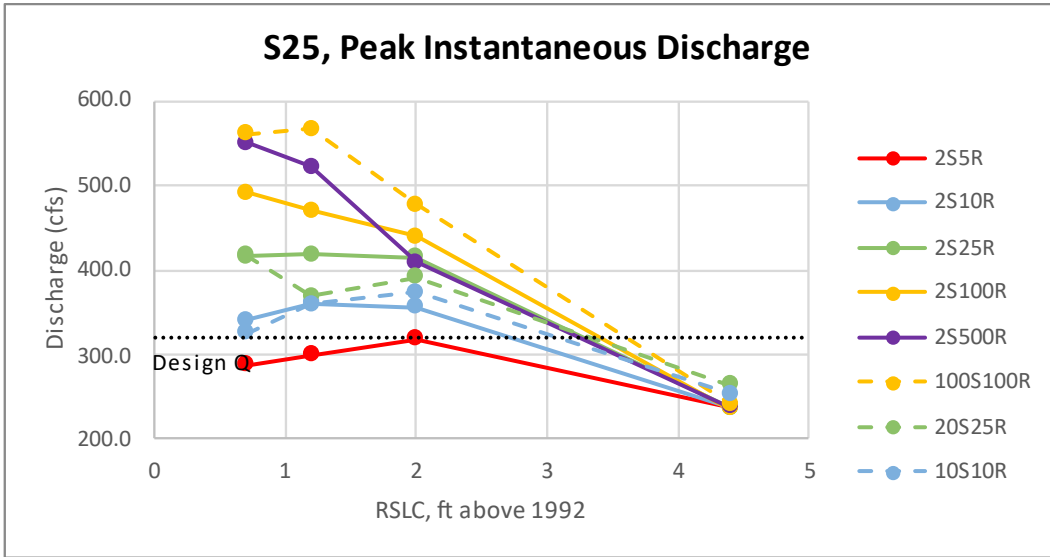
MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C-5/COMFORT CANAL



Low topography region near Comfort Canal Southfork

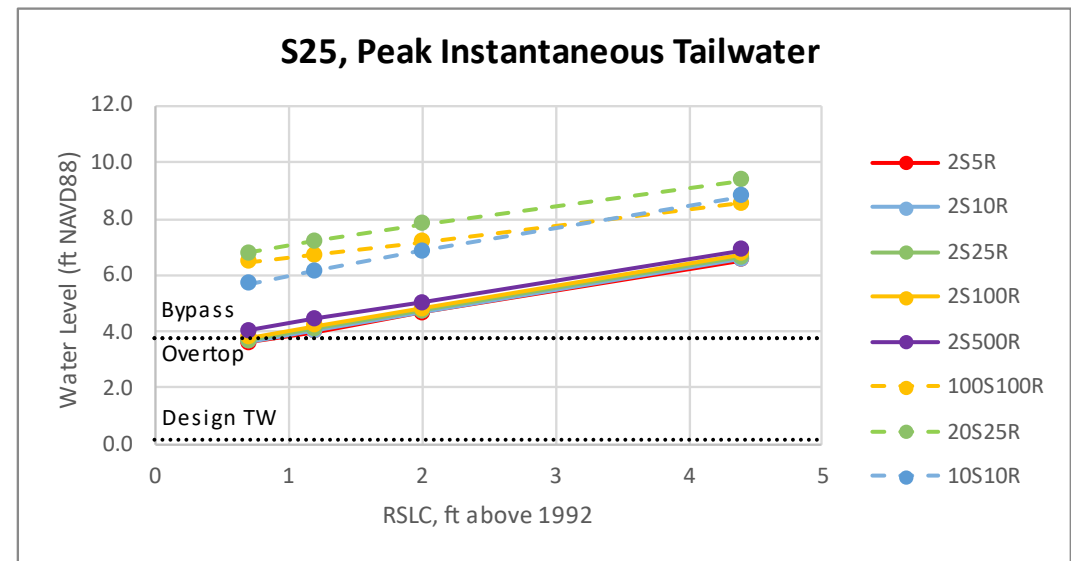
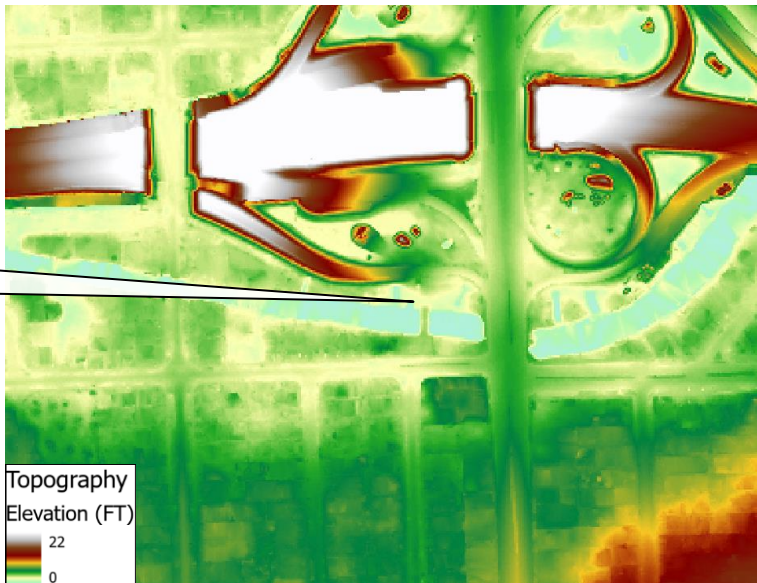
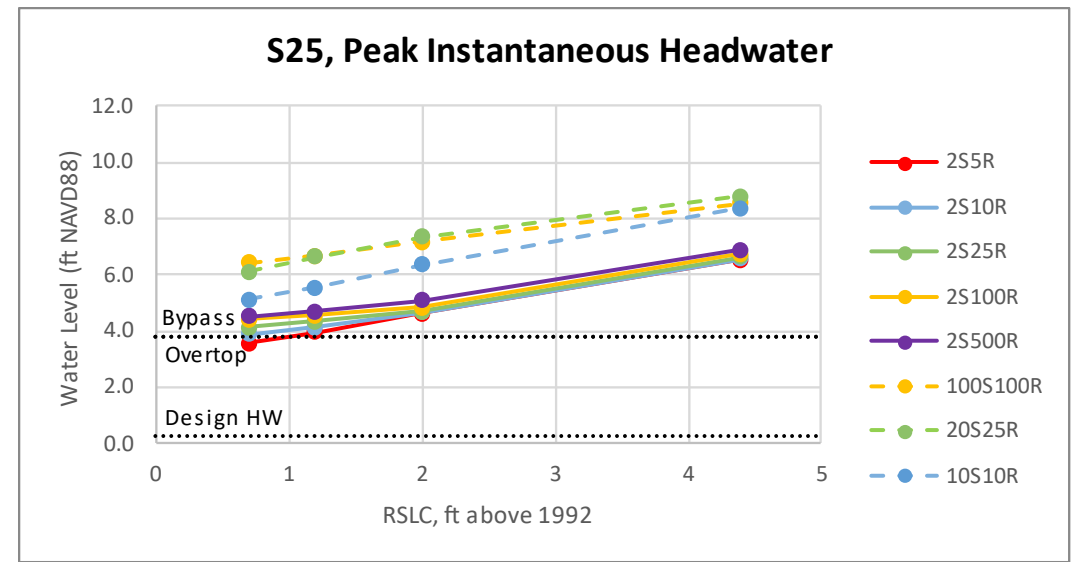
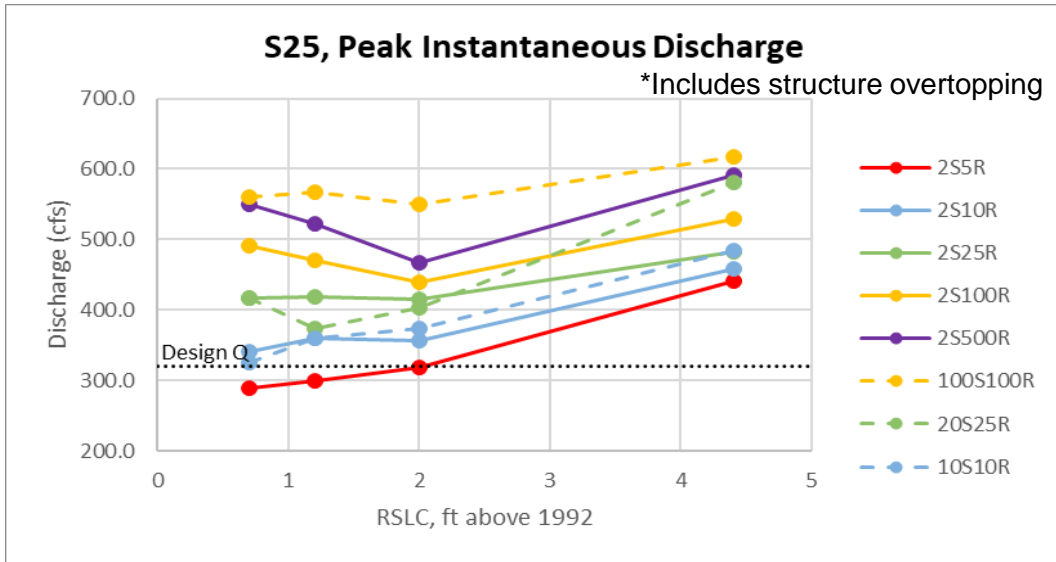


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S25



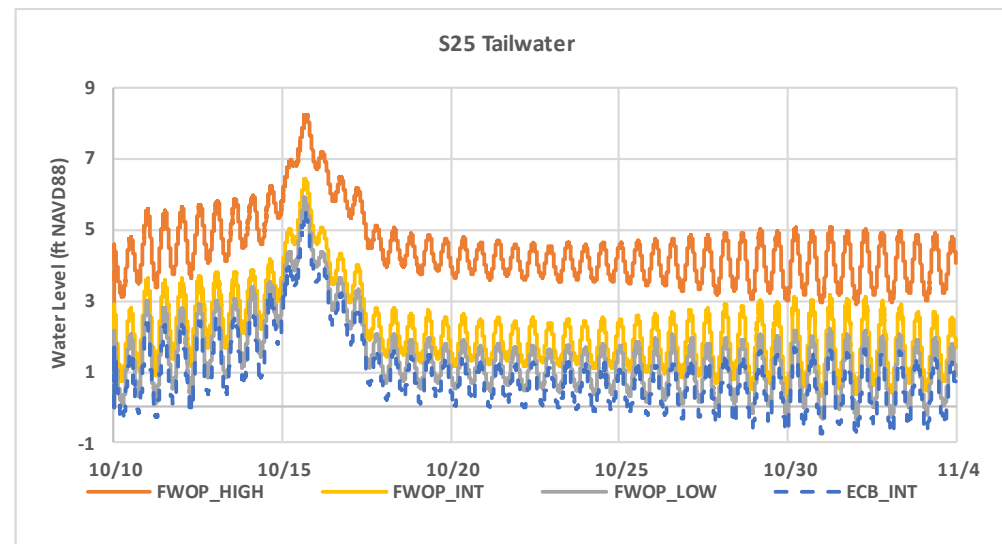
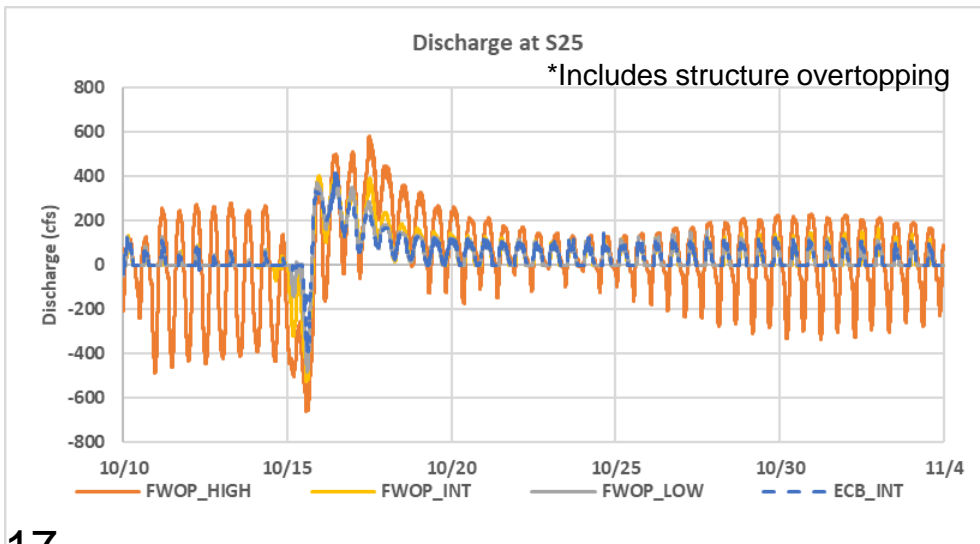
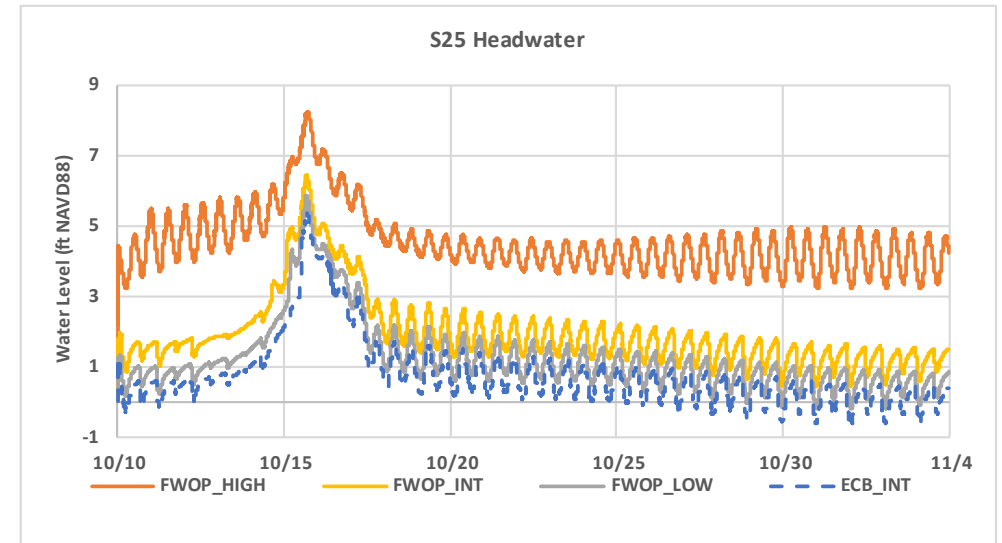
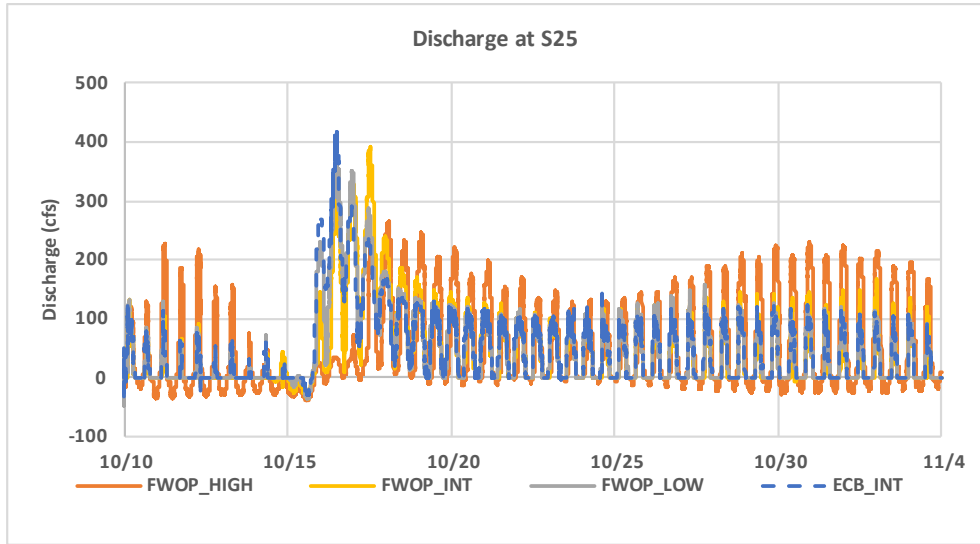


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S25



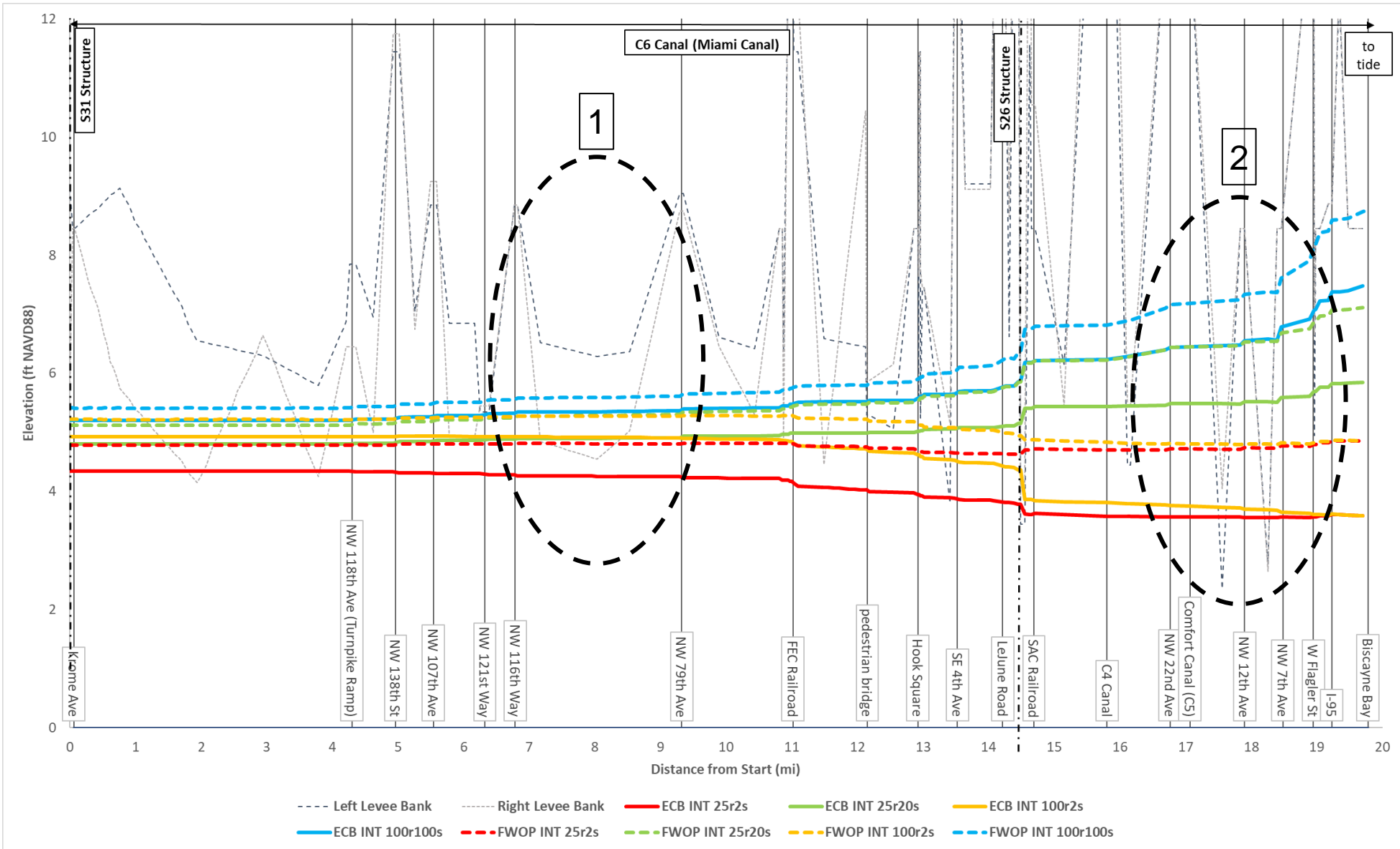


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S25 – 20S25R





MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C6 CANAL

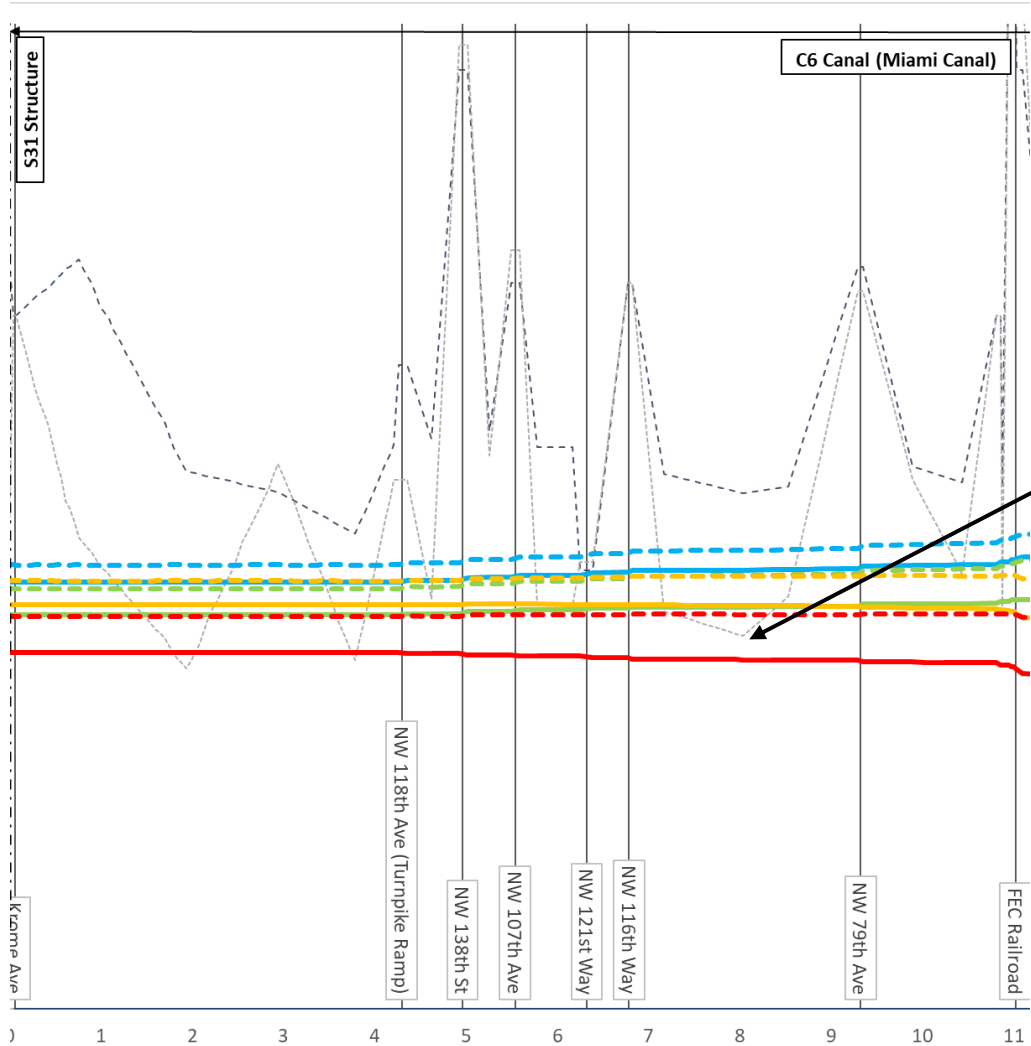




MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C6 CANAL

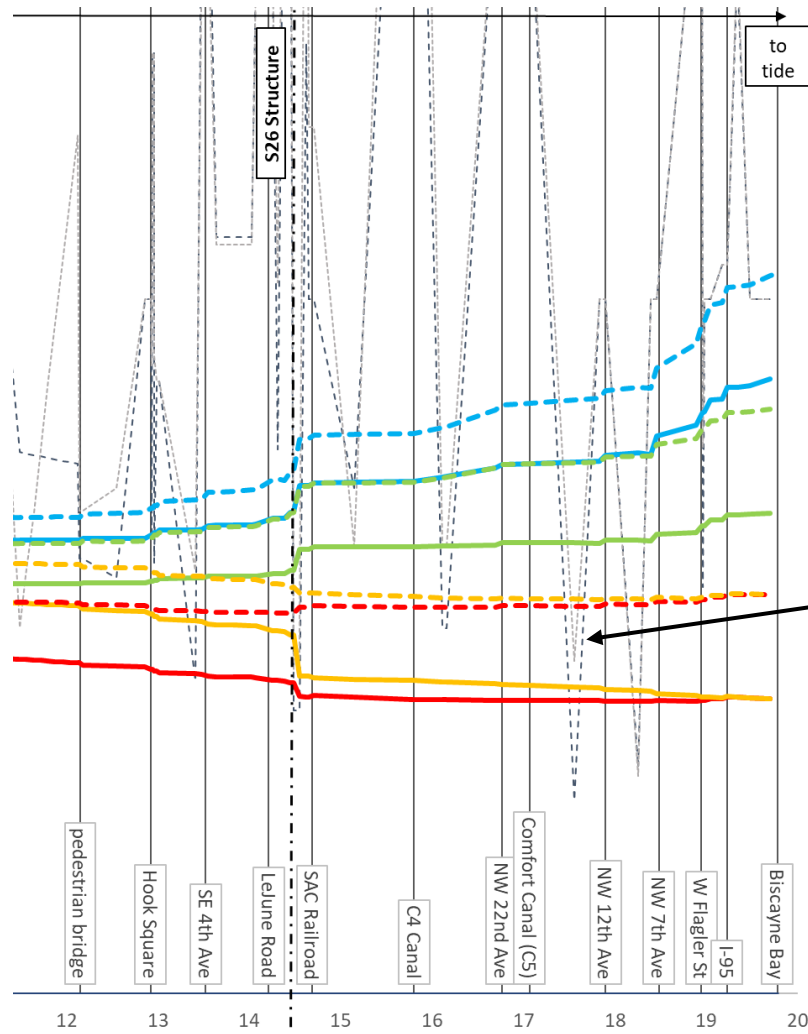


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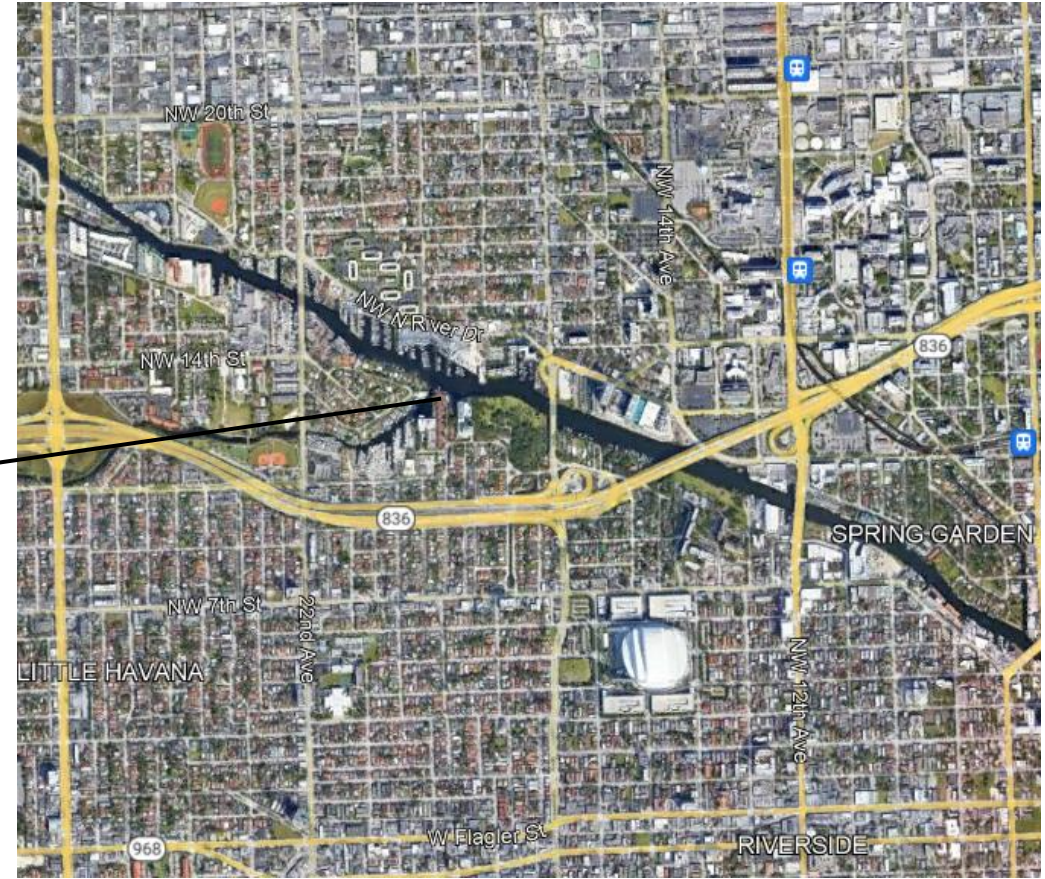




MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C6 CANAL

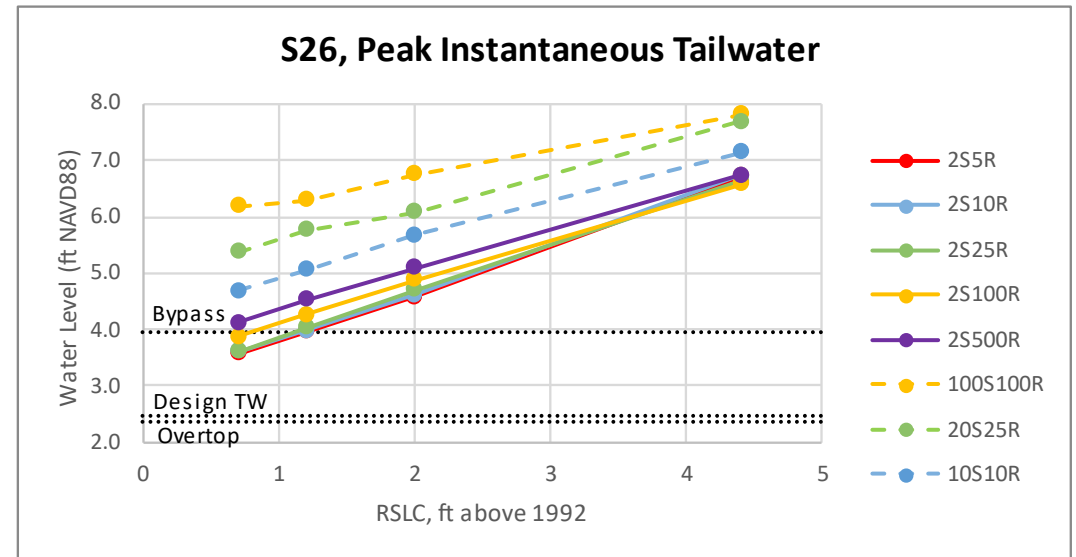
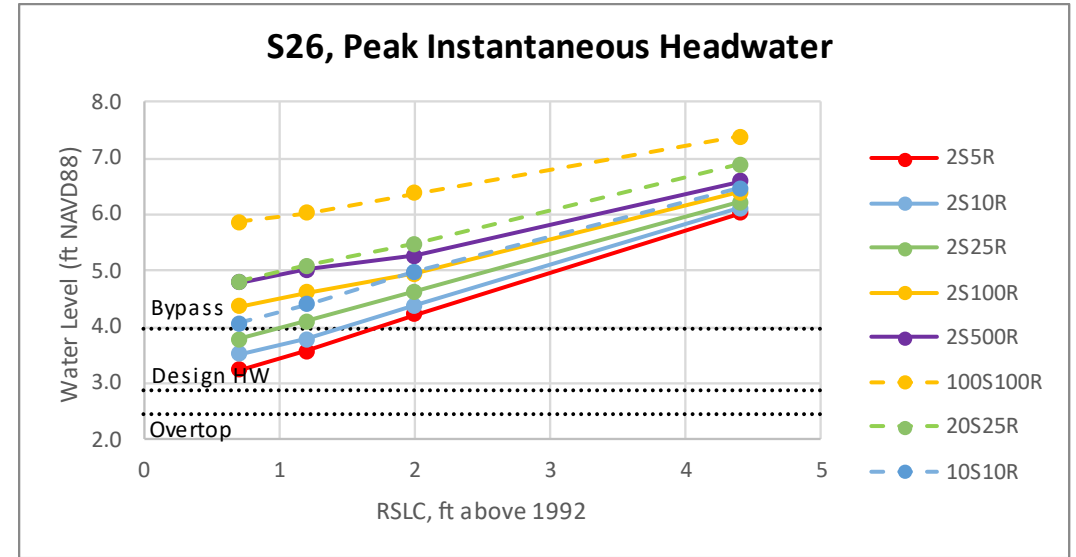
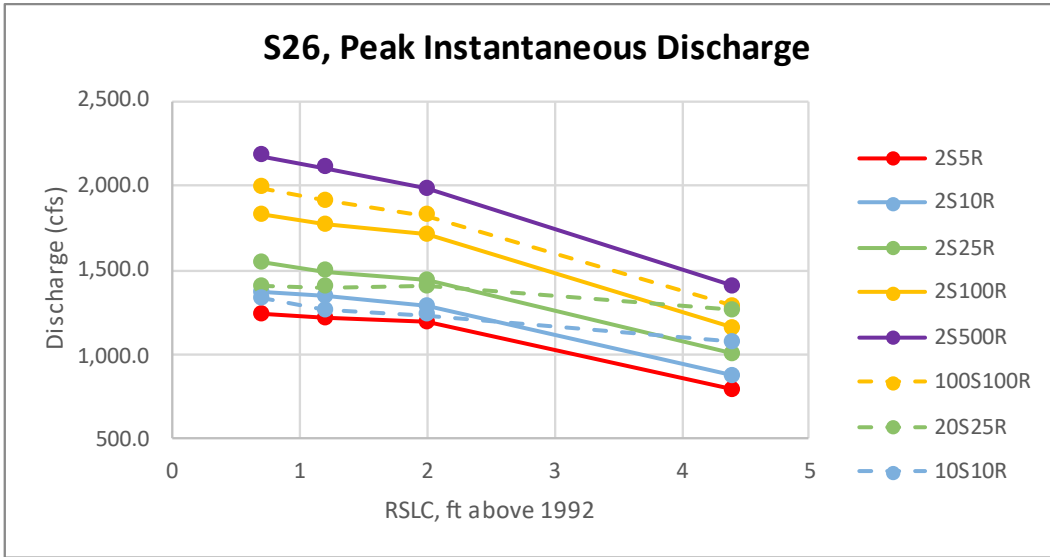


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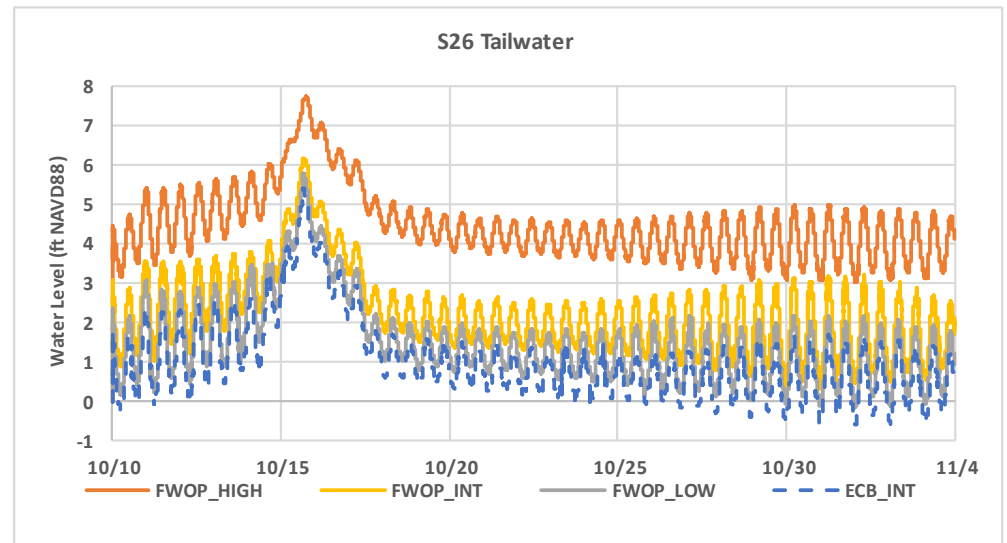
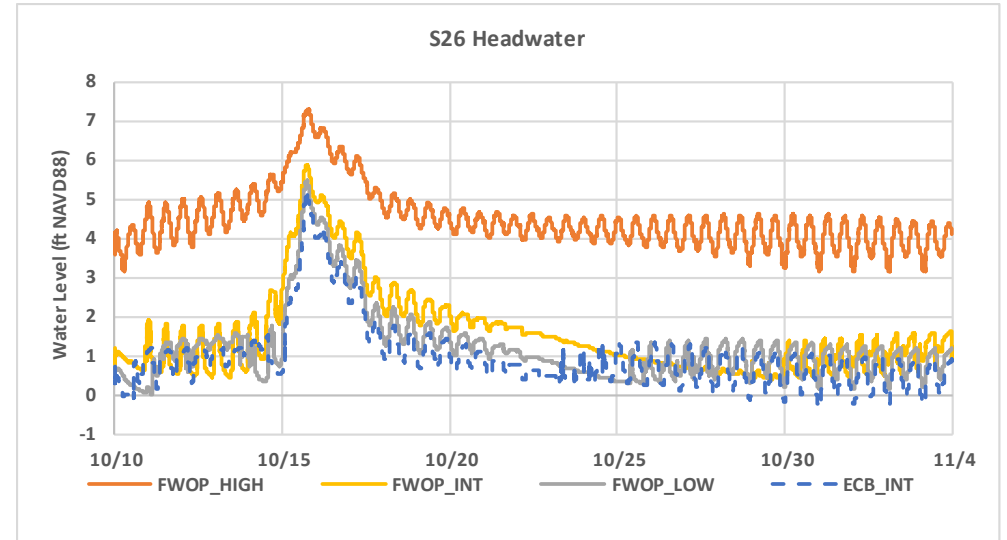
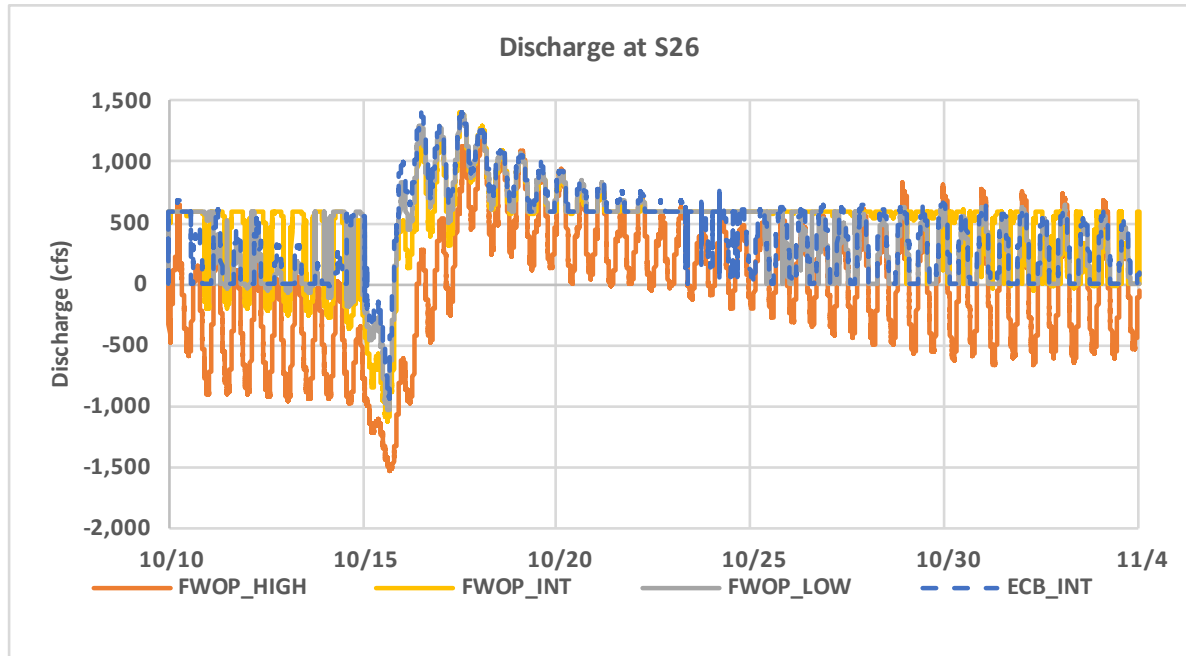


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S26



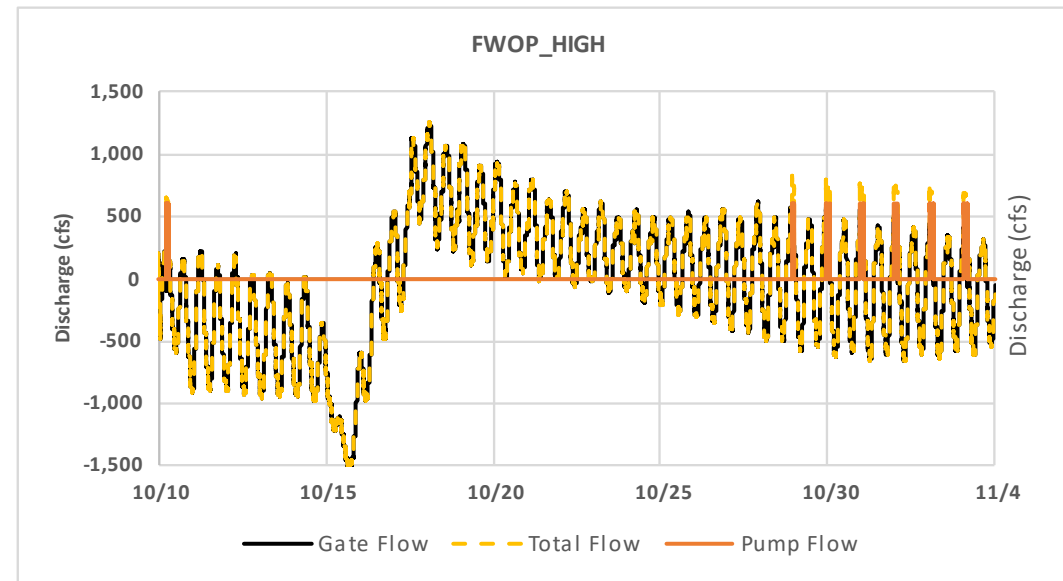
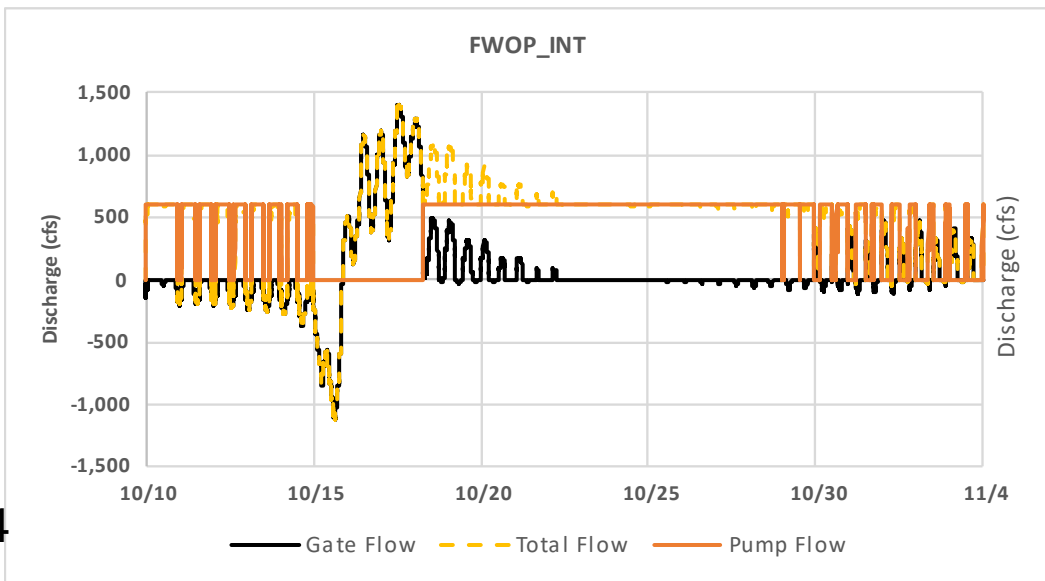
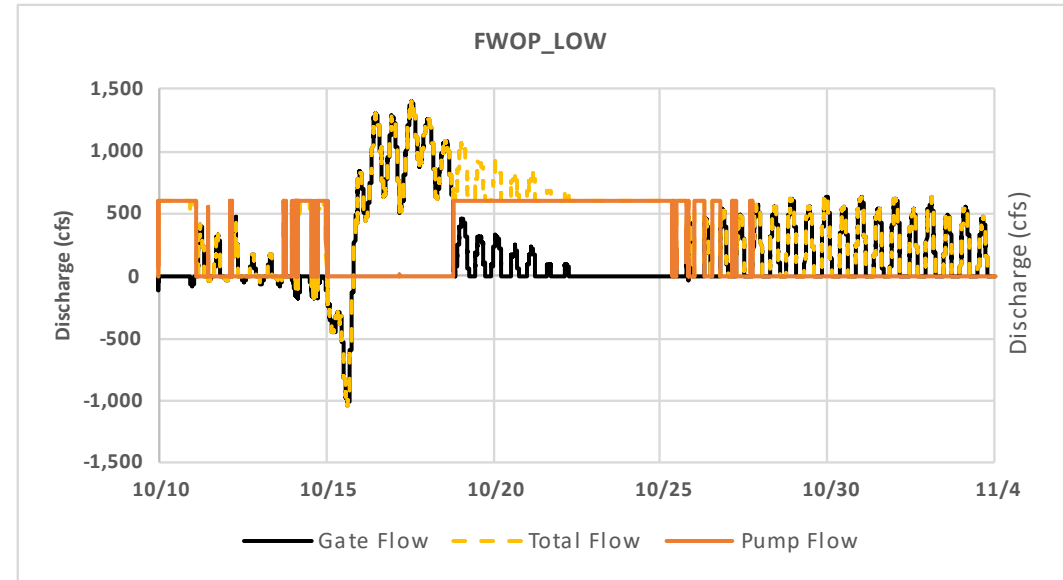
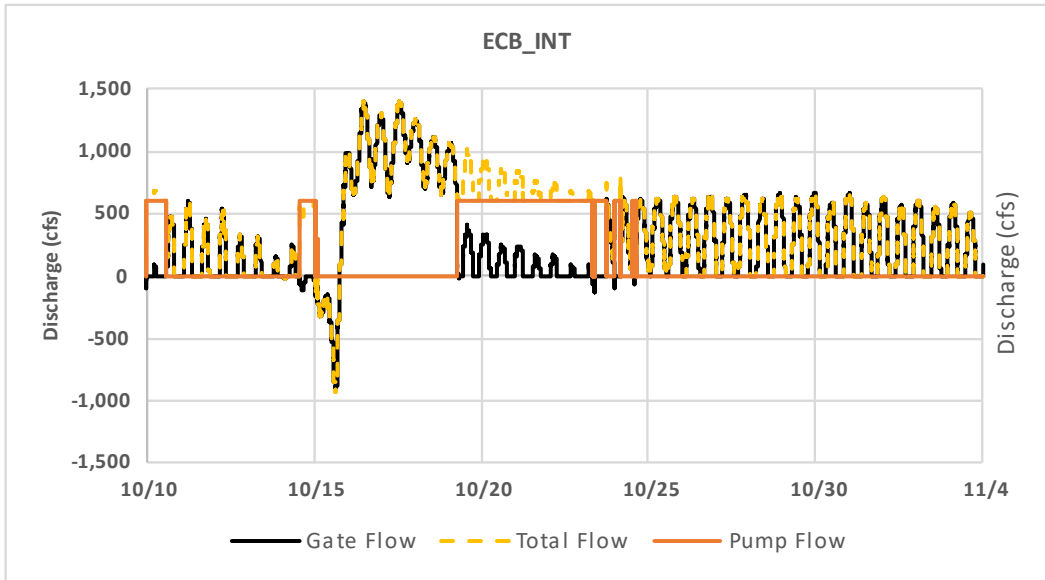


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S26 – 20S25R





STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S26 – 20S25R





REACH C - Q&A



- Please **use the Q&A function** to submit questions OR **use the 'raise hand' function** at the bottom of your screen and we call on you to unmute.
- You are welcome to **submit follow up questions and additional comments** after the webinar via email to CSFFRSComments@usace.army.mil.
- Please take a moment to complete the **H&H Model Output Survey** at the provided link: <https://forms.office.com/g/gkvZBCnCP3>



BREAK

Workshop will resume at 2:40 PM



9. REACH D

Presenters: Amanda Bredesen, P.E., H&H Model Subteam Lead, USACE
Carol Ballard, P.E. CFM, H&H Model Subteam Lead, SFWMD

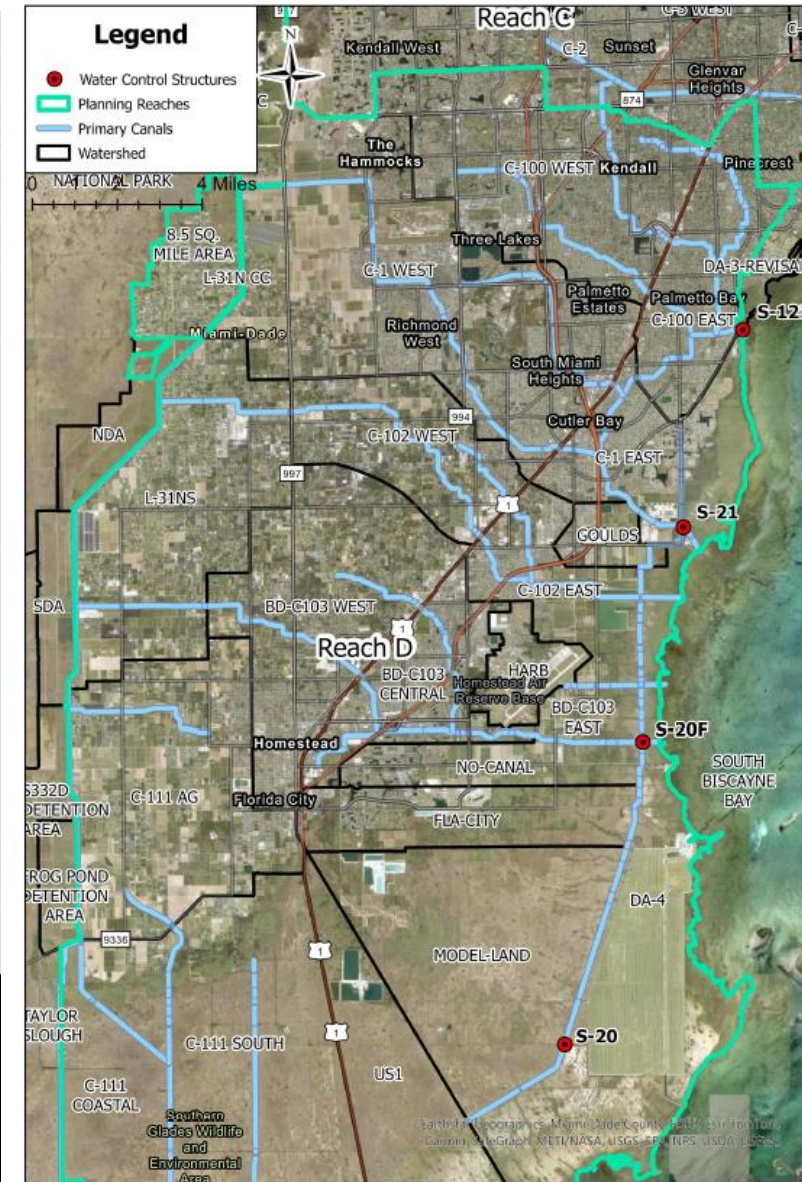
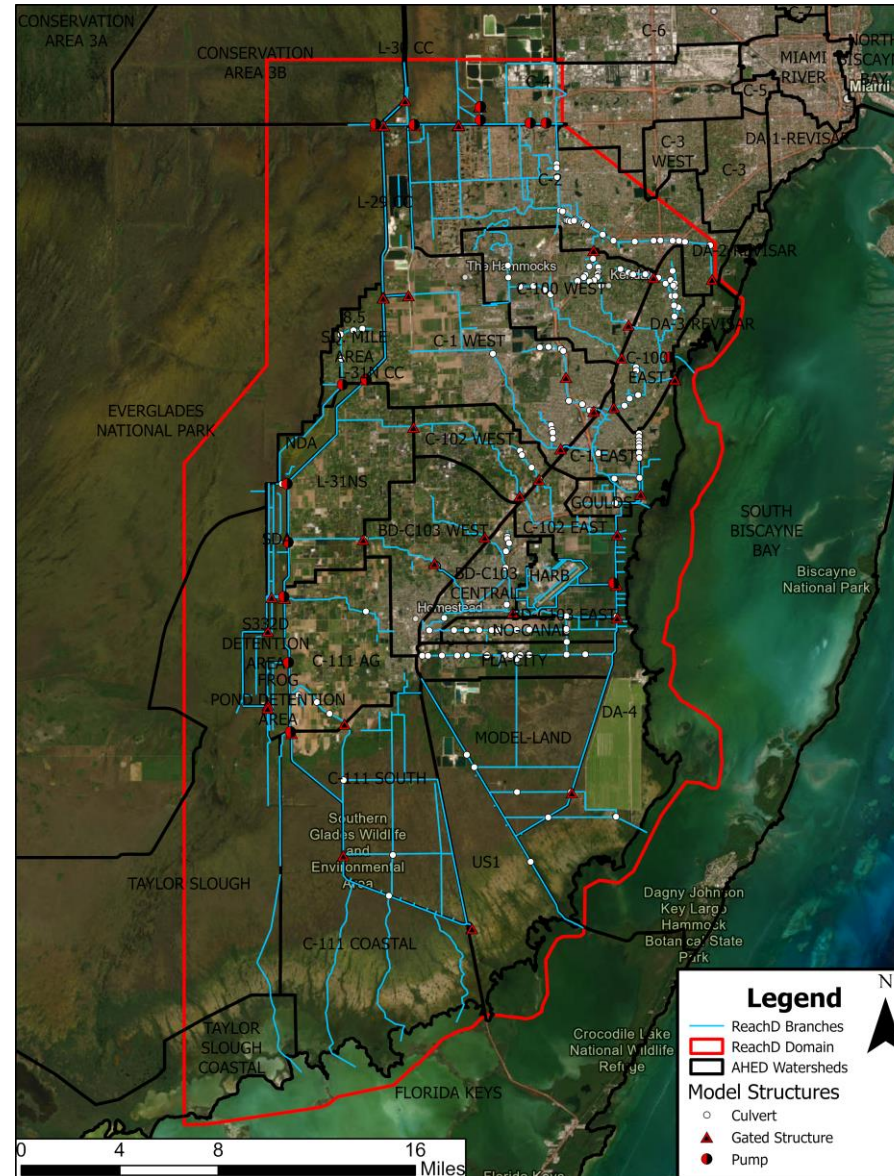
Modelers: Stephanie Long-Marquez, PhD., P.E., Lead Modeler, Chen Moore
Justin Tagle, P.E., Modeler, Chen Moore & Associates
Chinlung Wu, PhD., P.E., Technical Lead, SFWMD



PLANNING REACH OVERVIEW

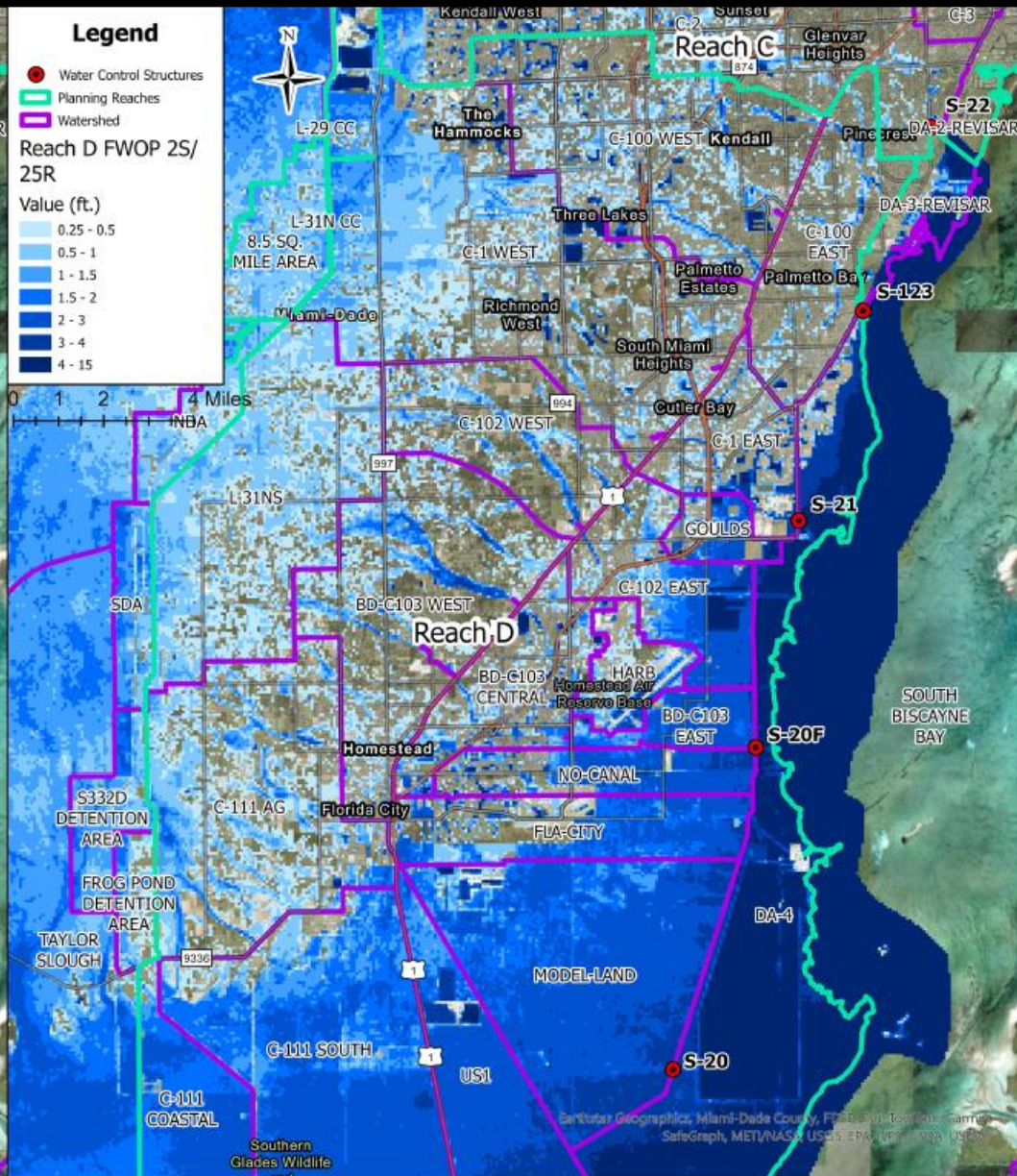
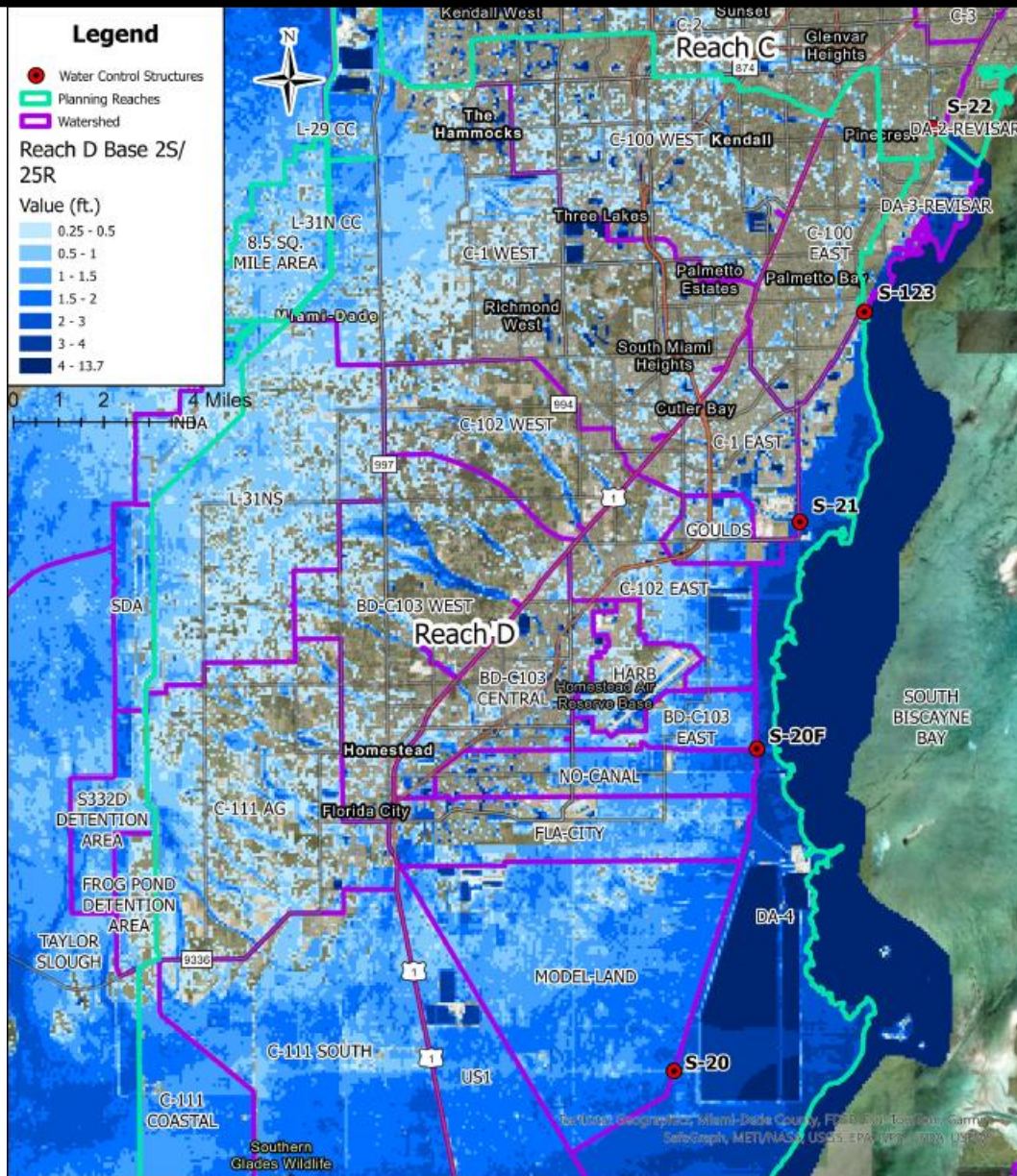


- This Reach consists of thirteen managed watersheds upstream of the coastal structures with the northernmost watershed being the C-100 and continuing to the southernmost watershed of C-111 Coastal adjacent to the Florida Bay. The reach also includes the eastern coastal watersheds, ranging from the Snapper Creek Canal to Taylor Slough.
- Section 216 Focus: C-100/S-123, C-1/S-21, C103/S-20F and L-31E/S-20





MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 25-YEAR RAINFALL, 2-YEAR COASTAL

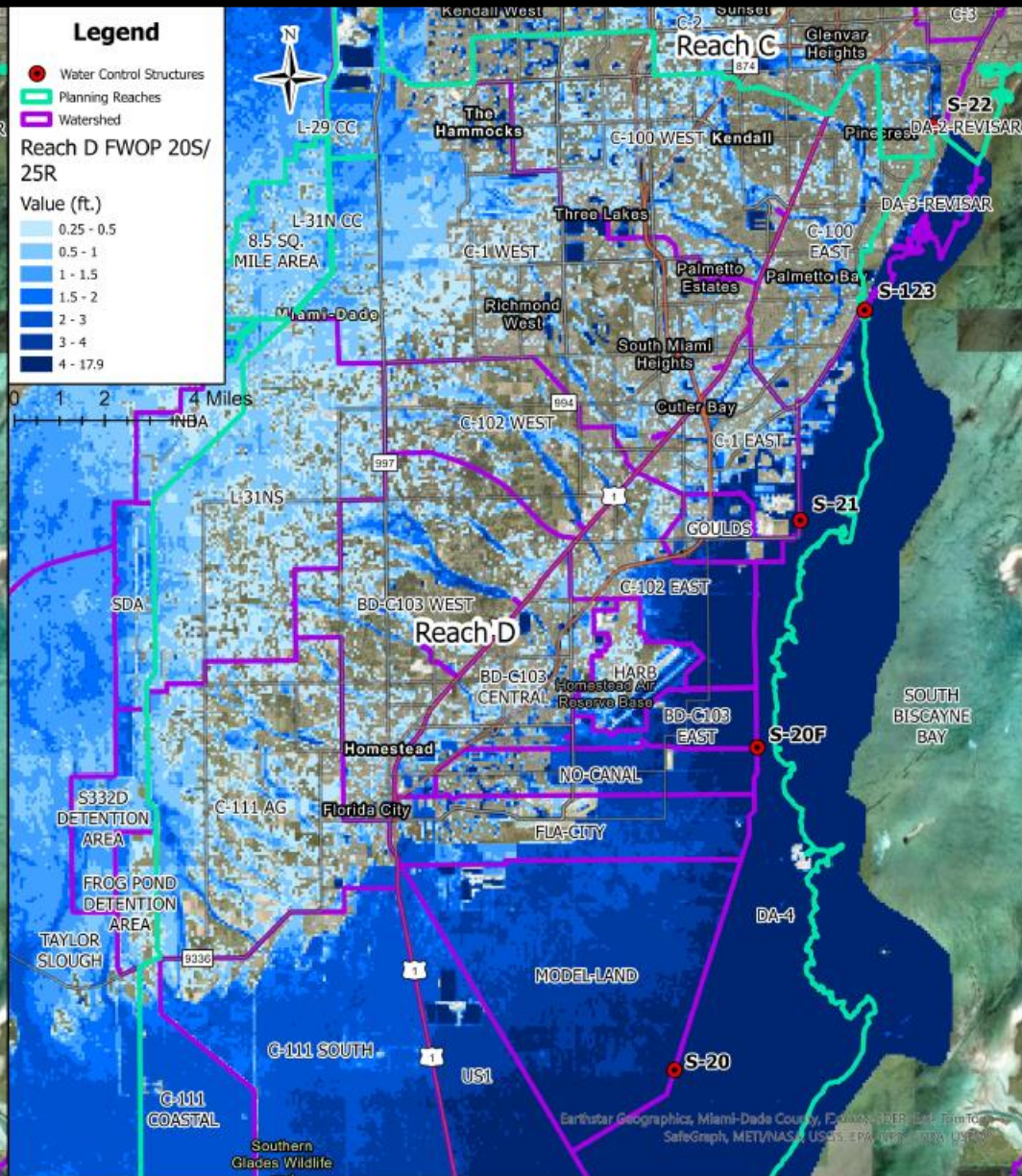
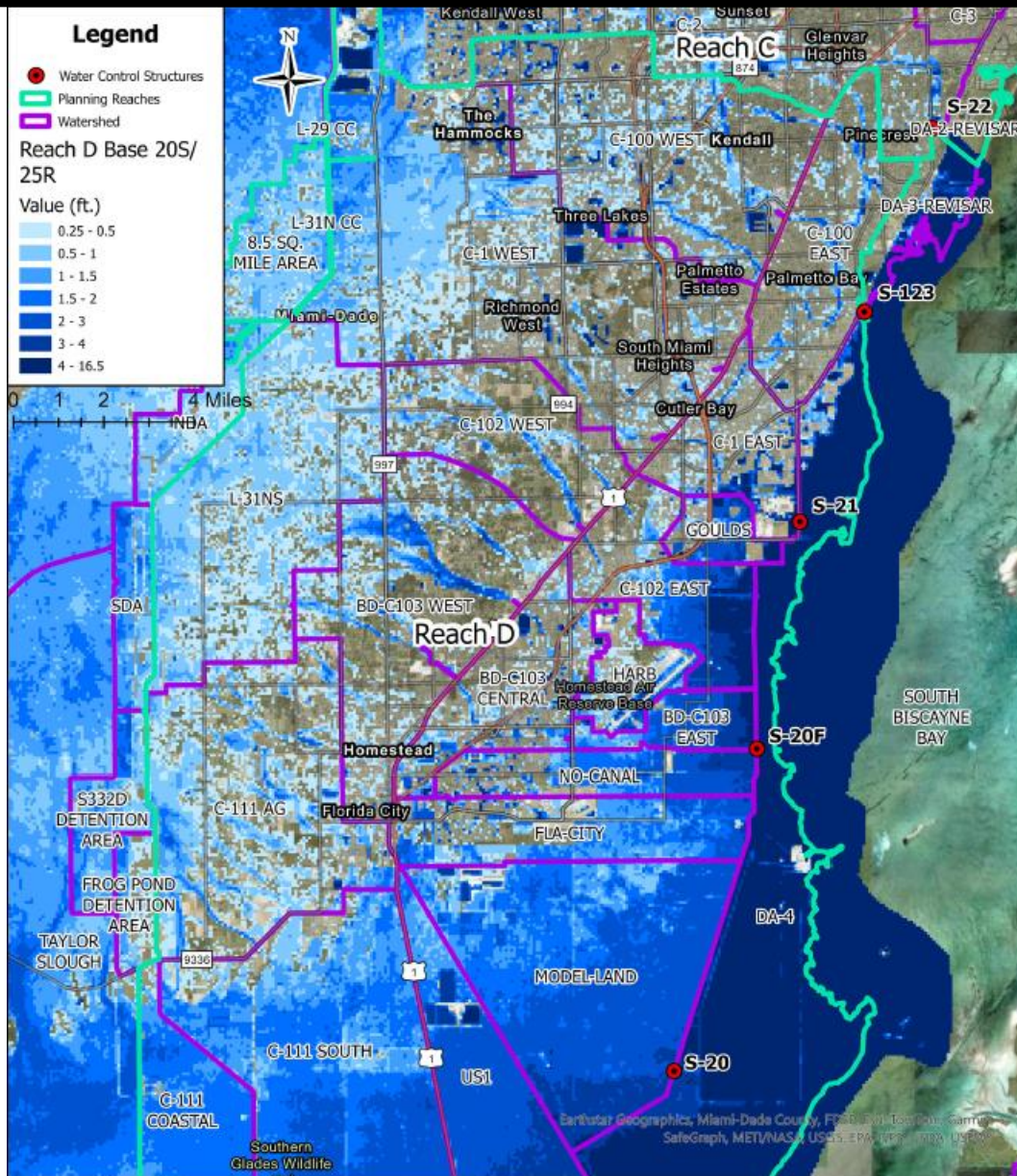


Base
Year

FWOP
Int SLR



MAXIMUM DEPTH RASTER 25-YEAR RAINFALL, 20-YEAR COASTAL

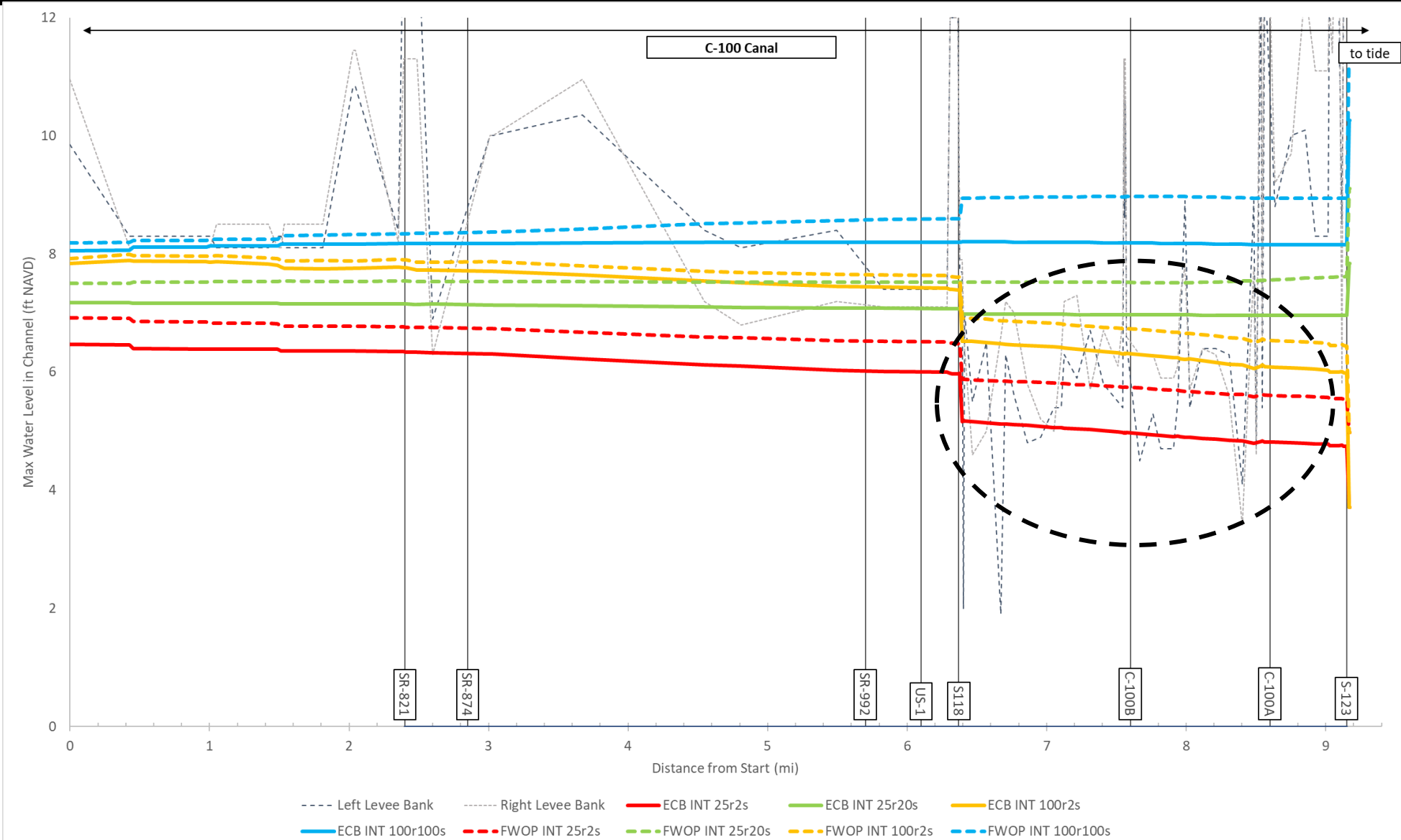


Base Year

FWOP Int SLR

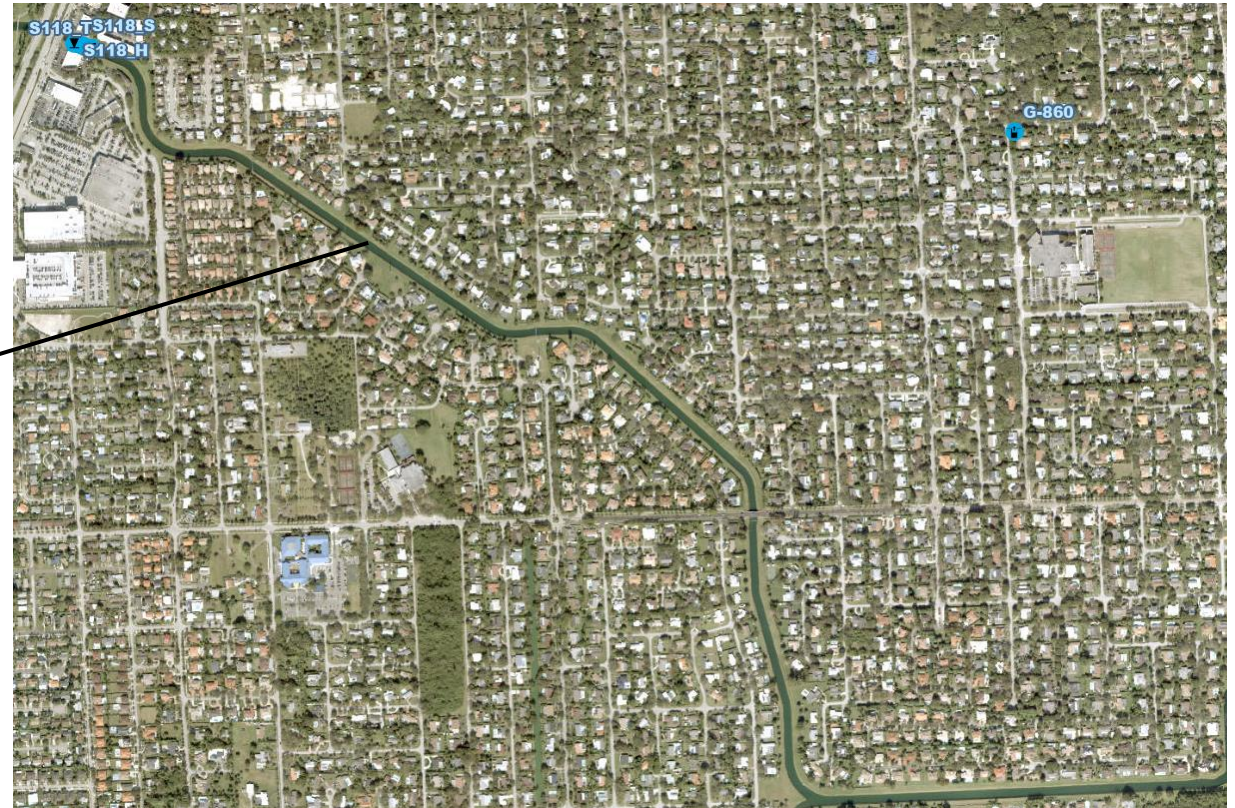
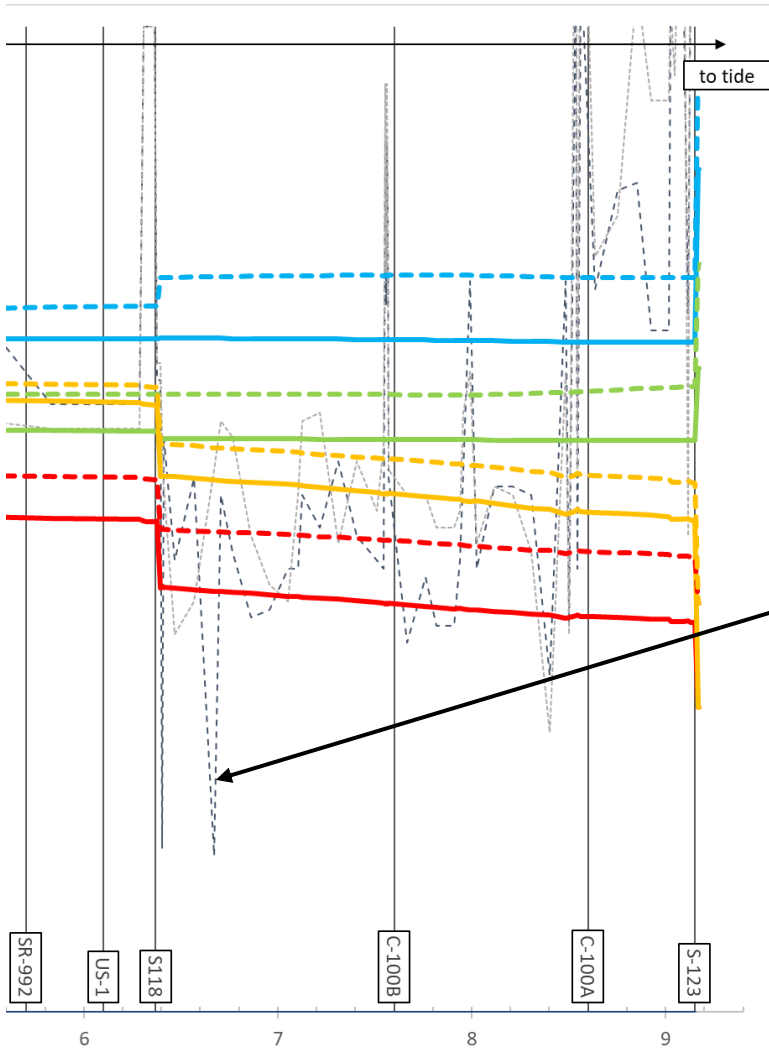


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C100 CANAL



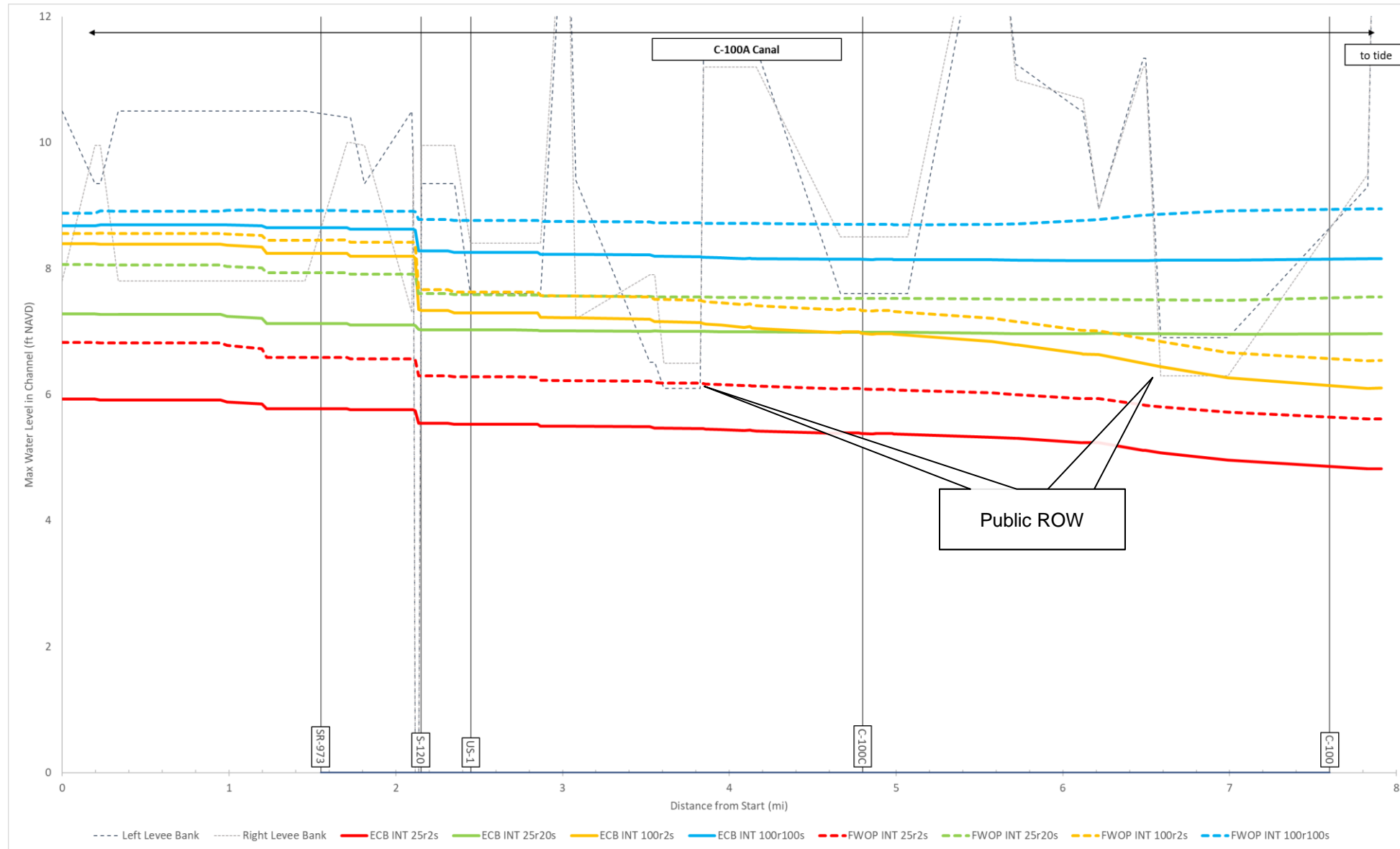


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C100 CANAL



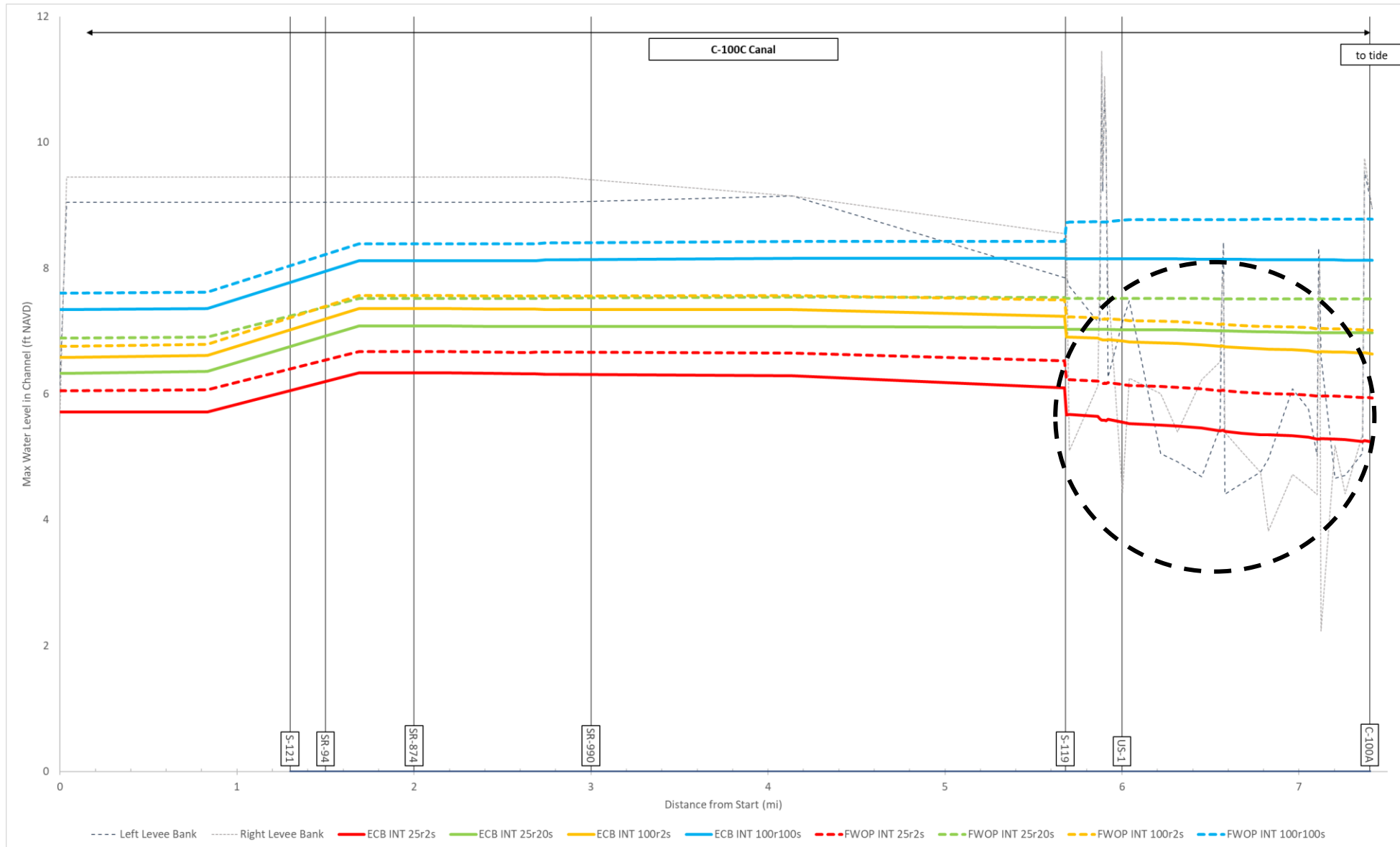


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C100A CANAL



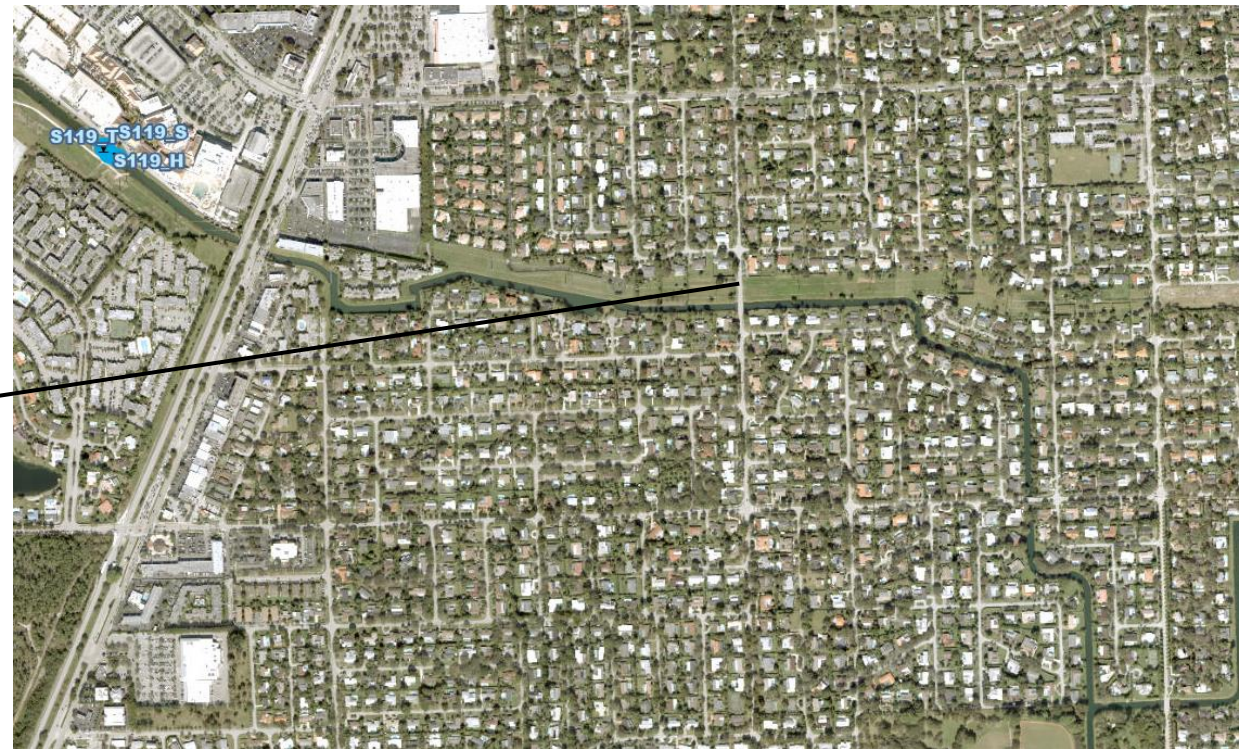
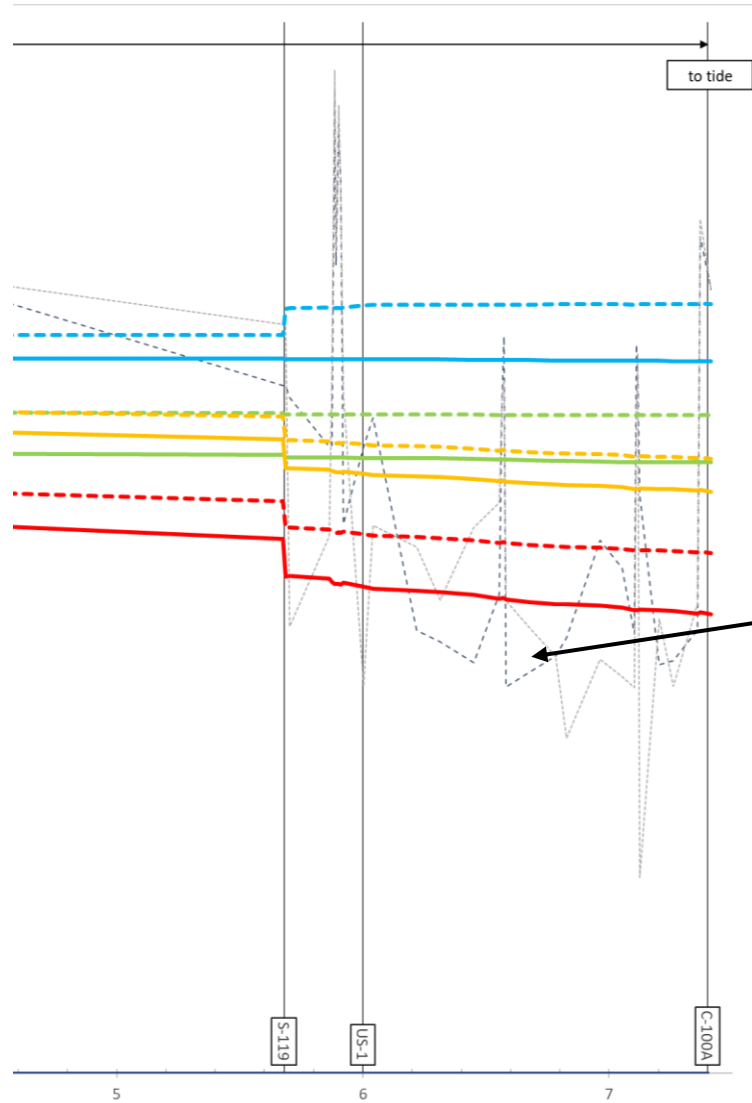


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C100C CANAL



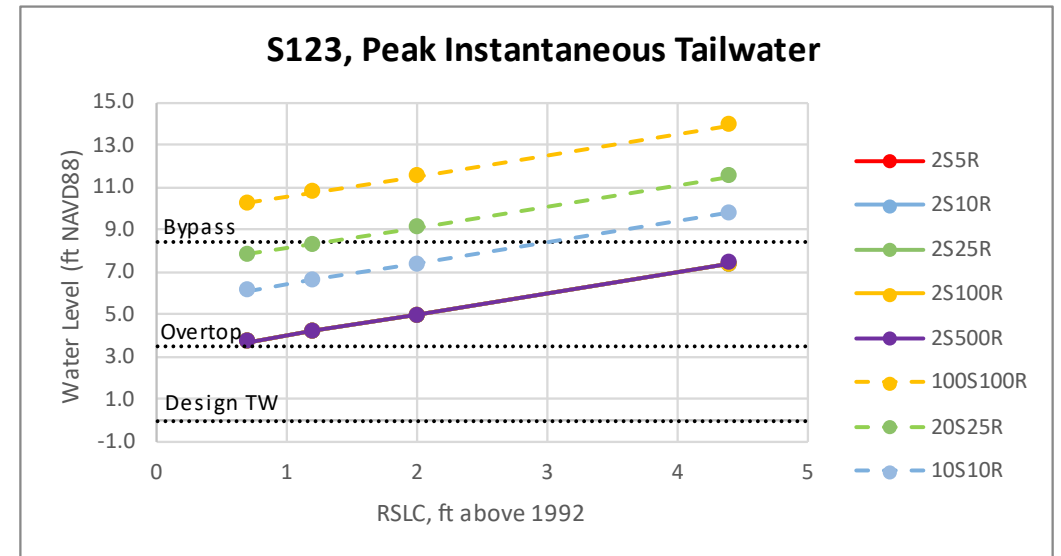
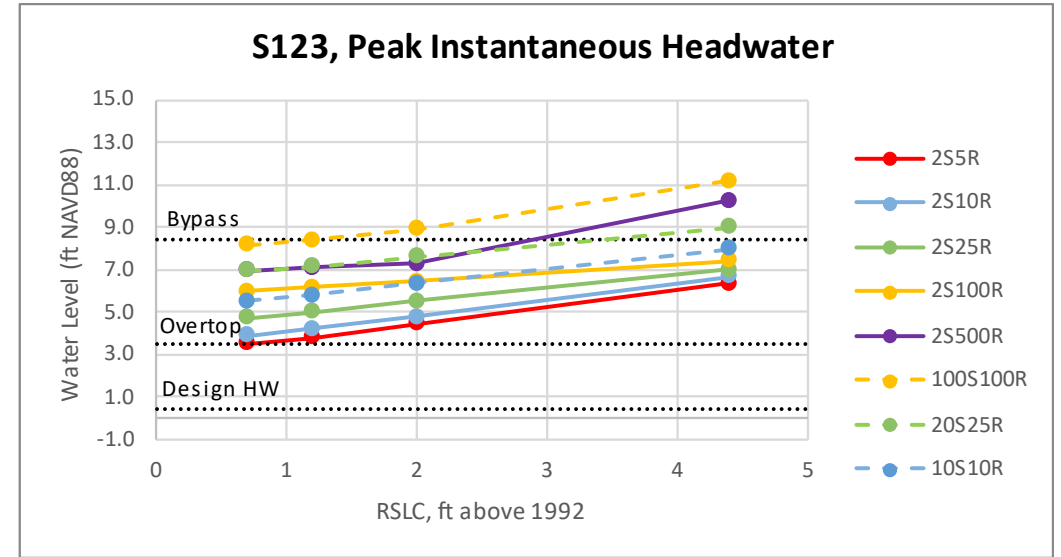
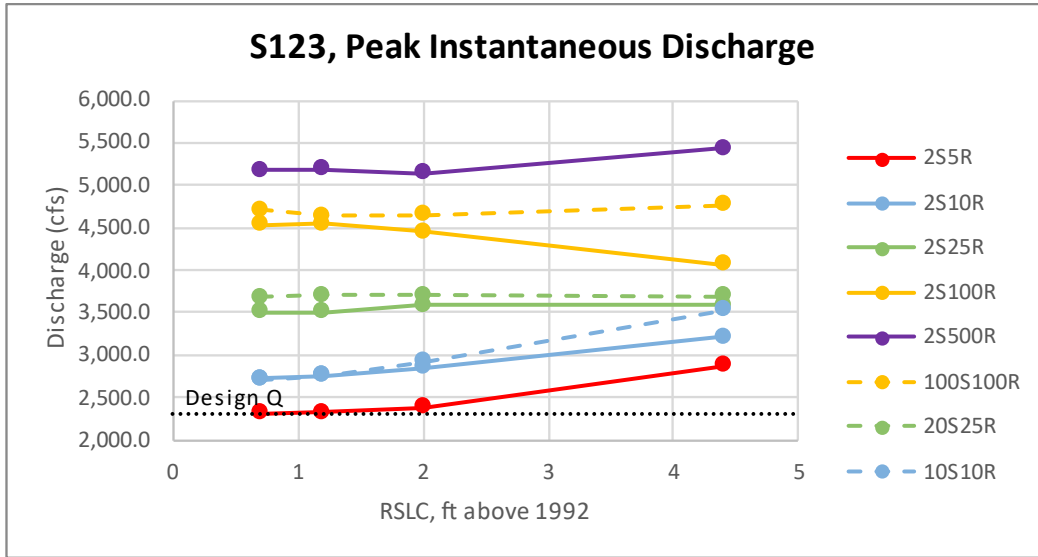


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C100C CANAL



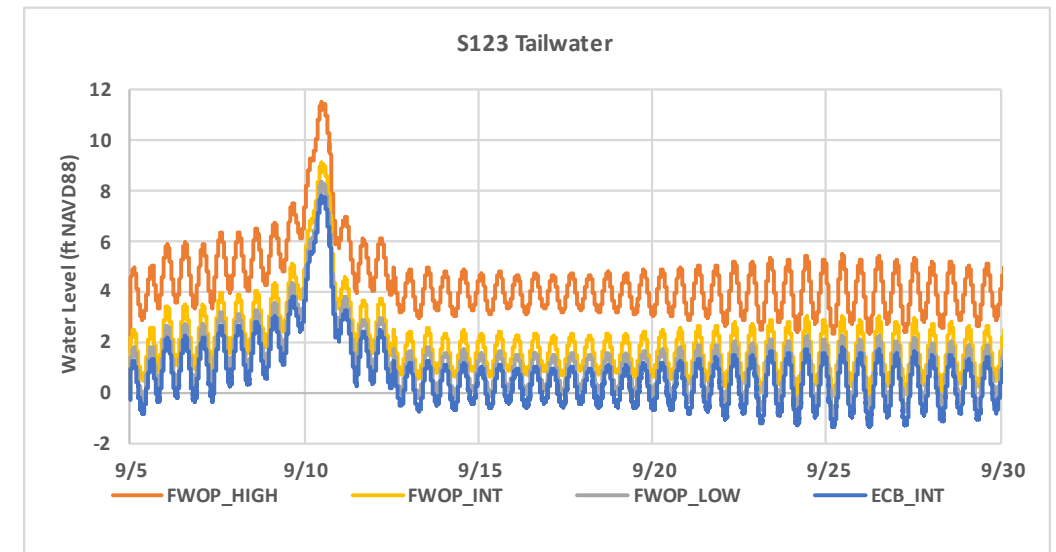
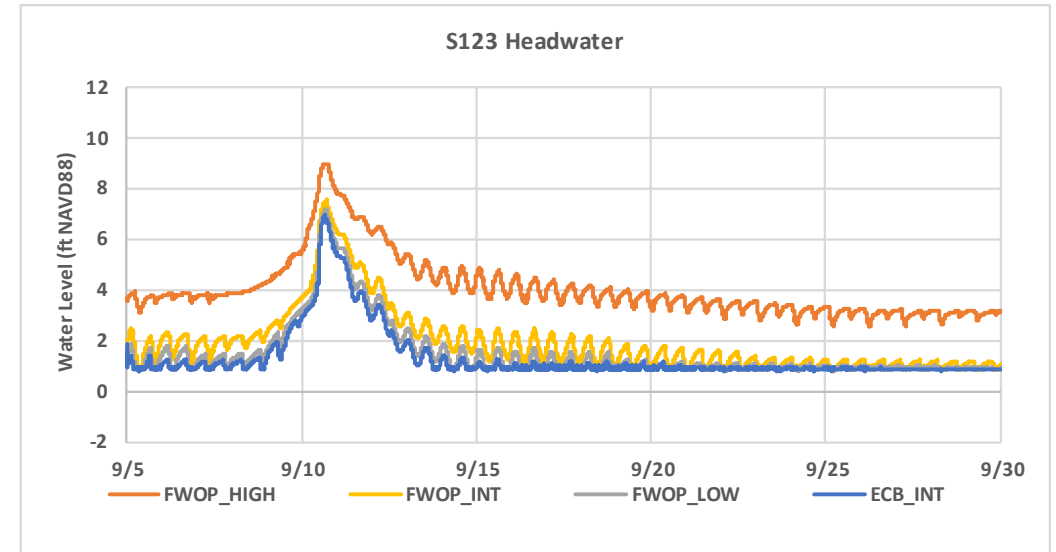
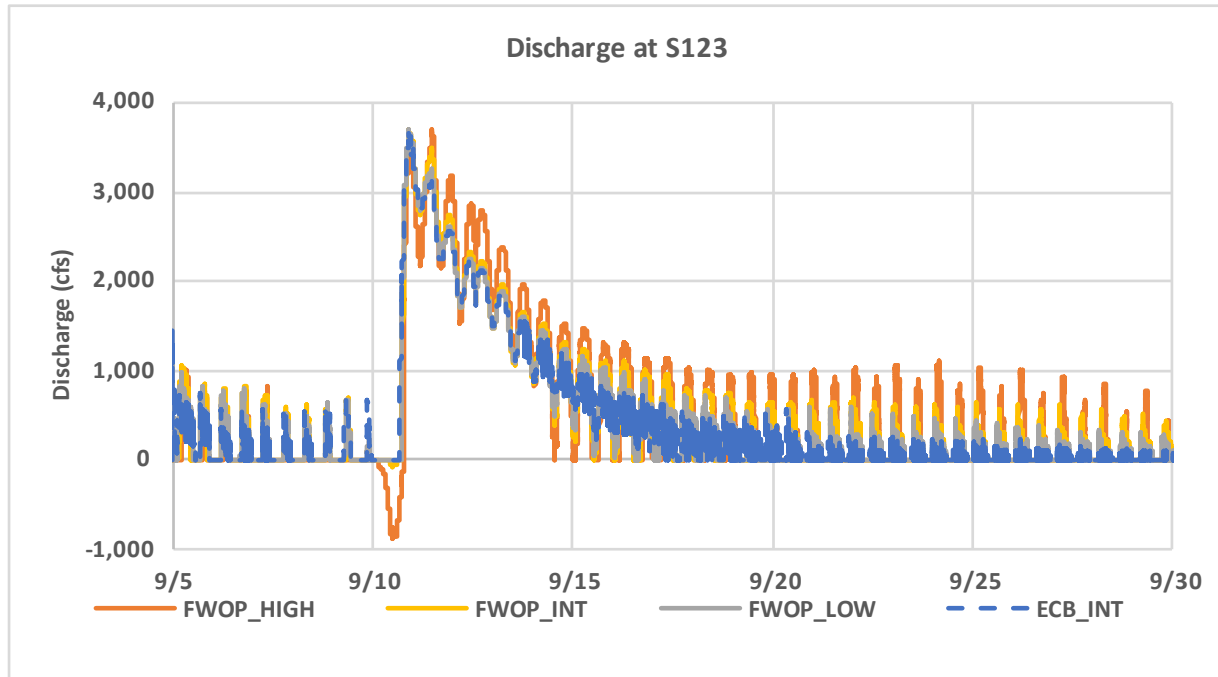


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S123



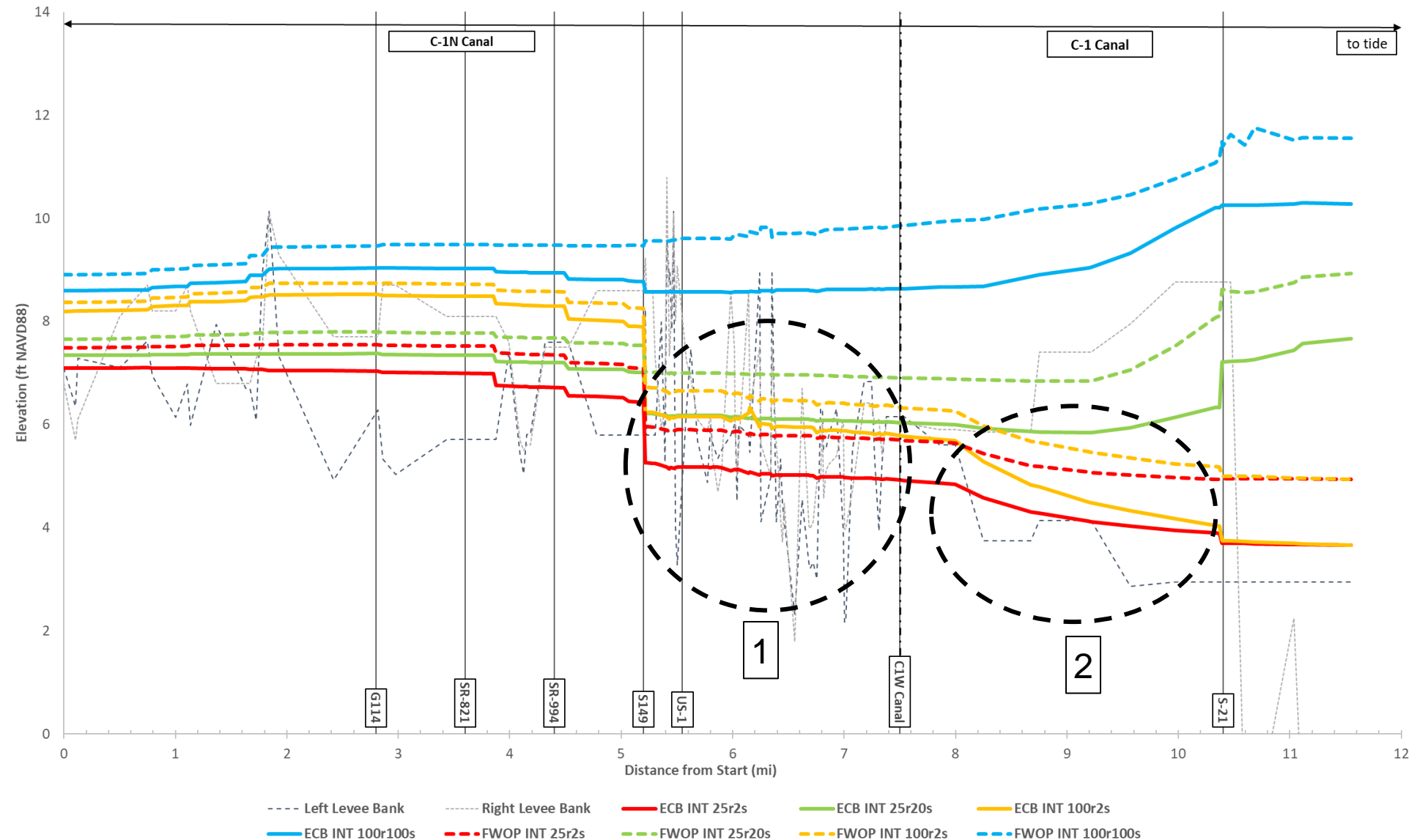


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S123 – 20S25R



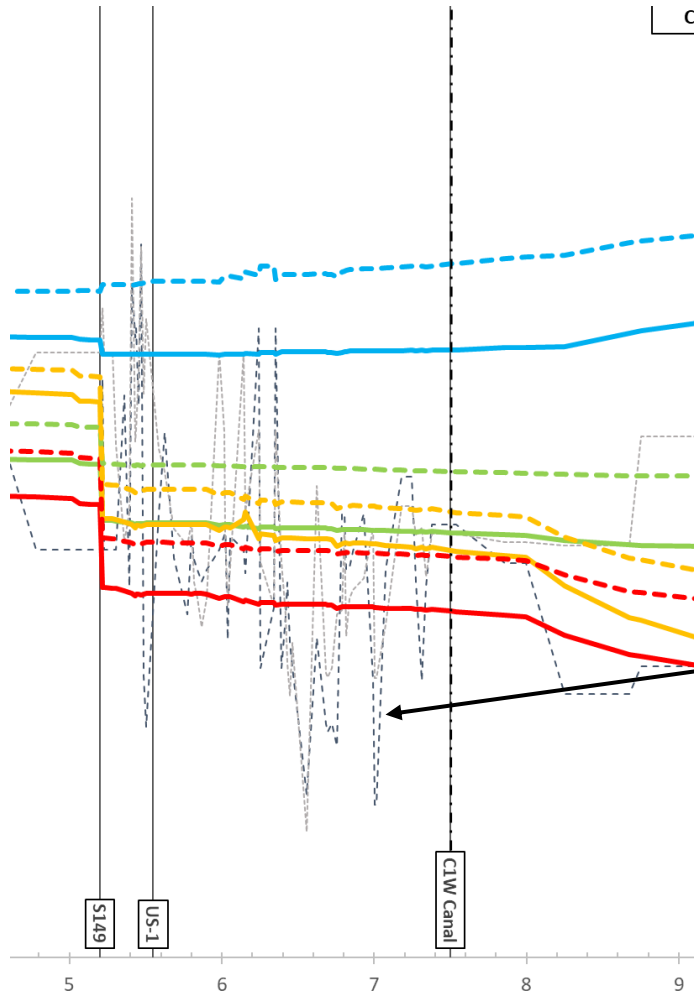


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C1 CANAL





MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C1 CANAL

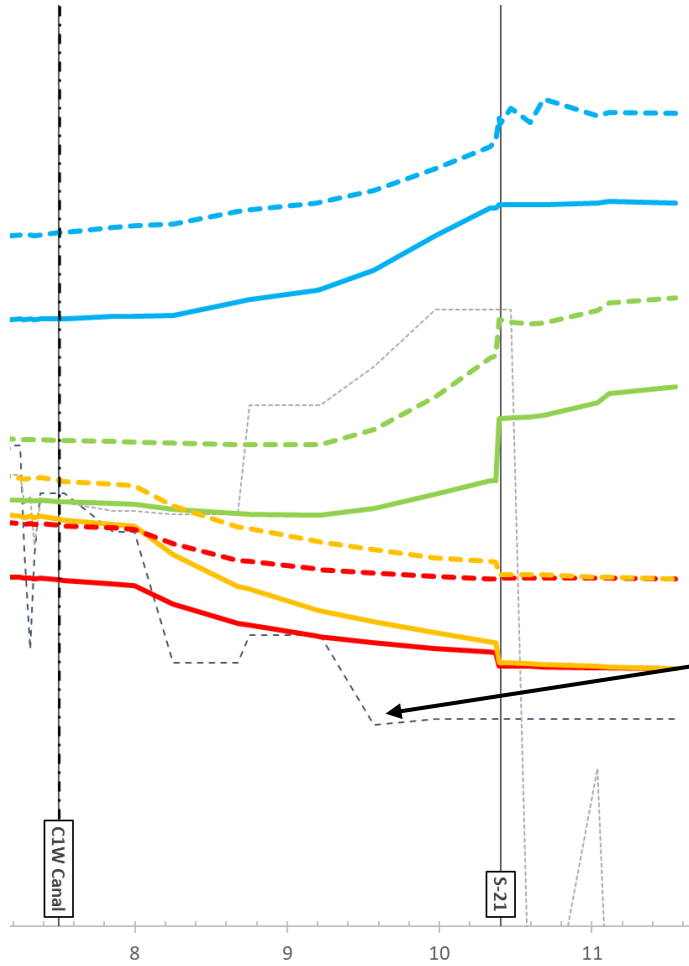


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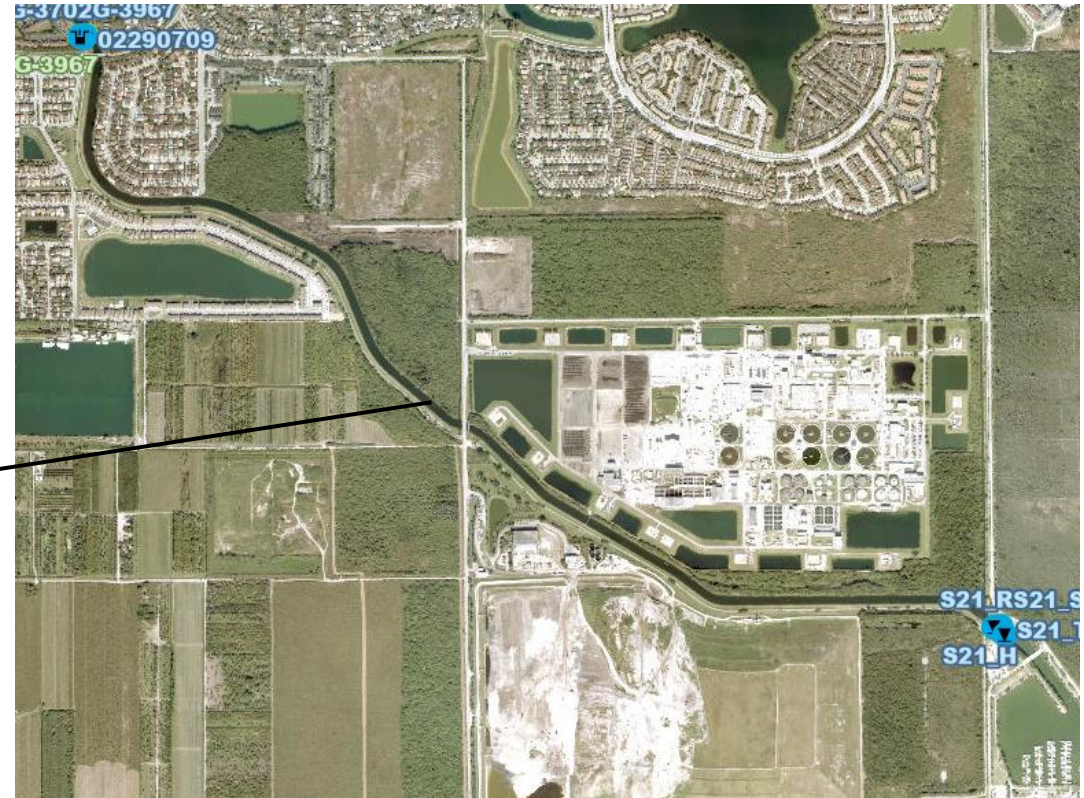




MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C1 CANAL

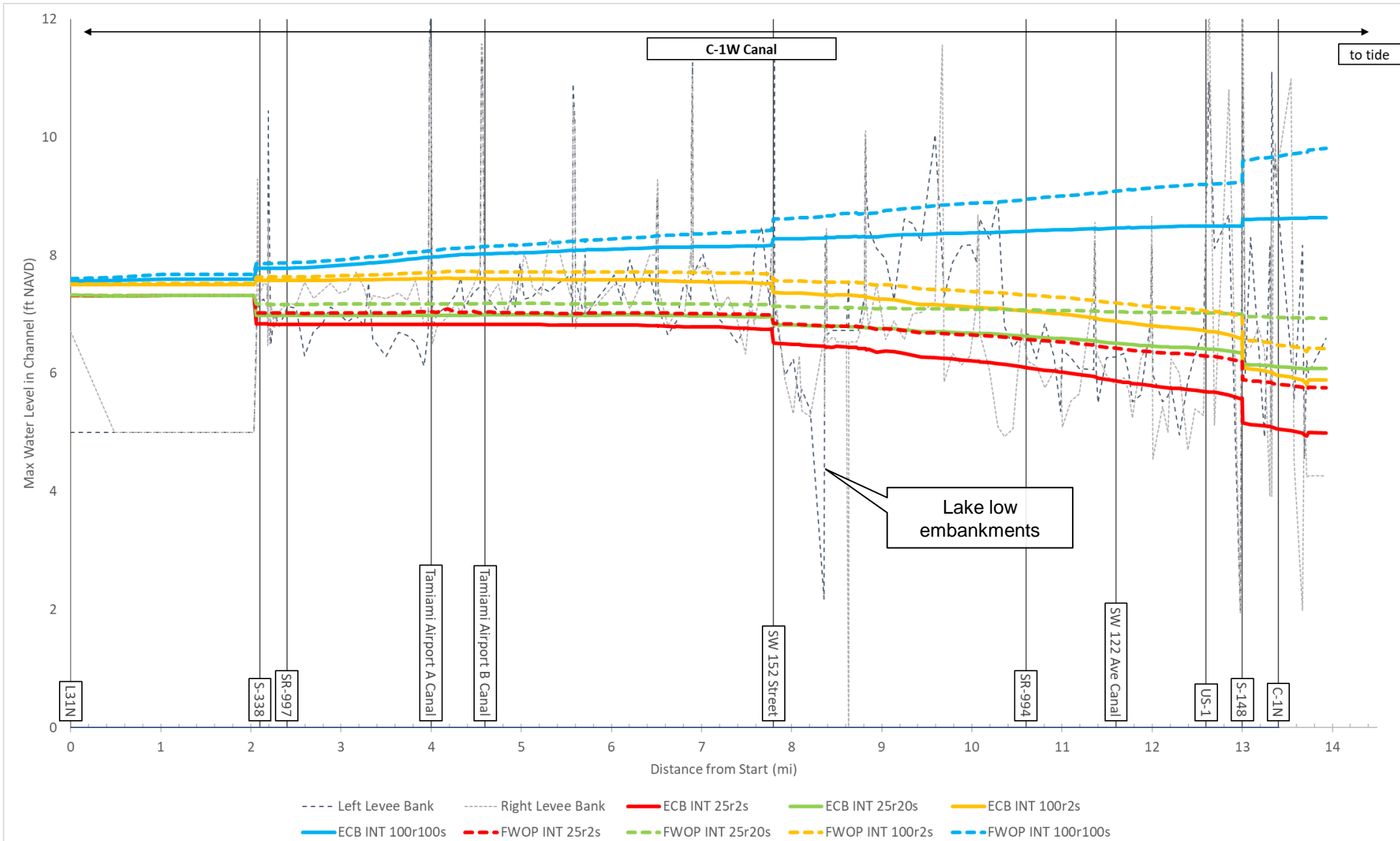


2





MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C1W CANAL

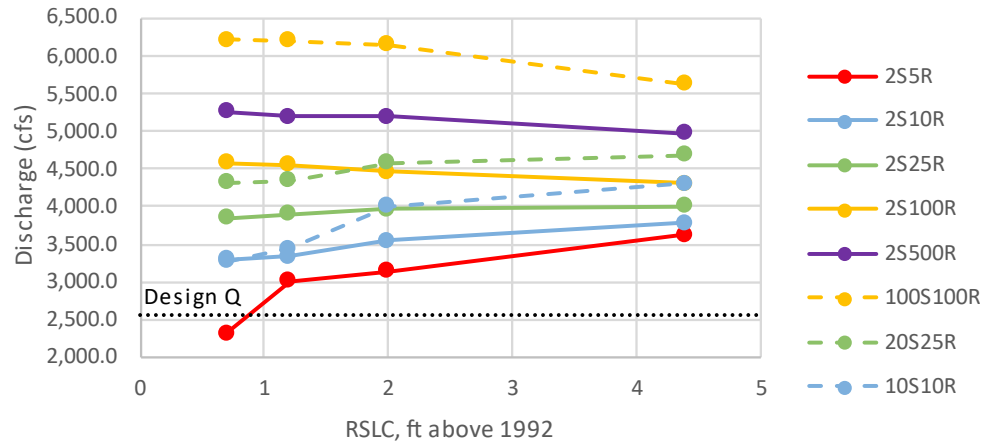




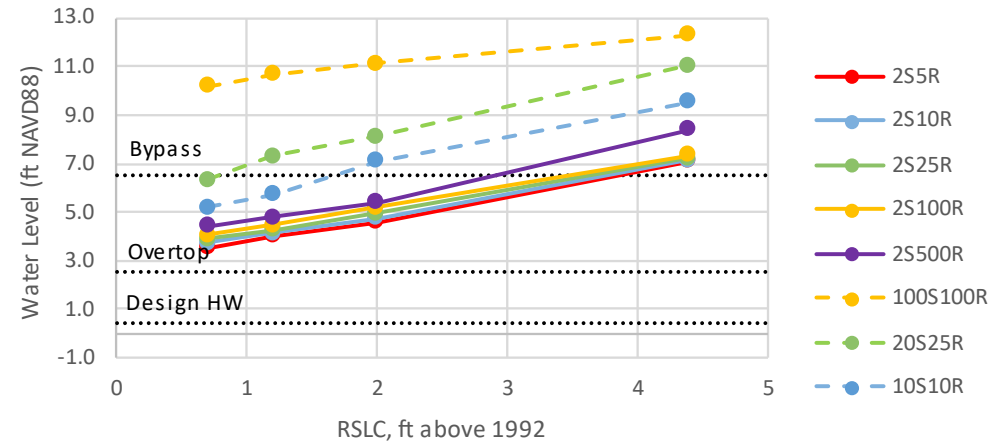
STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S21



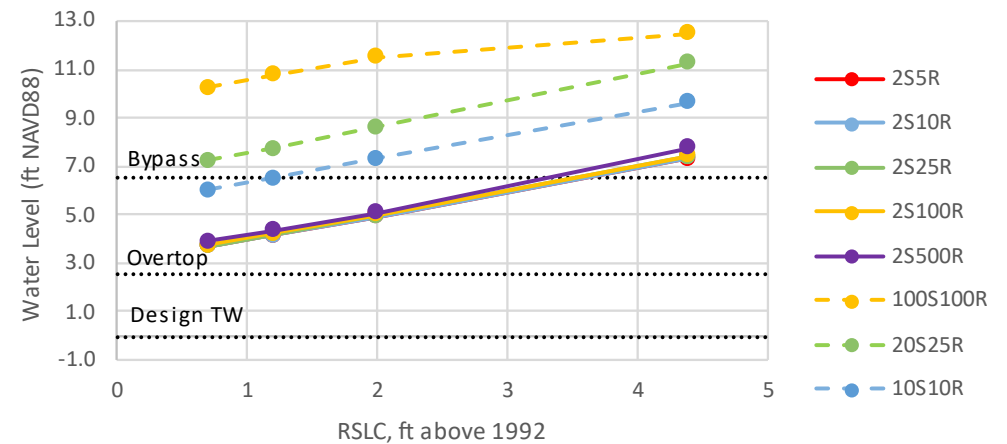
S21, Peak Instantaneous Discharge



S21, Peak Instantaneous Headwater

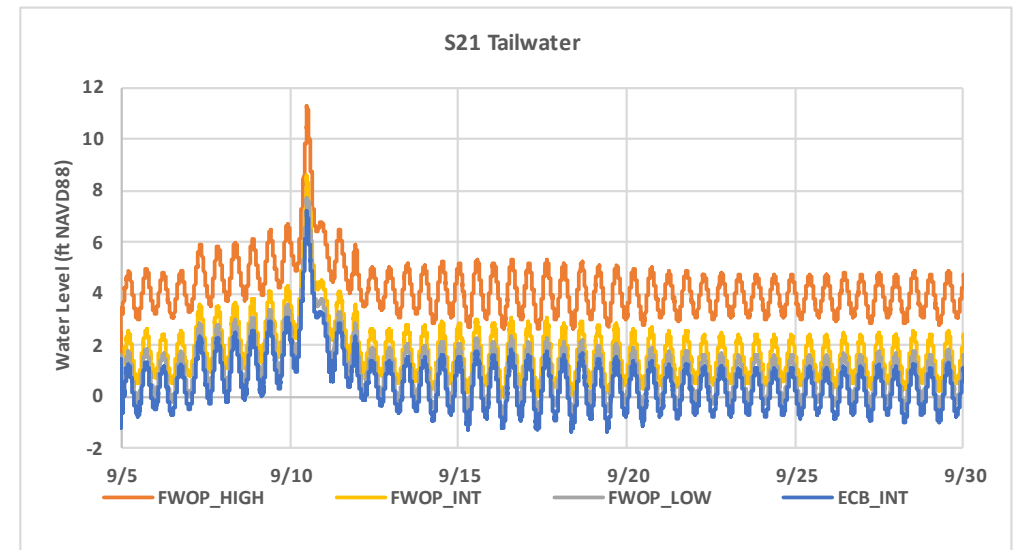
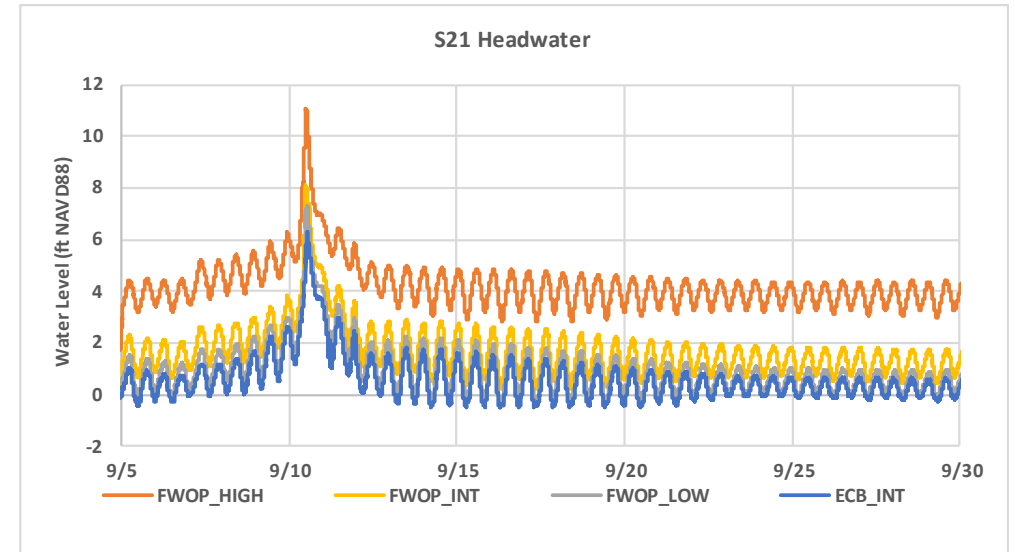
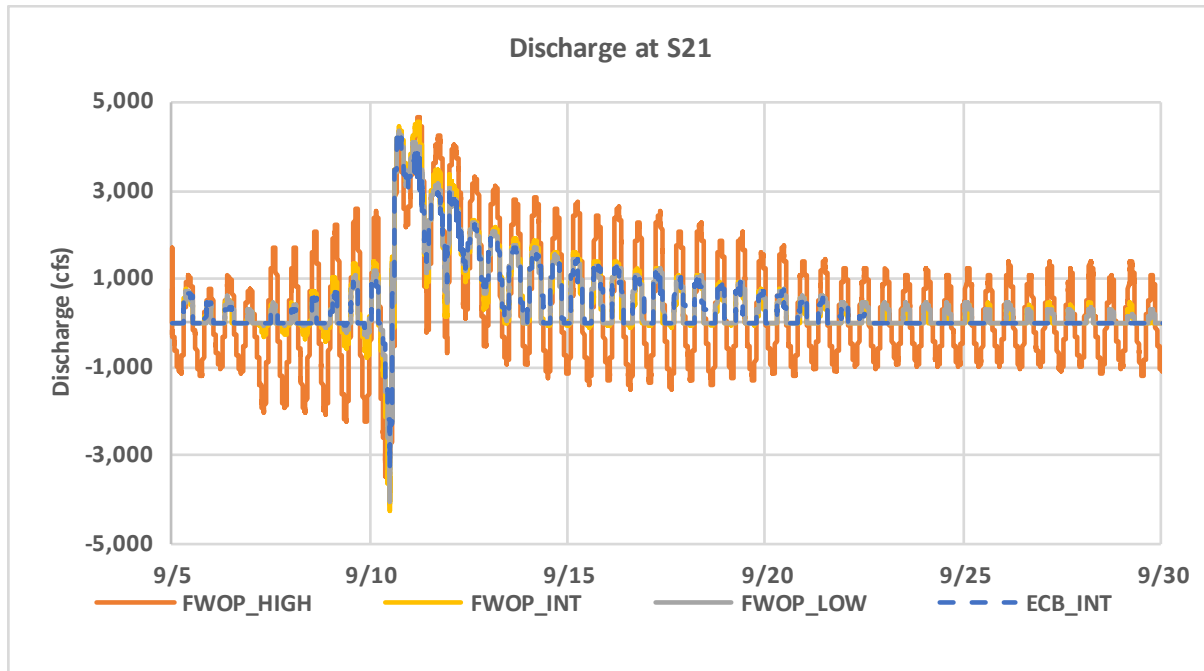


S21, Peak Instantaneous Tailwater



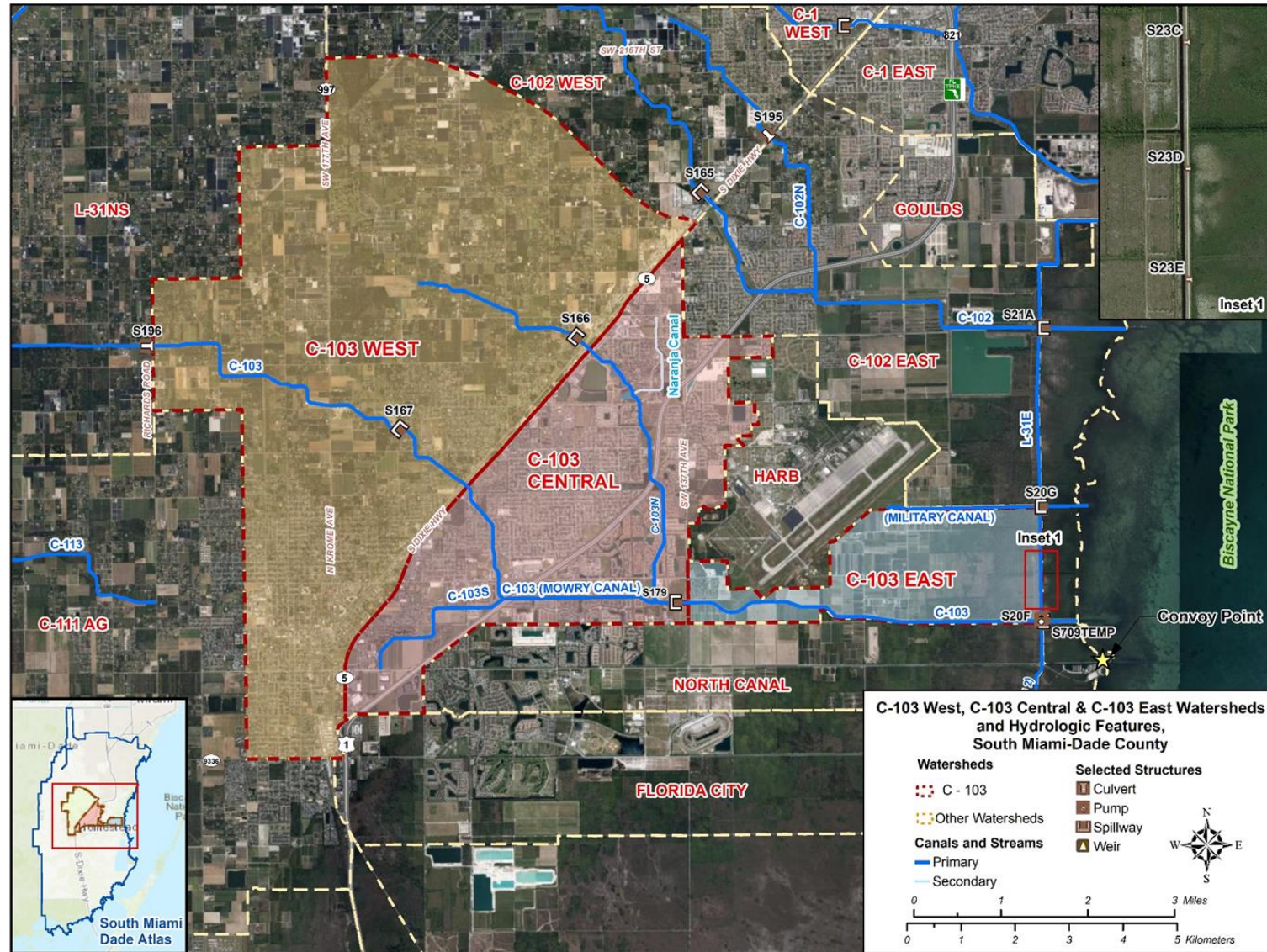


STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S21 – 20S25R



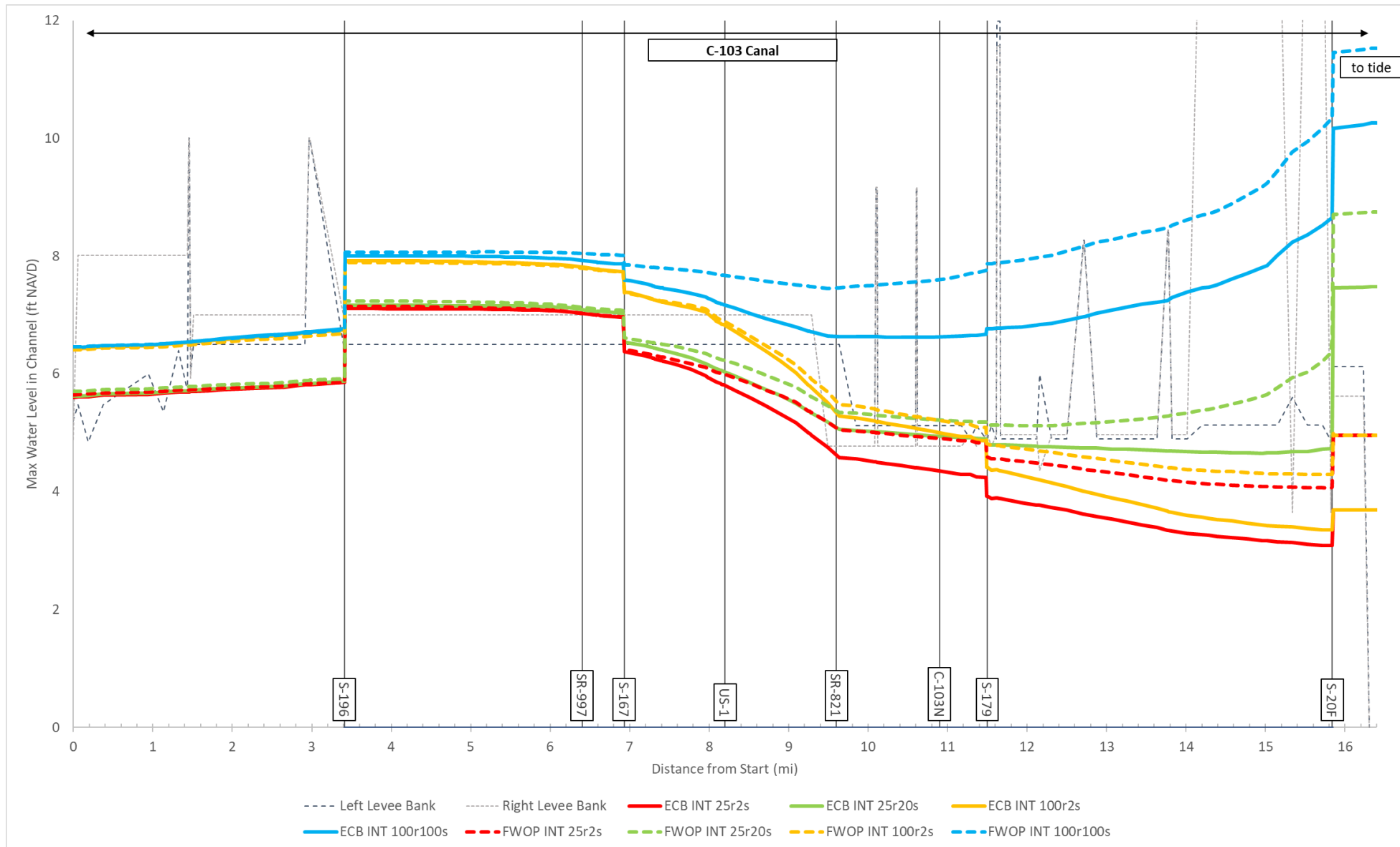


C103 CANAL/ S-20F



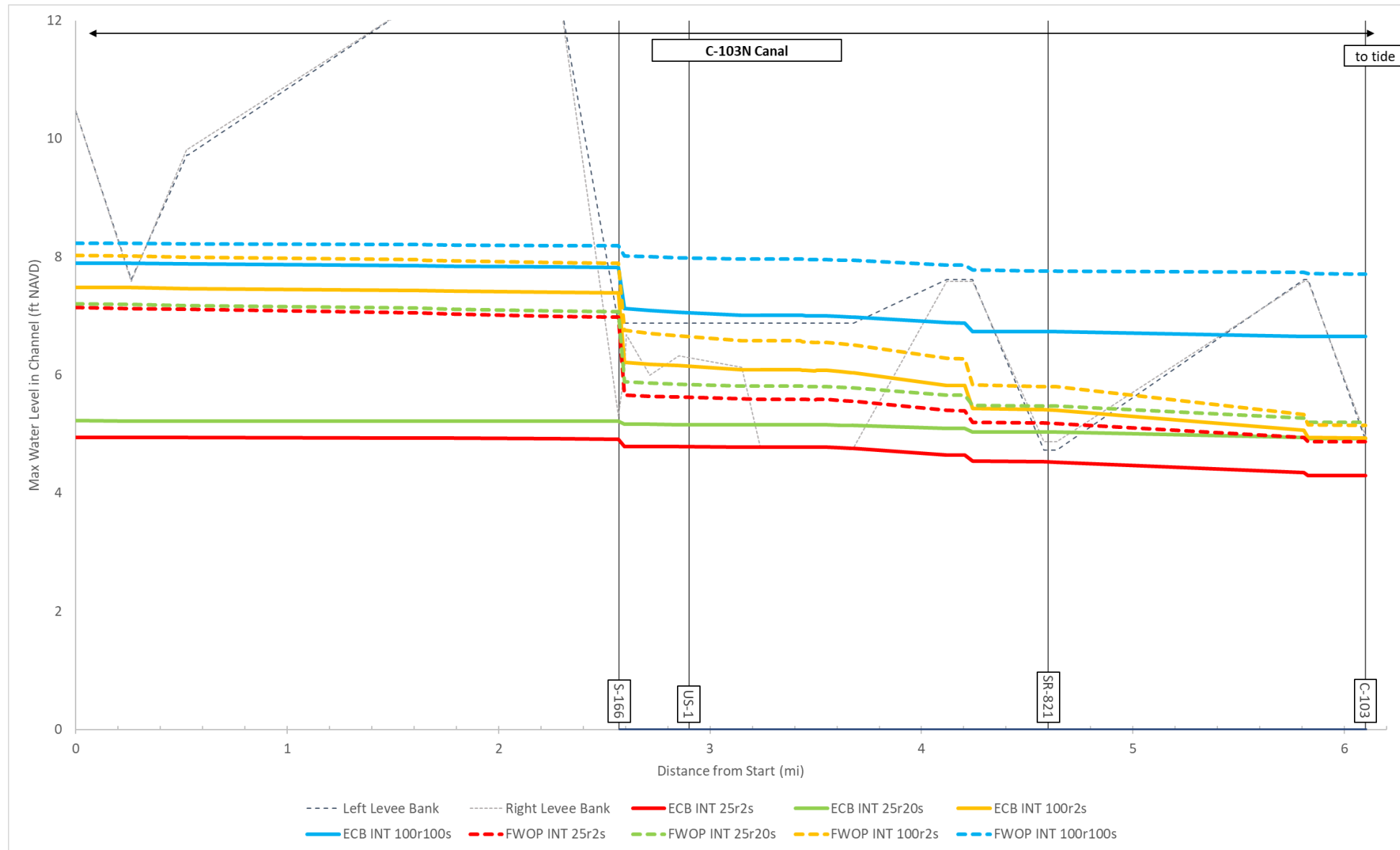


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C103 CANAL



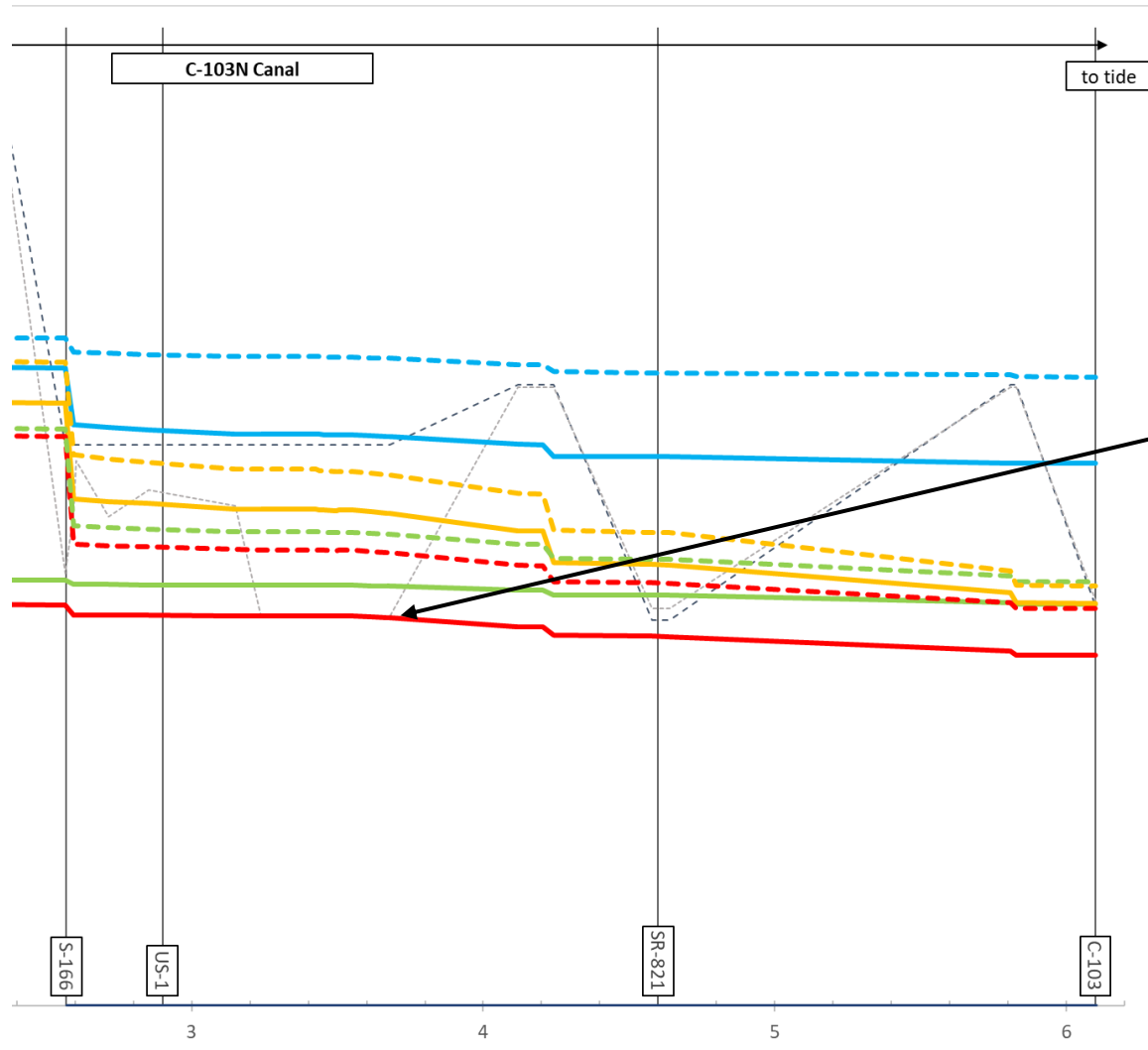


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C103N CANAL





MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – C103N CANAL

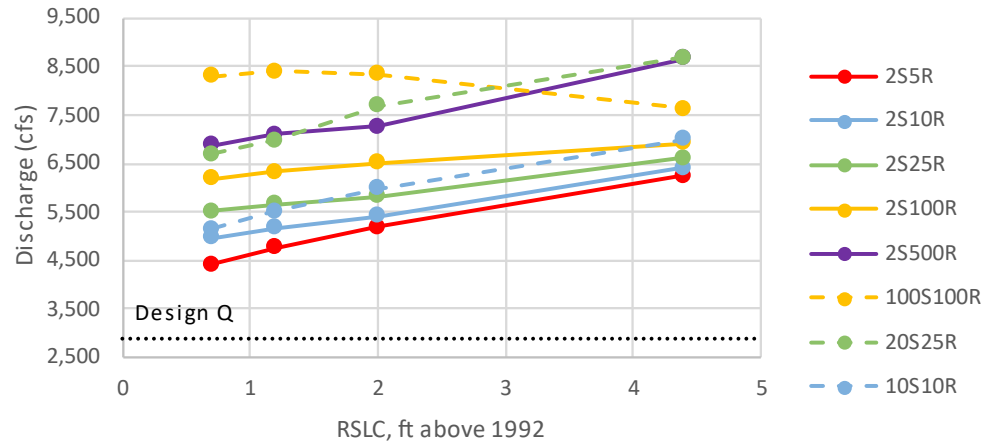




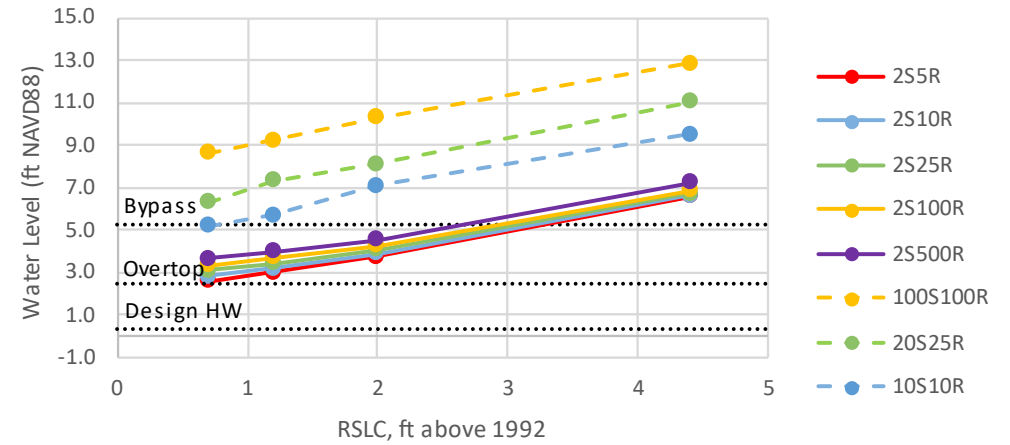
STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S20F



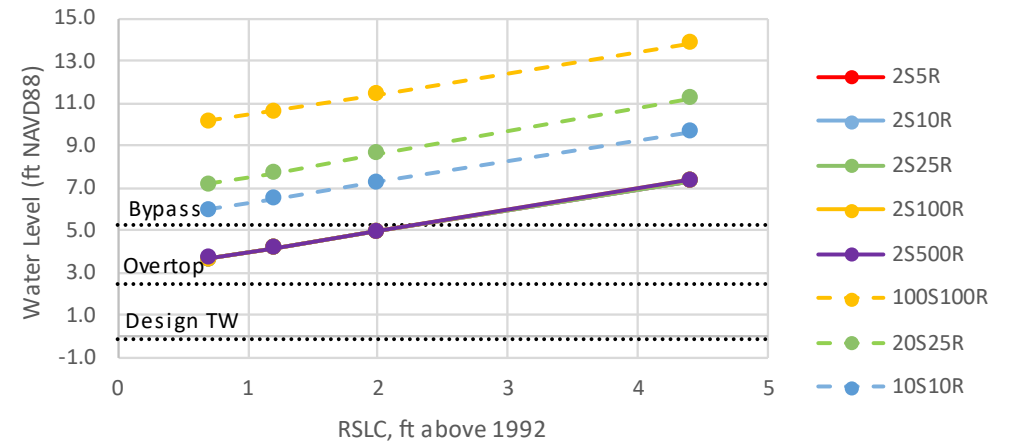
S20F, Peak Instantaneous Discharge



S20F, Peak Instantaneous Headwater

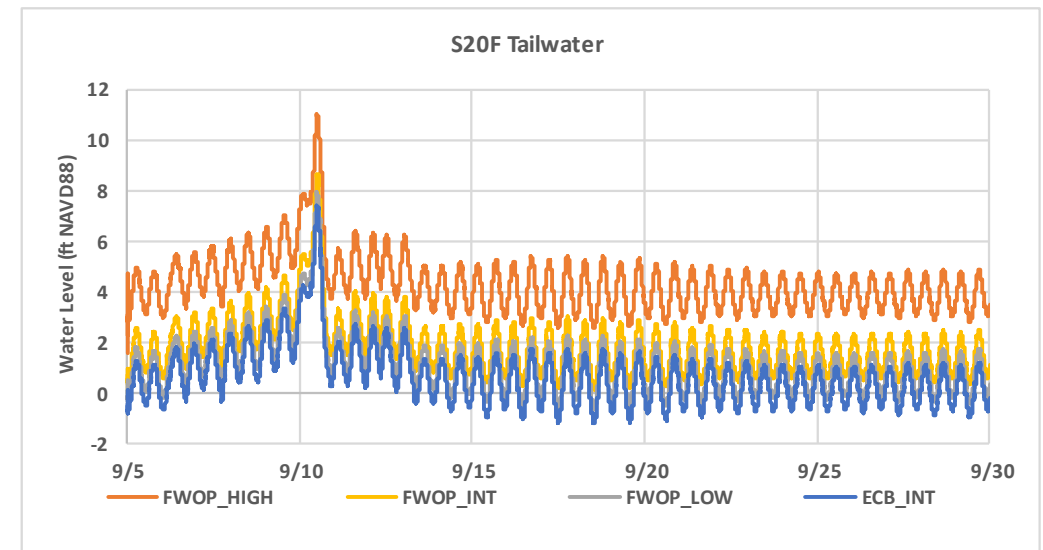
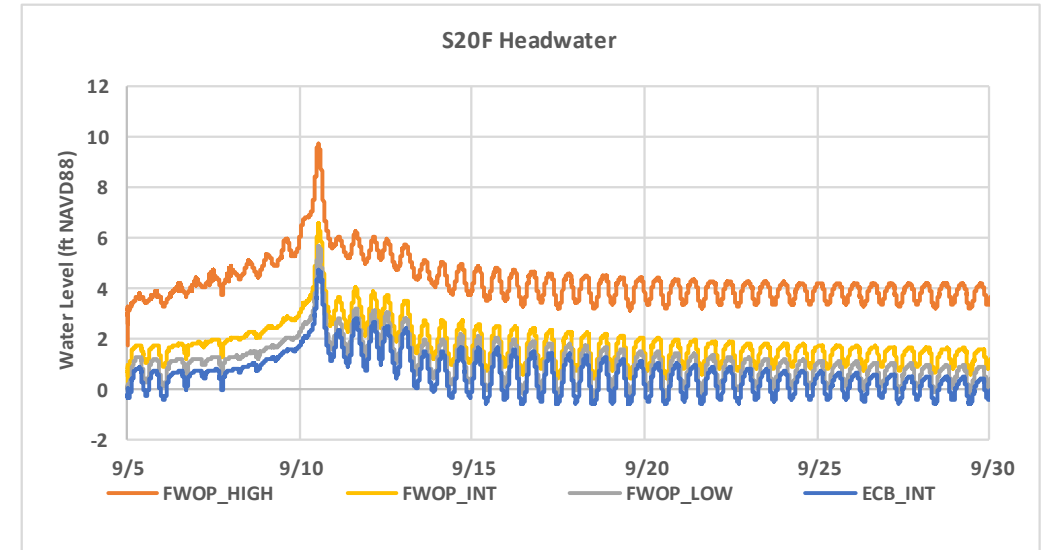
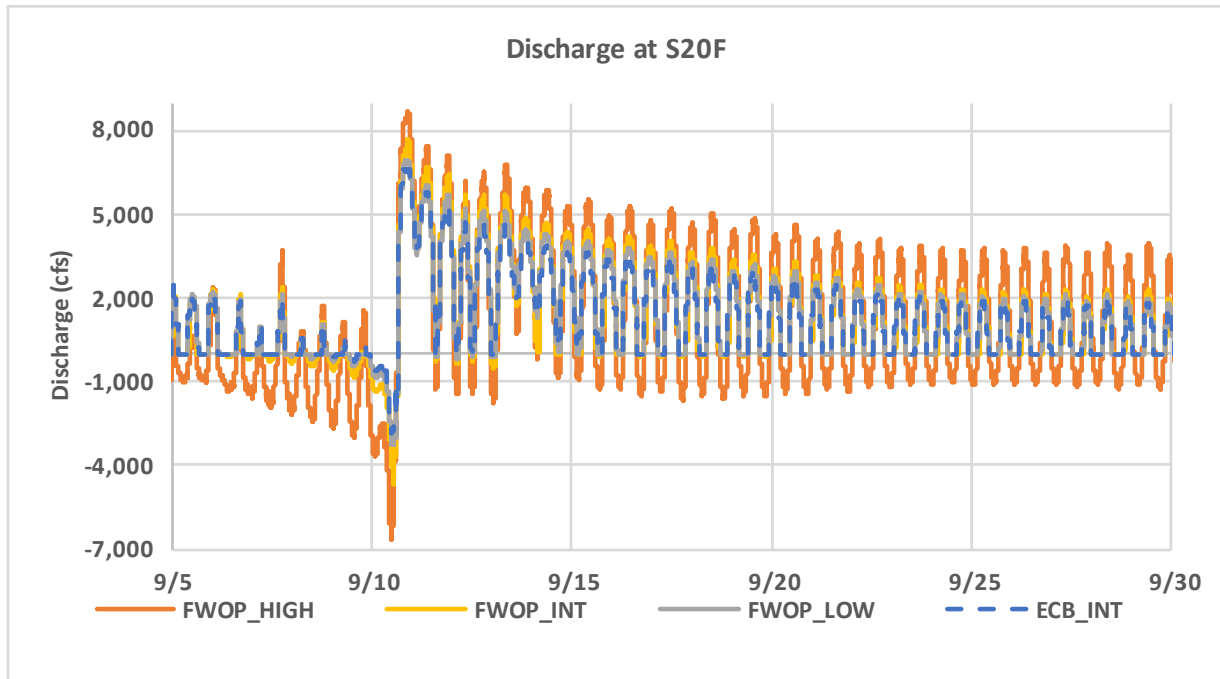


S20F, Peak Instantaneous Tailwater





STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S20F – 20S25R



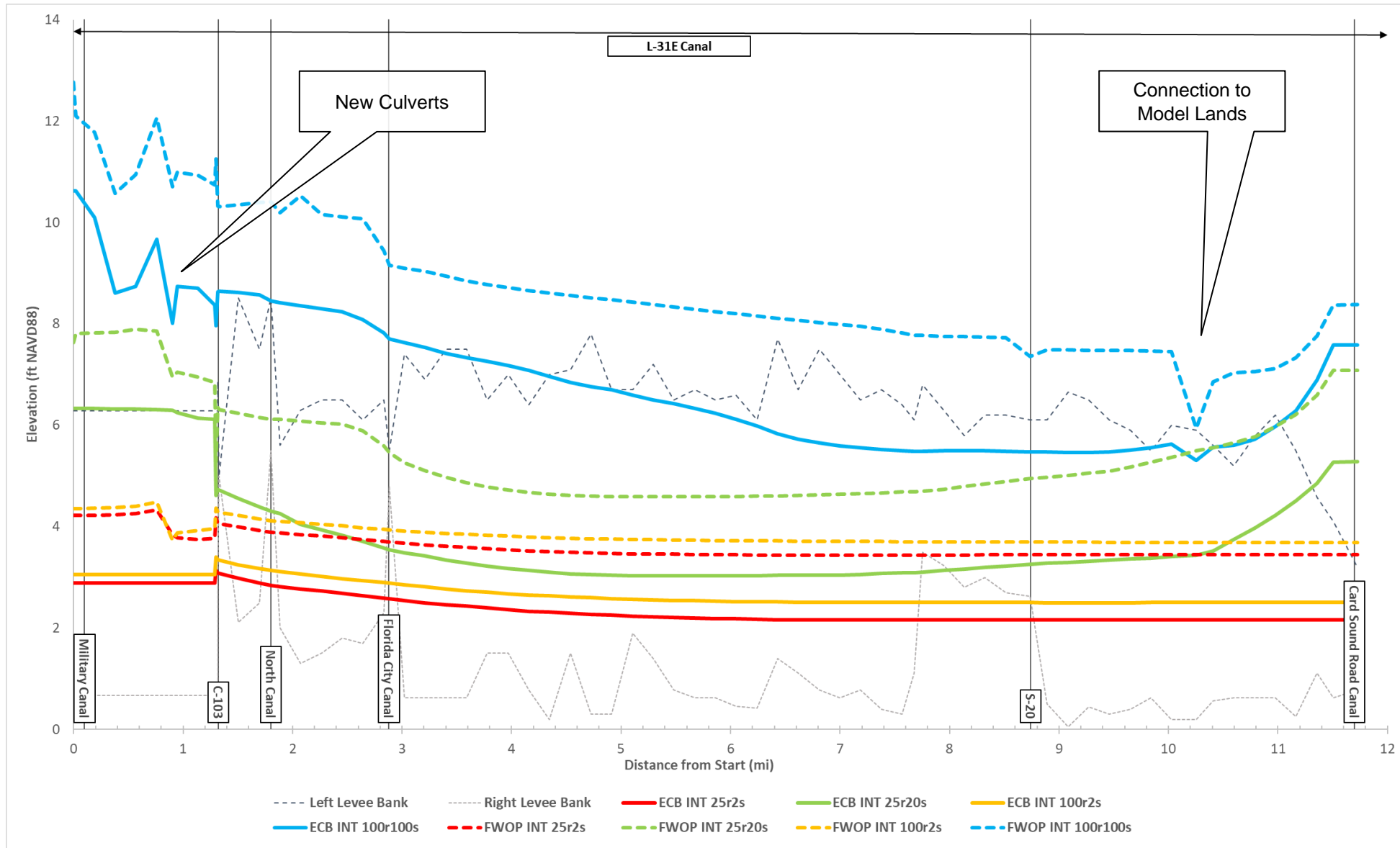


L31E CANAL/ S20



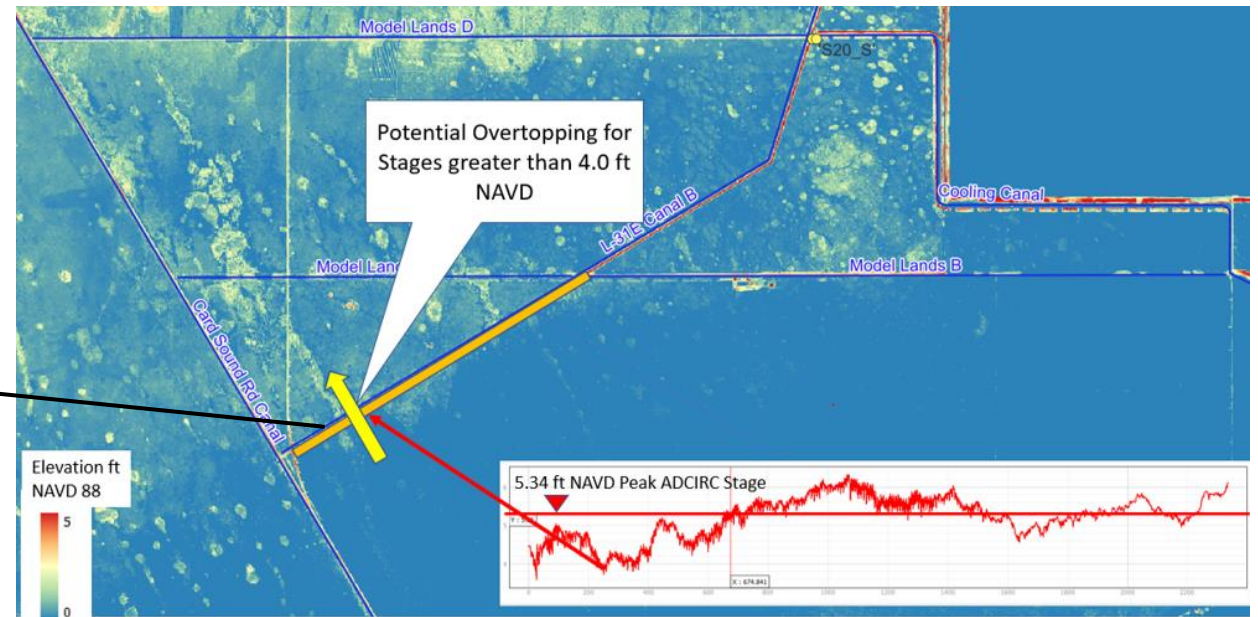
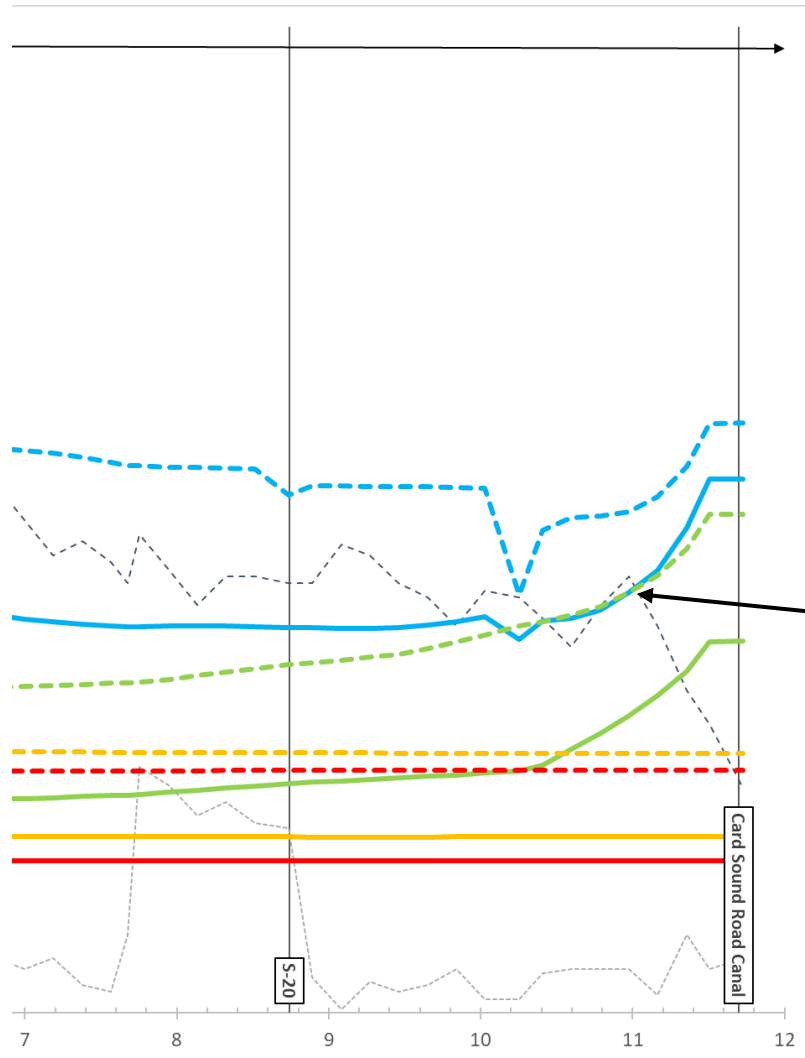


MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – L31E CANAL





MAXIMUM STAGE PROFILE PLOT – L31E CANAL

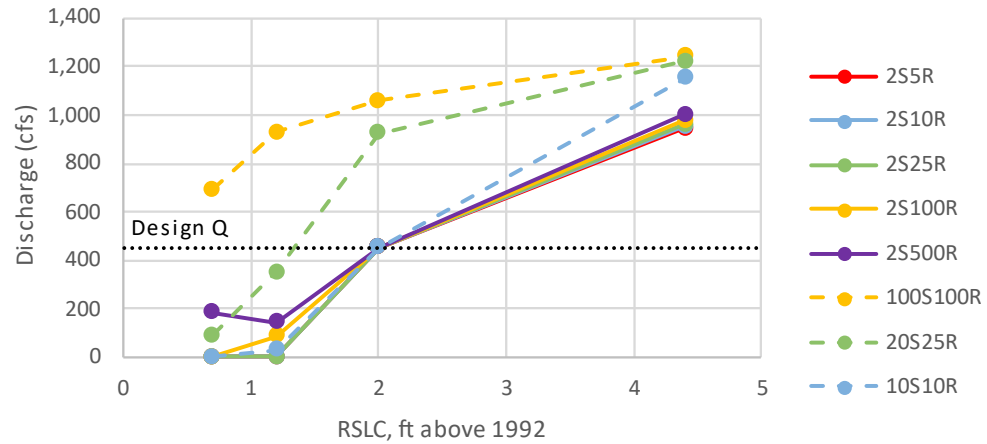




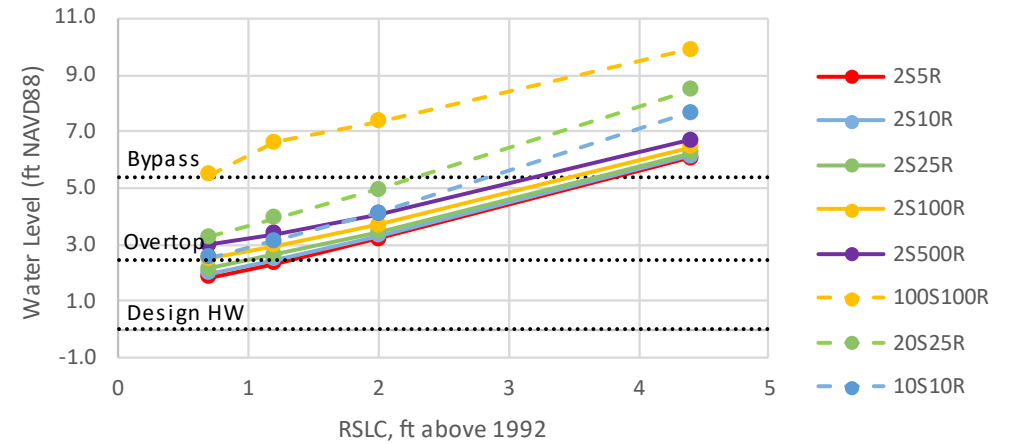
STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S20



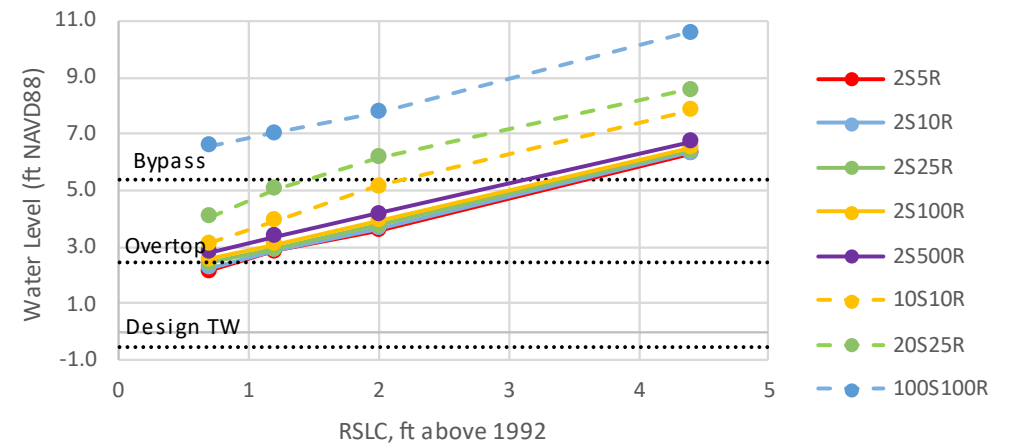
S20, Peak Instantaneous Discharge



S20, Peak Instantaneous Headwater

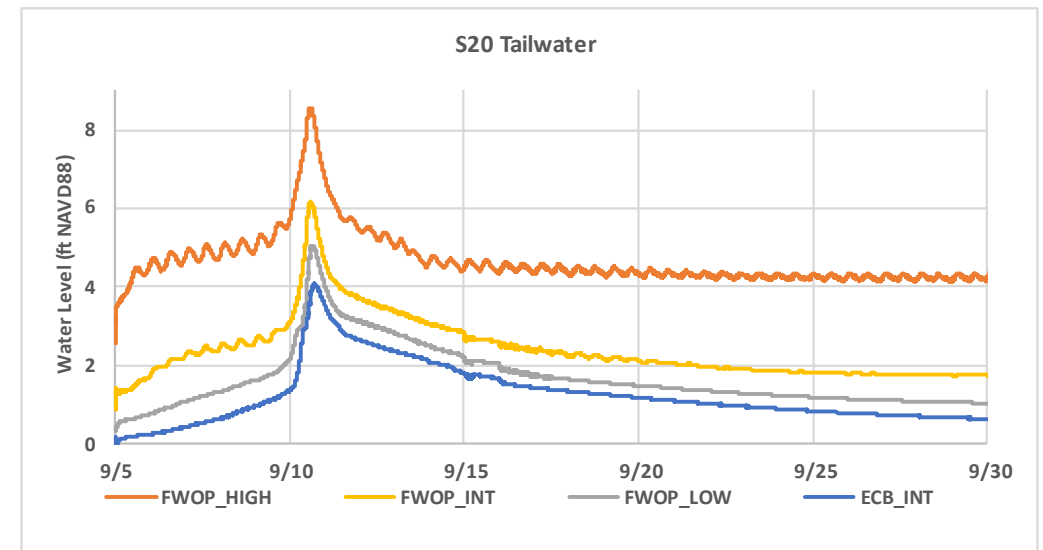
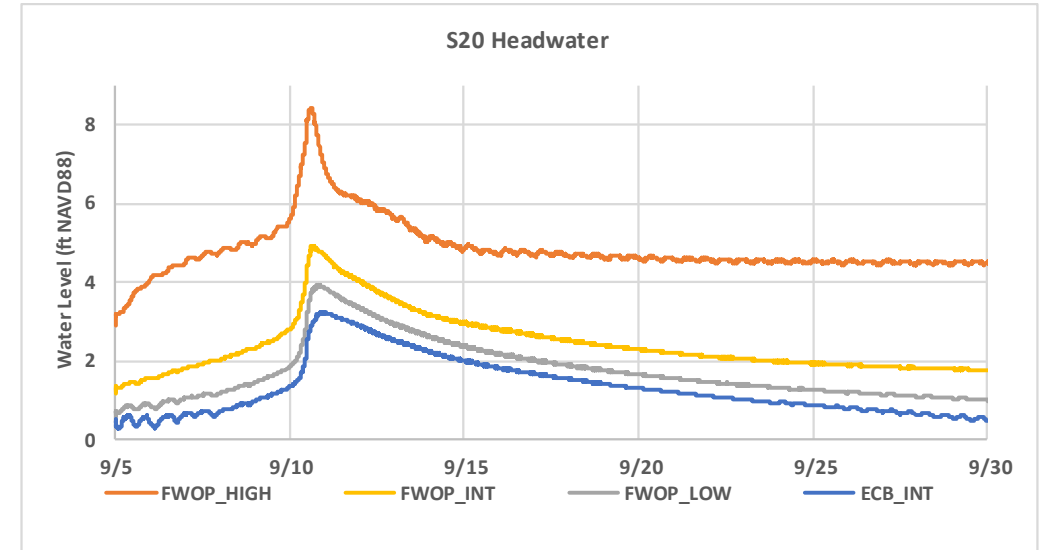
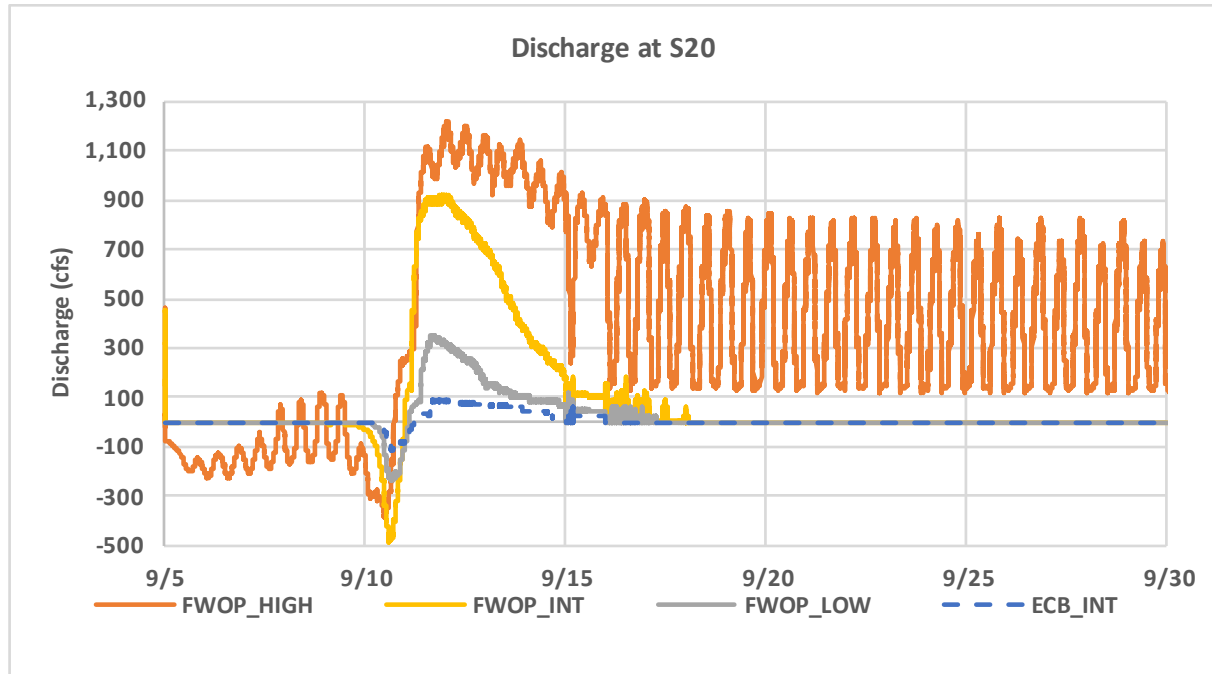


S20, Peak Instantaneous Tailwater





STRUCTURE PERFORMANCE, S20 – 20S25R





REACH D - Q&A



- Please **use the Q&A function** to submit questions OR **use the 'raise hand' function** at the bottom of your screen and we call on you to unmute.
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- Please take a moment to complete the **H&H Model Output Survey** at the provided link: <https://forms.office.com/g/gkvZBCnCP3>



10. PUBLIC COMMENTS



11. OVERVIEW AND NEXT STEPS

Presenter: Tim Gysan, Senior Resilience Project Manager, USACE



OVERVIEW AND NEXT STEPS



COMMENTS TO BE RECEIVED BY EMAIL AT
CSFFRSCOMMENTS@USACE.ARMY.MIL

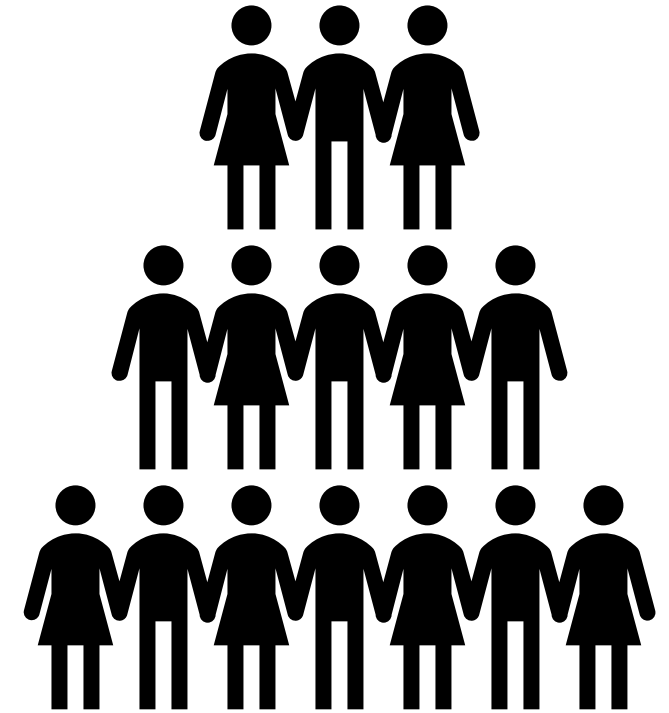
VISIT OUR WEBSITES FOR MORE UPDATES AND
STUDY DETAILS



USACE:
WWW.SAJ.USACE.ARMY.MIL/CSFFRS



SFWMD:
WWW.SFWMD.GOV/C&SF



COLLABORATION!



OVERVIEW AND NEXT STEPS



- Please take a moment to complete the **H&H Model Output Survey** at the provided link: <https://forms.office.com/g/gkvZBCnCP3>
- **Additional questions and comments** can be sent to CSFFRSComments@usace.army.mil



12. ADJOURN