Welcome to 40E-61 Rulemaking Workshop

Please visit our registration table and sign in, if you have not already done so...



Lake Okeechobee Pier





Mouth of Caloosahatchee River

Roosevelt Bridge St. Lucie River



Northern Everglades Works of the District Program Chapter 40E-61, Florida Administrative Code Rule Development Workshop #1

Steffany Olson Science Supervisor South Florida Water Management District November 2019

Sunrise over Lake Okeechobee near the City of Okeechobee



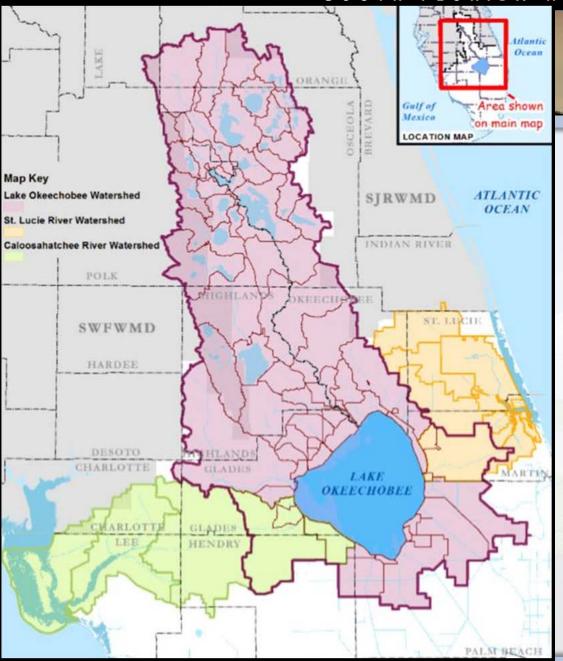
- > Why do Rulemaking?
- > Affected Geographic Areas
- Water Quality Conditions
- Legislative History & Agency Activities
- Statutory Direction
- Considerations for Rulemaking
- Concept for Draft Rule
- Timeline and Workshop schedule
- Stakeholder Engagement



Freddy says hello



SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

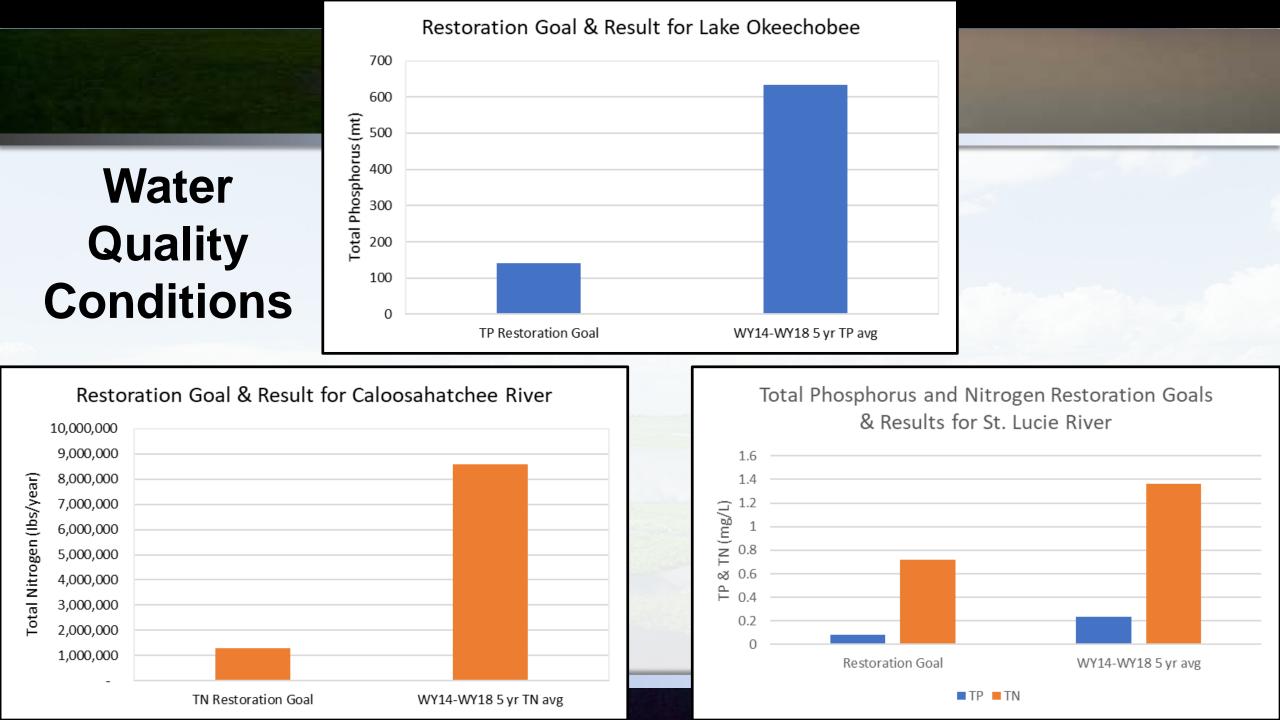


Why do Rulemaking?

Florida Statutes Require:

 Revisions to Chapter 40E-61, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) for the Lake Okeechobee Watershed
 New rules for the St. Lucie and Caloosahatchee River Watersheds

Map of Affected Geographic Areas

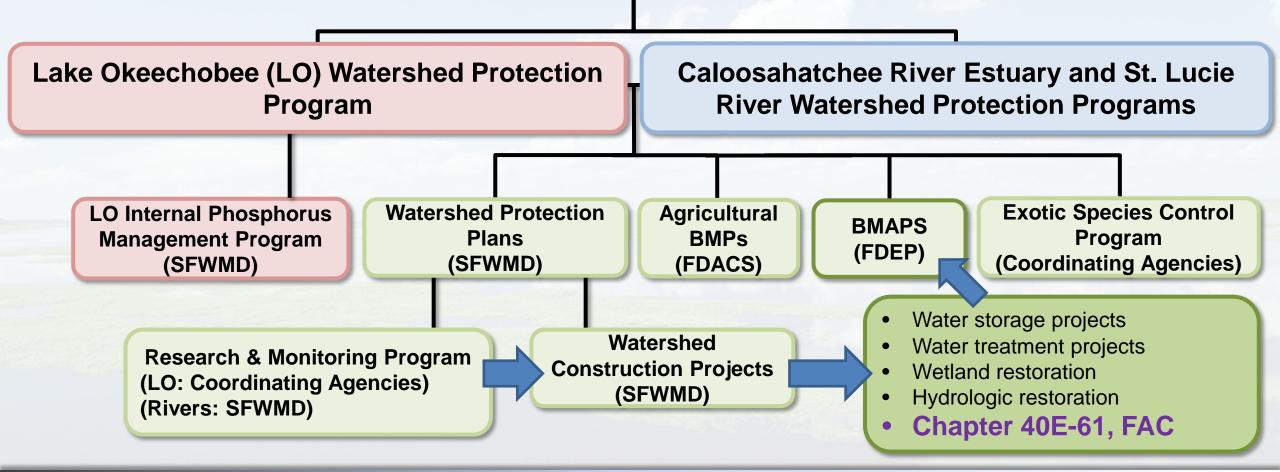


Northern Everglades Legislative History

- 1987 373.4595 Florida Statutes (F.S.) Originally enacted as the Surface Water Improvement and Management (SWIM) Act
- 2000 SWIM Act revised to become the Lake Okeechobee Protection Act (LOPA)
- > 2005 LOPA amended, including expanded boundaries for Lake Okeechobee Watershed
 - Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) statute (403.067 F.S.) amended to include statewide Basin Management Action Plans (BMAP) by FDEP
- 2007 LOPA became the Northern Everglades and Estuaries Protection Program (NEEPP)
 - Further expanded to include the St. Lucie and Caloosahatchee River Watersheds
- 2012 FDEP adopts Caloosahatchee River Watershed BMAP
- 2013 FDEP adopts St. Lucie River Watershed BMAP
- 2014 FDEP adopts Lake Okeechobee Watershed BMAP
- 2016 NEEPP amended: BMAPs are the "watershed phosphorus control component for Lake Okeechobee" and the "pollutant control program" for the estuaries; directs SFWMD to revise 40E-61

Post-2016 Coordinating Agency Activities

Northern Everglades and Estuaries Protection Program (F.S. 373.4595)



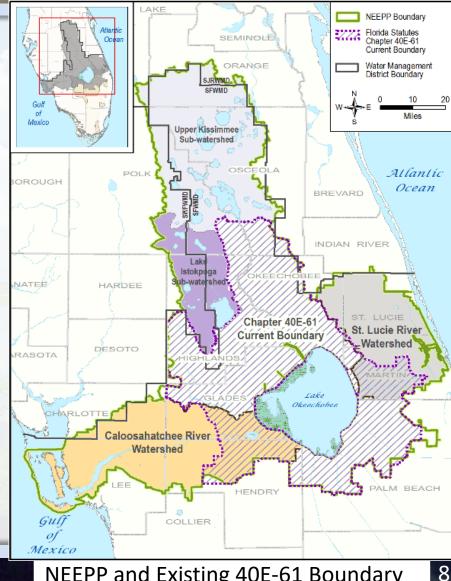
Northern Everglades Statutory Direction

2016 Northern Everglades and Estuaries Protection Program (NEEPP) requires:

- Revise 40E-61, F.A.C., for Lake Okeechobee Watershed
- New rules for Caloosahatchee and St. Lucie River Watersheds
- Consistency with NEEPP and 403.067, F.S.
- A monitoring program for Non-point Source dischargers required to monitor

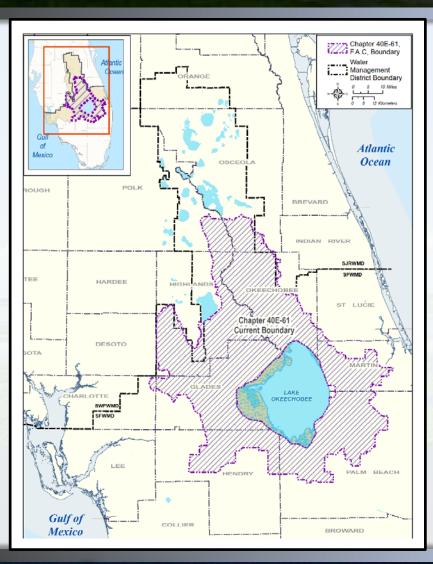
sfwmd.gov

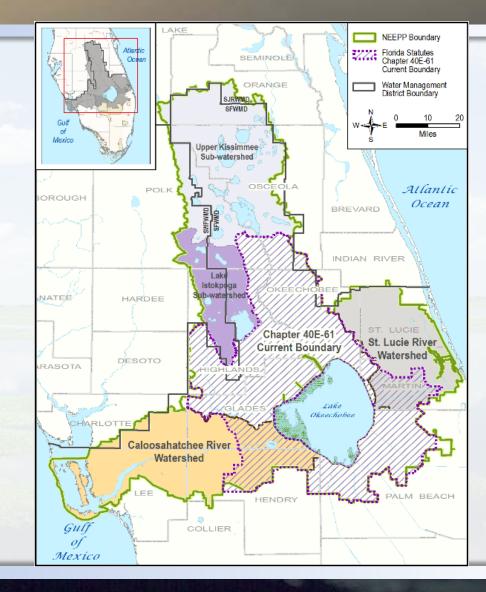
Research and Water Quality Monitoring Program



NEEPP and Existing 40E-61 Boundary

Existing 40E-61 and NEEPP Boundaries





Considerations for Rulemaking

Statutory Directives
 Water Quality Conditions
 Other Regulatory Programs
 Conceptual Framework
 Stakeholder Input



Agriculture



Urban



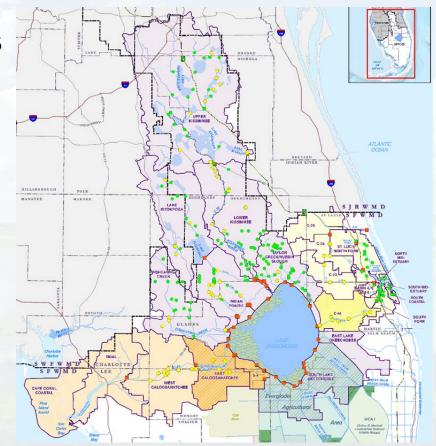
Public Meetings with Stakeholders



40E-61 Draft Concept

Monitoring Component consisting of;

- Provide requirements for monitoring in lieu of BMPs
- Using monitoring network to
 - Represent nutrient levels in contributing areas
 - Support research
 - Evaluate effectiveness of nutrient reduction technologies and projects
 - Inform decisions on actions
- Establish methods to evaluate and assess data to track progress
- Define conditions for taking action and identify actions





Seeking Feedback and Input to Draft Rules

- Seeking Input for Rules that will:
 Assist in Achieving Restoration Goals
 Be Within Statutory Authorities
 Be Reasonable
- Be Implementable







Draft Concept - Monitoring Component

Monitoring in Lieu of Implementing BMPs

- Consistent with FDEP Statewide Requirements
- Should specification be considered?
 - Nutrients
 - Sample frequency
 - Flow monitoring
- > What is Practical?
- > Other Components?

	CILAPTER 62-307
	BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES WATER QUALITY MONITORING
62-307 100	Definitions

62-307.200 Water Quality Monitoring In Lieu of Implementing BMPs 62-307.300 Implementation Procedures

62-307.100 Definition

- As used in this chapter:
- (1) "Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection.
 (2) "Mompoint source discharger" means either a) the person responsible for the nonpoint source discharge, or b) the owner of the property from which the nonpoint source decharge originates.
- (3) "BM/AP" means an adopted Sasim management action plan (EMAP) that implements a total maximum daily load (TMDL). (4) "Denor" has the same meaning as provided in action 403.031, F.S.
- (5) "Sampling and analysis plan" means the monitoring plan required by this chapter.
- Rulemaking Authority 403 067 ES Law Implemented 403.067 ES. History-New 7-1-18.

62-307.200 Water Quality Monitoring In Lieu of Implementing BMPs.

(1) A nonyoin source discharger, whose discharge is beened willthe a BMAP, must either submit a notice of intent to implement appropriate BMPs adopted in accordance with section 403.067(7)(c), F.S., or conduct water quality menitoring to demonstrate complement with the water quality entering for the parameters addressed by the BMAP.

(2) Within 189 days of the initial adaption of a BMAP or the effective date of this rule, whichever is letter, a nonpoint source discanger choosing to conduct water quality monitoring in tieu of incoherenting BMPs pressure to subsection (1), shall submit for Department approval a water quality sampling and analysis plan that means all the recuirements of this rule and chapter 67-169. F.A.C.

- (3) A sampling and analysis plan shall include the following components:
- (a) A description of the physical and hydrogeological characteristics of the property and the surrounding area, including, as applicable:
- 1. The direction and rate of surface water and groundwater flow;
- 2. Vertical permeability, thickness, competence, and extent of any confining beds;
- Topography, soil information, and straface water drainage systems surrounding the site;
- 4. Identification and location of wells, surface water discharge points, and surface water in aless within 500 feet of the property and within the property boundary, and
- 5 The locations of all surface waters and their classifications including springs within one quarter nile of the property, and onsite sinkholes with depths exceeding the seasonal high water table or that are perched;
- (b) Proposed methodology used to determine compliance with water quality criteria and any deviations in the quality of the receiving water in downgradient monitoring locations:
- (c) Proposed locations of monitoring used to determine compliance;
- (d) Proposed water quality indicators (chemical, physical, and biological)
- (c) Proposed sampling methods and frequency;
- (f) Proposed data management and assessment; and (a) Processed processing schedule and deliverables.
- (g) Proposed reporting schedule and deliverables.
 (4) Amendments or changes to sampling and analysis plans must be approved by the Department
- (4) Antendments or changes to sampling and analysis plans must be approved by the Department (5) Sampling and analysis plans must be amended or charged if any of the following occurs
- (a) Second gain any sispants into the anended of charged n any or the following occurs (a) New analytical methods, sampling or other field procedures, or instruments or equipment that affect data quality become available.
- (b) The sampling or analysis contractor is changed
- (c) The scope of work is substantially altered; or
 (d) Other changes are made that affect the data quality objectives of the sampling and analysis plan.

FDEP Statewide Monitoring Rule

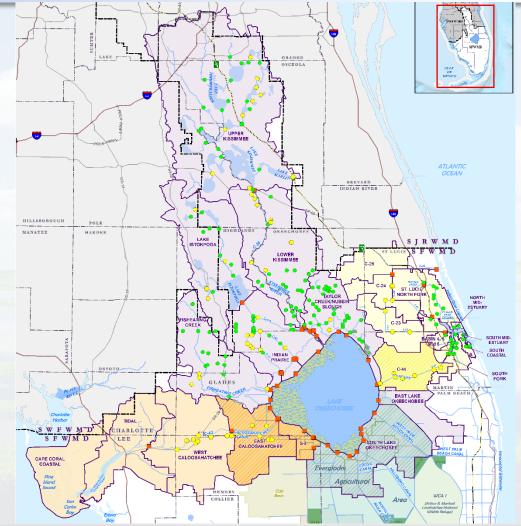
Draft Concept - Monitoring Component

Establish Monitoring Network

Review Existing and Proposed NetworkAre Other Types of Monitoring Needed?

> Other Components?

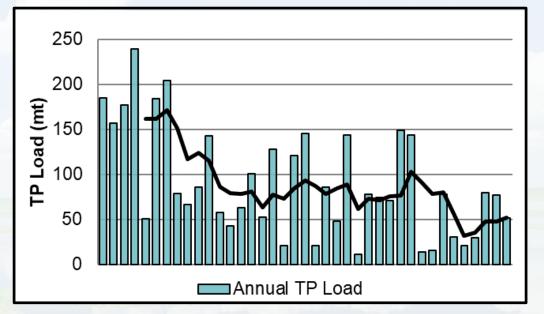
Elements	Basin Level	Upstream Level		
# of sites	47	211		
Frequency	Bi-weekly or Weekly	Biweekly		
Monitored	TP, OPO4,TN, NH4, NOx, pH, Temperature, Dissolved			
parameters	Oxygen, Conductivity			



Draft Concept - Monitoring Assessment

Ideas to Consider for Data Assessment

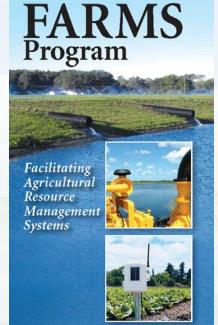
- Identify Existing Long-Term Historic Nutrient Trends
- Identify Statistical Tests
- Combination of Factors and Context
- > Other ideas?







- **Examples of Types of Actions**
- Communicate Findings to FDEP and FDACS for BMP Re-evaluation
- Conduct Additional Water Quality Investigations
 Implement Additional Regional Projects
- Improved Water Management Systems
- > Other ideas?



Southwest Florida Water Management Dis





Rulemaking Timeline

Process	Conceptual Schedule
	Without new text:
Workshops for public participation	November 2019 - February 2020
	With new text:
	January 2020 - September 2020
Undates to Governing Reard on workshops	March 2020
Updates to Governing Board on workshops	October 2020
Governing Board approval/Publish Notice of Proposed	November 2020
Rule/Publish Statement of Economic Regulatory Costs/File	
Proposed Rule with JAPC	
File proposed rule with the Legislature for Ratification	December 2020
Legislative Ratification	April 2021



Public Workshop #1 Schedule

City	Date	Time	Address
Okeechobee	Nov. 5/2019	10:00 AM	Indian River State College Dixon-Hendry Campus Williamson Conference & Education Center Building C - Room 112 2229 NW 9th Avenue Okeechobee, FL 34972
Ft. Myers	Nov. 15/2019	10:00 AM	Fort Myers Regional Library South Building Meeting Room AB 1651 Lee Street Ft. Myers, FL 33901
Kissimmee	Nov. 19, 2019	10:30 AM	UF/IFAS Extension Osceola County 1921 Kissimmee Valley Lane Kissimmee, FL 34744-6107
Stuart	Nov. 19, 2019	4:00 PM	Indian River State College Chastain Campus Clare & Gladys Wolf High-Technology Center 2400 S.E. Salerno Road Stuart, FL 34997
West Palm Beach	Nov. 20, 2019*	10:00 AM	South Florida Water Management District B1 Auditorium 3301 Gun Club Road West Palm Beach, FL 33406



How Can Stakeholders stay engaged?

Workshop participation







Link https://www.sfwmd.gov/doing-business-with-us/rules

Questions and Comments

Please remember to state your name and who you are representing for the record before providing your comment or question.



