

MEMORANDUM

TO: John Mitnik, Assistant Executive Director

THROUGH: Peter Kwiatkowski, Section Administrator, Resource Evaluation

FROM: SFWMD Staff Water Supply Advisory Team

DATE: March 26, 2024

SUBJECT: Water Supply Report

District-wide Conditions

All the United States Geological Survey (USGS) real-time wells in the Kissimmee Basin (KB) are in the median and upper percentile ranges for this time of year. The wells in the Upper KB are mostly completed in the Floridan aquifer and the wells in the Lower KB are surficial aquifer system wells. Surface and groundwater water levels decreased in about 60 percent of the KB stations over the last seven days.

Upper East Coast (UEC) groundwater levels decreased, and surface water levels showed mixed trends during the last week. Stages in UEC canals C-23, C-24, and C-25 are 21.93, 19.55, and 20.45 feet, all above the fourteen feet agricultural cut-off. About 70 percent of the UEC wells are in the median and upper percentile ranges for this time of year.

Approximately 95 percent of the surface and groundwater stations in the Lower East Coast recorded increases over the past seven days. All the LEC surficial aquifer system stations are in the median and upper percentile ranges for this time of year.

Groundwater levels increased in all the Lower West Coast (LWC) stations over the last week. All the surficial aquifer system, Lower Tamiami aquifer and Sandstone aquifer wells are in the median and upper percentile ranges for this time of year. Approximately 60 percent of the Mid-Hawthorn aquifer wells are in the lower percentile ranges for this time of year.

Figure 1 shows a statistical comparison between current groundwater levels and long-term historical monthly average groundwater levels at representative wells throughout the District.

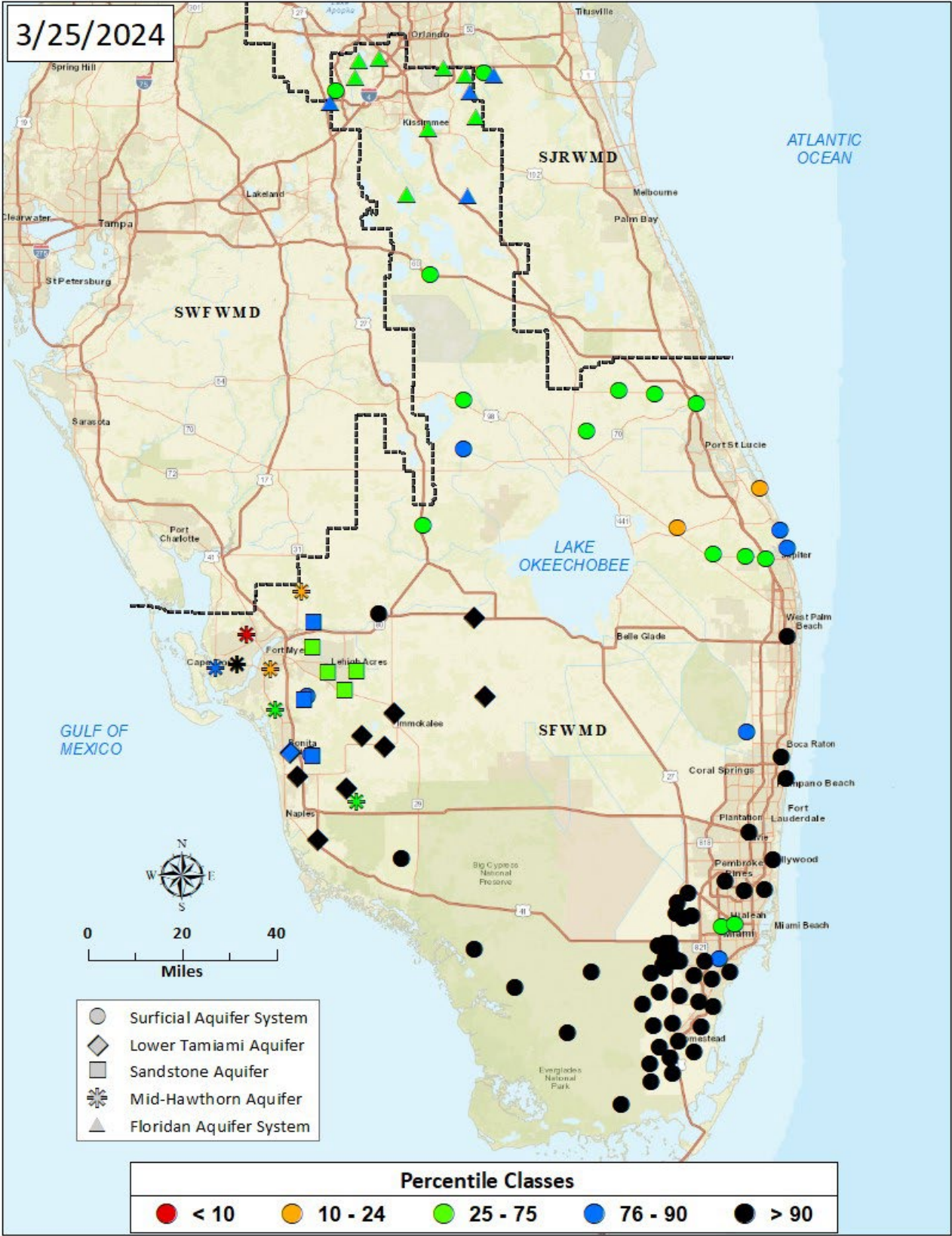


Figure 1. Current Groundwater Level Conditions

Water Supply Technical Input to LORS2008

Figure 2 summarizes the water supply risk indicators. The projected LOK stage for the next two months is the Low Sub-Band, and the risk to water supply is categorized as “moderate”. The Palmer Drought Index for Lake Okeechobee (LOK) Tributary Conditions is -0.58 which is classified as “normal to extremely wet” and is in the “low” risk category for water supply. The Climate Prediction Center’s (CPC) Precipitation Outlook is projected as “above normal” for the one month and three months, leaving both in the “low” risk category. The LOK Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook is “normal to extremely wet” and is in the “low” risk for water supply. The LOK Multi-Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook is in the “normal” range with “moderate” risk to water supply. The stages in WCA 1, WCA-2, and WCA-3 are all above line 1 and are in the “low” risk category. The Year-Round Irrigation Rule is in effect for the three LEC Service Areas. All three LEC Service Areas are in the “low” risk category for water supply.

LORS2008 Implementation on 3/25/2024 (ENSO Condition- El Niño):

Status for week ending 3/25/2024*:

Water Supply Risk Evaluation

Area	Indicator	Value	Color Coded Scoring Scheme
LOK	Projected LOK Stage for the next two months	Low Sub-band	M
	Palmer Drought Index for LOK Tributary Conditions	-0.58 (Normal to Extremely Wet)	L
	CPC Precipitation Outlook	1 month: Above Normal	L
		3 months: Above Normal	L
	LOK Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook	1.30 ft	L
	ENSO Forecast	Normal to Extremely Wet	L
	LOK Multi-Seasonal Net Inflow Outlook	2.51 ft	M
ENSO Forecast		Normal	
WCAs	WCA 1: Site 1-8C	Above Line 1 (16.73 ft)	L
	WCA 2A: Site S11B	Above Line 1 (11.98 ft)	L
	WCA-3A: 3 Station Average (Sites 63, 64, and 65)	Above Line 1 (10.33 ft)	L
LEC	Service Area 1	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	L
	Service Area 2	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	L
	Service Area 3	Year-Round Irrigation Rule in effect	L

Note: The water supply risk classification based on the Palmer index, as well as the LOK seasonal and multi-seasonal net inflow outlooks use slightly different classification intervals than those used by the 2008-LORS.

*- L8 Canal Point flow data for 3/18/2024, is not available from USACE Daily Reports and was assumed to be 0.

Figure 2. Water Supply Risk Indicators