

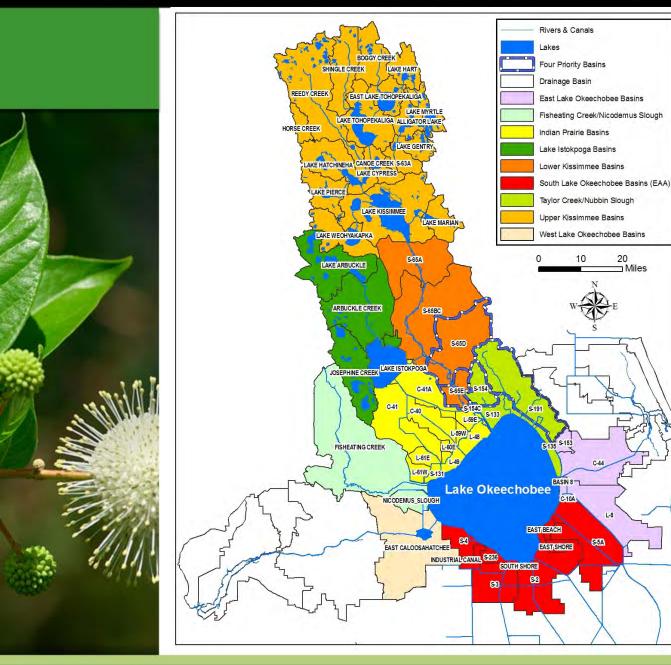
Lake Okeechobee Status Update

Technical Oversight Meeting – August 28, 2007

Susan Gray, Ph.D.
Deputy Director, Watershed Management Department
South Florida Water Management District



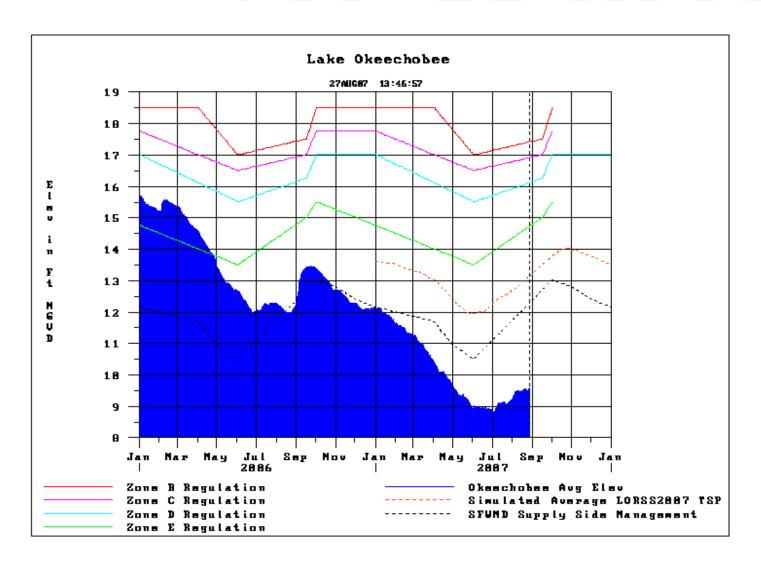
SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT



Lake Okeechobee Watershed

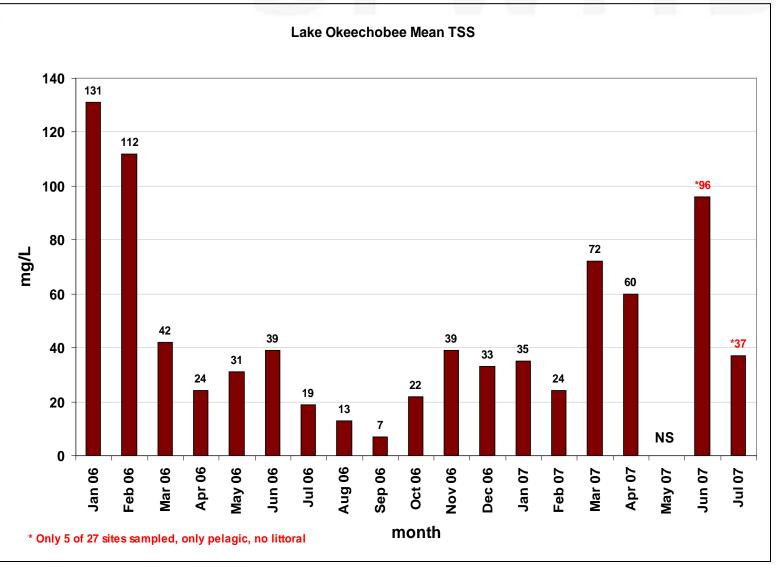
Lake Okeechobee Stage





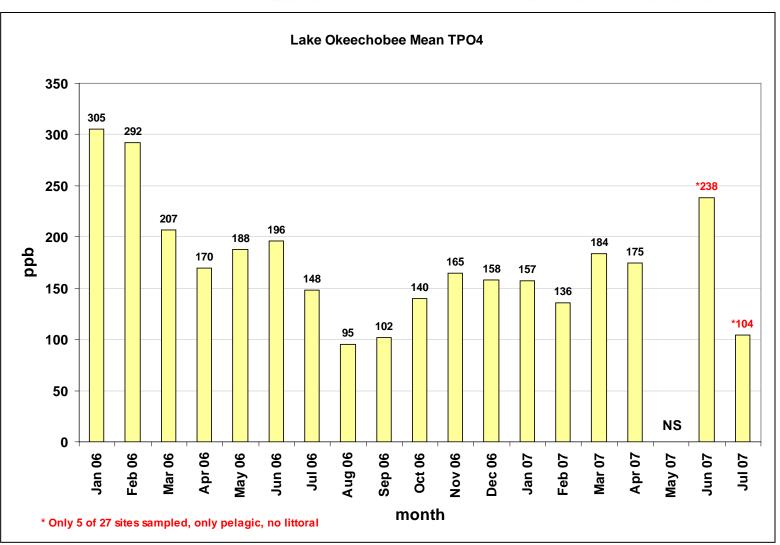
Water Quality — Total Suspended Solids





Water Quality – Total Phosphorus

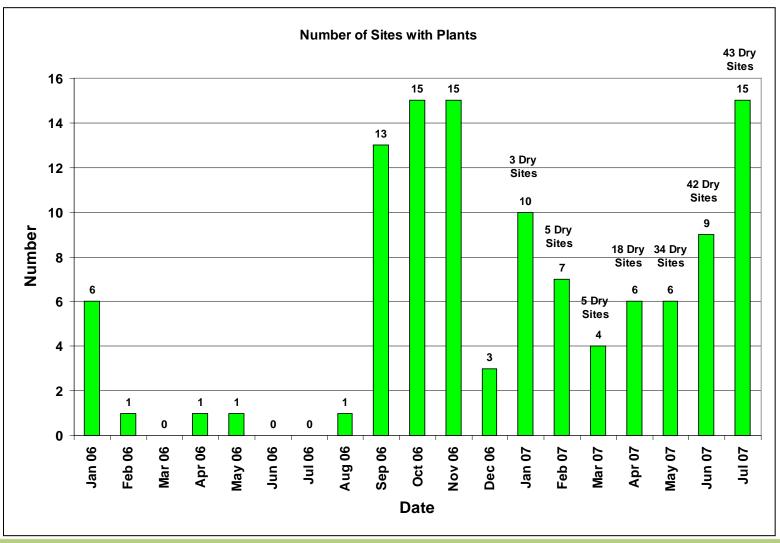




Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

Transect Sites





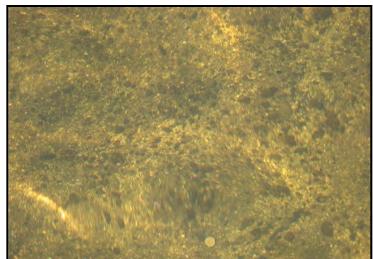
Submerged Aquatic Vegetation





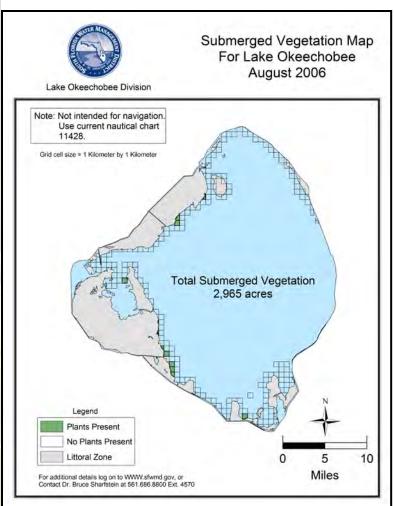


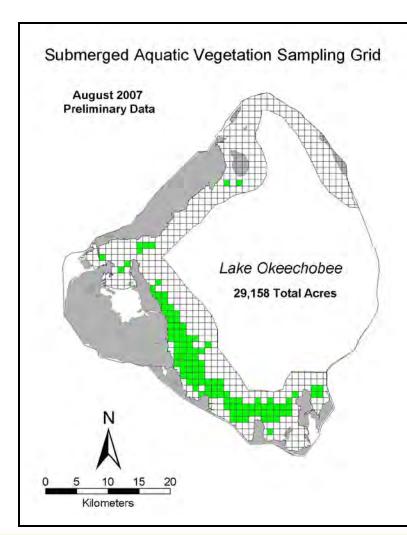




Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Mapping







Low Lake Restoration Projects



- Muck removal improved habitat
- Reduced re-suspension of sediments
- Restored recreational access
- Upland disposal
- Phosphorus removal
- Exotics removal
- Planting of native vegetation





SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT



Pond Apple and Cypress Re-vegetation













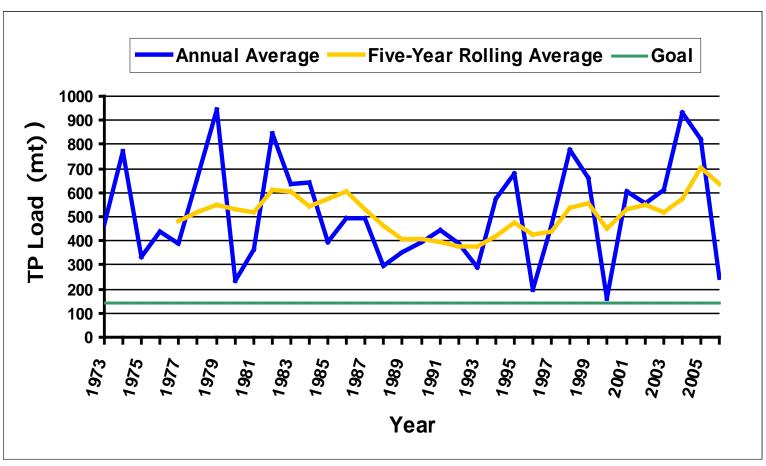


- Water Shortage
 - Lake Level at record low of 8.82 feet on July 3, 2007
 - Water Restrictions put in place and increased over time (from 15% to 45% reduction in agricultural use and lawn watering reduced from 3 to 1 day per week)
 - Fourteen temporary forward pumps deployed to move water from the lake to the Everglades Agricultural Area



- Lake Conditions
 - In-Lake Phosphorus 176 ppb
 - Decline from 214 ppb in WY2006
 - Submerged Aquatic Vegetation
 - August 2006 lakewide mapping
 - Less than 3,000 acres of coverage
 - Monthly transect monitoring
 - Increased biomass observed in July 2007
 - Primarily Chara
 - Expect continued improvements







- Loads and Flows
 - Water flow declined to 575,283 acrefeet (ac-ft)
 - Less than 50% of 15 year (1991-2005) average of 1.2 million ac-ft
 - Load reduced to 202 metric tons of P
 - Approximately 1/3 of 15 year average (514 mt)



Table 10-7. Ongoing and future phosphorus reduction activities in the Lake Okeechobee watershed, with lead agencies and estimated percent of total load reduction to meet the P TMDL of 140 t.

Category	Lead Agency	Estimated Percent TP Load Reduction
P Load Reduction Activities Underway		
Owner ¹ & Typical Cost Share ² BMPs	Agriculture – FDACS Non agriculture – FDEP	19%
Watershed P Reduction Projects (P source control projects as shown in Table 10-4)	SFWMD	9.5%
Regional Public Works Projects (EAA reservoir and flow diversion projects, Kissimmee river restoration, critical projects)	SFWMD	15%
P Load Reduction Activities Requiring Future Funding (2007-2015)		
Typical Cost Share BMPs and Additional Agricultural ³ BMPs that Require Funding	FDACS SFWMD	19%
Other Regional Projects (Lemkin Creek STA, Lake O Fast Track Projects, Brighton reservoir)	SFWMD	8%
CERP LOWP (2003-2015)	USACE and SFWMD	16.5%
LOPP Strategies (aquifer storage and recovery, public- private partnership project, chemical treatment with reservoir, additional regional storage and treatment, managed aquatic plant system, deep well injection)	SFWMD, FDEP, FDACS	13%

¹ Operational BMPs that can be implemented by landowners without cost-share.

² Typical BMPs (primarily cow-calf) implemented under cost share programs offered by FDACS and NRCS.

³ The category describes advanced BMPs that require extensive cost-share including chemical treatment with retention/detention for citrus, dairy, row crop, ornamental, and sod.

