# Quality Assessment Report for Water Quality Monitoring

January - March 2007



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## Introduction

This report is an assessment of the South Florida Water Management District (District) laboratory analysis and field sampling for Total Phosphorus (TP) monitoring, primarily for the following projects/stations during the first quarter of 2007.

- Conservation Area Inflow and Outflows (CAMB) S12A, S12B, S12C S12D, S333
- Everglades National Park Inflow Monitoring (ENP) S174, S176, S177, S18C, S332D
- Everglades Protection Area (EVPA) LOX3 to LOX16
- Non-Everglades Construction Project (NECP) S334

Since field QC samples are collected for trips that include multiple project samples for the stations of interest, the report may also cover information on stations or projects other than those in this list.

Data from stations S175 and S332 are not included in the Field Sampling Quality Assessment section of this report. These stations are not included in the list of compliance stations for the TOC.

The District's *Field Sampling Quality Manual* provides the minimum requirements followed in field sample collection. The *Laboratory Quality Manual* provides the minimum requirements for preparing and analyzing laboratory samples, as well as verifying and validating data. **Field Sampling Quality Assessment** and **Laboratory Analysis Quality Assessment** in this report provide results of laboratory and field quality control during this quarter.

The SFWMD laboratory (LIMS) provided the data used in this report. Consider this data preliminary until the District releases it to their main database (DBHYDRO).

The criteria used for data validation qualifying of blanks were changed, based on clarification from Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP). Blanks with values equal to or greater than the MDL are qualified. This is a change from only qualifying blanks greater than the MDL value.

This report includes an analysis of the District laboratory's performance on split and inter-laboratory studies with FDEP and other laboratories for three selected projects (EVPA, C111 and Everglades TP Round Robins) for a one-year period. The results of the U.S. Geological Survey Analytical Evaluation Program for Standard Reference Samples and the National Water Research Institute Environment Canada, Inter-laboratory Proficiency Testing Program are also included.

## **Field Sampling Quality Assessment**

## **PROCEDURE UPDATES**

This period had no major procedural updates related to TP collection.

#### FIELD AUDIT

Field audits were not conducted on TOC related projects during the first quarter of 2007.

## MISSING DATA

**Table 1** shows a list of missing data for this reporting period. Data may not be available due to problems with field collection or with sample submission to the laboratory. Out of 15 missing data, 13 were not collected due to either lack of flow, structure maintenance or shallow water depth. The laboratory cancelled an analysis for one sample collected at S333 because of improper sample preservation. In addition, the laboratory did not receive one collected sample.

**Table 1.** Missing data for the period from 01/01/07 to 03/31/07.

Project	Collection Date	Station	Comments
NECP	1/17/2007	S334	No flow. No sample collected.
CAMB	1/17/2007	S333	Sample cancelled by the laboratory because of improper preservation.
CAMB	1/23/2007	S12B	No flow. No sample collected.
CAMB	1/23/2007	S12A	No flow. No sample collected.
C111D	1/24/2007	S332D	Sample not received by the laboratory.
EVPA	2/5/2007	LOX3	Total depth – less than 0.10m. No sample collected.
CAMB	2/21/2007	S12B	No flow. No sample collected.
CAMB	2/21/2007	S12A	No flow. No sample collected.
EVPA	3/5/2007	LOX3	Total depth – less than 0.10m. No sample collected.
EVPA	3/5/2007	LOX5	Total depth – less than 0.10m. No sample collected.
EVPA	3/5/2007	LOX10	Total depth – less than 0.10m. No sample collected.
EVPA	3/5/2007	LOX9	Total depth – less than 0.10m. No sample collected.
CAMB	3/7/2007	S12D	Station under construction. No samples collected.
CAMB	3/20/2007	S12B	No flow. No sample collected.
CAMB	3/20/2007	S12A	No flow. No sample collected.

#### QUALITY CONTROL

Field QC measures consist of Equipment Blanks (EB), Field-Cleaned Equipment Blanks (FCEB), Field Blanks (FB), Split Samples (SS) and Replicate Samples (RS). **Table 2** summarizes EB, FB and FCEB results for all projects of interest to the TOC. Two blanks associated with samples for the stations listed in Section I were outside the acceptance criterion. **Table 3** summarizes the field precision results and shows that the field sampling precision was acceptable for all three projects. Routinely, data not meeting the set criteria for blanks, field precision or sampling protocols are flagged using FDEP data qualifier codes. **Table 4** lists data flagged for all trips that include samples for CAMB, ENP, EVPA and NECP projects during this quarter.

Type of Blank	Project	Number of Blanks Collected	% < 0.002	% ≥ 0.002
EB	ENP	1	100	0
	EVPA	1	100	0
	C111D	8	100	0
	CAMB	6	100	0
FCEB	ENP	15	94	7
	EVPA	5	100	0
	NECP	7	86	14

**Table 2.** Field and equipment blank results <sup>1, 2, 3, 4</sup>.

- Only blanks for sampling events from samples collected at stations listed in Section I of this report were included in this analysis.
- <sup>2</sup> Blanks for TP, which were associated with a short-term autosampler project at some TOC stations, were not included in this analysis.
- <sup>3</sup> FB. FCEB and EB acceptance criteria must be < MDL.
- When sample concentrations are less than five times the resulting blank values, laboratory personnel flagged the samples for possible contamination.

Project Code	Number of Triplicates	% RSD	Comments
CAMB	1	0.0	Precision criteria met.
ENP	1	0.0	Precision criteria met.
F\/PA	1	9 1	Precision criteria met

**Table 3.** Field precision summary <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>.

- Only replicates for sampling events from samples collected at stations listed in Section I of this report were included in this analysis.
- The District's Chemistry laboratory conducted all TP analyses.
- Field precision acceptance criterion must be < 20%. The laboratory applied this criterion only if sample values > Practical Quantitation Limit (PQL).

 Table 4.
 List of Flagged Data.

Project	Date Collected	Station	Sample Type	Flag	Comments
NECP	2/13/2007	S334	G	V	Sample associated with FCEB ≥ MDL
CAMB	2/13/2007	S333	G	V	Sample associated with FCEB ≥ MDL
CAMP	2/13/2007	S12C	G	V	Sample associated with FCEB ≥ MDL
ENP	2/26/2007	S177	G	V	Sample associated with FCEB ≥ MDL
ENP	2/26/2007	S18C	G	V	Sample associated with FCEB ≥ MDL

**G** Grab sample

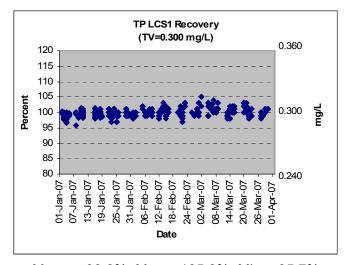
## **Laboratory Analysis Quality Assessment**

#### PROCEDURE UPDATES

The Quality Control Solution (LCS3) concentration in the TP analytical procedure was changed from  $0.030\ mg/L$  to  $0.020\ mg/L$ .

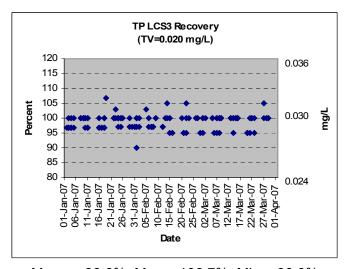
#### LABORATORY QUALITY CONTROL

Routine laboratory QC samples include QC checks, matrix spikes, and precision checks. **Figure 1** through **Figure 4** show recoveries from various types and levels of QC samples for the TP analysis at the District laboratory from January 1 through March 31, 2007.



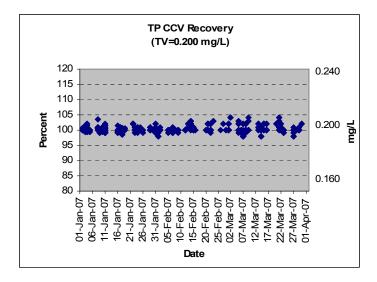
Mean = 99.8%, Max = 105.0%, Min = 95.7%

Figure 1. QC (Laboratory Control Solution) sample recoveries for TP analysis.



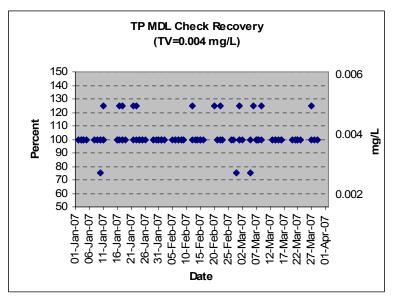
Mean = 98.6%, Max = 106.7%, Min = 90.0%

Figure 2. QC (Laboratory Control Solution) sample recoveries for TP analysis.



Mean = 100.3%, Max = 104.0%, Min = 98.0%

Figure 3. QC (Continuing Calibration Verification) sample recoveries for TP analysis.



Mean = 101.8%, Max = 125.0%, Min = 75.0%

Figure 4. QC5 (Method Detection Limit check) sample recoveries for TP analysis.

**Table 4** and **Table 5** show precision and matrix spike recoveries. If QC recoveries are outside the set limits, the District laboratory usually rejects the analytical batch. If any deficiencies are noted, and the samples have exceeded the required holding times and cannot be re-analyzed, the data are flagged accordingly.

**Table 4.** TP Precision Data, 01/01/07 – 03/31/07.

Acceptance Limit	<10%					
Analytical Range: 0.002-0.400 mg/L						
Maximum	8.7					
Mean	1.4					
Standard Deviation	1.38					
3xSD	4.13					
UCL	5.5					
n	343					

UCL Upper Control Limitn Number of data points

**Table 5.** TP Spike Recovery Data, 01/01/07 – 03/31/07.

Acceptance Limit	90 – 110%		
Analytical Range: 0.0	002-0.400 mg/L		
Minimum	90		
Maximum	110		
Mean	99.9		
Standard Deviation	3.57		
3xSD	10.71		
LCL	89.2		
UCL	110.6		
n	346		

LCL Lower Control LimitUCL Upper Control LimitNumber of data points

Recoveries for the QC samples are usually within  $\pm 10\%$  from the true value, which is acceptable. The MDL check (QC5), with a true value of 0.004 mg/L, had mean recoveries of 101.8%. The daily MDL check results indicate the laboratory has consistently achieved the established MDL of 0.002 mg/L. An organic check is a solution prepared from phytic acid, which is a stable form of organic phosphate used to prepare matrix spikes, the mean recovery for which was 99.9%.

## **Inter-Laboratory Quality-Control Assessment**

## Split Studies with FDEP Laboratory

To assess comparability of results continuously, the District routinely sends split samples to other laboratories. The EVPA Quarterly Splits and the Everglades TP Round Robin (ERR) split-study programs conducted between the FDEP and the District's laboratory from March 2007 to March 2007 (see **Table A-1**) provided the data used in this analysis. **Figure 5** through **Figure 7** show regression analysis of the data and **Table 6** shows summary statistics for the data pairs.

#### **ALL DATA**

**Figure 5** shows that the intercept is not statistically different from zero (0) and the slope is not statistically different from one (1) for all TP data from both laboratories. The  $r^2$  value is 0.9513. This information shows that the results from the two laboratories have a high degree of agreement (close to 1:1 correlation).

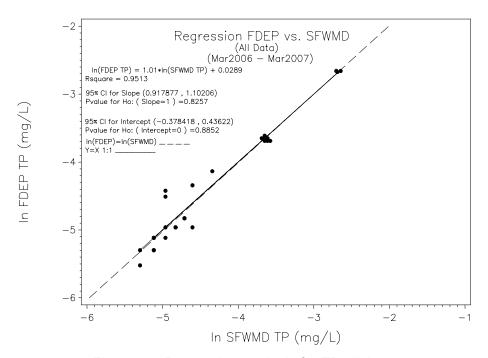
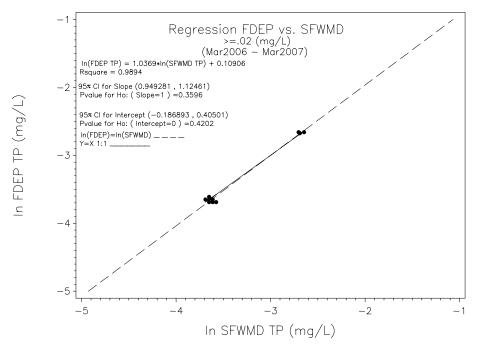


Figure 5. Regression analysis for TP all data.

The mean difference (-0.00004 mg/L) and median difference (0.0010 mg/L) were not statistically significant. The observed differences are below the practical quantification level (PQL) of 0.008 mg/L. The paired t-test and signed-rank test yielded p-values of 0.9243 and 0.449, respectively.

## TP≥0.020 mg/L

**Figure 6** shows that the intercept is not statistically different from 0 (zero) and the slope is not statistically different from 1 (one) for samples with  $TP \ge 0.020$  mg/L. The  $r^2$  value is 0.9894. The mean difference (0.0002 mg/L) and median difference (0.0005 mg/L) were not statistically significant. The differences are below the practical quantitation limit (PQL) of the two laboratories. The paired t-test and signed-rank test yielded p-values of 0.7263 and 0.6289 respectively.



**Figure 6.** Regression analysis for TP greater or equal to 0.020 mg/L.

### $TP < 0.020 \ mg/L$

**Figure 7** shows that the slope is not significantly different from 1 (one) and the intercept is not significantly different from 0 (zero) for samples with TP < 0.020 mg/L. The  $r^2$  for this regression is 0.5938. At this low level, the data sets do not agree very well, as expected, due to the relatively high variability within each laboratory and between the two laboratories.

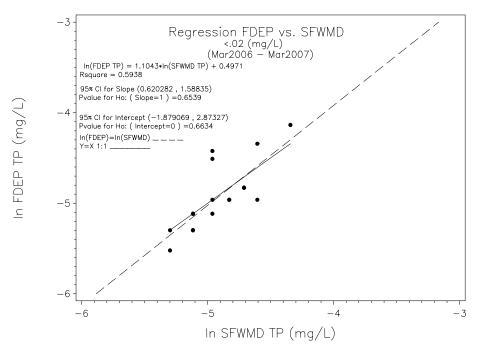


Figure 7. Regression analysis for TP less than 0.020 mg/L.

At this concentration level (< 0.020 mg/L), the mean difference (-0.0002 mg/L) and median difference (0.0010 mg/L) were not statistically significant. P-values for the paired t-test and signed-rank were 0.743 and 0.8625 respectively.

**Table 6.** Comparison of District and FDEP Split Phosphorus Samples (03/2006 – 03/2007).

	Summary Statistics									
	Lab	N		Mean	Median					
	FDEP	28		0.0189	0.0095					
	District	28		0.0189	0.0	09				
All Data		Statistical Test of Hypotheses								
	Summary of Differen			Hypothesis	Test	P-value				
	Mean of									
	Differences	-0.00004	Mear	of Differences = 0	Student's t	0.9243				
	Median of									
	Differences	0.0010	Medi	an of Differences = 0		0.449				
			1	Summary Statistic						
	Lab	N		Mean	Med					
	FDEP	10		0.0389	0.026					
	District	10 0.0391		0.027						
	Statistical Test of Hypotheses									
≥ 0.020 mg/L	Summary of Paired Differences			Hypothesis	Test	P-value				
			Mean of Differences = 0							
	Mean of Differences	0.0002	Mear	of Differences = 0	Student's t	0.7263				
		0.0002		of Differences = 0 an of Differences = 0	Student's t Signed Rank	0.7263 0.6289				
	Differences Median of				Signed Rank					
	Differences Median of			an of Differences = 0	Signed Rank	0.6289				
	Differences Median of Differences	0.0005		an of Differences = 0 Summary Statistic	Signed Rank	0.6289				
	Differences Median of Differences  Lab	0.0005		an of Differences = 0 Summary Statistic Mean	Signed Rank	0.6289 ian 07				
	Differences  Median of Differences  Lab  FDEP	0.0005 <b>N</b> 18	Medi	an of Differences = 0  Summary Statistic  Mean  0.0078	Signed Rank  cs  Med  0.00  0.00	0.6289 ian 07				
< 0.020 mg/L	Differences  Median of Differences  Lab  FDEP	0.0005  N 18 18 18	Medi	an of Differences = 0  Summary Statistic  Mean  0.0078  0.0077	Signed Rank  cs  Med  0.00  0.00	0.6289 ian 07				
< 0.020 mg/L	Differences  Median of Differences  Lab  FDEP  District  Summary of	0.0005  N 18 18 18	Medi	an of Differences = 0  Summary Statistic  Mean  0.0078  0.0077  atistical Test of Hypo	Signed Rank  cs  Med  0.00  0.00  otheses	0.6289 ian 07				

Differences calculated as District TP – FDEP TP. The mean and median differences for all concentration levels are at or below the PQL.

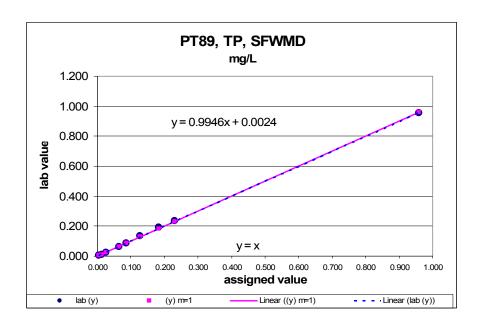
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data not used if FDEP value was < 0.004 (FDEP laboratory's MDL).

## National Water Research Institute Environment Canada Ecosystem Inter-laboratory Proficiency Testing Program

The objectives of this program are to assess and demonstrate reliability and quality of analytical measurements of inorganic parameters in natural waters. The results for the District's laboratory from the most recent study (December 2006/March 2007) are shown in **Table 7**. The District laboratory was rated on performance of TP as "ideal" (highest category), and the linear regression shows no systematic bias (**Figure 8**).

Table 7.	Perform	ance in	PT Stu	dy 89 to	or IP, L	Decem	ber/Ma	irch 20	07.
					-	,			

Sample Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Assigned Value, mg/L	0.0030	0.0040	0.0870	0.0640	0.012	0.128	0.026	0.231	0.184	0.960
Reported Results, mg/L	< 0.002	0.004	0.087	0.064	0.012	0.134	0.025	0.236	0.191	0.955
Z-value		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	-0.5	0.5	0.8	-0.1



**Figure 8.** Linear regression of reported TP results vs. assigned values.

## U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Analytical Evaluation Program

The District's laboratory participates in the USGS Study on environmental samples, which is a voluntary inter-laboratory comparison study conducted semiannually. The District Laboratory uses the study to monitor performance. Evaluation of the results is based on the deviation (z-value) from the median and percent difference. Following usual practices, a Z-value  $<\pm2$  is considered a satisfactory performance. The District laboratory received a z-value of -0.22 and a percent difference of -4.17 (see **Table 8**).

Table 8. USGS Spring (March) 2007 SRS TP results.

Most Probable Value	0.048 mg/L
Reported Value	0.046 mg/L
Performance Evaluation	Z-value = -0.22 % Difference = -4.17

## **Glossary**

**Equipment Blank (EB).** A general terminology used for analyte-free water that is processed on-site through all sampling equipment used in routine sample processing. May be an assessment of effectiveness of laboratory decontamination or on-site (field) decontamination (FCEB).

**Field Cleaned Equipment Blank (FCEB).** Analyte-free water that is processed on-site, after the first sampling site, through all sampling equipment used in routine sample processing. EB values are indicative of the effectiveness of the decontamination process.

**Field Blank (FB).** Analyte-free water that is poured directly into the sample container on site during routine collection, preserved and kept open until sample collection is completed for the routine sample at that site. FB values are indicative of environmental contamination on site.

**Split Sample (SS).** A second sample collected from the same sample obtained from the same sampling device. Results for SS are compared with routine sample results; agreement between these two results is mostly an indication of laboratory precision.

**Replicate Sample (RS).** A second sample collected from the same source as the routine sample, using the same sampling equipment. RS data are compared to routine sample to evaluate sampling precision.

**Precision.** The agreement or closeness between two or more results and is an indication that the measurement system is operating consistently and is a quantifiable indication of variations introduced by the analytical systems over a given time and field sampling period.

**Accuracy.** The agreement between the actual obtained result and the expected result. QC-check samples, having known or "true" values, are used to test for the accuracy of a measurement system.

**Method Detection Limit (MDL).** The smallest concentration of an analyte of interest that can be measured and reported with 99 percent confidence that the concentration is greater than zero. The MDLs are determined from the analysis of a sample in a given matrix, using accepted sampling and analytical preparation procedures, containing the analyte at a specified level. The MDL is determined by the protocol defined in section 40 CFR Part 136, Appendix B as established by the EPA.

**Practical Quantitation Limit (PQL).** The smallest concentration of an analyte of interest that can be quantitatively reported with a specific degree of confidence. Generally, the PQL is 12 times the standard deviation that is derived from the procedure used to determine the MDL, or can be assumed to be 4 times the MDL.

**Relative Standard Deviation (RSD).** A measurement of precision, used when comparing more than two results. It is calculated as %RSD = [Std. Deviation/Mean]\*100

**Relative Percent Difference (RPD).** A measure of precision, used when comparing two values. It is calculated as %RPD = [Value1-Value2]/Mean \* 100.

**Z-Value.** A measure of the deviation of the result (Xi) from the assigned value (X) for that determinant (calculated as  $z = (Xi - X)/\sigma$  where  $\sigma$  is a standard deviation) (EURACHEM).

## Appendix A

**Table A-1.** Results of TP split studies between the District and FDEP laboratories, EVPA Project and Everglades Round Robin, March 2006 – March 2007.

Sample	Date	District	FDEP	% RPD/Comments
EVPA	3-Mar-06	0.009	< 0.004	< PQL
EVPA	3-Mar-06	0.007	< 0.004	< PQL
EVPA	3-Mar-06	0.008	< 0.004	< PQL
EVPA	3-Mar-06	0.007	< 0.004	< PQL
EVPA	13-Jun-06	0.010	0.013	26.1
EVPA	13-Jun-06	0.007	0.012	< PQL
EVPA	13-Jun-06	0.013	0.016	20.7
EVPA	13-Jun-06	0.007	0.011	< PQL
EVPA	19-Sep-06	0.006	0.005	< PQL
EVPA	19-Sep-06	0.008	0.007	< PQL
EVPA	19-Sep-06	0.007	0.007	< PQL
EVPA	19-Sep-06	0.008	0.007	< PQL
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.026	0.025	3.9
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.027	0.026	3.8
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.025	0.026	3.9
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.028	0.025	11.3
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.009	0.008	< PQL
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.009	0.008	< PQL
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.009	0.008	< PQL
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.010	0.007	< PQL
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.027	0.025	7.7
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.026	0.026	0.0
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.026	0.027	3.8
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.068	0.069	1.5
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.067	0.070	4.4
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.071	0.070	1.4
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.006	0.006	< PQL
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.007	0.006	< PQL
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.006	0.005	< PQL
ERR-17	05-Dec-06	0.006	0.006	< PQL
EVPA	12-Dec-06	0.005	0.004	< PQL
EVPA	12-Dec-06	0.005	0.005	< PQL
EVPA	05-Mar-07	0.010	<0.008	<sup>1</sup> FDEP MDL was elevated
EVPA	06-Mar-07	0.006	<0.008	<sup>1</sup> FDEP MDL was elevated
EVPA	06-Mar-07	0.007	<0.008	<sup>1</sup> FDEP MDL was elevated
EVPA	06-Mar-07	0.006	<0.008	<sup>1</sup> FDEP MDL was elevated

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> FDEP comment: The MDL was elevated due to sample matrix interference.