Quality Assessment Report for Water Quality Monitoring

January – March 2009



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INTRODUCTION

This report is an assessment of the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD or District) laboratory analysis and field sampling for total phosphorus (TP) monitoring, primarily for the following projects/stations from January 1, 2009 through March 31, 2009:

- Everglades National Park Inflows North (PIN) S12A, S12B, S12C, S12D, S333, S355A, S355B, and S356
- Everglades National Park Inflow East (PIE) S332DX, S18C, DS2, DS4, and Berm B3
- Everglades Protection Area (EVPA) LOX3 through LOX16

Because field quality control (QC) samples are collected for trips that include multiple project samples for the stations of interest, the report may also cover information on stations or projects other than those in the above list.

The District's *Field Sampling Quality Manual*¹ provides the minimum requirements followed in field sample collection. The *Chemistry Laboratory Quality Manual*² provides the minimum requirements followed in preparing and analyzing laboratory samples, as well as data verification and validation. The *Field Sampling Quality Assessment* and *Laboratory Analysis Quality Assessment* sections in this report provide the field and laboratory QC results during this quarter. The SFWMD's Laboratory Information Management System provided the data used in this report. These data are considered preliminary until release into the District's DBHYDRO database.

Additionally, this report includes an analysis of the District laboratory's performance on the split (EVPA) and inter-laboratory studies with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) and other laboratories for the selected projects (Everglades TP Round Robins) for a one-year period. The report also includes the results of the National Water Research Institute Environment Canada Ecosystem Inter-laboratory Proficiency Testing Program.

¹ SFWMD. 2009. Field Sampling Quality Manual, Version 5.0. South Florida Water Management District, Water Quality Monitoring Division and Quality Assurance Staff. West Palm Beach, FL.

² SFWMD. 2008. Chemistry Laboratory Quality Manual (Rev. No. 08-01). South Florida Water Management District, Water Quality Monitoring Division, Environmental Resource Assessment Department. West Palm Beach, FL.

FIELD SAMPLING QUALITY ASSESSMENT

PROCEDURE UPDATES

This period had no major procedural updates related to TP collection.

MISSING DATA

Table 1 presents the list of missing data for this reporting period. Fifty-two data points were missing (not collected) due to lack of flow and seven data points due to shallow water depth.

Project	Collection Date	Station	Comments
PIN	06-Jan-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	06-Jan-2009	S12C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	06-Jan-2009	S12D	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	14-Jan-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	14-Jan-2009	S12C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	14-Jan-2009	S12D	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	14-Jan-2009	S355A	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	14-Jan-2009	S355B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	21-Jan-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	21-Jan-2009	S12C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	21-Jan-2009	S355A	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	21-Jan-2009	S355B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	27-Jan-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	27-Jan-2009	S12C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	27-Jan-2009	S12D	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	27-Jan-2009	S355A	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	27-Jan-2009	S355B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	03-Feb-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	03-Feb-2009	S12C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	03-Feb-2009	S12D	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
EVPA	09-Feb-2009	LOX3	Tdepth < 0.1 m, no sample collected.
EVPA	09-Feb-2009	LOX5	Tdepth < 0.1 m, no sample collected.
PIN	10-Feb-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	10-Feb-2009	S12C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	10-Feb-2009	S12D	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	10-Feb-2009	S355A	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.

Table 1. Missing data for January 1 to March 31, 2009.

Project	Collection Date	Station	Comments
PIN	10-Feb-2009	S355B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	18-Feb-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	18-Feb-2009	S12C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	18-Feb-2009	S12D	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	18-Feb-2009	S355B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	24-Feb-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	24-Feb-2009	S12C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	24-Feb-2009	S12D	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	24-Feb-2009	S355A	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	24-Feb-2009	S355B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	03-Mar-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	03-Mar-2009	S12C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	03-Mar-2009	S12D	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
EVPA	10-Mar-2009	LOX3	Tdepth < 0.1 m, no sample collected.
EVPA	10-Mar-2009	LOX4	Tdepth < 0.1 m, no sample collected.
EVPA	10-Mar-2009	LOX5	Tdepth < 0.1 m, no sample collected.
EVPA	10-Mar-2009	LOX9	Tdepth < 0.1 m, no sample collected.
EVPA	10-Mar-2009	LOX10	Tdepth < 0.1 m, no sample collected.
PIN	11-Mar-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	11-Mar-2009	S12C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	11-Mar-2009	S12D	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	11-Mar-2009	S355A	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	11-Mar-2009	S355B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	17-Mar-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	17-Mar-2009	S12C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	17-Mar-2009	S12D	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	17-Mar-2009	S355A	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	17-Mar-2009	S355B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	24-Mar-2009	S12B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	24-Mar-2009	S122C	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	24-Mar-2009	S12D	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	24-Mar-2009	S355A	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.
PIN	24-Mar-2009	S355B	Gate closed, no flow, no sample collected.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Field QC measures consist of equipment blanks (EB), field-cleaned equipment blanks (FCEB), split samples (SS), and replicate samples (RS). **Table 2** summarizes EB and FCEB results for projects of interest to the Technical Oversight Committee (TOC), as referenced in the table footnotes below. **Table 3** summarizes the field precision results and shows that the field sampling precision was acceptable for all three projects. Data that did not meet the set criteria for blanks, field precision, or sampling protocols were qualified using FDEP data qualifier codes.

Type of Blank	Project	Number of Blanks Collected	Number of Detected Blanks	% < 0.002 mg/L	% ≥ 0.002 mg/L
	EVPA	2	0	100	0
EB	PIE	1	0	100	0
	PIN	1	0	100	0
	EVPA	11	0	100	0
FCEB	PIE	14	0	100	0
	PIN	12	0	100	0

Table 2. Field and equipment blank results ^{1, 2, 3, 4}

¹ Only blanks for sampling events from samples collected at stations listed in the Introduction are included in this analysis.

² Blanks for TP, which were associated with a short-term autosampler project at some TOC stations, are not included in this analysis.

³ FB, FCEB, and EB acceptance criteria must be less than the method detection limit (MDL).

⁴ When sample concentrations are less than ten times the resulting blank values, "J" is added.

Project Code	Number of Triplicates	Date Collected	% RSD	Average Value mg/L	COMMENTS
EVPA	1	10-Mar-2009	7.7	0.013	Precision criteria were met
PIE	1	12-Jan-2009	0.0	0.006	Precision criteria were met
PIE	1	09-Mar-2009	7.9	0.007	Precision criteria were met
PIN	1	06-Jan-2009	0.0	0.010	Precision criteria were met

Table 3.	Field precision	summary 1, 2, 3
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¹ Only replicates for sampling events from samples collected at stations listed in the Introduction are included in this analysis.

² The District's chemistry laboratory conducted all TP analyses.

³ Field precision acceptance criterion must be $\leq 20\%$. The laboratory applied this criterion only if sample values were greater than the practical quantitation limit (PQL), which is four times the MDL.

FIELD AUDIT

During the first quarter, no field audits were conducted related to the TOC water quality stations.

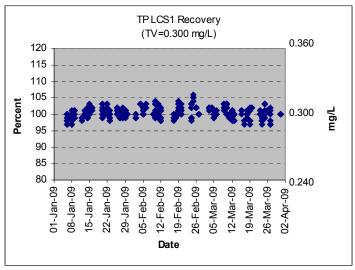
LABORATORY ANALYSIS QUALITY ASSESSMENT

PROCEDURE UPDATES

The TP analytical procedure did not change during this reporting period.

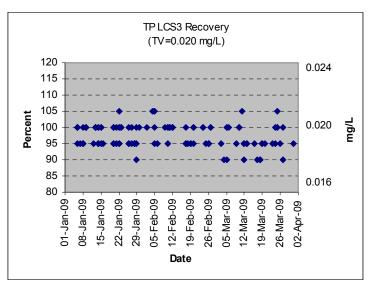
LABORATORY QUALITY CONTROL

Routine laboratory QC samples include QC checks, matrix spikes, and precision checks. **Figures 1** through **4** show the TP recoveries from various types and levels of QC samples at the District laboratory from January 1, 2009, through March 31, 2009.



Mean = 100.4%, Max = 106%, Min = 97%

Figure 1. QC (laboratory control solution) sample recoveries for TP analysis.



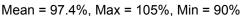
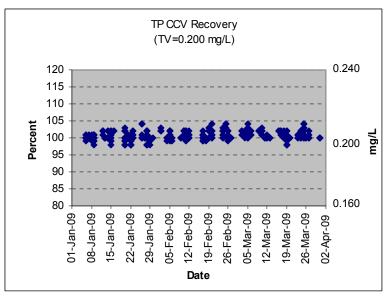
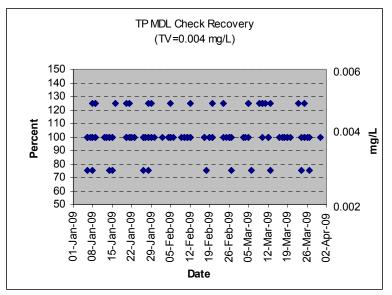


Figure 2. QC (laboratory control solution) sample recoveries for TP analysis.



Mean = 100.6%, Max = 104%, Min = 98%

Figure 3. QC (continuing calibration verification) sample recoveries for TP analysis.



Mean = 101.9%, Max = 125.0%, Min = 75.0%

Figure 4. QC5 (Method Detection Limit check) sample recoveries for TP analysis.

Tables 4 and **5** present the precision and matrix spike recoveries for TP analyses during the reporting period. If QC recoveries are outside the set limits, then the District's laboratory usually rejects the analytical batch. If any deficiencies are noted, the samples have exceeded the required holding times, and the laboratory cannot re-analyze the data, then the sample is qualified accordingly.

Table 4.	TP Precision	(%)) Data.
		(/0) Data

Acceptance Limit	<10		
Analytical Range: 0.00	2-0.400 mg/L		
Maximum	7.2		
Mean	1.5		
Standard Deviation	1.4		
3xSD	4.1		
UCL	5.7		
n	302		

UCL Upper Control Limit

n Number of data points

Table 5.TP Spike Recovery (%) Data.

Acceptance Limit	90 – 110
Analytical Range: 0.0)02-0.400 mg/L
Minimum	90
Maximum	110
Mean	100.7
Standard Deviation	3.5
3xSD	10.6
LCL	90
UCL	111
n	303

LCL Lower Control Limit

UCL Upper Control Limit

n Number of data points

Recoveries for the QC samples are within ± 10 percent from the true value, which is acceptable. The method detection limit (MDL) check (QC5), with a true value of 0.004 mg/L, had mean recoveries of 101.9 percent. The daily MDL check results indicate that the laboratory has consistently achieved the established MDL of 0.002 mg/L. An organic check is a solution prepared from phytic acid, which is a stable form of organic phosphate used to prepare matrix spikes, the mean recovery for which was 100.7 percent.

ESTIMATION OF ANALYTICAL MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The estimated analytical uncertainty for total phosphorus conducted by the District laboratory for the last quarter was determined to be 5.8 percent (with a 95 percent confidence level). This result applies to the analytical process and does not include uncertainty attributed to field sampling activities (e.g., sample collection and sample location effects).

METHOD DETECTION LIMIT AND PRACTICAL QUANTITATION LIMIT

MDL checks are routinely analyzed with each analytical run. From January to March 2009, 119 results for MDL checks were reported for total phosphorus measurements. The calculated MDL from these results was determined to be $1.2 \ \mu g/L$, using the procedure described in 40 CFR 136 Appendix B and the calculated practical quantitation limit (PQL) for the period from January to March 2009 was 4.8 $\mu g/L$. At this concentration, the relative uncertainty in the measured value is estimated to be ± 30 percent at the 95 percent confidence level³.

CHANGES IN DATA ASSESSMENT PROTOCOLS

Since October 1, 2003 field generated blanks with the results at or above the method detection limit and the associated samples with values of 5 times the blank value were qualified. As of January 1, 2009, the associated samples are qualified with values of 10 times the blank value. This change was implemented in accordance with the revised Florida Administrative Code 62-160.700, also known as FDEP QA Rule, effective December 3, 2008.

³ Taylor, J.K., Quality Assurance of Chemical Measurements (1987) Lewis Publishers, Chelsea, MI 48118, USA, 1987

INTER-LABORATORY QUALITY-CONTROL ASSESSMENT

Split Studies with FDEP Laboratory

To continuously assess comparability of results, the District routinely sends split samples to other laboratories. The EVPA Quarterly Splits and the Everglades TP Round Robin (ERR) splitstudy programs conducted between the FDEP and the District's laboratory from February 2008 to March 2009 (see **Appendix A**) provided the data used in this analysis. **Figures 5** through **7** present regression analysis of the data, and **Table 6** presents summary statistics for the data pairs.

ALL DATA

Figure 5 shows that the intercept is not statistically different from zero and the slope is not statistically different from one for all TP data from both laboratories. The r^2 value (Rsquare) is 0.900. The intercept of the regression is not different from zero statistically since the 95 percent confidence interval for intercept contains zero. The slope of the regression is not different from one statistically since the 95 percent confidence interval for slope contains one. This information indicates a very high degree of agreement between the two laboratories.

Table 6 shows that the mean difference (0.00003 mg/L) and median difference (0.000 mg/L) was statistically insignificant. The paired t-test and signed-rank test yielded p-values of 0.945 and 0.170, respectively.

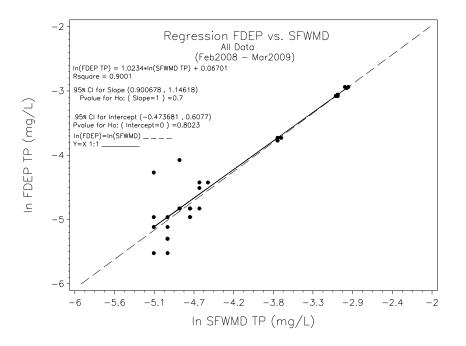


Figure 5. Regression analysis for all TP data.

$TP \ge 0.020 mg/L$

Figure 6 shows that the intercept is not statistically different from zero and the slope is not statistically different from one for samples with TP ≥ 0.020 mg/L. The r² value is 0.997. This information also indicates a very high level of agreement between the two laboratories.

Table 6 shows that the mean difference (0.0002 mg/L) and median difference (0.000 mg/L) were not statistically significant. The paired t-test and signed-rank test yielded p-values of 0.506 and 0.750, respectively.

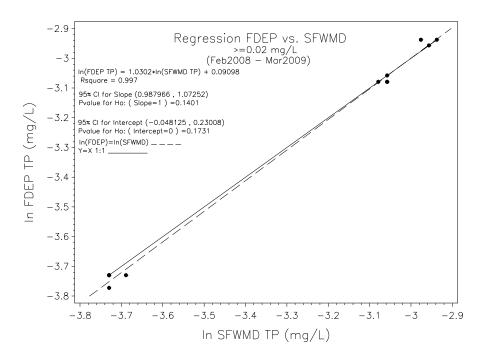


Figure 6. Regression analysis for TP greater than or equal to 0.020 mg/L.

TP < 0.020 *mg/L*

Figure 7 shows that the slope is not significantly different from one and the intercept is not significantly different from zero for samples with TP < 0.020 mg/L. The r^2 for this regression is 0.231. At this low level, the data sets do not agree very well, as expected, due to the relatively high variability/uncertainty within each laboratory and between the two laboratories.

Table 6 shows that the mean difference (-0.0004 mg/L) and median difference (0.001 mg/L) were not statistically significant. The p-values for the paired t-test and signed-rank test were 0.945 and 0.259 respectively.

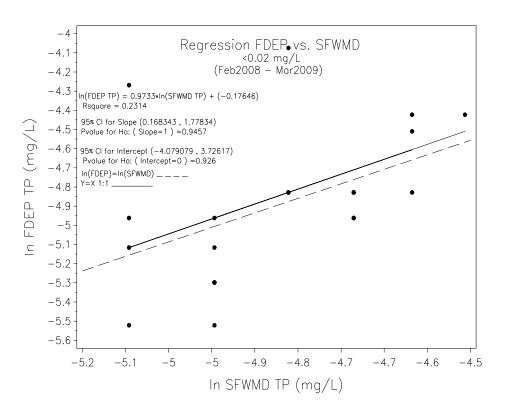


Figure 7. Regression analysis for TP less than 0.020 mg/L.

In summary, the differences for all TP levels were below the MDL for both laboratories. The paired differences were not normally distributed (Shapiro-Wilk, p-value was <0.001), so the results of the sign-rank test should be used in drawing conclusions.

				Summary Statistic	cs				
	Lab	Ν		Mean	Median				
	FDEP	34		0.018	0.008				
	District	34		0.018	0.0	09			
All Data	Statistical Test of Hypotheses								
All Data	Summary of Paired Differences			Hypothesis	Test	P-value			
	Mean of								
	Differences	0.00003	Mea	n of Differences = 0	Student's t	0.945			
	Median of Differences	0.000	Median of Differences = 0		Signed Rank	0.170			
				Summary Statistic	cs				
	Lab	N	Ī	Mean	Med	ian			
	FDEP	11	0.040		0.046				
	District	11	11 0.040		0.047				
	Statistical Test of Hypotheses								
≥0.020 mg/L	Summary Differe			Hypothesis	Test	P-value			
	Mean of Differences	0.0002	Mean of Differences = 0		Student's t	0.506			
	Median of Differences	0.000	Median of Differences = 0		Signed Rank	0.750			
				Summary Statistic	cs				
	Lab	N		Mean	Med	ian			
	FDEP	23		0.008	0.0	08			
	District	23		0.008	0.0	08			
			S	tatistical Test of Hypo	otheses				
< 0.020 mg/L	Summary Differe			Hypothesis	Test	P-value			
	Mean of Differences	-0.00004	Меа	n of Differences = 0	Student's t	0.945			
	Median of Differences	0.001	Mean of Differences = 0		Signed Rank	0.259			

Table 6. Comparison of District and FDEP split TP samples.

Notes:

- Differences calculated as District TP minus FDEP TP. The mean and median differences for all concentration levels are at or below the MDL.
- Data were not used if FDEP value was below FDEP's detection limit (0.004 mg/L).
- All concentration values are in mg/L

National Water Research Institute Environment Canada Ecosystem Inter-laboratory Proficiency Testing Program

The objectives of this program are to assess and demonstrate reliability and quality of analytical measurements of inorganic parameters in natural waters. The results for the District's laboratory from the most recent study PT 93 are presented in **Table 7** (December-March 2009). The District laboratory was rated on performance of TP as "good" and the linear regression shows no systematic bias.

Table 7. Performance in PT Study 93 for TP, December-March 2009

Sample Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Assigned Value, mg/L	0.076	0.206	0.002	0.199	0.005	0.046	0.011	0.064	0.687	0.136
Reported Results, mg/L	0.077	0.210	<0.002	0.200	0.004	0.046	0.011	0.064	0.072*	0.138
Z-value	0.2	0.4	NA	0.1	-0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	-16.6	0.3

Notes:

* Manual data entry error (actual analytical result 0.720 mg/L)

GLOSSARY

- Accuracy. The agreement between the actual obtained result and the expected result. QC-check samples, having known or "true" values, are used to test for the accuracy of a measurement system.
- **Equipment Blank (EB).** A general terminology used for analyte-free water that is processed onsite through all sampling equipment used in routine sample processing. May be an assessment of effectiveness of laboratory decontamination or on-site (field) decontamination (FCEB).
- **Field Blank (FB).** Analyte-free water that is poured directly into the sample container on site during routine collection, preserved and kept open until sample collection is completed for the routine sample at that site. FB values are indicative of environmental contamination on site.
- **Field Cleaned Equipment Blank (FCEB).** Analyte-free water that is processed on-site, after the first sampling site, through all sampling equipment used in routine sample processing. EB values are indicative of the effectiveness of the decontamination process.
- Method Detection Limit (MDL). The smallest concentration of an analyte of interest that can be measured and reported with 99 percent confidence that the concentration is greater than zero. The MDLs are determined from the analysis of a sample in a given matrix, using accepted sampling and analytical preparation procedures, containing the analyte at a specified level. The MDL is determined by the protocol defined in section 40 CFR, Part 136, Appendix B, as established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- **Practical Quantitation Limit (PQL).** The smallest concentration of an analyte of interest that can be quantitatively reported with a specific degree of confidence. Generally, the PQL is 12 times the standard deviation that is derived from the procedure used to determine the MDL, or can be assumed to be four times the MDL.
- **Precision.** The agreement or closeness between two or more results and is an indication that the measurement system is operating consistently and is a quantifiable indication of variations introduced by the analytical systems over a given time and field sampling period.
- **Relative Percent Difference (RPD).** A measure of precision, used when comparing two values. It is calculated as %RPD = [Value1–Value2]/Mean*100.
- **Relative Standard Deviation (RSD).** A measurement of precision, used when comparing more than two results. It is calculated as %RSD = [Std. Deviation/Mean]*100.
- **Replicate Sample (RS).** A second sample collected from the same source as the routine sample, using the same sampling equipment. RS data are compared to routine sample to evaluate sampling precision.
- **Split Sample (SS).** A second sample collected from the same sample obtained from the same sampling device. Results for SS are compared with routine sample results; agreement between these two results is mostly an indication of laboratory precision.
- **Z-Value.** A measure of the deviation of the result (Xi) from the assigned value (X) for that determinant (calculated as $z = (Xi-X)/\sigma$, where σ is a standard deviation) (EURACHEM).

APPENDIX A

Results of TP split studies between the District and FDEP laboratories, EVPA Project and Everglades Round Robin, February 2008–March 2009.

Sample	Date	District	FDEP	%RPD/Comments
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.007 (I)	0.004 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
ERR -18	12-Feb-08	0.007 (I)	<0.004 (U)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.006 (I)	0.004 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.024	0.023	4.2
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.024	0.024	0.0
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.024	0.024	0.0
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.025	0.024	4.1
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.009	0.008 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.009	0.008 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.009	0.008 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.009	0.007 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.046	0.046	0.0
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.047	0.046	2.2
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.047	0.047	0.0
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.047	0.046	2.2
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.053	0.053	0.0
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.051	0.053	3.8
ERR-18	12-Feb-08	0.052	0.052	0.0
EVPA	06-Mar-08	0.010	0.011	9.5
EVPA	06-Mar-08	0.007 (I)	0.005 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	06-Mar-08	0.006 (I)	<0.004 (U)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	06-Mar-08	0.007 (I)	0.006 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	11-Jun-08	0.010	0.012	18.2
EVPA	12-Jun-08	0.008	0.017	72.0
EVPA	12-Jun-08	0.006 (I)	0.006 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	12-Jun-08	0.010	0.008 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	18-Sep-08	0.007 (I)	0.007 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	18-Sep-08	0.008	0.008 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	18-Sep-08	0.008	0.008 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	18-Sep-08	0.008	0.008 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	09-Dec-08	0.007 (I)	0.005 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	09-Dec-08	0.009	0.007 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	09-Dec-08	0.007 (I)	0.005 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	09-Dec-08	0.004 (I)	<0.004 (U)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	09-Mar-09	0.005* (I)	0.012* Y	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	09-Mar-09	0.006 (I)	0.014	80.0
EVPA	09-Mar-09	0.006 (I)	0.007 (I)	<pql< td=""></pql<>
EVPA	10-Mar-09	0.011	0.012	8.7

*Result not included in the statistical evaluation due to improper sample preservation (qualified code "Y")

Qualifier code (I) indicates that the reported value is greater than or equal to the MDL but less than PQL

Qualifier code (U) indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected

SFWMD; Actual MDL = 0.002 mg/L and PQL = 0.008 mg/L FDEP;Actual MDL = 0.004 mg/L and PQL = 0.010 mg/L