# WELCOME

Robert Shuford Lead Scientist Ecosystem Restoration and Capital Projects 19<sup>th</sup> Annual Public Meeting on the Long-Term Plan for Achieving Water Quality Goals for the Everglades Protection Areas Tributary Basins February 28, 2022

### AGENDA

	1.	Welcome and Introduction	9:00
		Robert Shuford, Ecosystem Restoration and Capital Projects Bureau	
-	2.	System Conditions	9:05
		Jose Otero, Ecosystem Restoration and Capital Projects Bureau	
	3.	Everglades Stormwater Treatment Areas (STA) Performance Update Jake Dombrowski, Applied Sciences Bureau	9:25
	4.	STA Vegetation Management and Enhancement	9:45
-		Eric Crawford, Land Resources Bureau	
	5.	Status of Restoration Strategies Science Plan Studies	10:05
		Tom James, Applied Sciences Bureau	
	6.	Restoration Strategies: Design and Construction Update	10:25
		Lucine Dadrian, Engineering and Construction Bureau	
. IF	7.	Southern Everglades Nutrient Source Control Program Update	10:45
8		Steve Sarley & Youchoa Wang, Everglades and Estuaries Protection Programs Bureau	
	8.	Public Use on SFWMD Stormwater Treatment Areas	11:05
		James Harbaugh, Land Resources Bureau	6
	9.	Public Comment	11:25
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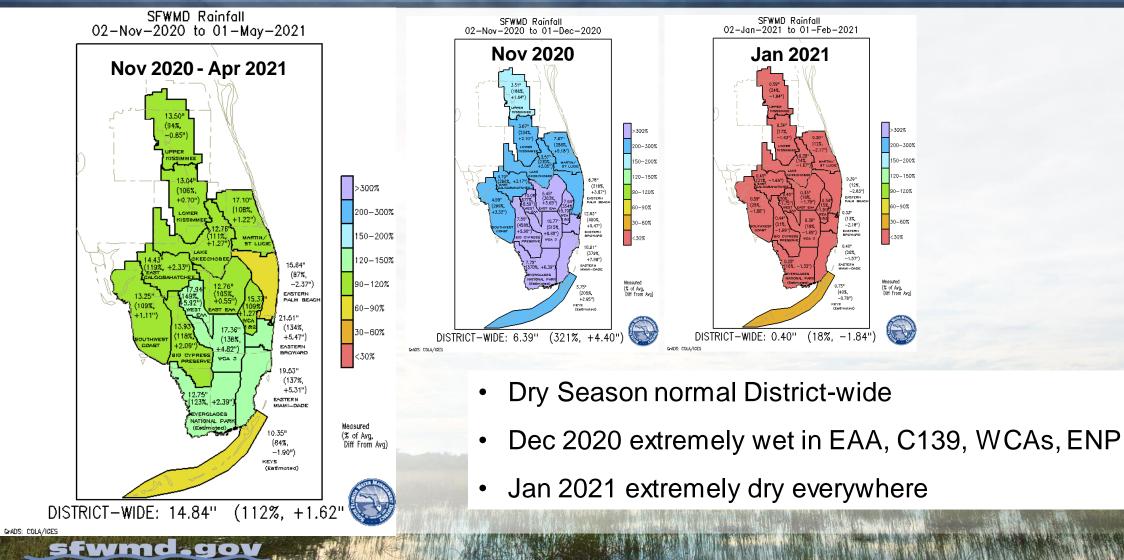
# **Systems Condition**

Jose Otero, P.E. Section Administrator Ecosystem Restoration and Capital Projects

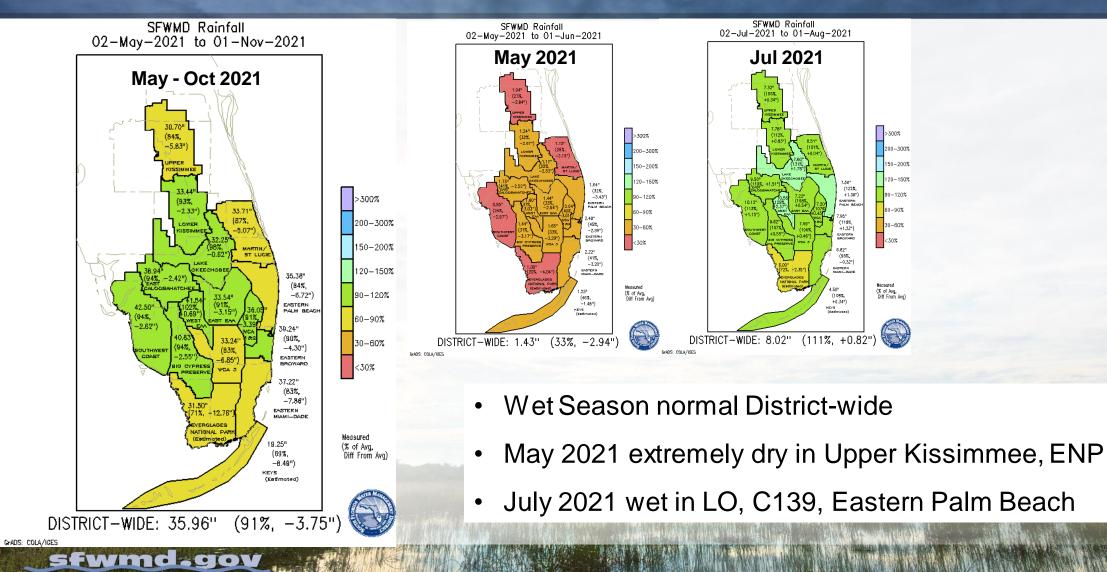
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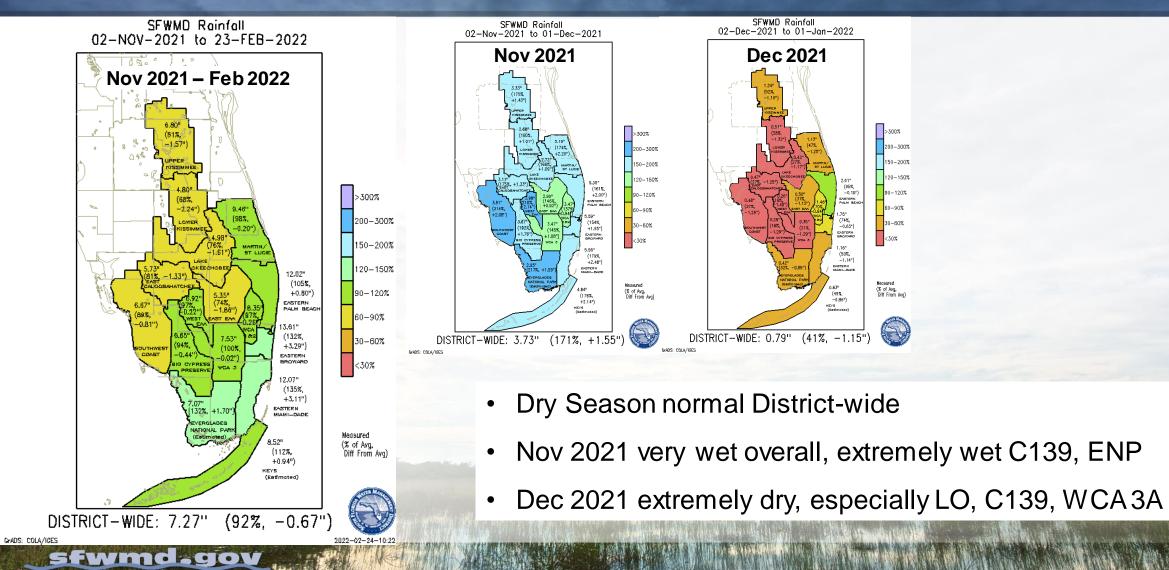
### **Rainfall Dry Season Water Year 2021**



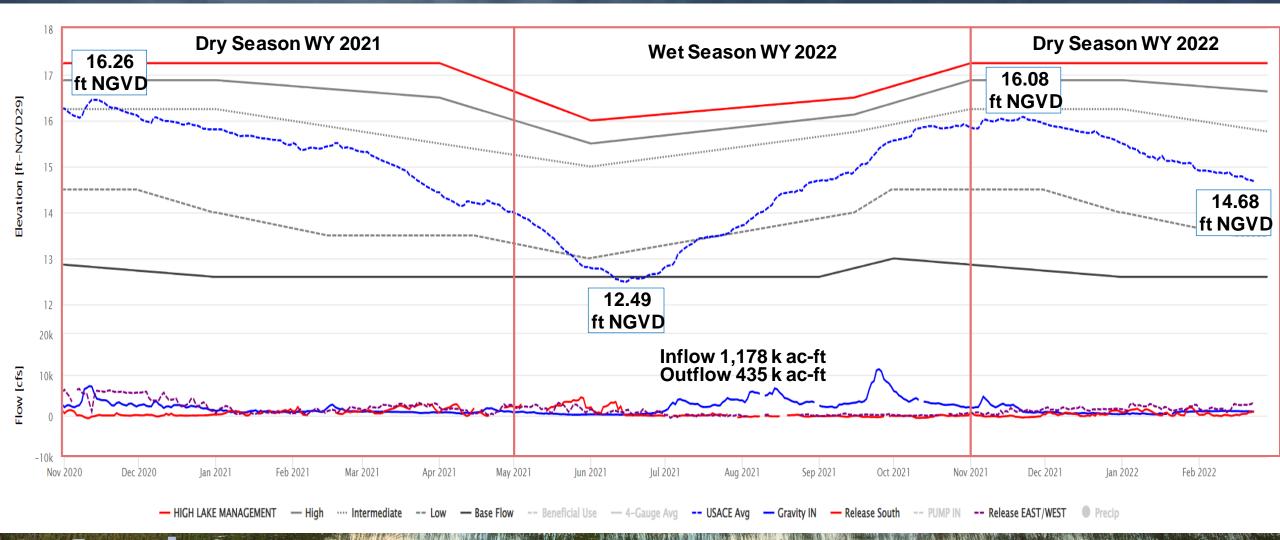
### **Rainfall Wet Season Water Year 2022**



## Rainfall Dry Season Water Year 2022 (partial)

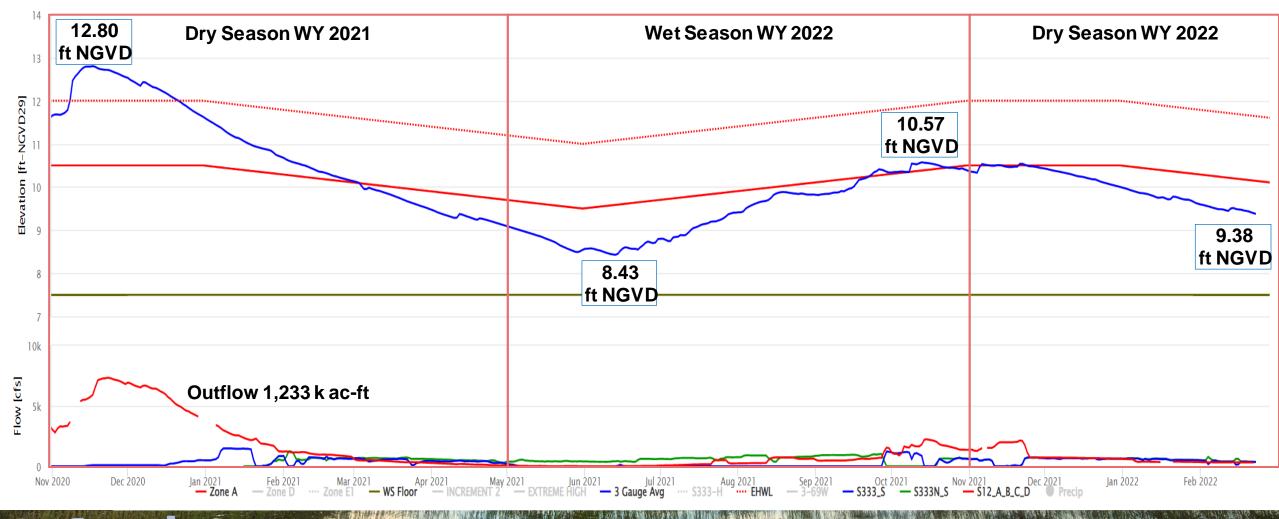


#### Lake Okeechobee Stage



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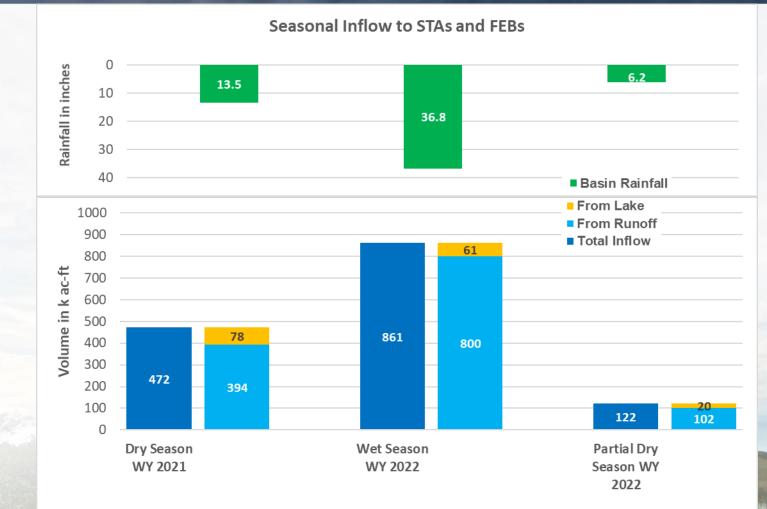
#### WCA 3A Stage



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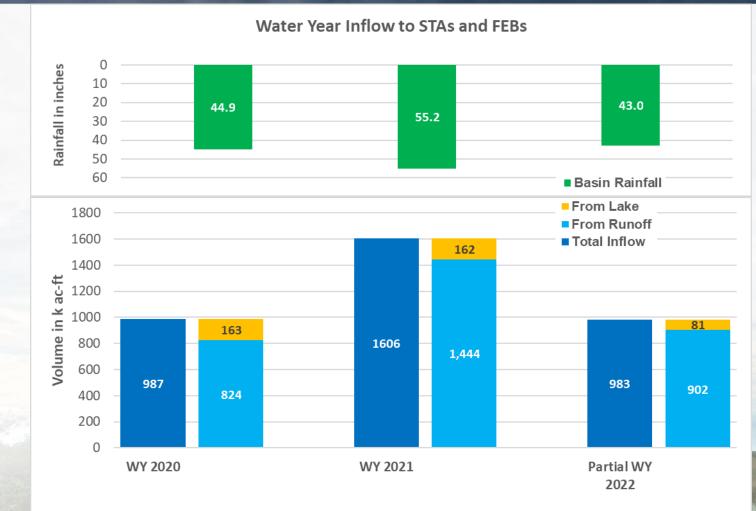
### **Seasonal Inflows to STAs**



Partial Dry Season WY 2022 from 11/1/21 through 2/20/22

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### Water Year Inflows to STAs



Partial WY 2022 from 5/1/21 through 2/20/22

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#### **Contact Information**

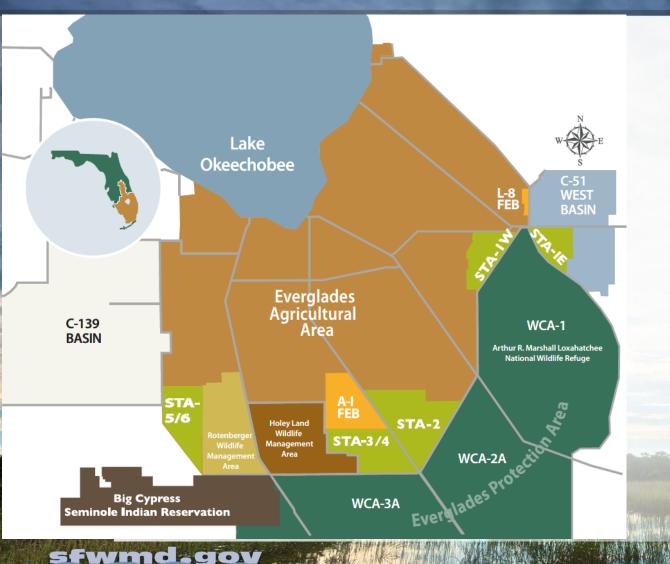
#### Jose Otero jotero@sfwmd.gov

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### **Everglades Stormwater Treatment Areas Performance Update**

Jake Dombrowski Senior Scientist Applied Sciences 19th Annual Public Meeting on the Long-Term Plan for Achieving Water Quality Goals for the Everglades Protection Area Tributary Basins February 28, 2022

#### Introduction



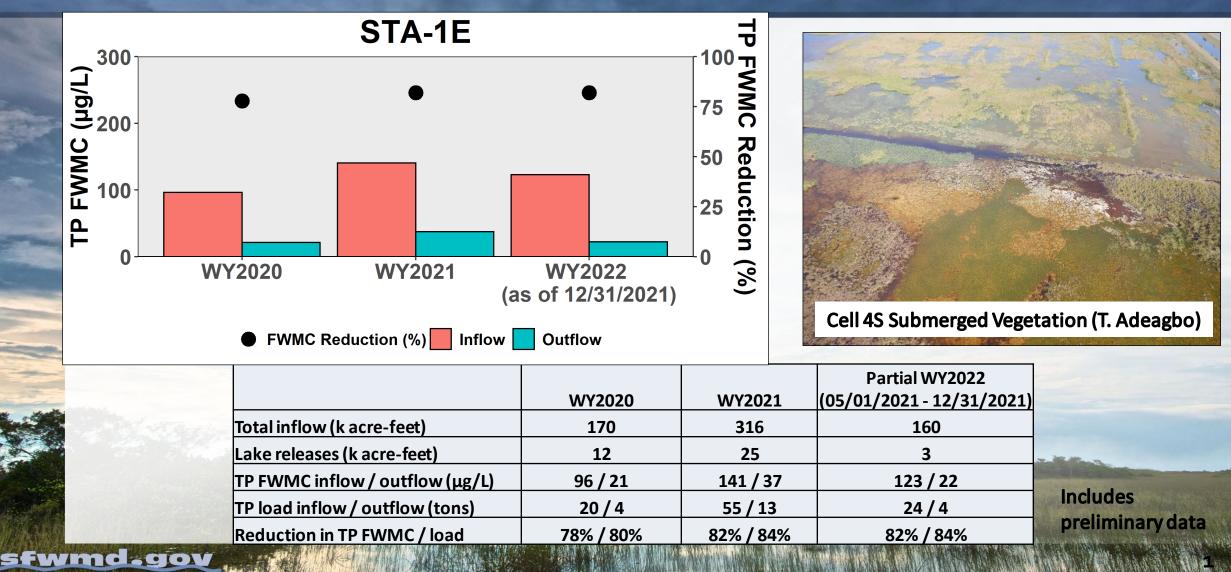
#### STA Performance

 Flow volumes, TP loads and FWMC (Flow-weighted Mean Concentration)

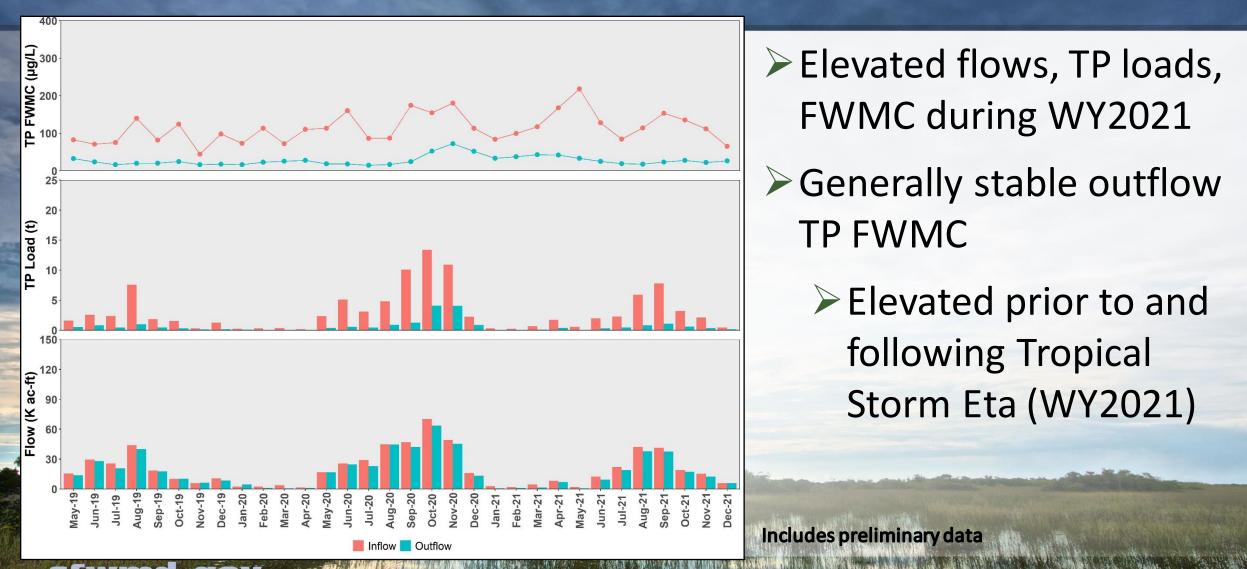
Yearly and monthly variation

Construction and operational restrictions

### **STA-1E Performance Comparison by WY**



## **STA-1E Monthly Inflows and Outflows**

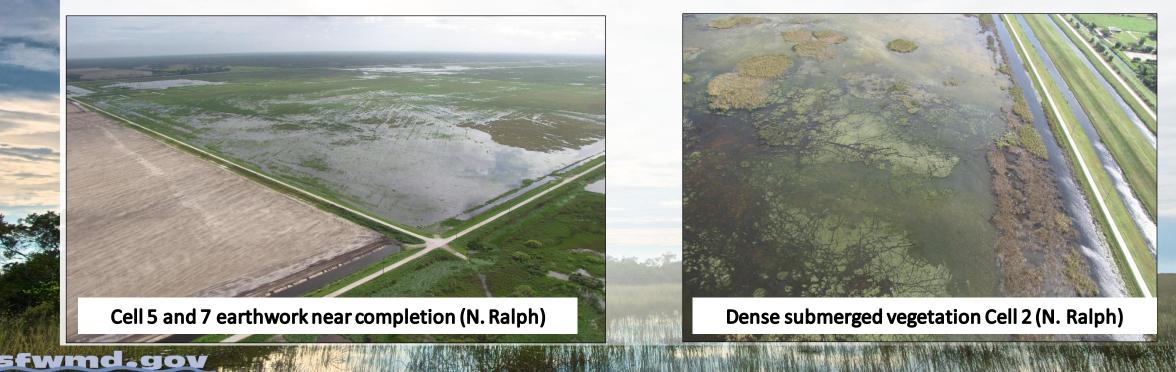


#### STA-1E Operational Restrictions (Jan. 1, 2021 – Dec. 31, 2021)

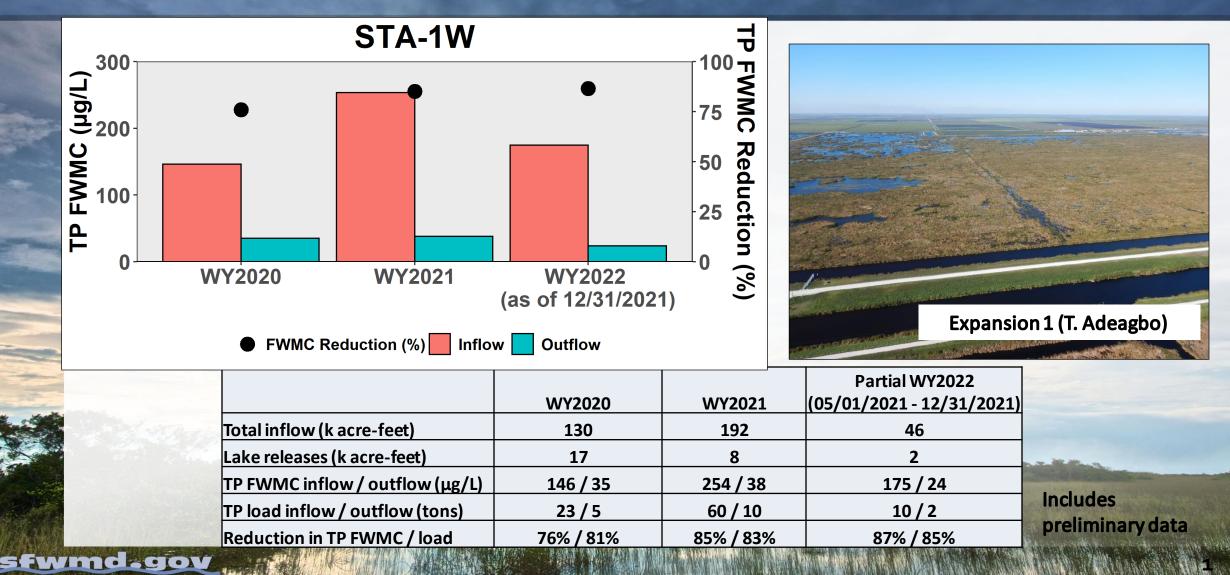
#### Western Flow-way offline

 WDC levee repairs, Restoration Strategies earthwork project in Cells 5 and 7, refurbishment project in Cell 6

Periodic restrictions in Central Flow-way for vegetation management



## **STA-1W Performance Comparison by WY**



## **STA-1W Monthly Inflows and Outflows**



- Elevated inflow TP loads and FWMC during WY2021
- Outflow TP FWMC remains relatively low and stable
  - Slightly elevated following Tropical Storm Eta

Includes preliminary data

#### STA-1W Operational Restrictions (Jan. 1, 2021 – Dec. 31, 2021)

#### Periodic restrictions in all flow-ways

- Refurbishment earthwork projects in Northern, Western, and Eastern Flow-ways
- Construction related to STA-1W Expansion #2 in Cell 8
- Black-necked stilts nested in all flow-ways

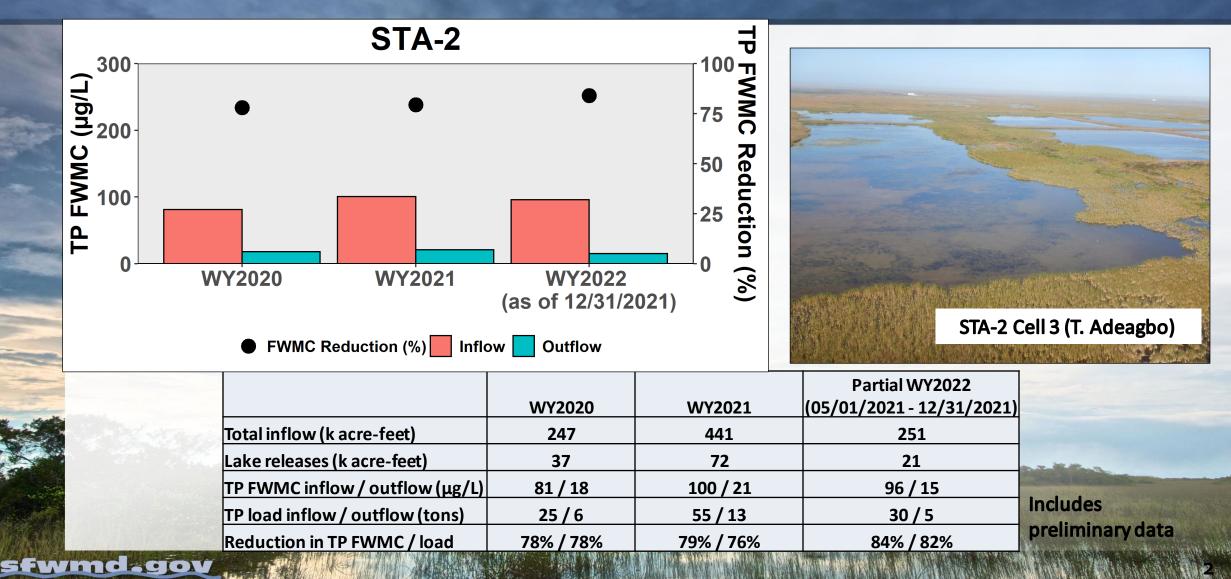


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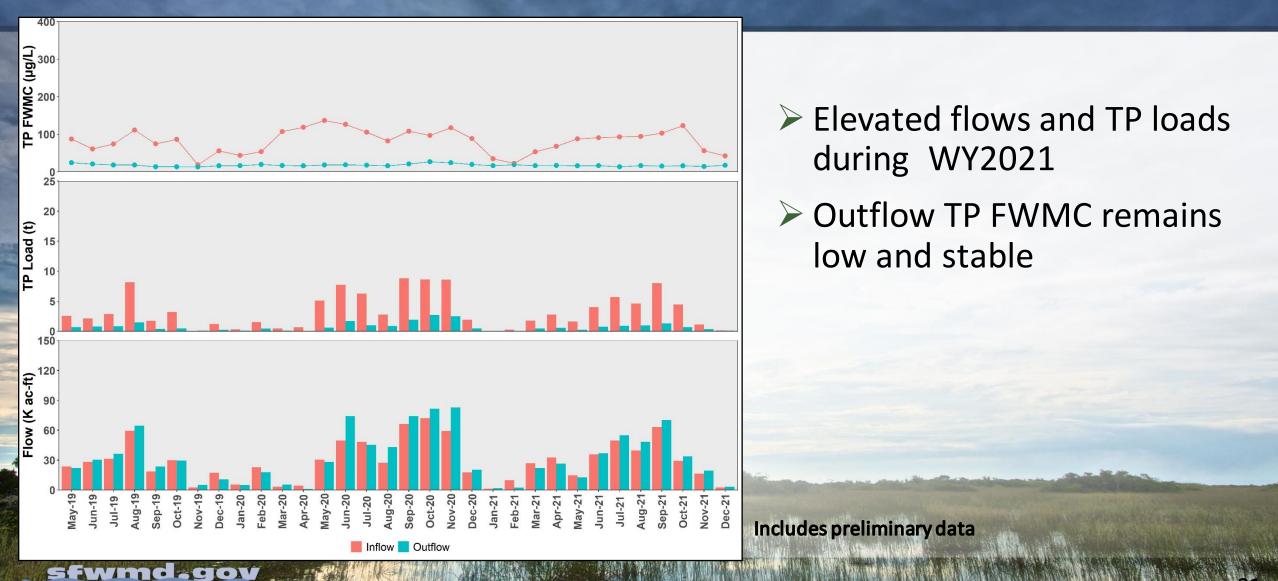
Cell 3 earthwork (N. Ralph)

### **STA-2 Performance Comparison by WY**



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### **STA-2 Monthly Inflows and Outflows**



#### STA-2 Operational Restrictions (Jan. 1, 2021 – Dec. 31, 2021)

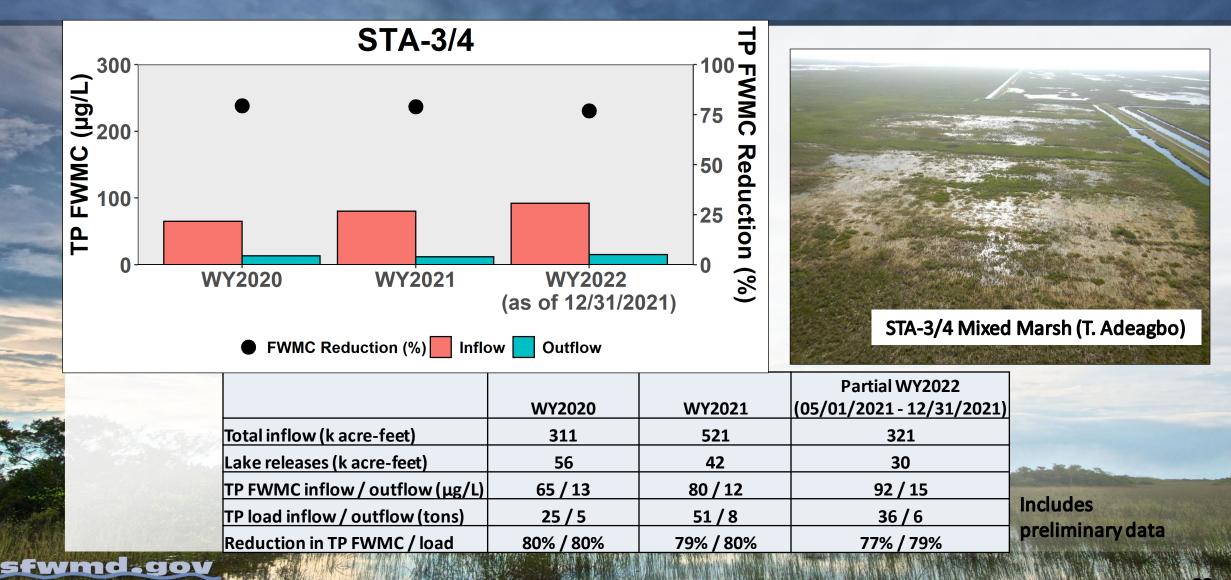
- Flow-way 2 offline for earthwork project
- Periodic restrictions in all flow-ways
  - Flow-way 3 construction project
  - Vegetation management activities



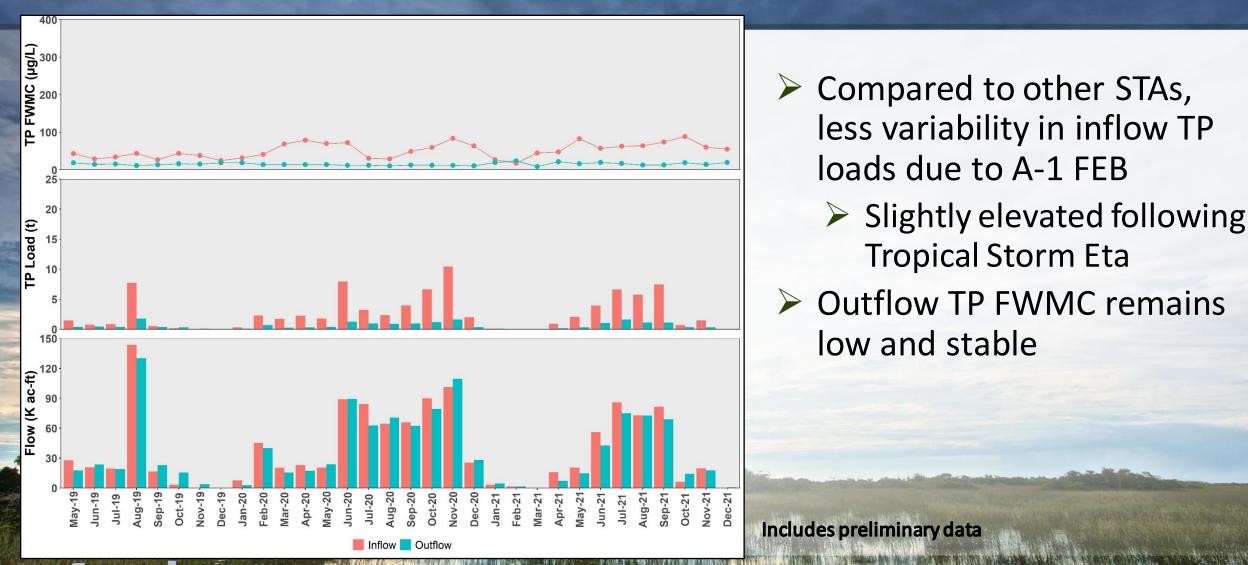
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### **STA-3/4 Performance Comparison by WY**



## **STA-3/4 Monthly Inflows and Outflows**



#### STA-3/4 Operational Restrictions (Jan. 1, 2021 – Dec. 31, 2021)

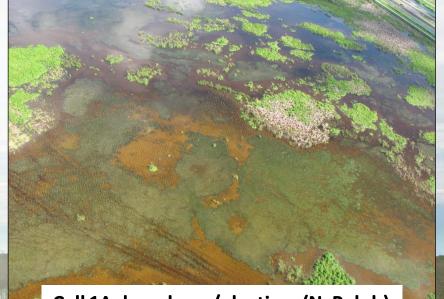
Eastern Flow-way offline for vegetation rehabilitation/drawdown
 Periodic restrictions for vegetation management activities



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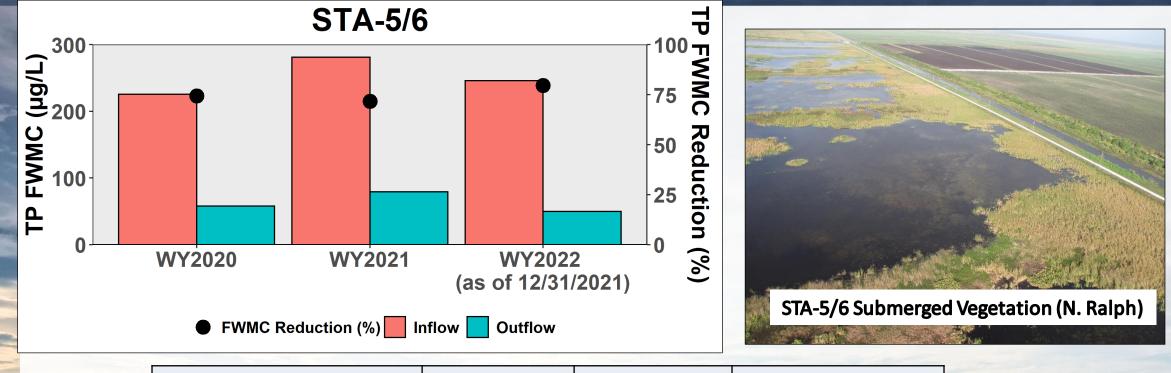


Mixed marsh Cell 2B (J. Wilson)



Cell 1A drawdown/plantings (N. Ralph)

## **STA-5/6 Performance Comparison by WY**



	WY2020	WY2021	Partial WY2022 (05/01/2021 - 12/31/2021)	
Total inflow (k acre-feet)	124	130	174	
TP FWMC inflow / outflow (μg/L)	226 / 58	281 / 79	246 / 50	
TP load inflow / outflow (tons)	35 / 9	45 / 15	53 / 10	In
Reduction in TP FWMC / load	74% / 73%	72% / 67%	80% / 80%	da

ncludes preliminary data

Presenter: Jake Dombrowski

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## **STA-5/6 Monthly Inflows and Outflows**



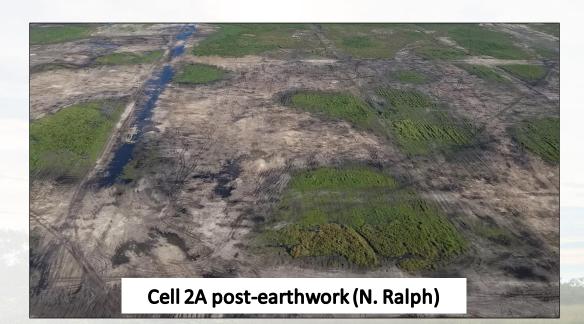
- Inflow TP load spike due to storm events in August 2019 and November 2020
- Frequent dry-out conditions during the dry seasons
- Elevated inflow/outflow TP FWMC following dry-out

#### STA-5/6 Operational Restrictions (Jan. 1, 2021 – Dec. 31, 2021)

#### Periodic restrictions

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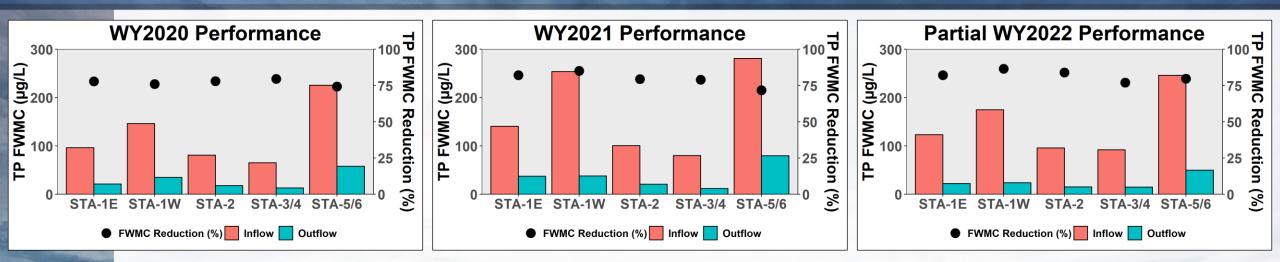
- Post-Restoration Strategies earthwork project in Flow-ways 2 and 3
- Black-necked stilts nested in Flow-ways 3 and 6





#### Cell 1B SAV coverage (J. Wilson)

### All STAs Performance Comparison by WY



	WY2020	WY2021	Partial WY2022 (05/01/2021 12/31/2021)
Total inflow (k acre-feet)	987	1606	953
Lake releases (k acre-feet)	163	162	66
TP FWMC inflow / outflow (μg/L)	105 / 24	134 / 28	130 / 23
TP load inflow / outflow (tons)	128 / 28	266 / 59	153 / 27
Reduction in TP FWMC / load	77% / 78%	79% / 78%	82% / 83%

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Includes preliminary data

#### **Contact Information**

#### Jake Dombrowski jdombrow@sfwmd.gov



## **Vegetation Management**

Eric Crawford Senior Scientist Land Resources

19<sup>th</sup> Annual Public Meeting on the Long-term Plan for Achieving Water Quality Goals for the Everglades Protection Areas Tributary Basins February 28, 2022

### Objective

Maintain sustainable vegetation-based phosphorus uptake processes

Vegetation Enhancement Establish/maintain appropriate vegetation communities Improve stability and functional redundancy

Selective Management Increase desirable species Control Invasive/Undestrable species Control exotic populations

### **STA Vegetation Function**



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#### **Emergent Aquatic Vegetation (EAV)**

- Stabilize soils Create beneficial Flow Patterns Decrease Turbidity
- **Create litter**

#### **Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV)**

Water column nutrient uptake Provide Periphyton Substrate

## **Healthy EAV**



## **Highly Stressed EAV**





## **STA Vegetation**

#### **Desirable Plants**

A healthy mix of Emergent vegetation, dominated by Cattail and bulrush, and a mix of Submerged vegetation dominated by southern naiad, spiny naiad and Chara

#### **Undesirable Plants**

Nuisance vegetation dominated by floating mats of cattail and primrose willow, plants growing on floating delaminated soils



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### **Invasive Species Control**

- Herbicide applications and mechanical control measures
- Dense native vegetation plantings can be made after treatments to interfere with the spread of invasive plants
- District staff have identified several native species to use in varying conditions to maximize resiliency and performance



### **FAV Control**

Dense vegetation strips at the inflows can reduce FAV Inflow strips can be shaped to trap and concentrate FAV entering a cell decreasing herbicide use in the cells and reducing costs Repairing damage and short circuits can minimize FAV penetration into the cells

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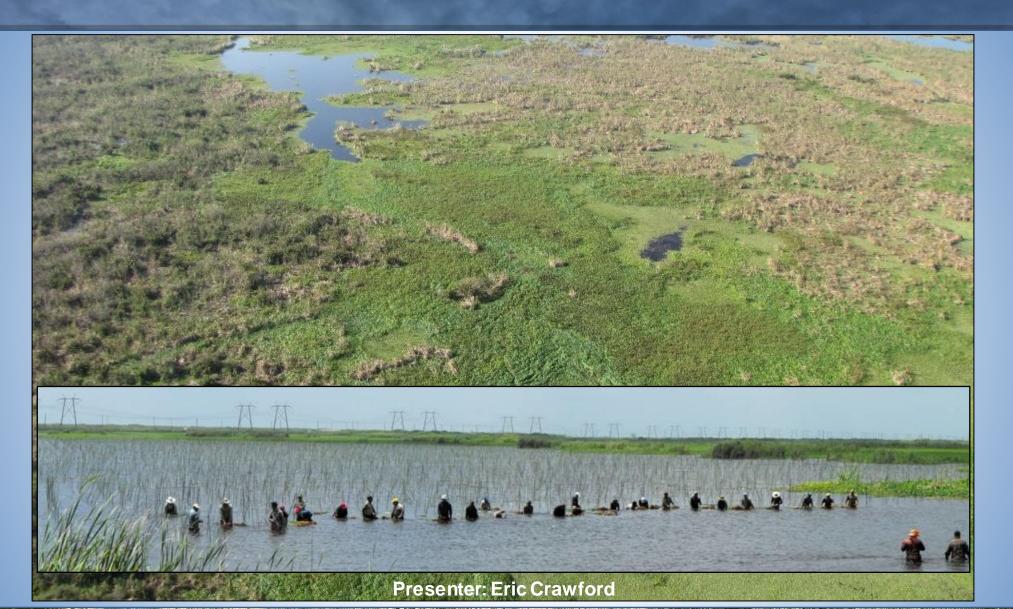
### **Adaptive Management Process**

### **Monitor Vegetation Health**

Coordinate with water management Stage, flow rates (cfs), redirecting flow **Proactively Manage Vegetation** Increase cover and health of desired species where needed to adjust flows or stabilize soils **Control Undesirable Species Repair and Restore** 

Emergent vegetation enhancements where vegetation is damaged or undesirable

### **Rehabilitation: Emergent Plants**



### Rehabilitation: Emergent Plants STA 3-4 Cell 1A





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### STA 3/4 Cell 1A

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Damage and degradation moving downstream through the cell as short circuits form, FAV is pushed south, eventually leading to soil delamination and floating cattails and invasive plants.

The time-lapse illustrates the process, and the rehabilitation work under way to treat the invasive species in the front end, strengthen the cattail in the southern portion of the cell and establish desirable vegetation in the central slough.



Presenter: Eric Crawford

### **Rehabilitation: SAV Inoculation**



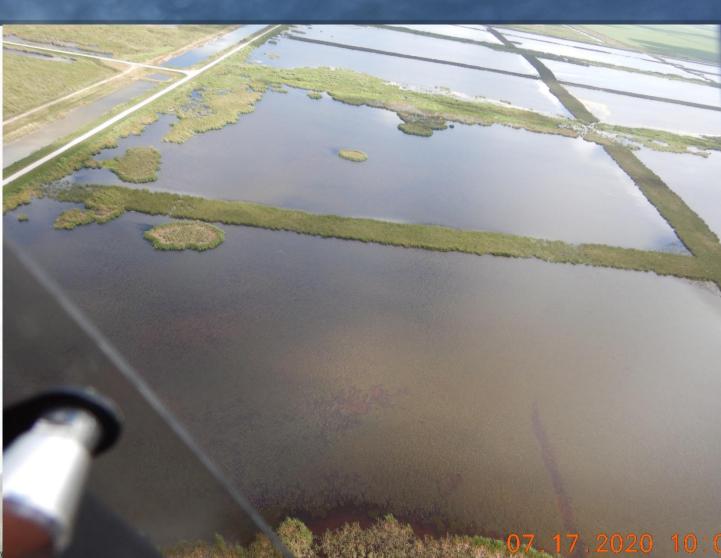
### **SAV Management in STA Operations**



- Compartmentalizing the SAV cells with vegetation strips can help protect and stabilize SAV populations
- Smaller, more diverse and compartmentalized SAV beds can be more resistant to short circuiting, disturbance, storm events and seem better at resisting colonization by exotic species.
- EAV provides structure, protection, and litter to assist with nutrient uptake

### **Repair and Restoration of STA 2 Cell 3**

- Over ten miles of emergent vegetation strips planted to protect and compartmentalize the Cell prior to SAV restoration
- Multiple short circuits and scoured out boat trails filled and planted
- SAV was planted and enhancements continue throughout the cell.



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### STA2 Cell 3

#### Timeline Jan 2017-Feb 2011

This graphic illustrates the short circuiting, wave action, and turbidity that we believe contributed to the collapse of the SAV. The addition of new vegetation strips further compartmentalizing the cell can be seen, as well as the return of the SAV



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### **Contact Information**

Eric Crawford ecrawfor@sfwmd.gov



# Status of Restoration Strategies Science Plan Studies

Everglades National Park

R. Thomas James Principal Scientist Applied Sciences

**19th Annual Public Meeting on the Long-Term Plan for Achieving Water Quality Goals for the Everglades Protection Areas Tributary Basins February 28, 2022** 

### Acknowledgements



### **The Science Plan**

- Developed in 2013 and updated in 2018
- Specified in Restoration Strategies and required by STA permits and consent orders
- Framework for 21 studies (8 completed, 13 ongoing)

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- Evaluate key factors and processes that affect phosphorus (P) removal in the STAs
- Support design, operation & management of STAs to achieve Water Quality-Based Effluent Limits (WQBEL)

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RESTORATION STRATEGIES REGIONAL WATER QUALITY PLAN

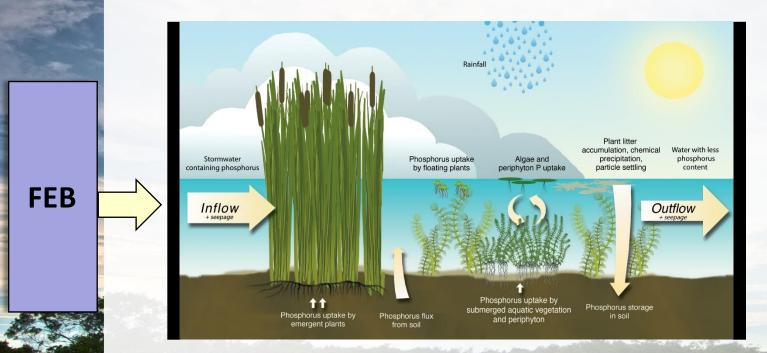
Science Plan for the Everglades Stormwater Treatment Areas



South Florida Water Management District 3301 Gun Club Road, West Palm Beach, Florida 33406 July 2018

### Areas of Investigation

6 Key questions and 18 sub-questions on these topics



- L. Design and operation of FEBs
- 2. Design and operation of STAs
- 3. Vegetation improvement
- 4. Internal loading of P
- 5. Biogeochemical and physical mechanisms
- 6. Role of fauna

### **Studies Completed**

Study Title	Major Findings
Development of Operational Guida Equalization Basin (FEB) and STA Re Operation (Operation Study)	
Influence of Canal Conveyance Feat and FEB Inflow and Outflow P Cond (Canal Study)	
Investigation of STA-3/4 Periphytor Stormwater Treatment Area (PSTA) Performance, Design, and Operatio (PSTA Study)	<b>Technology</b> annual flow weighted mean discharge of TP $\leq$ 13 ppb for last 14 years
Evaluation of Sampling Methods fo (Sampling Study)	<ul> <li>Total P (TP)</li> <li>Time-based auto and grab samples more reliable for low flow gated structures</li> <li>Autosamplers vulnerable to plant and animal contamination</li> </ul>
Evaluation of the Role of Rooted Flo Vegetation (rFAV) in STAs (rFAV Stu	

### **Studies Completed**

	Study Title	Major Findings		
	Evaluation of P Sources, Forms, Flux and Transformation Processes in the STAs (P Flux Study)	<ul> <li>P removal is primarily organic in EAV and primarily mineral SAV</li> <li>P gradients decrease from inflow to outflow</li> <li>No-flow conditions result in increased water column TP in SAV regions, especially after high load events</li> <li>Internal loading affects STA performance</li> </ul>		
	STA Water and P Budget Improvements (Water and P Budget Study)	<ul> <li>Improved Period of Record flow data at all structures of STA-2 Flow-ways 1, 2, 3 and STA-3/4 all flow-ways</li> <li>Improved accuracy of water budgets (reduced residuals)</li> <li>Rainfall, ET, change in storage, and seepage are minor contributors</li> <li>Improved accuracy of TP budgets</li> </ul>		
	Evaluation of Inundation Depth and Duration Threshold for Cattail Sustainability (Cattail Study)	<ul> <li>Water depths &gt; 91 cm for more than 100 days result in observable stress</li> <li>Test cell treatments <ul> <li>Cattail can adapt to changing water levels &gt; 84 cm in first 8 weeks</li> <li>Increased leaf elongation</li> <li>Decline in density of adult and juvenile cattail in first 8 weeks</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
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### **Ongoing Studies**

Study Title	Year Initiated	Expected completion
Use of Soil Amendments and/or Management to Control P Flux (Soil Management Study)	2013	2023
Evaluation of Factors Contributing to the Formation of Floating Tussocks in the STAs (Tussock Study)	2018	2022
Improving Resilience of SAV in the STAs (SAV Resilience Study)	2018	2022
Investigation of the Effects of Abundant Faunal Species on P Cycling in the STAs (Faunal Study)	2018	2022
Periphyton and Phytoplankton P Uptake and Release (Periphyton Study)	2019	2023
L-8 FEB Operational Guidance (L8-FEBOG Study)	2019	2022
Quantifying the Recalcitrance and Lability of P to Optimize P Retention Within STAs (Biomarker Study)	2020	2023
Phosphorus Dynamics in the Everglades Stormwater Treatment Areas (P Dynamics Study)	2020	2023
Data Integration and Analyses (Data Integration Study)	2020	2024

### **Recent Ongoing Studies**

	Study Title	Year Initiated	Expected completion
14	Assess Feasibility and Benefits of Consolidating Accrued Marl in the Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Cells/Flow-ways of the Stormwater Treatment Areas (Marl Study)	2021	2023
-	Phosphorus Removal Performance of Ecotopes in the STAs (Ecotope Study)	2021	2022
	The Effect of Vertical Advective Transport on TP Concentrations in the STAs [Advection]	2021	2023
	Sustainable Landscape and Treatment in a Stormwater Treatment Area Study [Landscape]	2022	2023

### **Soil Management Study**

#### > Objective

 Determine if soil amendment applications and/or soil management techniques can reduce internal P loads

#### Results

- Amendment technologies
  - $\circ$  Expensive
  - Effects to downstream Everglades are unknown
  - Amendments no longer part of study
- Soil inversion (tilling) study (STA-1W Expansion Area 1)
  - Plant surveys
    - SAV in Cell 8 (untilled) > Cell 7 (tilled)
    - Typha sp. (cattail) in Cell 7 > Cell 8 Typha
- Status
  - Sampling at inflow and outflow structures began in July 2021
  - Sample analysis ongoing, restricted cell operation at startup
  - Additional Plant and internal water quality surveys are planned





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### **Tussock Study**

#### Objective

 Determine factors that cause the formation of floating cattail (*Typha sp.*) communities and tussocks

#### Results

- Predictors of historical tussock formation
  - High-water levels
  - Past land use (agriculture)
  - o TP content of soils
- Unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) equipped with multispectral scanner used to survey cells and found tussocks not seen in satellite imagery
  - Methodology optimized

#### Status

- UAV surveys of all STA Cells completed
  - Data being analyzed
- Buoyancy model for Typha under development



### **SAV Resilience Study**

#### > Objective

- Investigate the effects of operational and natural environmental conditions affecting SAV health
- Results
  - Factors affecting SAV community
    - P loading, soil type, water depth, light, stratification, and herbivory
  - Previously dried soils compared to wet soils
    - Faster germination
    - o Growth rates are similar
  - SAV growth reduced in enclosures with fish
  - P load experiments (low P soil)
    - High P load results in high SAV density
  - P load experiments (High P soil)
    - Increase of lowest achievable P concentration
    - Intense stratification (dissolved oxygen reduction)
    - Robust SAV community under all P load conditions

#### Status

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P load experiments continue through 2022



#### Presenter: R. Thomas James

### Fauna Study

#### > Objective

 Quantify abundant fauna and effects on outflow STA cell Pcycling and loading evaluate their effect on P outflow

#### Results

- Compared to Everglades
  - o Higher density of fish
  - Higher P content
- Bioturbation can double the TP content in enclosures
- Excretion by fish can reprocess over 100% of P loading to STAs

#### Status

- Fish biomass sampling ongoing
- Bioturbation experiments completed
  - Analyses is ongoing
- Excretion rate studies completed
- Electrofishing calibration study being planned





### **Periphyton Study**

#### > Objective

 Estimate growth, senescence, P uptake and release rates from periphyton and phytoplankton in downstream STA treatment flow-ways under various flow conditions

#### Results

- First Bioavailability study incubations
  - Periphyton community declined when ambient nutrient concentrations  $(9 11 \mu g/L)$  were reduced by ~ 50%
  - $\circ~$  Slight reduction in surface water P after 3-weeks (1-2  $\mu g/L)$

#### Status

- Second Bioavailability study incubations complete
   Sample analyses ongoing
- Metagenomics study
  - Analyses of samples underway





### **L-8 FEB STUDY**

#### Objective

 Evaluate relationships among L-8 FEB water quality, stage, flow and groundwater to provide guidance for support of FEB operations to enhance STA performance

#### Results

- Potential sources of elevated P in surface water
  - Large inflows
    - Contribute significant loads of nutrients and suspended materials
    - Resuspend TP from benthic sediments
  - Groundwater is not a factor
  - o Runoff from embankments is not a factor

#### Status

- Monitoring response of L-8 FEB to inflow events
- Alum injection feasibility study underway

### **Biomarker Study**

#### > Objective

 Evaluate relationships between organic matter and P; their sources and potential turnover of P within the STAs

#### Results

- STA inflow waters and Lake Okeechobee outflow water have varying DOM quality
  - o Indicates different sources and turnover
- Photodegradation in open water and SAV-regions of STAs can affect dissolved organic matter
- Pilot decomposition and leaching experiment provided valuable information to optimize litter bag experiment

#### Status

- A litter and floc decomposition study will be conducted
- Photochemistry experiments and spectroscopy of STA waters will continue
- Transect sampling is being planned





### **P** Dynamics Study

#### > Objective

 Evaluate mechanisms and factors influencing P reduction in underperforming flow-ways (FW)s

#### > Results

- One full year of sampling completed
  - STA-2 FWs 3 and FW 4
  - o STA-5/6 FW 1
  - STA-3/4 CFW
  - STA-1E EFW and CFW
- Spatial, flow and seasonal scales
  - Water quality
  - $\circ$  Vegetation
  - o Soil

#### Status

Analysis ongoing



### **Marl Study**

#### > Objective

 Evaluate drying and/or addition of organic materials to marl soils to improve physical stability, reduce internal P loading and reduce water column P concentrations in the lower reaches of the STAs

#### Results

- Marl soils from multiple SAV-dominated sites compared based on physical stability and aggregation
- Soils from one site selected for an organic amendment study
  - Selection based on high water column turbidity and TP concentrations

#### Status

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- Experiment to compare stability of organically amended and unamended dried marl soils is underway
- Three organic amendments being evaluated
  - o Dead cattail leaves
  - Sugarcane bagasse
  - o Humic soil



Fine Marl Sediments

### **Ecotope Study**

#### > Objective

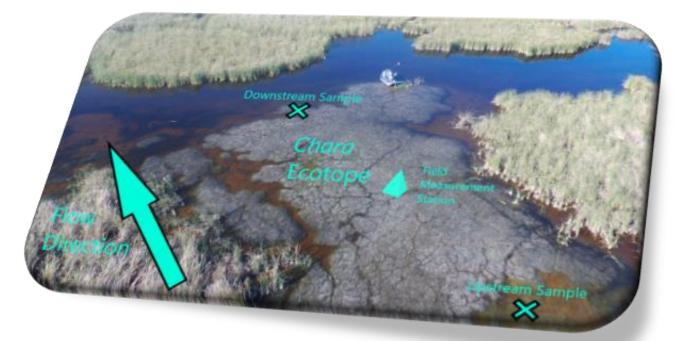
 Estimate P removal by ecotopes commonly found in the STAs

#### Results

- Five unique ecotopes selected for study; Chara, Typha, Najas guadalupensis, Chara/Najas mix, and bare soil
- Six months of sampling of ecotope water quality suggests small differences in P treatment performance
- Additional samples are required to determine if these differences between are statistically significant and meaningful

#### Status

- On-going
- Stop/go meeting scheduled for June





### **Advection Study**

#### Objective

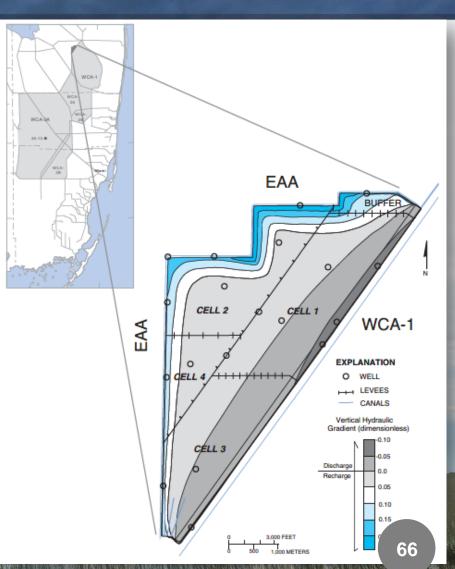
 Quantify the relative magnitude/importance of P loading from positive seepage across the soil/water interface

#### Results

- Project Documentation Report Completed
- Detailed Study Plan Approved

#### Status

- Work Order Initiated for Phase I
  - Literature review
  - Historical data analyses and budgets
  - Simple P model including seepage



### Landscape Study

#### > Objective

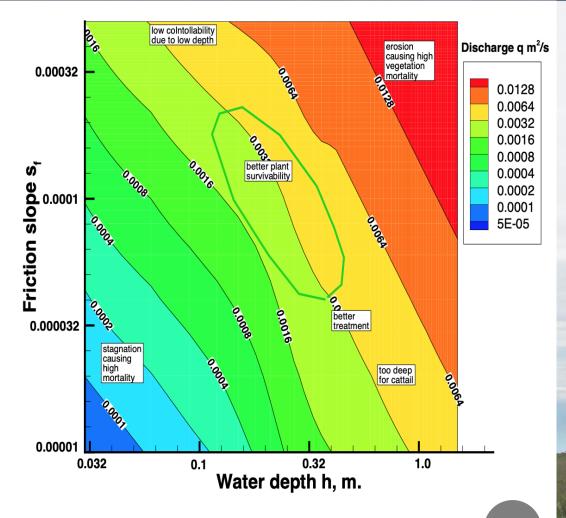
Quantify flow effects on hydraulic mixing

#### Results

Ongoing

#### Status

- Detailed Study Plan developed
- Work Order under negotiation
- Project Documentation Report complete



### **Data Integration Study**

#### Objective

 Develop a comprehensive description of P dynamics and factors affecting Everglades STA performance through document review, data review and analyses, and modeling

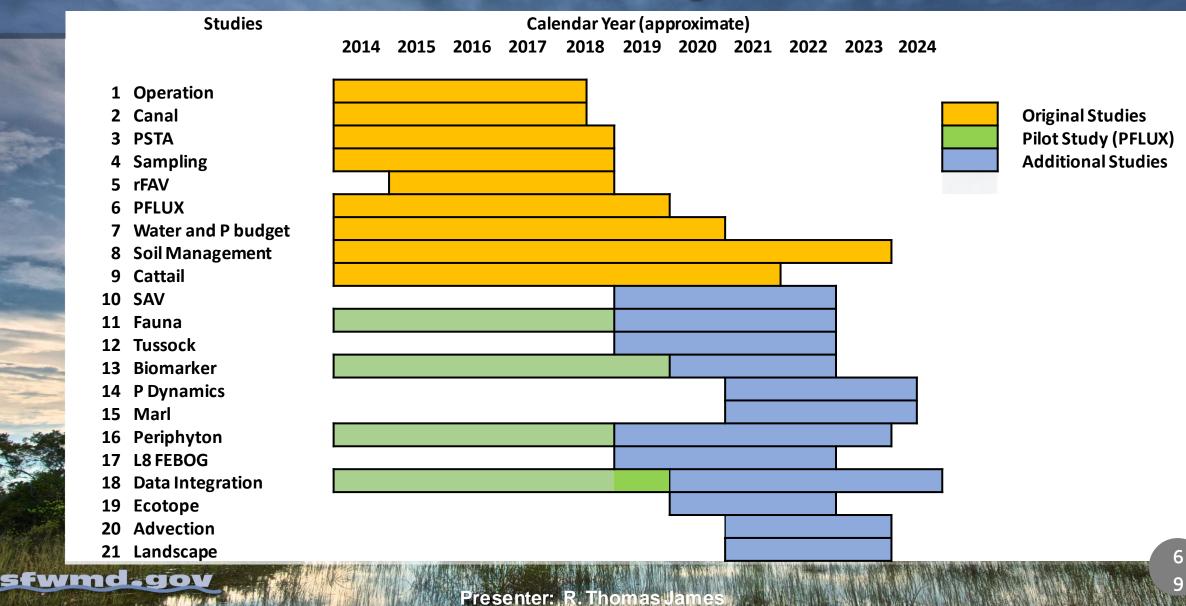
#### Results

- Microbial literature review
  - Reduced mineralization in soils and enhanced enzyme activity in water column promote lower TP outflow concentrations
- Analyses of outflow soil, water, plants
  - Dense SAV results in low TP outflow (typically not below 13 ppb)
  - Soil management to reduce internal P load can result in lower TP outflow
- Period of Record monthly water quality data set for all STAs compiled
  - Analyzed using Structural Equation Models
    - Limited consistency among STAs
    - Lower inflow TP results in lower outflow TP concentrations
- Biogeochemical EAV model of STA-2 FW1 has been developed and calibration is ongoing

#### Status

- Biogeochemical model development continues
- Food web model being developed

### **Science Plan Study Timelines**



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### **Contact and More Information**

**Tom James** 

tjames@sfwmd.gov

https://apps.sfwmd.gov/sfwmd/SFER/2021\_sfer\_final/v1/chapters/v1\_ch5c.pdf

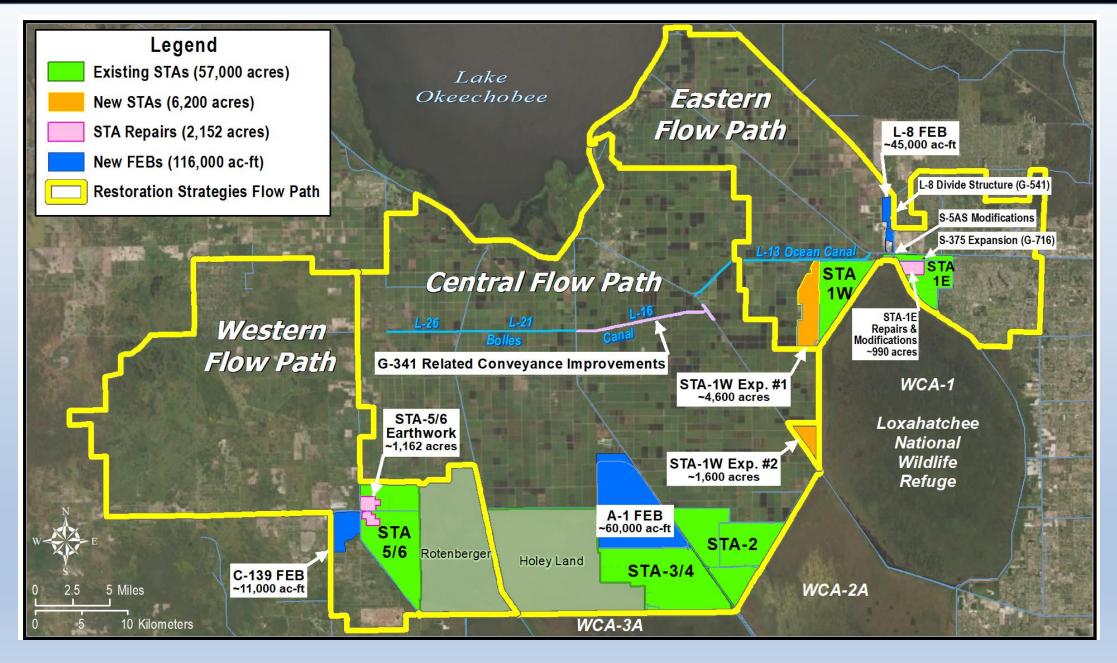
https://www.sfwmd.gov/our-work/restoration-strategies/science-plan

70

## **Restoration Strategies:** Engineering & Construction Update

Lucine Dadrian, P.E. Project Management Section Administrator Engineering and Construction 19<sup>th</sup> Annual Public Meeting on the Long-Term Plan for Achieving Water Quality Goals for the Everglades Protection Areas Tributary Basins February 28, 2022

#### SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT



## **Restoration Strategies Project Status**

- Completed Construction:
- STA2 Expansion Compartment B
- STA 5/6 Expansion Compartment C
- S-5AS Modifications
- L-8 FEB Multi-Use Operation
- A-1 FEB

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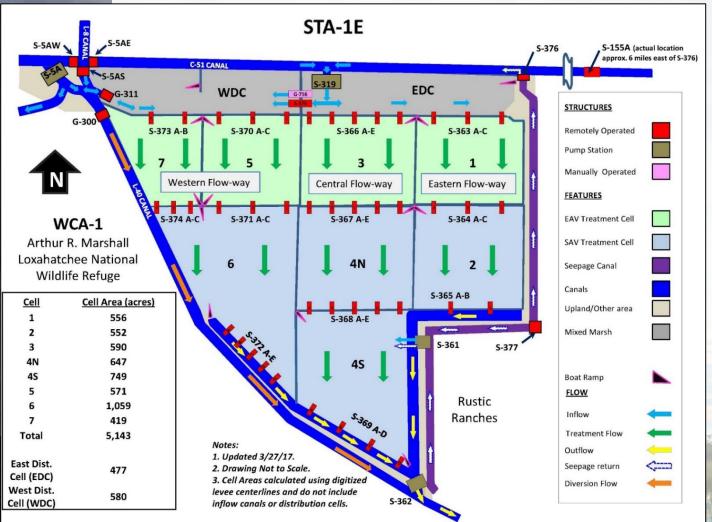
- L-8 Divide Structure (G-541)
- S-375 Expansion (G-716)
- STA 5/6 Earthwork Optimization
- STA-1W Expansion #1
- G-341 Segments 1 4

### > Ongoing:

- STA-1E Repair
- STA-1W Expansion #2
- G-341 Conveyance Seg 5
- C-139 FEB

Construction Construction Out for bids Construction

# **STA-1E Repairs & Modifications Project**



Raise and regrade ~990 acres in Cells 5 and 7 to achieve sustainable Emergent Aquatic Vegetation

### ➤ USACE Designed and Constructed STA-1E

- Adjacent to northeast side of WCA-1 (Loxahatchee National Wildlife Refuge)
- Flood control by stormwater retention
- Stormwater treatment
- Re-establish WCA-1 hydro-periods
- Transferred to SFWMD in October 2005
  - Cells 5 & 7 experienced performance issues related to excessive water depths
  - Complete regrading of Cells 5 & 7 by December 31, 2022 per Consent Order

# **STA-1E Repairs & Modifications Project**

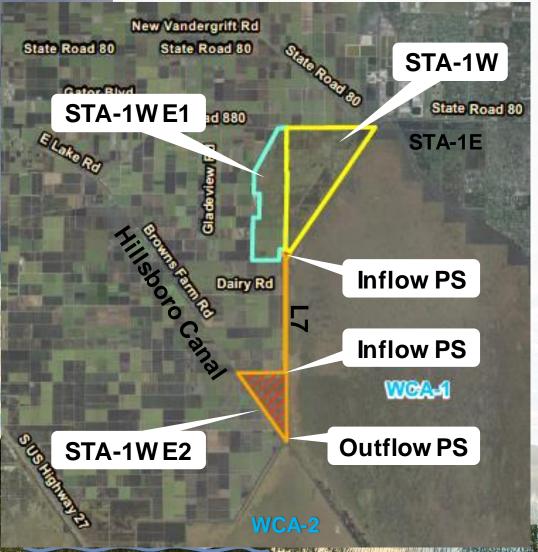
- December 2021 Aerial Survey
- ➤ Cell 5
  - Regrading complete
  - Replanting complete
- ➤ Cell 7

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- Regrading complete
- Replanting has begun
- Substantial Completion January 2022

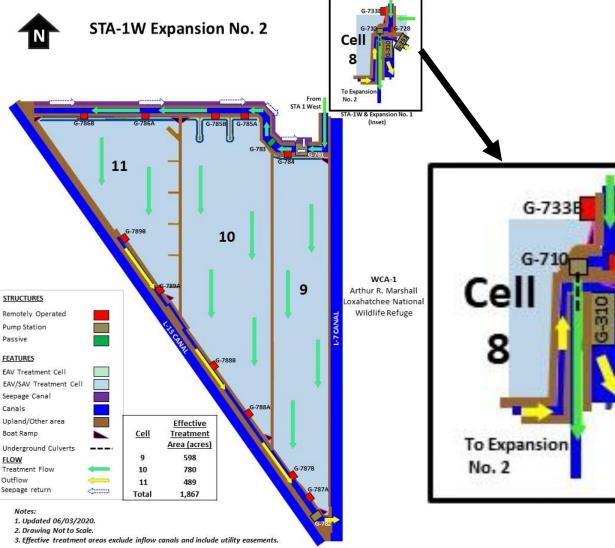


# **STA-1W Expansion No. 2**



- Purpose is to extend treatment flowways for STA-1W
- Overall Construction Cost \$214M
- Features 1,600 acres of additional treatment area
- Inflows from S-5A and C-51 West Basins via STA-1W
- Outflow to Water Conservation Area 1

### STA-1W Expansion No. 2 Schedule of Construction



- Underground Piping Complete
  - Construction Complete December 2020
- STA and Connector Canal
  - Start Construction September 2020
  - 55% Complete
- Inflow Pump Stations (G780 & G781)
  - Start Construction November 2020
  - 30% Complete
- Outflow Pump Station (G782)
  - Start Construction November 2020
  - 20% Complete
- Complete Construction / Consent Order Milestone – December 2022

### STA-1W Expansion No. 2 STA Civil Works



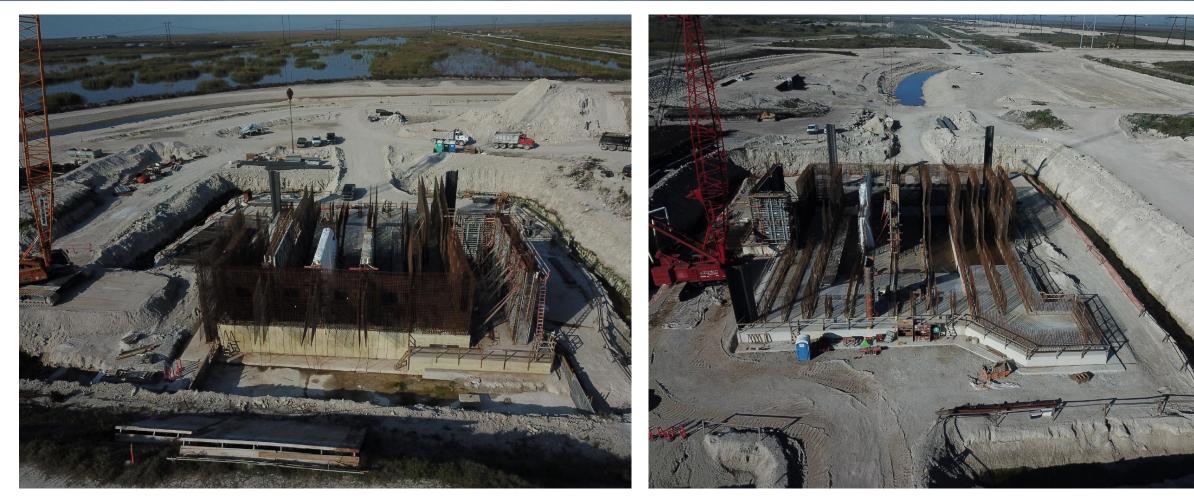
Northern Section of Concrete Conveyance Canal

### North Inflow Canal and Levee





### STA-1W Expansion No. 2 Inflow Pump Stations

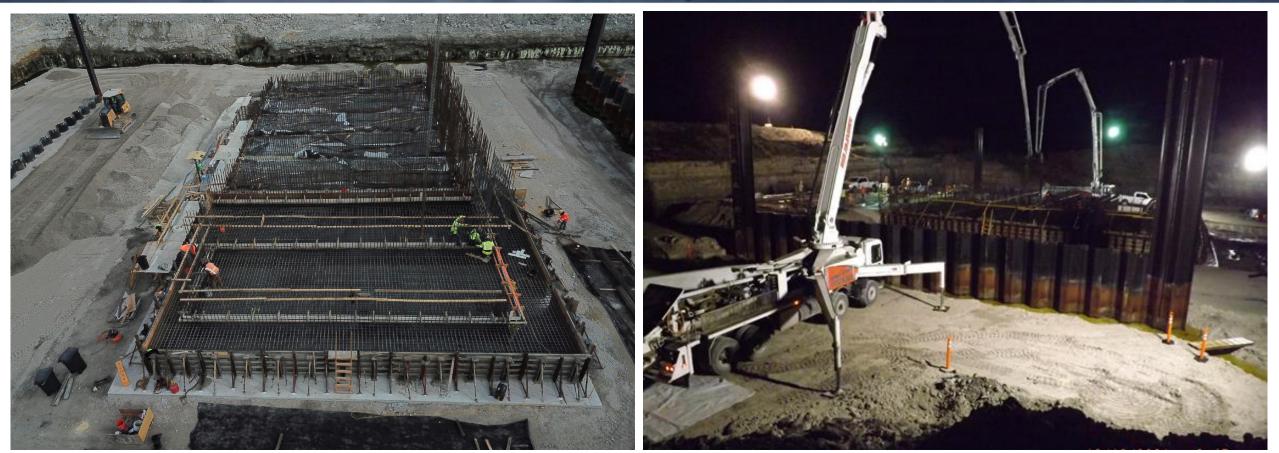


G-780 Building Pier Walls for Intake Bays

G-781 Building Pier Walls for Intake Bays



### STA-1W Expansion No. 2 Outflow Pump Station

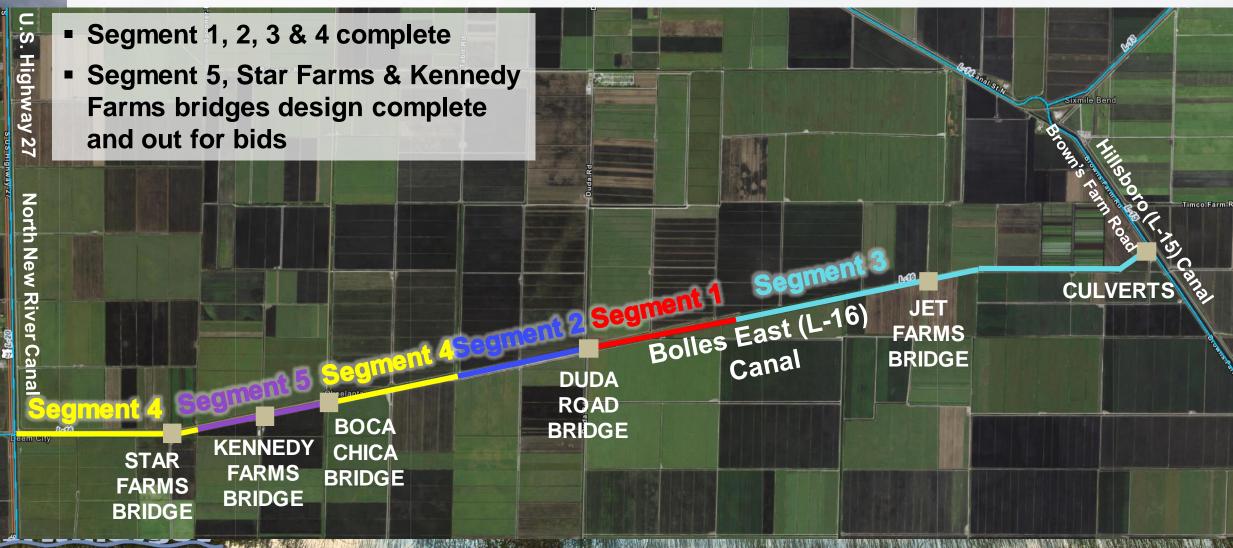


G-782 Base Slab Rebar Placement

**G-782 Base Slab Concrete Placement** 



### G-341 Related Conveyance Improvements Bolles East Canal



### G-341 Related Conveyance Improvements Bolles East Canal – Segment 4



### **Slab Beam Installation**

### **Completed Boca Chica Bridge**

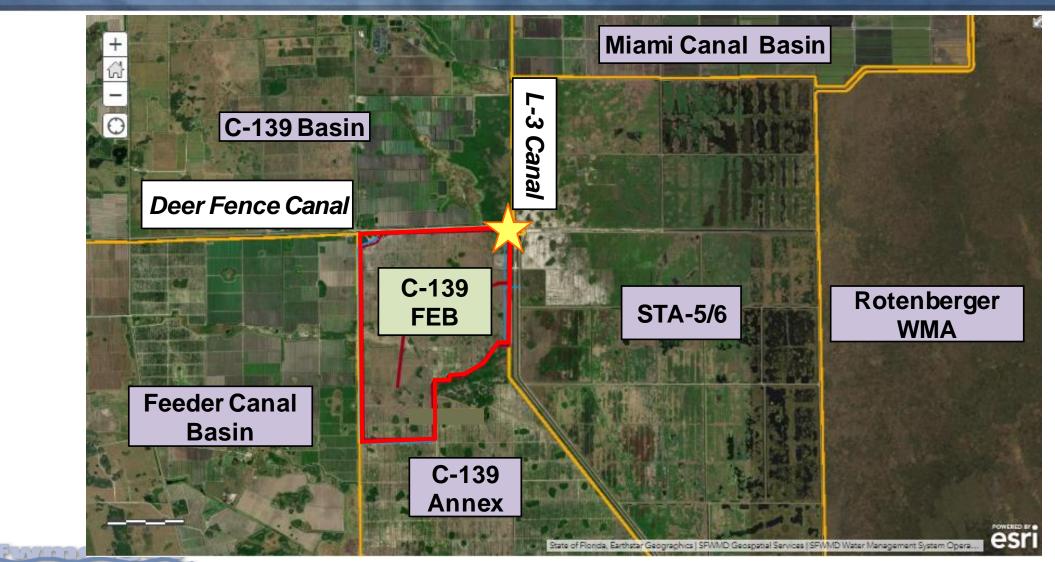


### G-341 Related Conveyance Improvements Bolles East Canal – Segment 4

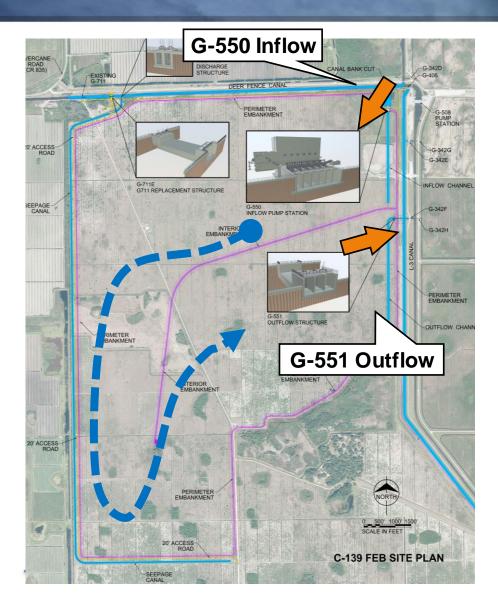




### **C-139 Flow Equalization Basin**

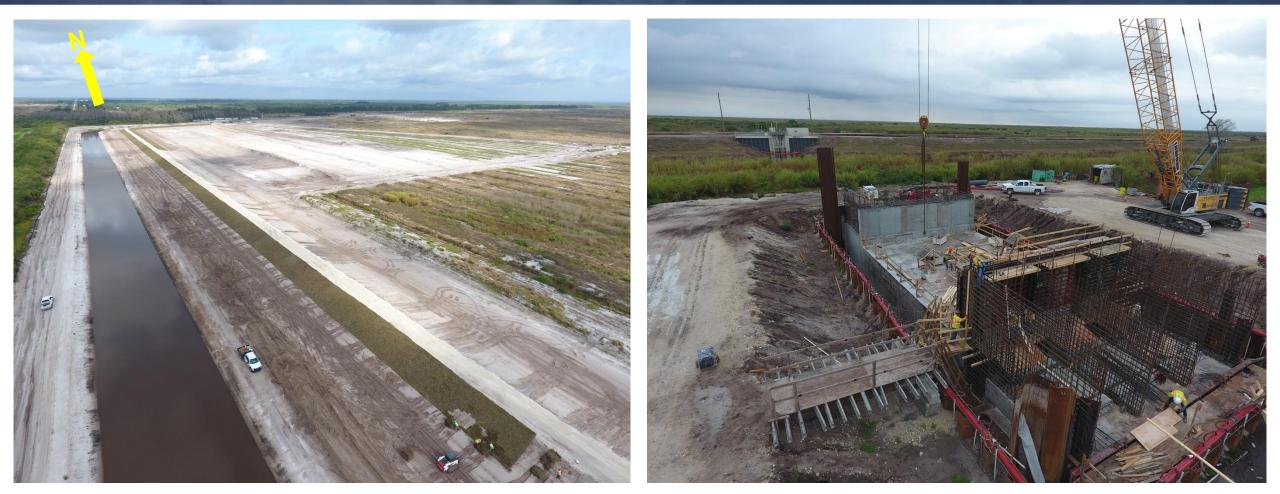


# **C-139 Flow Equalization Basin**



- > Overall Project 28% Complete
- ➢ G550 PS Excavation 75% Complete
- ➢ G551 Concrete 45% Complete
- Flow Equalization Basin
  - Land Levelling 25% Complete
  - Levee 18% Complete
  - Canal 25% Complete

# **C-139 Flow Equalization Basin**



Western Perimeter Levee & Seepage Canal

G-551 Bay Structure Reinforcement



# **C-139 Flow Equalization Basin**



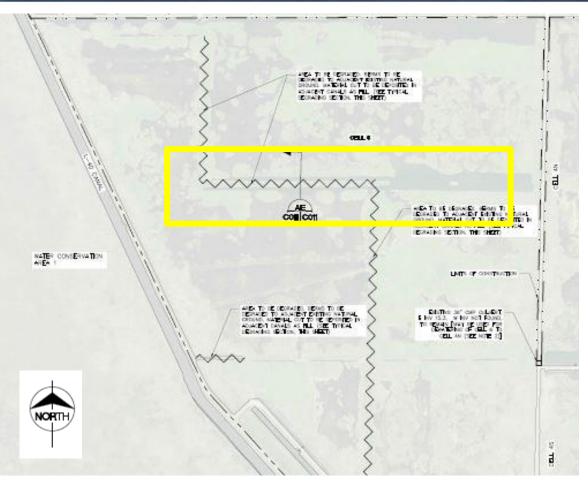
**G-550 Pump Station Foundation Excavation** 



Western Seepage Canal Excavation



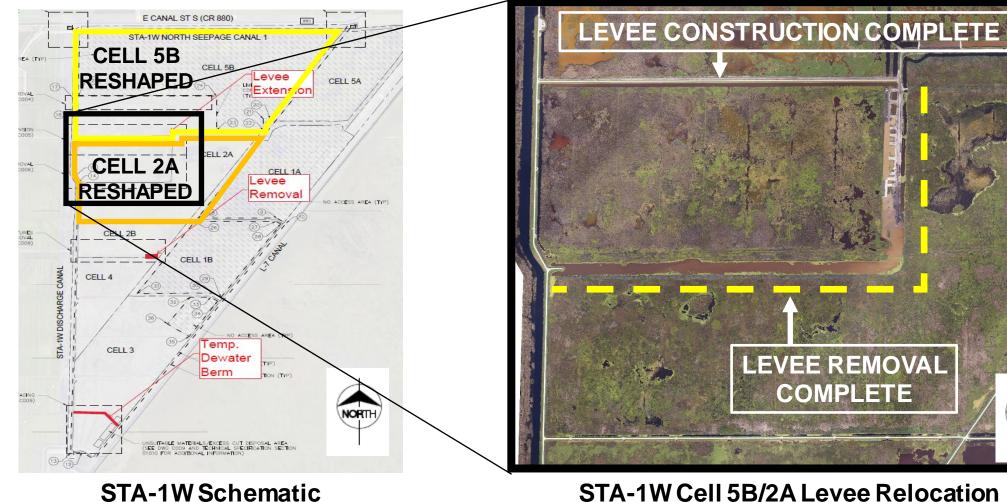




**STA-1E Cell 6 – Berm Degrade Facing East** 

### STA-1E Cell 6 – Berm Degrade Plan



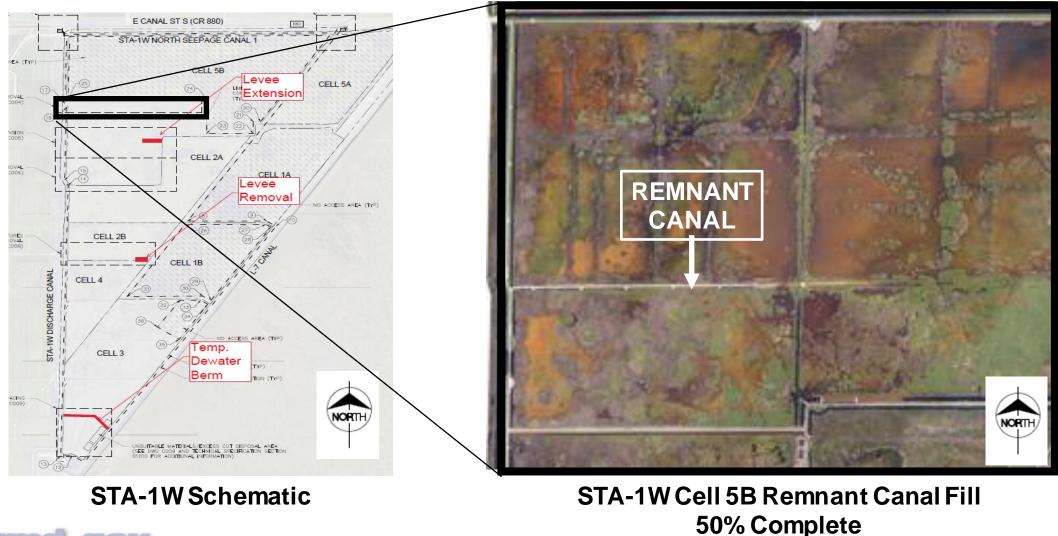




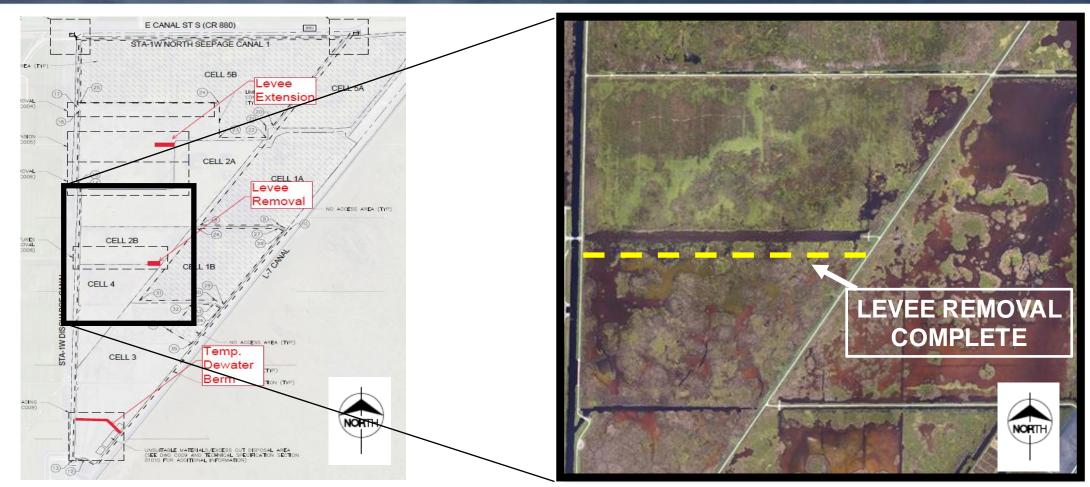


to create 2 rectangular cells **Presenter: Lucine Dadrian** 

NORTH







### **STA-1W Schematic**



### STA-1W Cell 2B/4 Levee Removal to create a single, larger cell

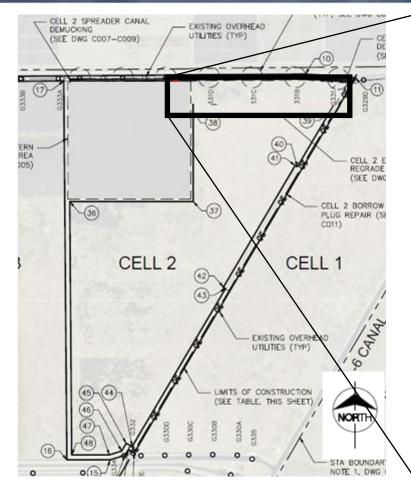


**STA-1W Schematic** 



STA-1W Cell 3 – Grading & Planting Complete to remove finger canals and lower grade

# **STA Refurbishments – STA-2 Cell 2**



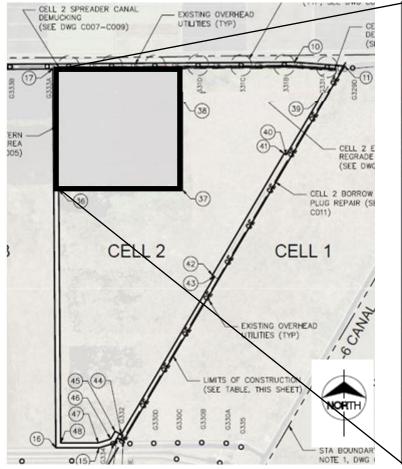


**STA-2 Schematic** 



### STA-2 Cell 2 Eastern Regrade Area regrading 90% complete

# **STA Refurbishments – STA-2 Cell 2**



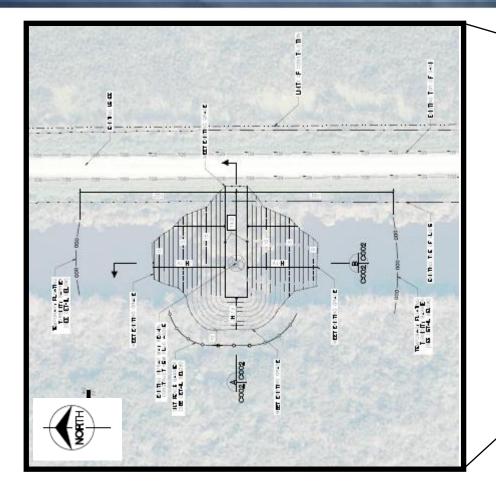


STA-2 Schematic



STA-2 Cell 2 Western Regrade Area dewatering berms built, regrading 15% complete Presenter: Lucine Dadrian

# **STA Refurbishments – STA-2 Cell 3**







- Runneleon

STA-2 Cell 3 East Borrow Canal Restoration 49 of Canal Plugs – Jan 2023

#### EASTERN FLOW PATH

~

~

Activity

#### STA-1W Expansion #2 (100864)

Activity	Deadline
Complete land acquisition	3/31/2018
Initiate design	10/1/2018
Submit state and federal permit applications	8/1/2019
Complete design	7/31/2020
Initiate construction	11/30/2020
Construction status report	3/1/2021
Construction status report	3/1/2022
Complete construction	12/31/2022
Initial flooding and optimization period complete	12/31/2024

STA-1W Expansion #1 (100818)		
Activity	Deadline	
Complete land acquisition	9/30/2013	
Initiate design	9/30/2013	
Submit state and federal permit applications	7/30/2014	
Complete design	7/30/2015	
Initiate construction COIVIPLEIE	1/31/2016	
Construction status report	3/1/2017	
Construction status report	3/1/2018	
Complete construction	12/31/2018	
Initial flooding and optimization period complete	12/31/2020	
Complete design Initiate construction Construction status report Construction status report Complete construction	7/30/2015 1/31/2016 3/1/2017 3/1/2018 12/31/2018	

#### **STA 15 Depairs and Modifis**

STA-1E Repairs and Modifications		
Activity	Deadline	
PSTA Decommissioning complete	12/31/2022	•
Culvert repairs complete	12/31/2022	•
Cell 5 and 7 improvements complete	12/31/2022	
L-8 FEB (100813)		
Activity	Deadline	
Submit state and federal permit applications	1/31/2014	,
Construction status report	3/1/2014	۰,
Construction status report	3/1/2015	
Complete construction (begin multi-purpose ops)	12/31/2016	,
Long term operations commence	12/31/2022	

Projects Complete = 7 of 13 Activities Complete = 61 of 74 % Activities Complete = 82% % Time Complete = 70%

G-341 Related Conveyance Improvements (100802)		
Activity	Deadline	
Initiate design	10/1/2020	~
Submit state and federal permit applications	8/1/2021	~
Complete land acquisition (if required)	9/30/2021	~
Complete design	7/31/2022	
Initiate construction	11/30/2022	~
Construction status report	3/1/2023	~
Construction status report	3/1/2024	
Complete construction	12/31/2024	

L-8 Divide Structure (100817)		
Activity		Deadline
Initiate design	COMPLETE	10/1/2012
Complete design	CONFLETE	9/30/2014
Initiate construction		10/1/2016
Complete construction		9/30/2018
S-5AS Modifications (100822)		
Activity		Deadline
Initiate design		10/1/2012
Complete design	COMPLETE	9/30/2014
Initiate construction		10/1/2014
Complete construction		9/30/2016

Deadline 9/30/2013

7/30/2015

1/31/2016

12/31/2018

S-375 Expansion (100819) Initiate design COMPLETE Complete design Initiate construction Complete construction

#### LEGEND Flow Equalization Basin Stormwater Treatment Area Conveyance Improvement

✓ Complete

#### **Presenter: Lucine Dadrian**

CENTRAL FLOW PATH		
STA-2 Expansion: Compartment B		
Activity COMPLETE	Deadline	
Initial flooding and optimization period complete	5/31/2014	1
A-1 FEB (100706)		
Activity	Deadline	
Initiate design	4/1/2012	✓
Submit state and federal permit applications	12/1/2012	✓
Design status report	3/1/2013	✓
Complete design	8/1/2013	✓
	6/30/2014	✓
Construction status report	3/1/2015	✓
Construction status report	3/1/2016	✓
Complete construction	7/30/2016	1
	7/29/2018	1

#### WESTERN FLOW PATH

	STA-5/6 Internal Improvements (100868)	
	Activity Deadline	•
	Initiate design 10/31/201	<b>9</b> 🖌
r	Submit state and federal permit applications 8/30/202	o 🖌
r	Complete design 10/31/202	1 🖌
r	Initiate construction 1/31/202	2 🖌
r	Construction status report 3/1/2023	s 🖌
	Construction status report 3/1/2024	↓ 🖌
	Complete construction 12/31/202	4 🖌
	Initial flooding and optimization period complete 12/31/202	25
·		
r	STA-5/6 Expansion: Compartment C	
r	Activity COMPLETE Deadline	:
ſ	Initial flooding and optimization period complete 5/31/201	4 🖌
	C-139 FEB (100867)	
	Activity Deadline	<b>:</b>
	Initiate design 10/31/201	
	Submit state and federal permit applications 8/30/2019	
	Complete design 10/31/202	20 🖌
	Initiate construction 1/31/202	1 🖌
	Construction status report 3/1/2021	. ✓
	Construction status report 3/1/2022	_
	Construction status report 3/1/2023	
	Complete construction 12/31/202	23
	Operational monitoring and testing period complete 12/31/202	.4

### **Contact Information**

Lucine Dadrian Idadrian@sfwmd.gov

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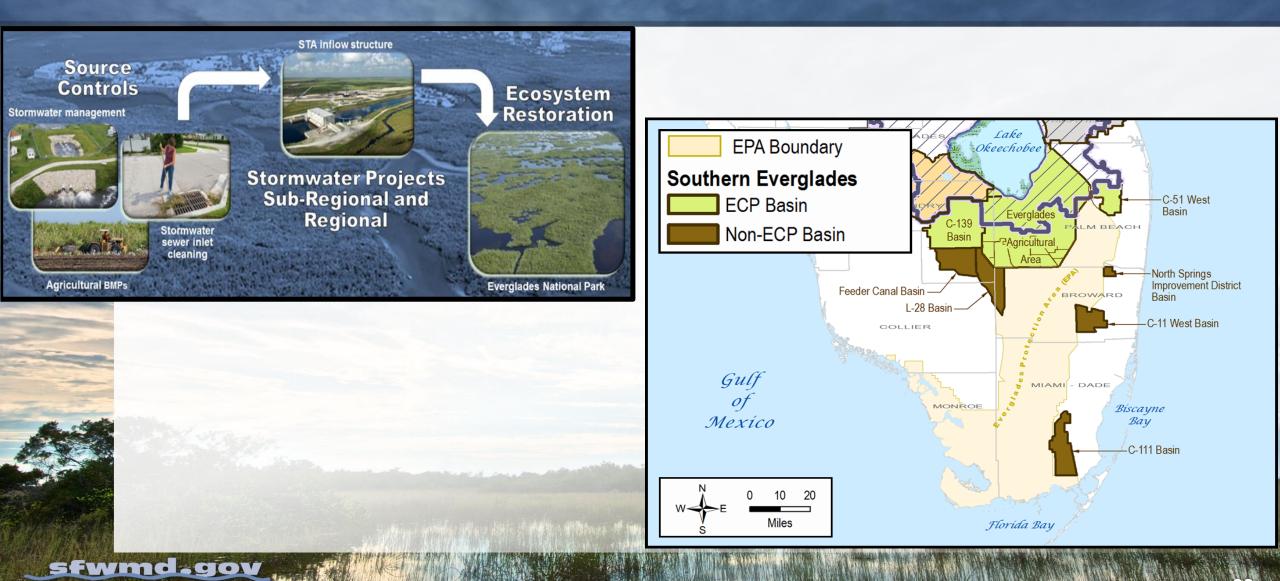
# SFWMD Southern Everglades Nutrient Source Control Program Update

Everglades National Park

Youchao Wang, P.E. Steve Sarley, P.E. Everglades and Estuaries Protection SFWMD-gov

19<sup>th</sup> Annual Public Meeting on the Long-term Plan for Achieving Water Quality Goals for the Everglades Protection Areas Tributary Basins February 28, 2022

### **Basins Tributary to the Everglades Protection Area**



Presenters: Youchao Wang and Steve Sarley

# Long Term Plan Project Objectives

Restoration Strategies

Long-term Plan

**Everglades Forever Act (EFA)** 

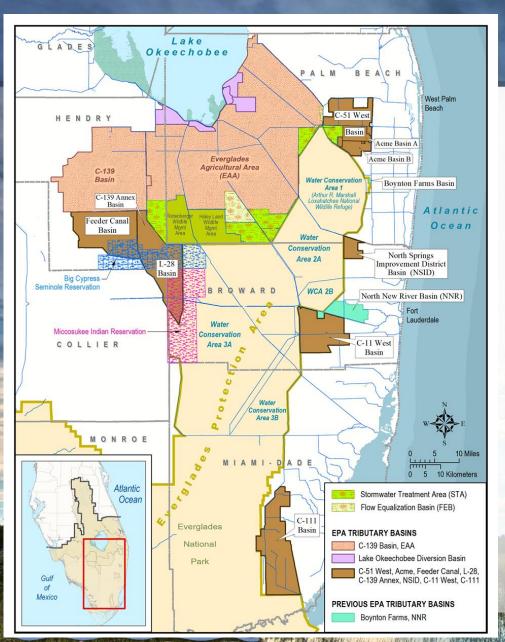
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The Long-Term Plan recommends activities designed to:

"Maintain and improve upon the contribution of source controls to overall water quality improvement goals."

Specifically:

- Identify discharges that are candidates for implementation of cost-effective source controls
- Characterize management practices on lands or processes tributary to those discharges
- Implement these source controls in concert with landowners or municipalities



### Contents

### ► EAA and C-139 Basins

- Regulatory compliance and activities
- Research and demonstration projects
- Sub-regional source control projects
- Other Tributary Basins
  - Regulatory and cooperative activities
  - Permit integration

# WY2021 Total Phosphorus Data by Basin

Basin	Receiving Water Body	WY2021 TP Load (metric tons)	WY2021 TP FWMC (µg/L)
Everglades Agricultural Area (EAA)	STAs and Lake Okeechobee	168	116
C-139	STA 5/6 and EAA	46	266
C-51 West (incl. Acme Improvement District)	STA-1E, C-51 East Basin, and WCA-1	30	131
L-28	WCA-3A	18	78
Feeder Canal	WCA-3A	16	139
C-11 West	WCA-3A	9	25
C-111	ENP	4	7
North Springs Improvement District (NSID)	WCA-2A	0.01	5

Presenters: Youchao Wang and Steve Sarley

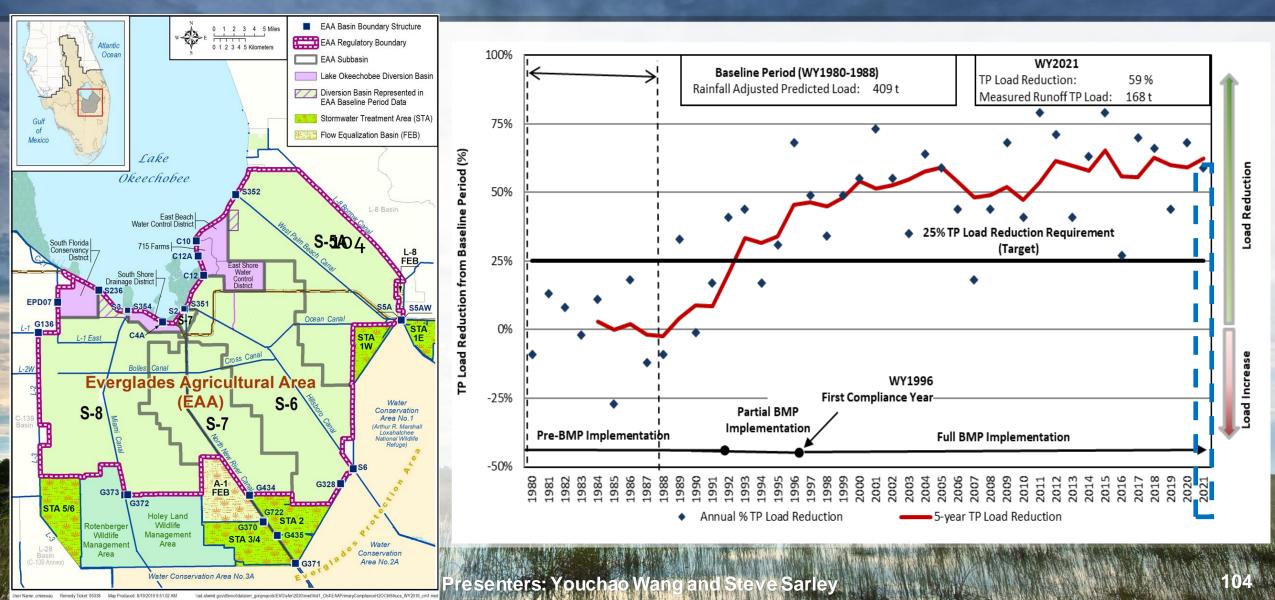
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### EAA and C-139 Basin Source Control Programs

Chapter 4oE-63	EAA	C-139 Basin
Permit-level compliance	<ul> <li>Comprehensive BMPs</li> <li>Permittee water quality monitoring</li> <li>Post-permit compliance activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Comprehensive BMPs</li> <li>Sub-basin water quality monitoring</li> <li>Post-permit compliance activities</li> </ul>
Basin-level water quality compliance	Reduce TP Loads by 25% in comparison to pre-BMP period levels	Maintain TP Loads below pre-BMP period levels
Research and Demonstration	EAA Everglades Protection District (EAAEPD) Research Master Permit	Demonstration projects in partnership with landowners
Supplementary Projects	Restoration Strategies EAA Eastern Flow path source control projects	Upstream monitoring initiatives

### **EAA Basin-Level Compliance**

### 25% Reduction in TP Load

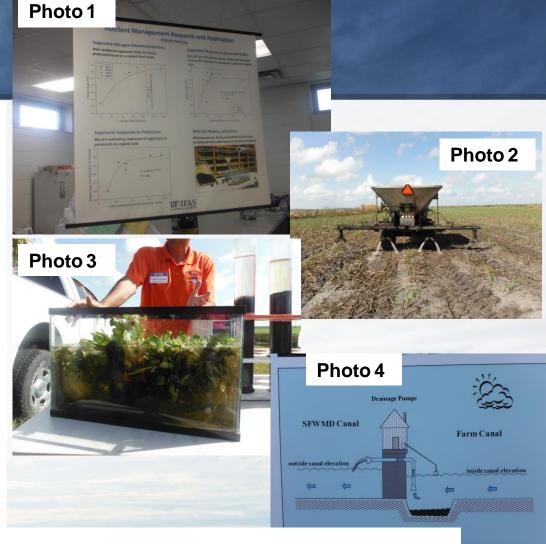


# EAA BMP Master Research Permit

- The Everglades Forever Act (EFA) requires a comprehensive program of research, field testing and implementation of BMPs.
- Sponsored by EAA landowners through the EAA Environmental Protection District (EAAEPD).
  - Qualified experts (IFAS)
  - Identify appropriate BMPs
- BMPs field-tested in representative sites
  - Soil, crops, other factors affecting BMP design and effectiveness
- Outreach and Training provided by IFAS

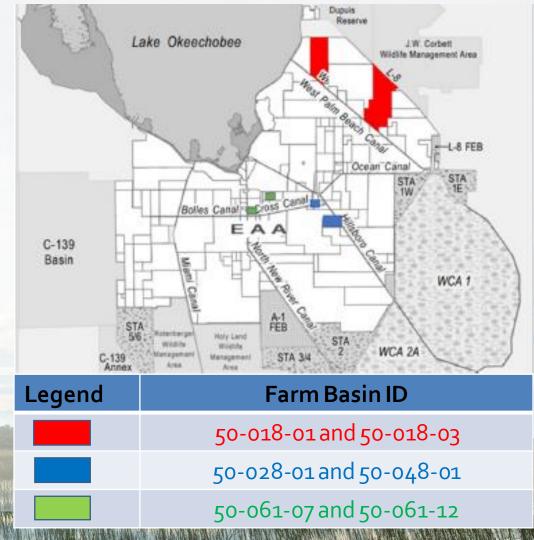
### Photos:

- 1. Soil Testing Research at UF-IFAS Belle Glade
- 2. Controlled application
- 3. Aquatic vegetation and sediments research at UF-IFAS
- 4. Discharge pump diagram at UF-IFAS



# **EAA BMP Master Research Permit**

- A 5-year EAA-EPD Master Research Permit was issued on September 15, 2020.
- This research evaluates performance differences between EAA farm basins with similar BMPs.
- Six farms were selected for this research project that started on October 1, 2020.
- Performed soil analyses, phosphorus chemistry, and phosphorus saturation analyses.
- > 2021 annual report completed in July 2021.



# **Priority Permit Basins Consultations**

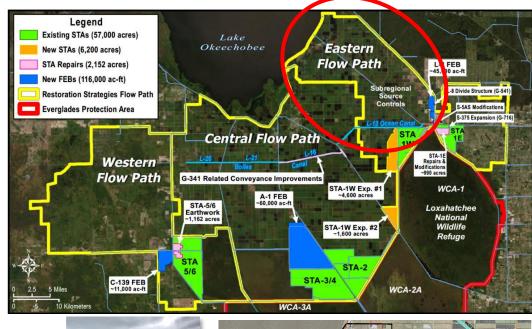
- Six permit basins were identified in the EAA as priority based on the TP load contribution in EAA Restoration Strategies flow paths.
- Virtual and field consultations conducted by UF IFAS in the selected five permit basins.
- Performed analysis of basins conditions and sediment control BMPs.
- Final report titled "Report of IFAS Extension Services for Selected Basins in the EAA" completed in October 2021.





### **Restoration Strategies** Sub-regional Source Controls

- Build on the SFWMD regulatory BMP program
- ➢Projects...
  - Strategic on-site locations or sub-regional source control projects in series with on-site BMPs
  - Focus on areas and projects with the greatest potential to improve water quality
  - Designed to increase retention or detention of TP above what is currently required
- Evaluating the feasibility of implementing water quality improvement measures in the East Beach Water Control District



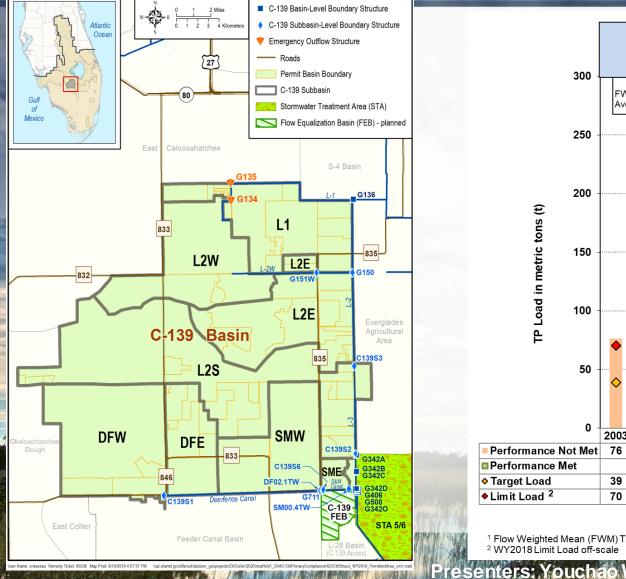


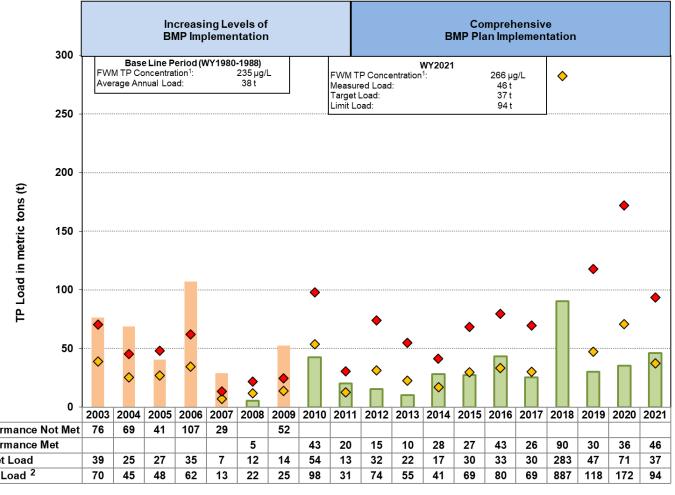


Presenters: Youchao Wang and Steve Sarley

### **C-139 Basin Level Compliance**

TP Load below historic levels





Water Year Results <sup>1</sup> Flow Weighted Mean (FWM) TP Concentration is a calculation rather than a measured value <sup>2</sup> WY2018 Limit Load off-scale

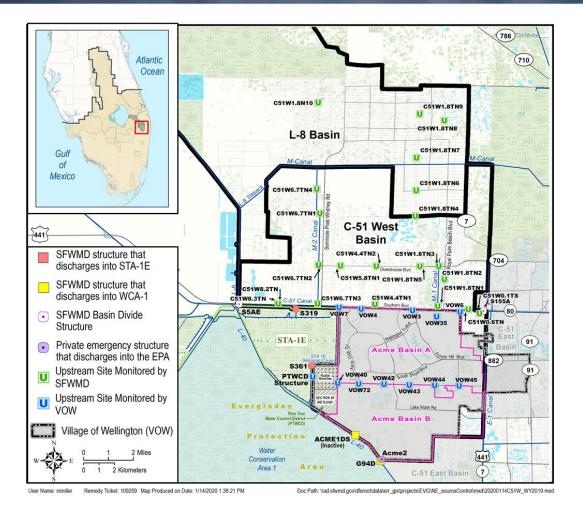
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## **Other Tributary Basins**

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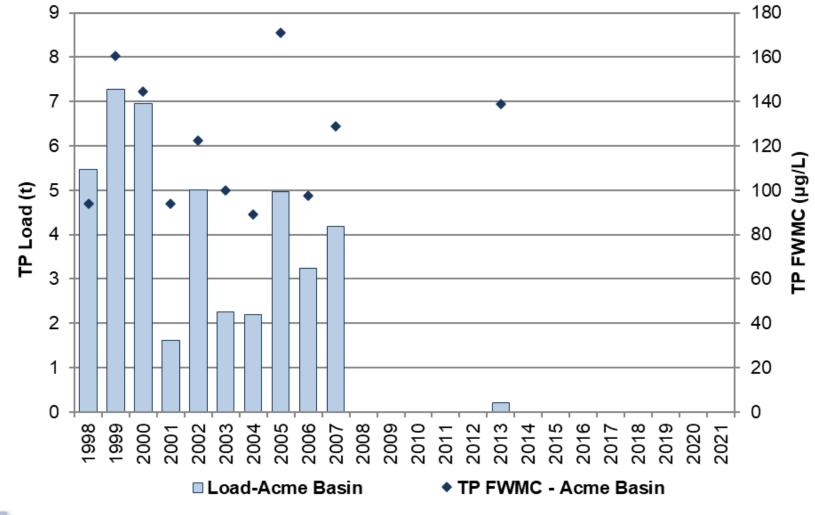
## **C-51 West and Acme Basin**



- Environmental Resource Permits issued to Village of Wellington (VOW) and Pine Tree WCD (PTWCD) and VOW ordinance include conditions that require
  - BMPs and livestock waste storage and disposal requirements in coordination with FDACS
  - Water quality monitoring program throughout the Acme basin (U markers)
- 2019: Expanded water quality monitoring program to include areas north of the C-51 West Canal
  - 12 active sampling sites (U markers)



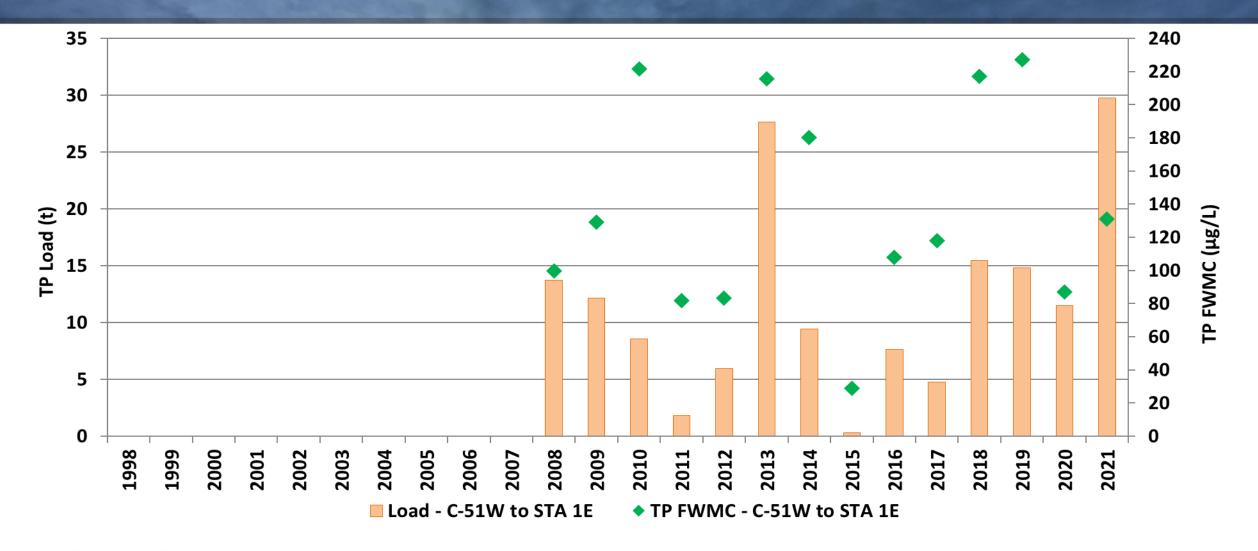
## C-51 West and Acme Basin to Refuge





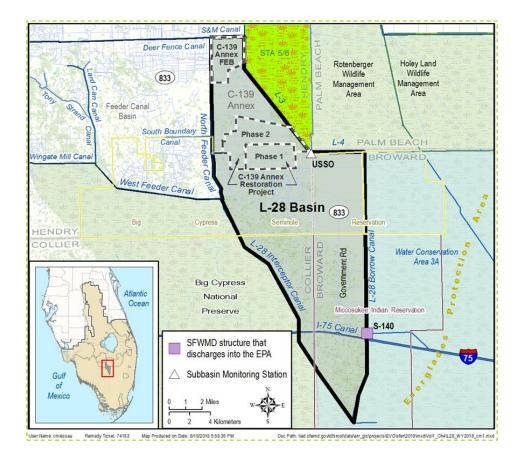
Presenters: Youchao Wang and Steve Sarley

## C-51 West and Acme Basin to STA 1E





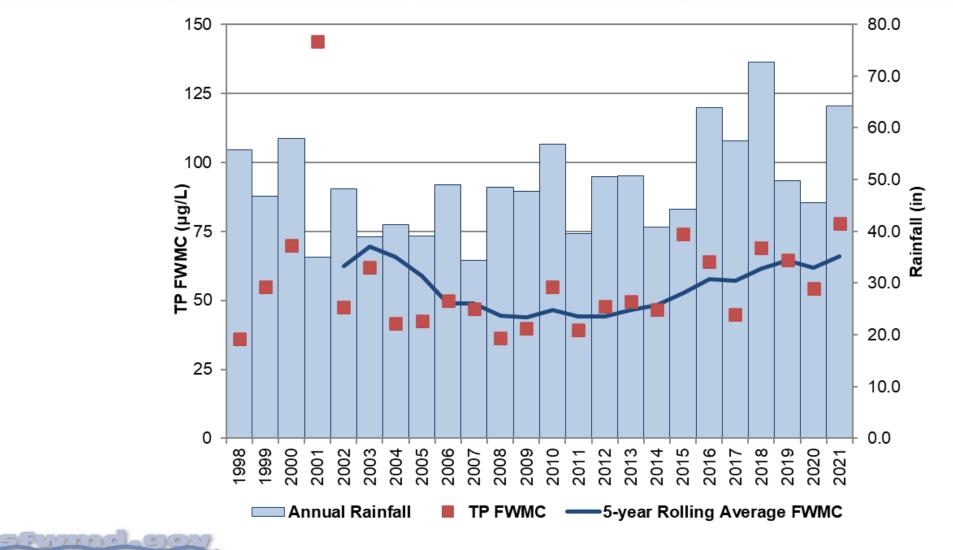
### L-28 Basin



- Environmental Resource Permit issued to Southern Gardens Groves in the C-139 Annex includes conditions for best management practices
- ≻LTP projects:
  - CERP Big Cypress/L-28 Interceptor Modification (WERP)
- > Other basin projects:
  - C-139 Flow Equalization Basin
  - Sam Jones Abiaki Prairie Restoration

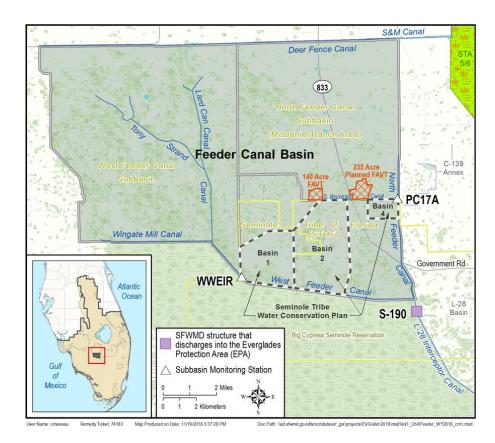






Presenters: Youchao Wang and Steve Sarley

### **Feeder Canal Basin**

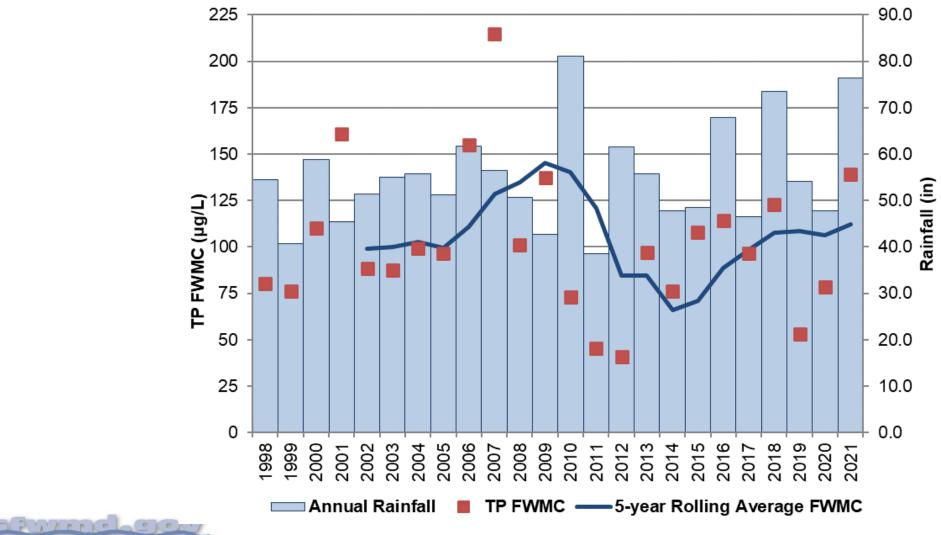


#### > North Feeder Subbasin:

- Environmental Resource Permits issued to landowners include conditions for best management practices BMPs and water quality monitoring
- Voluntary FAV tilling projects
- > West Feeder Subbasin:
  - Landowners can enroll in the FDACS BMP program.
- CERP Big Cypress/L-28 Interceptor Modification (WERP)

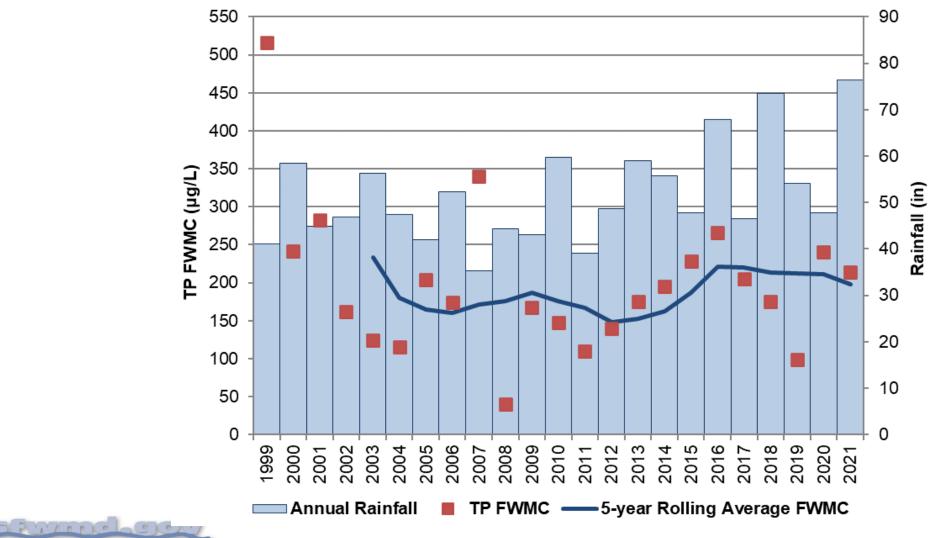


### **Feeder Canal Basin**

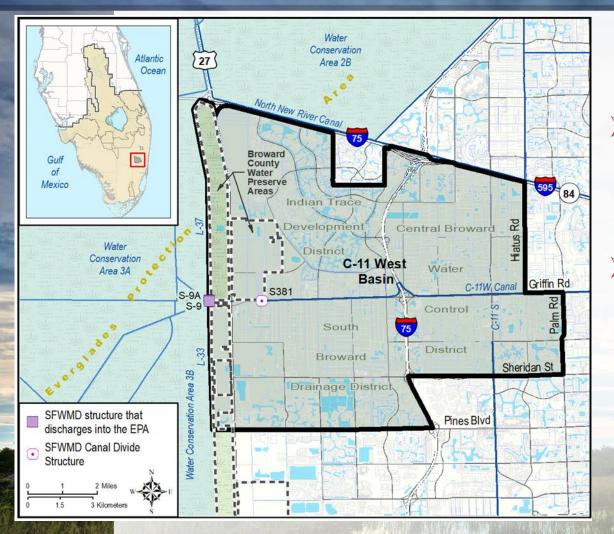


SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

### Feeder Canal Basin North Feeder Canal Sub-basin



### **C-11W Basin**



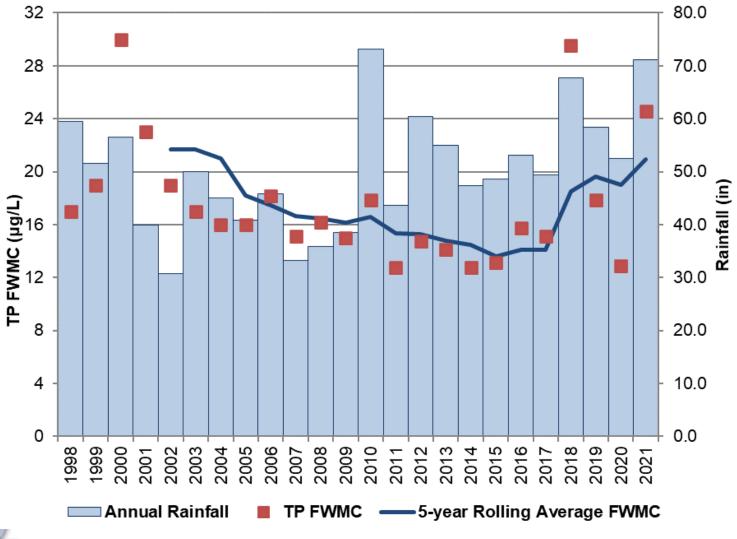
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Environmental Resource Permits issued to water control districts include conditions for best management practices including optimized detention of runoff and water quality monitoring

### Basin project:

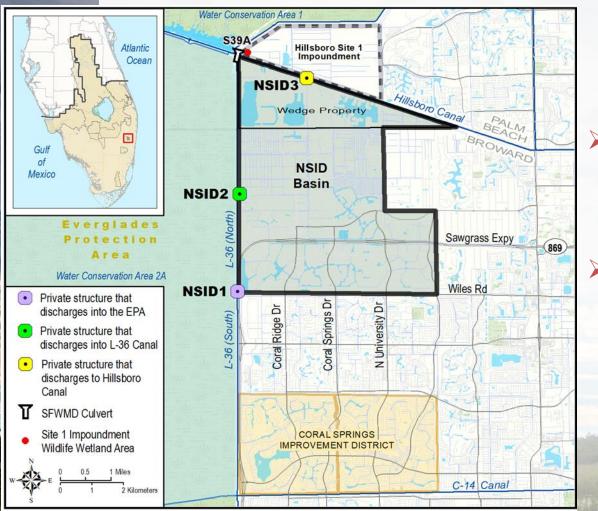
CERP Broward County Water Preserve Area

### **C-11W Basin**



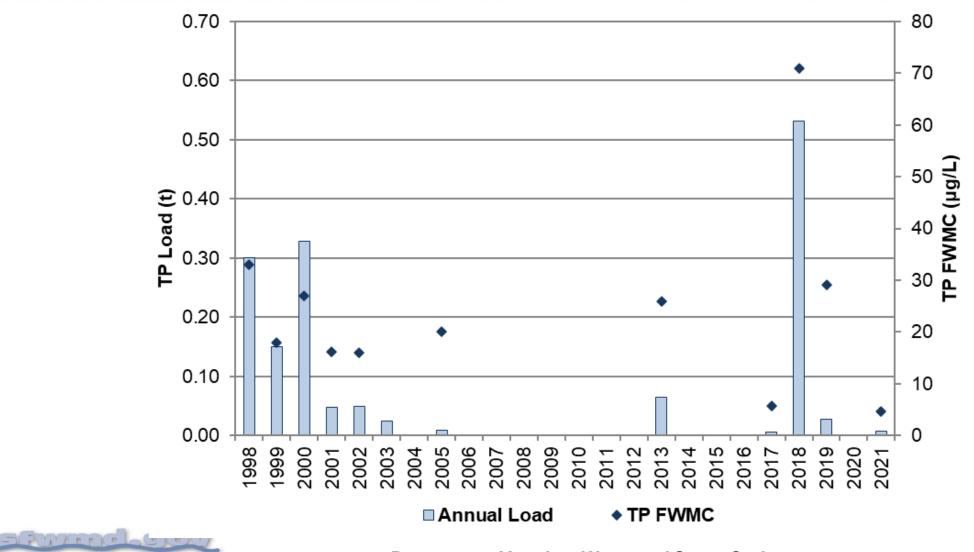


### **NSID Basin**



- Environmental Resource Permits issued to NSID include conditions requiring best management practices implementation, water quality reporting, and phosphorus load limits for discharges to WCA-2A.
- > LTP project:
  - CERP Hillsboro Site 1 Impoundment Phase 2 needs congressional authorization before moving forward





Presenters: Youchao Wang and Steve Sarley

### Summary

- For the EAA basin, WY2021 TP load reduction is 59%. With the WY2021 results, the 26-year average annual TP load reduction for the program is 57%.
   For the C 139 basin WY 2021 remained in compliance, although the target level for phosphorus load was exceeded.
- For the other tributary basins during WY2021, voluntary BMP implementation and progress toward the completion of CERP projects continued.
- The continued success of and ongoing improvements to the Southern Everglades source control program rely on verifying BMP implementation, continuing meaningful research and tracking program performance based on WQ data and basin-specific metrics.

SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

### **Additional Information**

Chapter 4: Nutrient Source Control Programs in the Southern Everglades

www.sfwmd.gov/sfer

sfwmd.gov

SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

### **Contact Information**

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or Steve Sarley <u>ssarley@sfwmd.gov</u>

## Public Use on SFWMD Stormwater Treatment Areas

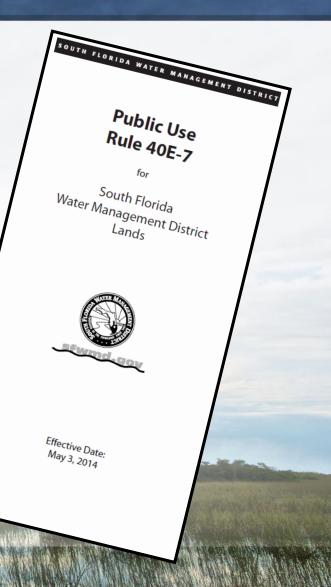
James R. Harbaugh Recreation Planner Land Resources Everglades National Park

19<sup>th</sup> Annual Public Meeting on the Long-term Plan for Achieving Water Quality Goals for the Everglades Protection Areas Tributary Basins February 28, 2022

### Mission

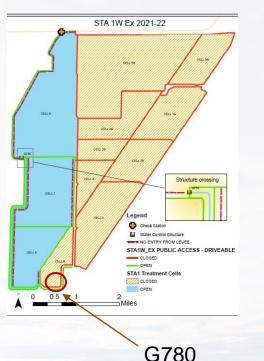
• Why have Public Use?

- 373.4592 "the district shall allow these areas to be used by the public for recreational purposes... unless such uses are incompatible with the restoration goals of the Everglades Construction Project.."
- Will not interfere with intent of project purpose



### **STA Function vs Public Use**

- A working property
  - Engineered Restoration
    - Managed Wetland to improve water quality
  - Internal consultation for access
    - Veg Management Team
  - Construction Project Manager
    - Field Operations
      - Public access hours
        - Fri Mon
    - Land Stewardship T/E Wildlife



Goal to provide compatible recreation without compromising operation and management activities



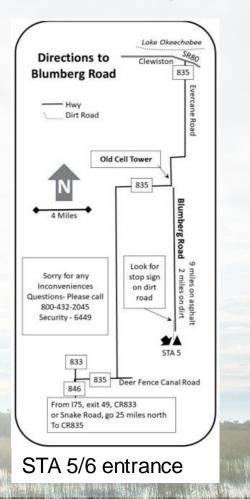
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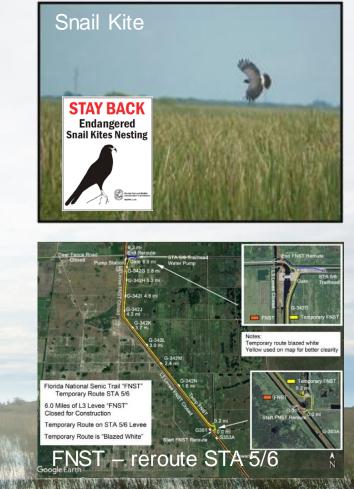
### SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

## **Construction, Maintenance & Wildlife**

- Goal to provide compatible recreation without compromising operation and management activities
- Necessary Closures
  - Construction zone
    - Safety/Deadlines
  - Post construction Veg recovery
  - Wildlife considerations







**Presenter: James Harbaugh** 

## Partnerships

Presenter: James Harbaugh

### • SFWMD

- Responsibility to provide recreation opportunities
- Stakeholders/Partners
  - Florida Fish and Wildlife Commission FWC
  - Florida National Scenic Trail FNST
  - Audubon Society
  - Conservation/Recreation Clubs
    - i.e.- United Waterfowlers of Florida
    - South Florida Amateur Astronomer Assoc
    - Many others















## **Nature Based Recreation Types**

- Nature based recreation from levees
  - Hiking
  - Wildlife Viewing
  - Biking
  - Day use picnic
  - Fishing
- Recreation within cells
  - Hunting













### **Nature Based Recreation**

- Guided Wildlife Viewing
  - STA 5/6
    - Hendry Glades Audubon
  - STA 1E
    - Everglades Audubon
  - Lakeside Ranch
    - Martin Co. Audubon
- Hiking/Biking
  - All STA's
    - Fri Mon
  - STA 5/6

sfwmd.gov

• FNST – L3 rerouted









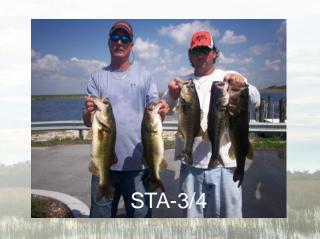
### **Nature Based Recreation**

- FWC quota hunt ECP STA's
  - Waterfowl & Alligator
    - Access into cells limited
      - Designated access points
- FWC Youth Hunt Program
  - Waterfowl and alligator
- FWC -Other specialty hunts
  - Wounded Warrior
  - Youth Hunt





- Fishing non impacting area
  - i.e. Discharge canals
  - STA 1E & 1W
    - Bank fishing
  - STA 3/4 Harold Campbell
    - Motorboat access
    - non treatment cell





## **Growing Opportunities**

- Since ECP inception other non ECP water resource projects = more recreation opportunities
  - Lakeside Ranch
    - Phase 2 completed
      - Becoming a popular destination
  - Nubbin Slough
    - Designated STA for open recreation
  - C44 Reservoir and STA
    - Rec infrastructure designs finalize
  - Under construction
    - C139 FEB, C43 Reservoir
  - Future opportunities
    - C23/C24 Reservoir/ STA
    - And more ...





## Moving forward – phase involvement

- Recreation Infrastructure Standards incorporated in design phase
- Implement Construction
- Construction completion
- Testing phase/finalizing rec infrastructure
  - ADA considerations, Facilities, Access points, barriers, etc.
- Consulting with internal staff
- Public Input

- Recreation considerations
  - Hunting
  - Birding tours
  - Etc.
- Testing completion
- Governing Board approval

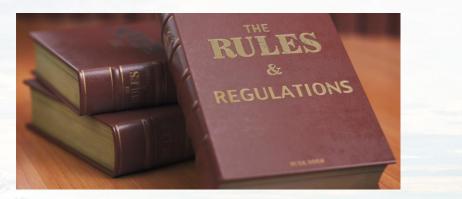


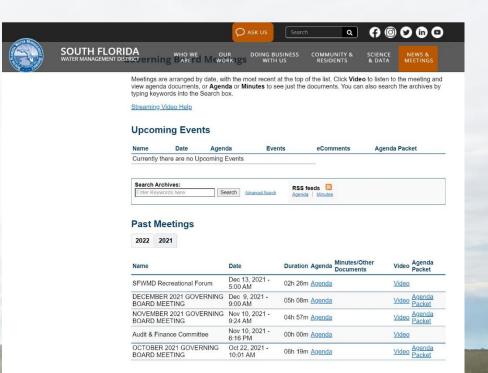


### **Public Participation**

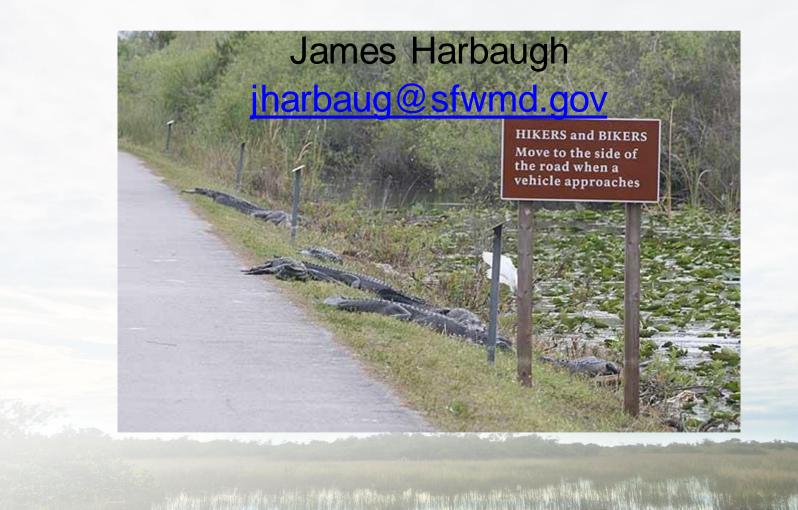
• Public Meetings - SFWMD

- Public Meetings and Forums | South Florida Water Management District (sfwmd.gov)
- Rec Forum Quarterly
- Proposed Rule Changes FWC
  - Proposed Rule Changes | FWC (myfwc.com)





### **Contact Information**



# PUBLIC COMMENT

If you're participating via Zoom – use the Raise Hand feature

If you're participating via Phone – \*9 Raises Hand \*6 Mutes/Unmutes